Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022	
Job Number:	BWhite
Issue:	Consulting Ltd
PRODUCER STATEMENT-PS1-DESIGN	
ISSUED BY: BWhite Consulting Ltd (Design Engineer: Bevan White)	
TO BE SUPPLIED TO: Southland District Council IN RESPECT OF: Proposed NEW Farm	Shed
AT: 55 Blackmore Road, Garston, New Zealand	
LEGAL DESCRIPTION	
We have been engaged by <b>Ezequote Pty Ltd</b> to provide <b>Specific Structural Engineering Design</b> the requirements of Clause(s) <b>B1</b> of the Building Code for part only (as specified in the attachmen the proposed building work.	-
☐ ALL   ☐ Part only as specified: Purlins, Rafters, Girts, Poles, Columns, Pole embedment an	d all connections
The design has been prepared in accordance with compliance documents to NZ Building Code issu Business, Innovation & Employment Clauses B1/VM1 and B1/VM4	ued by Ministry of
The proposed building work covered by the producer statement is described on <b>Ezequote</b> drawing numbered <b>A101-A112 Rev-1</b> dated <b>24/01/2024</b> together with the following specification, and other the schedule attached to this statement: <b>Design Featured Report Dated 30/01/2024 and number</b>	r documents set out in
On behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd, and subject to:	
<ol> <li>Site verification of the following design assumptions: an Ultimate foundation bearing press accordance with NZS3604:2011</li> <li>The building has a design life of 50 years and am Importance Level 1</li> <li>Unless specifically noted, compliance of the drawings to None-Specific codes such as N have not been checked by this practice</li> <li>This Certificate does not cover any other building code clause including weather tights</li> <li>Inspections of the building to be completed by Southland District Council. As BWhite not undertaking inspections, we cannot issue a producer Statement-PS4- Construction</li> <li>This Producer Statement- Design is valid for a building consent issued within 1 year fr</li> <li>All proprietary products meeting their performance specification requirements</li> </ol>	NZS3604 and NZS4229 ness c Consulting Ltd are n Review.
<b>I believe on reasonable grounds</b> that a) the building, if constructed in accordance with the drawi other documents provided or listed in the attached schedule, will comply with the relevant provision and that b), the presons who have undertaken the design have the necessary competency to do so follow level of construction monitoring/observation:	ons of the Building Code
☑ CM1 ☐ CM2 ☐ CM3 ☐ CM4 ☐ CM5 or as per agreement with owner/developer (stated	above)
I, <b>Bevan White</b> am CPEng <b>108276</b> I am Member of Engineering New Zealand and hold the follow <b>BE.Civil</b>	wing qualification:

Signed by Bevan White on behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd Dated: 30/01/2024

BWhite Consulting Ltd holds a current policy of Professional Indemnity Insurance no less than \$200,000.

Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Phone: 0211-979786

First Page

## Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Note: This statement shall only be relied upon by the Building Consent Authority named above. Liability under this statement accrues to the Design Firm only. The total maximum amount of damages payable arising from this statement and all other statements provided to the Building Consent Authority in relation to this building work, whether in contract, tort or otherwise(including negligence), is limited to the sum of \$200,000.

This form is to accompany Form 2 of the Building (Forms) Regulations 2004 for the application of a Building Consent

Date: 30/01/2024

18B Jules Crescent,

Consulting Ltd

Bell Block New Plymouth 4312

New Zealand File No:

# DESIGN FEATURES SUMMARY FOR PROPOSED NEW FARM SHED 55 BLACKMORE ROAD, GARSTON, NEW ZEALAND

# Site Specific Loads

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N5	Ground Snow Load	0.93 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0.63 KPa
Earthquake Zone	2	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	В
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & EQ ARI	100 Years	Max Height	7.9 m
Wind Region	NZ2	Terrain Category	2.0	Design Wind Speed	40.29 m/s
Wind Pressure	0.97 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years

## Timber

Sawn Timber to be graded to the properties of SG6 and SG8 or better as mentioned on plans, with moisture content of 18% or less for dry and 25% or less for wet.

The following standards have been used in the design of this structure

- NZS 3603:1993 Timber Structures Standard
- NZS 3604:2011 Timber Framed Buildings. Standards New Zealand, 2011
- NZS 3404:1997 Steel Structures
- AS/NZS 1170 2003 Structural Design Actions
- AS/NZS 1170.2 2021 Structural Design Actions-Wind Action
- Branz. "Engineering Basis of NZS 3604". April 2013

Yours Faithfully

## **BWhite CONSULTING LTD**

# **Bevan White**

Director | BE Civil . CMengNZ CPEng

Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Contact: 0211 979 786

# Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Job No.: EHB 128 Address: 55 Blackmore Road, Garston, New Zealand Date: 30/01/2024

**Latitude:** -45.474083 **Longitude:** 168.68633 **Elevation:** 319 m

## **General Input**

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N5	Ground Snow Load	0.93 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0.63 KPa
Earthquake Zone	2	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	В
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	7.9 m
Wind Region	NZ2	Terrain Category	2.0	Design Wind Speed	40.29 m/s
Wind Pressure	0.97 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

## **Pressure Coefficients and Pressues**

Shed Type = Gable Open

For roof Cp,i = -0.564

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 3.48 m Cpe = -1.3 pe = -1.14 KPa pnet = -1.59 KPa

For roof CP,e from 3.48 m To 5.0 m Cpe = -0.7 pe = -0.61 KPa pnet = -1.06 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = 0.4576 side Wall Cp, i = -0.564

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 17 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.61 KPa pnet = 1.16 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 6.95 m Cpe = pe = -0.57 KPa pnet = -0.02 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 1.59 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.32 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 1.16 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.92 KPa

# **Design Summary**

# **Purlin Design**

Purlin Spacing = 600 mm Purlin Span = 4850 mm Try Purlin 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.75 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =18.41

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

## Capacity Checks

$M_{1.35D}$	0.6 Kn-m	Capacity	2.23 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	371.67 %
M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	1.86 Kn-m	Capacity	2.97 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	159.68 %
Mo.9D-WnUp	-2.41 Kn-m	Capacity	-2.79 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	115.77 %

## Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

V <sub>1.35D</sub>	0.49 Kn	Capacity	9.65 Kn	Passing Percentage	1969.39 %
V1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	1.35 Kn	Capacity	12.86 Kn	Passing Percentage	952.59 %
V <sub>0.9D-WnUp</sub>	-1.99 Kn	Capacity	-16.08 Kn	Passing Percentage	808.04 %

### **Deflections**

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3 considering at least 4 members acting together

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 11.14 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 12.26 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 20.00 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 48.00 mm

### Reactions

Maximum downward = 1.35 kn Maximum upward = -1.99 kn

Number of Blocking = 1 if 0 then no blocking required, if 1 then one midspan blocking required

# Rafter Design External

External Rafter Load Width = 2500 mm

External Rafter Span = 6115 mm

Try Rafter 240x63 LVL13

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward = 1.00 S1 Downward = 9.78 S1 Upward = 9.78

Shear Capacity of timber =5.3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =48 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

## Capacity Checks

M <sub>1.35D</sub>	3.94 Kn-m	Capacity	13.93 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	353.55 %
M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	10.87 Kn-m	Capacity	18.58 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	170.93 %
$M_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$	-15.95 Kn-m	Capacity	-23.22 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	145.58 %
V <sub>1.35D</sub>	2.58 Kn	Capacity	25.77 Kn	Passing Percentage	998.84 %
V1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	7.11 Kn	Capacity	34.36 Kn	Passing Percentage	483.26 %
$ m V_{0.9D-WnUp}$	-10.43 Kn	Capacity	-42.95 Kn	Passing Percentage	411.79 %

## Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 11000 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 15.85 mm Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 17.44 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240= 25.00 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 60.00 mm

# Reactions

Maximum downward = 7.11 kn Maximum upward = -10.43 kn

Rafter to Pole Connection check

Bolt Size = M12 Number of Bolts = 2

Calculations as per NZS 3603:1993 Amend 2005 clause 4.4

Joint Group for Rafters =J2 Joint Group for Pole = J5

Factor of Safety = 0.7

For Perpendicular to grain loading

K11 = 12.6 fpj = 22.7 Mpa for Rafter with effective thickness = 63 mm

For Parallel to grain loading

K11 = 2.0 fcj = 36.1 Mpa for Pole with effective thickness = 100 mm

Eccentric Load check

 $V = phi \times k1 \times k4 \times k5 \times fs \times b \times ds \dots (Eq 4.12) = -42.07 \text{ kn} > -10.43 \text{ Kn}$ 

Single Shear Capacity under short term loads = -14.56 Kn > -10.43 Kn

**Girt Design Front and Back** 

Girt's Spacing = 700 mm Girt's Span = 5000 mm Try Girt 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.73 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =18.79

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mwind+Snow 2.54 Kn-m Capacity 2.72 Kn-m Passing Percentage 107.09 % V0.9D-WnUp 2.03 Kn-m Capacity 16.08 Kn-m Passing Percentage 792.12 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 45.66 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 50.00 mm

Sag during installation = 37.90 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 2.03 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 700 mm Girt's Span = 6000 mm Try Girt 250x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.97

K8 Upward =0.72 S1 Downward =12.68 S1 Upward =18.90

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mwind+Snow 3.65 Kn-m Capacity 4.22 Kn-m Passing Percentage 115.62 %

V<sub>0.9D-WnUp</sub> 2.44 Kn-m Capacity 20.10 Kn-m Passing Percentage **823.77 %** 

**Deflections** 

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 48.48 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 60.00 mm

Sag during installation = 78.59 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 2.44 kn

**Uplift Check** 

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m3

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(2700) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(2700)

Skin Friction = 58.88 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 65.06 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 58.01 Kn

Uplift is ok