Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022	
Job Number:	BWhite Consulting Ltd
Issue:	Consuming Ltd
PRODUCER STATEMENT-PS1-DESIGN	
ISSUED BY: BWhite Consulting Ltd (Design Engineer: Bevan White)	
TO BE SUPPLIED TO: New Plymouth District Council IN RESPECT OF: Proposed NEW F	arm Shed
AT: 345 Perth RD, Okato, New Zealand	
LEGAL DESCRIPTION	
We have been engaged by Ezequote Pty Ltd to provide Specific Structural Engineering Design the requirements of Clause(s) B1 of the Building Code for part only (as specified in the attachment the proposed building work.	-
☐ ALL ☐ Part only as specified: Purlins, Rafters, Girts, Poles, Columns, Pole embedment an	d all connections
The design has been prepared in accordance with compliance documents to NZ Building Code issu Business, Innovation & Employment Clauses B1/VM1 and B1/VM4	ued by Ministry of
The proposed building work covered by the producer statement is described on Ezequote drawing and numbered A101-A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 together with the following specification, and on the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 07/10/2024 and numbered New Proposed Science (1997) and 1997 and 1997 are the producer statement is described on Ezequote drawing and numbered A101-A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 together with the following specification, and on the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 07/10/2024 and numbered A101-A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 together with the following specification, and on the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 07/10/2024 and numbered A101-A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 together with the following specification in the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 07/10/2024 and numbered A101-A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 together with the following specification in the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 07/10/2024 and numbered A101-A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 and numbered A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 and numbered A113 Rev-1 dated 04/10/2024 and numbered 04/	other documents set out
On behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd, and subject to:	
 Site verification of the following design assumptions: an Ultimate foundation bearing press accordance with NZS3604:2011 The building has a design life of 50 years and am Importance Level 1 Unless specifically noted, compliance of the drawings to None-Specific codes such as N have not been checked by this practice This Certificate does not cover any other building code clause including weather tightr Inspections of the building to be completed by New Plymouth District Council. As BW are not undertaking inspections, we cannot issue a producer Statement-PS4- Construct This Producer Statement- Design is valid for a building consent issued within 1 year from the proprietary products meeting their performance specification requirements 	NZS3604 and NZS4229 ness White Consulting Ltd tion Review.
I believe on reasonable grounds that a) the building, if constructed in accordance with the drawing other documents provided or listed in the attached schedule, will comply with the relevant provision and that b), the presons who have undertaken the design have the necessary competency to do so, follow level of construction monitoring/observation:	ns of the Building Code
☑ CM1 ☐ CM2 ☐ CM3 ☐ CM4 ☐ CM5 or as per agreement with owner/developer (stated	above)
I, Bevan White am CPEng 108276 I am Member of Engineering New Zealand and hold the follow BE.Civil and holds a current policy of Professional Indemnity Insurance no less than \$200,000	wing qualification:
Signed by Bevan White on behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd Dated: 07/10/2024	

Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Phone: 0211-979786

Note: This statement shall only be relied upon by the Building Consent Authority named above. Liability under this statement accrues to the Design Firm only. The total maximum amount of damages payable arising from this statement and all other statements provided to the Building Consent Authority in relation to this building work, whether in contract, tort or otherwise(including negligence), is limited to the sum of \$200,000.

 $This\ form\ is\ to\ accompany\ Form\ 2\ of\ the\ Building(Forms)\ Regulations\ 2004\ for\ the\ application\ of\ a\ Building\ Consent$

Date: 07/10/2024 BWhite
Consulting Ltd

18B Jules Crescent,

Bell Block New Plymouth 4312

New Zealand File No:

DESIGN FEATURES SUMMARY FOR PROPOSED NEW FARM SHED 345 PERTH RD, OKATO, NEW ZEALAND

Site Specific Loads

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	C
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & EQ ARI	100 Years	Max Height	4.9 m
Wind Region	NZ2	Terrain Category	2.0	Design Wind Speed	41.95 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.06 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years

Timber

Sawn Timber to be graded to the properties of SG6 and SG8 or better as mentioned on plans, with moisture content of 18% or less for dry and 25% or less for wet.

The following standards have been used in the design of this structure

- NZS 3603:1993 Timber Structures Standard
- NZS 3604:2011 Timber Framed Buildings. Standards New Zealand, 2011
- NZS 3404:1997 Steel Structures
- AS/NZS 1170 2003 Structural Design Actions
- AS/NZS 1170.2 2021 Structural Design Actions-Wind Action
- Branz. "Engineering Basis of NZS 3604". April 2013

Yours Faithfully

BWhite CONSULTING LTD

Bevan White

 $Director \mid BE\ Civil\ .\ CMengNZ\ CPEng$

Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Contact: 0211 979 786

 Job No.:
 Hayden Ryan
 Address:
 345 Perth RD, Okato, New Zealand
 Date:
 07/10/2024

 Latitude:
 -39.152386
 Longitude:
 173.866923
 Elevation:
 37.5 m

General Input

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	C
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	4.9 m
Wind Region	NZ2	Terrain Category	2.0	Design Wind Speed	41.95 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.06 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Gable Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 5.7 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -0.86 KPa pnet = -0.86 KPa

For roof CP,e from 5.7 m To 11.41 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.48 KPa pnet = -0.48 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = -0.3 side Wall Cp, i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 12 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.67 KPa pnet = 0.99 KPa

For side wall $\,$ CP,e $\,$ from 0 m $\,$ To 5.7 m $\,$ Cpe = $\,$ pe = -0.62 $\,$ KPa $\,$ pnet = -0.62 $\,$ KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.86 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.51 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.99 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.96 KPa

Design Summary

Purlin Design

Purlin Spacing = 900 mm Purlin Span = 4650 mm Try Purlin 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.44 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =25.48

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

M1.35D	0.82 Kn-m	Capacity	2.23 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	271.95 %
M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	2.01 Kn-m	Capacity	2.97 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	147.76 %
M _{0.9D-WnUp}	-1.54 Kn-m	Capacity	-1.66 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	107.79 %

Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022 0.71 Kn Capacity 9.65 Kn Passing Percentage 1359.15 % $V_{1.35D}$ 1.69 Kn Capacity 12.86 Kn Passing Percentage 760.95 % $V_{1.2D+1.5L\ 1.2D+Sn\ 1.2D+WnDn}$ -1.33 Kn Capacity -16.08 Kn Passing Percentage 1209.02 % $V_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3 considering at least 4 members acting together

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 14.10 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 19.17 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 17.74 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 46.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 1.69 kn Maximum upward = -1.33 kn

Number of Blocking = 0 if 0 then no blocking required, if 1 then one midspan blocking required

Rafter Design Internal

Internal Rafter Load Width = 4800 mm Internal Rafter Span = 11850 mm Try Rafter 2x450x63 LVL13

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward = 1.00 S1 Downward = 6.68 S1 Upward = 6.68

Shear Capacity of timber =5.3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =48 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

M _{1.35D}	28.44 Kn-m	Capacity	91.56 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	321.94 %
M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	68.25 Kn-m	Capacity	122.08 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	178.87 %
$M_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$	-53.50 Kn-m	Capacity	-152.6 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	285.23 %
V _{1.35D}	9.60 Kn	Capacity	96.64 Kn	Passing Percentage	1006.67 %
V _{1.2D+1.5L} _{1.2D+Sn} _{1.2D+WnDn}	23.04 Kn	Capacity	128.86 Kn	Passing Percentage	559.29 %
$ m V_{0.9D ext{-}WnUp}$	-18.06 Kn	Capacity	-161.08 Kn	Passing Percentage	891.92 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 11000 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 33.245 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 50.00 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 46.485 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 120.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 23.04 kn Maximum upward = -18.06 kn

Rafter to Pole Connection check

Bolt Size = M12 Number of Bolts = 4

Calculations as per NZS 3603:1993 Amend 2005 clause 4.4

Joint Group for Rafters = J2 Joint Group for Pole = J5

Minimum Bolt edge, end and spacing for Load perpendicular to grains = 60 mm

Factor of Safety = 0.7

For Perpendicular to grain loading

K11 = 12.6 fpj = 22.7 Mpa for Rafter with effective thickness = 126 mm

For Parallel to grain loading

K11 = 2.0 fcj = 36.1 Mpa for Pole with effective thickness = 100 mm

Capacity under short term loads = 58.22 Kn > -18.06 Kn

Rafter Design External

External Rafter Load Width = 2400 mm

External Rafter Span = 6012 mm

Try Rafter 300x45 LVL13

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.88

K8 Upward =0.88 S1 Downward =15.50 S1 Upward =15.50

Shear Capacity of timber =5.3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =48 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

M _{1.35D}	3.66 Kn-m	Capacity	13.69 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	374.04 %
M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	8.78 Kn-m	Capacity	18.26 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	207.97 %
$M_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$	-6.89 Kn-m	Capacity	-22.82 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	331.20 %
V _{1.35D}	2.43 Kn	Capacity	23.01 Kn	Passing Percentage	946.91 %
$V_{1.2D+1.5L\ 1.2D+Sn\ 1.2D+WnDn}$	5.84 Kn	Capacity	30.68 Kn	Passing Percentage	525.34 %
$ m V_{0.9D ext{-}WnUp}$	-4.58 Kn	Capacity	-38.35 Kn	Passing Percentage	837.34 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 11000 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 10.91 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 13.73 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240= 25.00 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 60.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 5.84 kn Maximum upward = -4.58 kn

Rafter to Pole Connection check

Bolt Size = M12 Number of Bolts = 2

Calculations as per NZS 3603:1993 Amend 2005 clause 4.4

Joint Group for Rafters =J2 Joint Group for Pole = J5

Factor of Safety = 0.7

For Perpendicular to grain loading

K11 = 12.6 fpj = 22.7 Mpa for Rafter with effective thickness = 45 mm

For Parallel to grain loading

K11 = 2.0 fcj = 36.1 Mpa for Pole with effective thickness = 100 mm

Eccentric Load check

V = phi x k1 x k4 x k5 x fs x b x ds (Eq 4.12) = -40.07 kn > -4.58 Kn

Single Shear Capacity under short term loads = -14.56 Kn > -4.58 Kn

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm

Girt's Span = 4800 mm

Try Girt 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.75 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =18.41

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	2.57 Kn-m	Capacity	2.79 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	108.56 %
V _{0.9D-WnUp}	2.14 Kn	Capacity	16.08 Kn	Passing Percentage	751.40 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 27.58 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 48.00 mm

Sag during installation = 32.19 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 2.14 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 1300 mm

Girt's Span = 3000 mm

Try Girt 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.64 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =20.58

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	1.45 Kn-m	Capacity	2.40 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	165.52 %
$ m V_{0.9D ext{-}WnUp}$	1.93 Kn	Capacity	16.08 Kn	Passing Percentage	833.16 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 6.08 mm Sag during installation =4.91 mm Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 30.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.93 kn

Middle Pole Design

Geometry

250 SED H5 (Minimum 275 dia. at Floor Level)	Dry Use	Height	4450 mm
Area	54091 mm2	As	40568.5546875 mm2
Ix	232952248 mm4	Zx	1774874 mm3
Iy	232952248 mm4	Zx	1774874 mm3
Lateral Restraint	4450 mm c/c		

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 28.8 m^2

Dead	7.20 Kn	Live	7.20 Kn
Wind Down	14.69 Kn	Snow	0.00 Kn
Moment wind	20.69 Kn-m		
Phi	0.8	K8	0.82
K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
K 1 wind	1		

Material

Peeling	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
fb =	36.3 MPa	$f_S =$	2.96 MPa
fc =	18 MPa	fp =	7.2 MPa
ft =	22 MPa	E =	9257 MPa

Capacities

PhiNcx Wind	636.68 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	42.13 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	96.07 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	382.01 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	25.28 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	57.64 Kn

Checks

(Mx/PhiMnx)+(N/phiNcx) = 0.54 < 1 OK

 $(Mx/PhiMnx)^2+(N/phiNcx) = 0.29 < 1 OK$

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 29.40 mm < 44.50 mm

Drained Lateral Strength of Middle pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma	18 Kn/m3	Friction angle	30 deg	Cohesion	0 Kn/m3
K0 =	$(1-\sin(30))/(1+\sin(30))$				
Kp =	$(1+\sin(30))/(1-\sin(30))$				

Geometry For Middle Bay Pole

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L= 1900 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 3675 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied

f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 10.96 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 24.08 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.86 < 1 OK

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m³

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(1900) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(1900)

Skin Friction = 29.16 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 32.97 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 18.29 Kn

Uplift is ok