Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Job No.: Nick White - 1 Address: 25 Rossiters Road, Loburn 7472, New Zealand

Date: 04/12/2024 Latitude: -43.27728 Longitude: 172.567465 Elevation: 50 m

General Input

0.25 KPa 0.25 KPa Roof Live Load Roof Dead Load Roof Live Point Load 1 1 Kn Snow Zone N4 Ground Snow Load 0.9 KPa Roof Snow Load 0.63 KPa Earthquake Zone Subsoil Category Exposure Zone Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI 100 Years Max Height Importance Level 7 m Terrain Category Wind Region N72 2.71 Design Wind Speed 36.19 m/s Wind Pressure 0.79 KPa Lee Zone NO Ultimate Snow ARI 50 Years Wind Category Medium Earthquake ARI 100

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Mono Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 6.6 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -0.64 KPa pnet = -0.64 KPa

For roof CP,e from 6.6 m To 13.2 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.35 KPa pnet = -0.35 KPa

For wall Windward Cp.i = -0.3 side Wall Cp.i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 18 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.50 KPa pnet = 0.74 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 6.6 m Cpe = pe = -0.46 KPa pnet = -0.46 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.64 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = $0.37\ \text{KPa}$

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.74 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.85 KPa

Design Summary

Intermediate Design Sides

Intermediate Spacing = 4500 mm Intermediate Span = 6650 mm Try Intermediate 2x300x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 =1 K5 =1 K8 Downward =0.94 K8 Upward =1.00 S1 Downward =13.93 S1 Upward =1.20

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	11.19 Kn-m	Capacity	16.8 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	150.13 %
V _{0.9D-WnUp}	6.73 Kn	Capacity	48.24 Kn	Passing Percentage	716.79 %

Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4. Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 154.63 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 66.50 mm

Maximum = 6.73 kn

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm Girt's Span = 5000 mm Try Girt 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00 K8 Upward =0.73 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =18.79

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

2.08 Kn-m 2.72 Kn-m 130.77 % Passing Percentage Mwind+Snow Capacity $V_{0.9D\text{-WnUp}}$ 1.67 Kn Capacity 16.08 Kn Passing Percentage 962.87 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 44.93 mm Sag during installation = 37.90 mm

Limit by Wookock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 50.00 mm

Maximum = 1.67 kn

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Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm Girt's Span = 4500 mm Try Girt 200x50 SG8 Dry

 $Moisture\ Condition = Dry\ (Moisture\ in\ timber\ is\ less\ than\ 16\%\ and\ timber\ does\ not\ remain\ in\ continuous\ wet\ condition\ after\ installation)$

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.78 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =17.82

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mwind+Snow 1.69 Kn-m Capacity 2.90 Kn-m Passing Percentage 171.60 % V0.90-WnUp 1.50 Kn Capacity 16.08 Kn Passing Percentage 1072.00 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 29.48 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 45.00 mm

Sag during installation =24.86 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.50 kn

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m3

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(2300) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(2300)

Skin Friction = 42.72 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 45.26 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 18.68 Kn

Uplift is ok