



Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

**Job No.:** Melzavin Trust

**Address:** 202 Seales Road, Oropi 3173, New Zealand

**Date:** 02/12/2024

**Latitude:** -37.870661

**Longitude:** 176.211935

**Elevation:** 411.5 m

**General Input**

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	2	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	B
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	4 m
Wind Region	NZ1	Terrain Category	3.0	Design Wind Speed	52.31 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.64 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	extra High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

**Pressure Coefficients and Pressures**

Shed Type = Gable Open

For roof  $C_{p,i} = 0.6712$

For roof  $C_{p,e}$  from 0 m To 3.75 m  $C_{p,e} = -0.9$   $p_e = -1.33$  KPa  $p_{net} = -2.53$  KPa

For roof  $C_{p,e}$  from 3.75 m To 7.5 m  $C_{p,e} = -0.5$   $p_e = -0.74$  KPa  $p_{net} = -1.94$  KPa

For wall Windward  $C_{p,i} = 0.6712$  side Wall  $C_{p,i} = -0.5966$

For wall Windward and Leeward  $C_{p,e}$  from 0 m To 7 m  $C_{p,e} = 0.7$   $p_e = 1.03$  KPa  $p_{net} = 2.09$  KPa

For side wall  $C_{p,e}$  from 0 m To 3.75 m  $C_{p,e} =$   $p_e = -0.96$  KPa  $p_{net} = 0.10$  KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 2.53 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 1.03 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 2.09 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 1.77 KPa

**Design Summary**

**Girt Design Front and Back**

Girt's Spacing = 650 mm

Girt's Span = 4200 mm

Try Girt 240x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

Second page

Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

K1 Short term = 1    K4 =1    K5 =1    K8 Downward =0.94

K8 Upward =0.80    S1 Downward =13.82    S1 Upward =17.23

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa    Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

**Capacity Checks**

M <sub>Wind+Snow</sub>	3.00 Kn-m	Capacity	3.89 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	<b>129.67 %</b>
V <sub>0.9D-WnUp</sub>	2.85 Kn	Capacity	17.37 Kn	Passing Percentage	<b>609.47 %</b>

**Deflections**

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 15.85 mm    Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 42.00 mm

Sag during installation = 23.29 mm

**Reactions**

Maximum = 2.85 kn

**Girt Design Sides**

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm

Girt's Span = 3500 mm

Try Girt 240x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1    K4 =1    K5 =1    K8 Downward =0.94

K8 Upward =0.71    S1 Downward =13.82    S1 Upward =19.27

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa    Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

**Capacity Checks**

M <sub>Wind+Snow</sub>	2.88 Kn-m	Capacity	3.42 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	<b>118.75 %</b>
V <sub>0.9D-WnUp</sub>	3.29 Kn	Capacity	17.37 Kn	Passing Percentage	<b>527.96 %</b>

**Deflections**

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 10.58 mm    Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 35.00 mm

Sag during installation =11.23 mm

## Reactions

Maximum = 3.29 kn

## Middle Pole Design

### Geometry

225 UNI H5	Dry Use	Height	3710 mm
Area	39741 mm <sup>2</sup>	As	29805.46875 mm <sup>2</sup>
Ix	125741821 mm <sup>4</sup>	Zx	1117705 mm <sup>3</sup>
Iy	125741821 mm <sup>4</sup>	Zy	1117705 mm <sup>3</sup>
Lateral Restraint	1300 mm c/c		

### Loads

Total Area over Pole = 14.7 m<sup>2</sup>

Dead	3.67 Kn	Live	3.67 Kn
Wind Down	15.14 Kn	Snow	0.00 Kn
Moment wind	14.83 Kn-m		
Phi	0.8	K8	1.00
K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
K1 wind	1		

### Material

Shaving	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
fb =	34.325 MPa	fs =	2.96 MPa
fc =	18 MPa	fp =	7.2 MPa
ft =	20.75 MPa	E =	8793 MPa

### Capacities

PhiNcx Wind	572.26 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	30.69 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	70.58 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	343.36 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	18.42 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	42.35 Kn

### Checks

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx}) + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.52 < 1$  OK

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx})^2 + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.27 < 1$  OK

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 27.97 mm < 37.10 mm

## **Drained Lateral Strength of Middle pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile**

### **Assumed Soil Properties**

Gamma    18 Kn/m<sup>3</sup>                      Friction angle    30 deg    Cohesion    0 Kn/m<sup>3</sup>  
K<sub>0</sub> =        (1-sin(30)) / (1+sin(30))  
K<sub>p</sub> =        (1+sin(30)) / (1-sin(30))

### **Geometry For Middle Bay Pole**

D<sub>s</sub> =        0.6 mm                      Pile Diameter  
L =         2100 mm                      Pile embedment length  
f<sub>1</sub> =        3000 mm                      Distance at which the shear force is applied  
f<sub>2</sub> =        0 mm                          Distance of top soil at rest pressure

### **Loads**

Moment Wind =                      14.83 Kn-m  
Shear Wind =                        4.94 Kn

### **Pile Properties**

Safety Factory                      0.55  
H<sub>u</sub> =                      16.18 Kn                      Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile  
M<sub>u</sub> =                      30.14 Kn-m                      Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

### **Checks**

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.49 < 1 OK

## **End Pole Design**

### **Geometry For End Bay Pole**

#### **Geometry**

200 UNI H5	Dry Use	Height	3800 mm
Area	31400 mm <sup>2</sup>	A <sub>s</sub>	23550 mm <sup>2</sup>
I <sub>x</sub>	78500000 mm <sup>4</sup>	Z <sub>x</sub>	785000 mm <sup>3</sup>
I <sub>y</sub>	78500000 mm <sup>4</sup>	Z <sub>y</sub>	785000 mm <sup>3</sup>
Lateral Restraint	mm c/c		

### **Loads**

Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Total Area over Pole = 7.35 m<sup>2</sup>

Dead	1.84 Kn	Live	1.84 Kn
Wind Down	7.57 Kn	Snow	0.00 Kn
Moment Wind	7.42 Kn-m		
Phi	0.8	K8	0.72
K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
K1 wind	1		

**Material**

Shaving	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
fb =	34.325 MPa	fs =	2.96 MPa
fc =	18 MPa	fp =	7.2 MPa
ft =	20.75 MPa	E =	8793 MPa

**Capacities**

PhiNcx Wind	325.30 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	15.51 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	55.77 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	195.18 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	9.31 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	33.46 Kn

**Checks**

$$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx}) + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.51 < 1 \text{ OK}$$

$$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx})^2 + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.26 < 1 \text{ OK}$$

$$\text{Deflection at top under service lateral loads} = 24.09 \text{ mm} < 39.90 \text{ mm}$$

Ds =	0.6 mm	Pile Diameter
L =	1500 mm	Pile embedment length
f1 =	3000 mm	Distance at which the shear force is applied
f2 =	0 mm	Distance of top soil at rest pressure

**Loads**

Total Area over Pole = 7.35 m<sup>2</sup>

Moment Wind =	7.42 Kn-m
Shear Wind =	2.47 Kn

**Pile Properties**

Safety Factory	0.55
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### Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Hu =	6.68 Kn	Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile
Mu =	11.94 Kn-m	Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

#### Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.62 < 1 OK

### **Drained Lateral Strength of End pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile**

#### Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma	18 Kn/m <sup>3</sup>	Friction angle	30 deg	Cohesion	0 Kn/m <sup>3</sup>
K <sub>0</sub> =	$(1 - \sin(30)) / (1 + \sin(30))$				
K <sub>p</sub> =	$(1 + \sin(30)) / (1 - \sin(30))$				

#### Geometry For End Bay Pole

Ds =	0.6 mm	Pile Diameter
L =	1500 mm	Pile embedment length
f <sub>1</sub> =	3000 mm	Distance at which the shear force is applied
f <sub>2</sub> =	0 mm	Distance of top soil at rest pressure

#### Loads

Moment Wind =	7.42 Kn-m
Shear Wind =	2.47 Kn

#### Pile Properties

Safety Factory	0.55	
Hu =	6.68 Kn	Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile
Mu =	11.94 Kn-m	Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

#### Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.62 < 1 OK

### **Uplift Check**

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m<sup>3</sup>

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m<sup>3</sup>

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient)for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safety factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(2100) x Ks(1.5) x  $0.5 \times \tan(30)$  x  $\pi$  x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(2100)

Skin Friction = 35.62 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 40.74 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 33.88 Kn

Uplift is ok