

Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Job No.: Mark Green

Address: 42 Pukeora Scenic Road, Waipukurau, New Zealand

Date: 10/11/2023

Latitude: -39.990392

Longitude: 176.515553

Elevation: 140.5 m

General Input

| | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| Roof Live Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Dead Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Live Point Load | 1.1 Kn |
| Snow Zone | N1 | Ground Snow Load | 0 KPa | Roof Snow Load | 0 KPa |
| Earthquake Zone | 3 | Subsoil Category | D | Exposure Zone | B |
| Importance Level | 1 | Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI | 100 Years | Max Height | 2.7 m |
| Wind Region | NZ2 | Terrain Category | 2.33 | Design Wind Speed | 37.11 m/s |
| Wind Pressure | 0.83 KPa | Lee Zone | NO | Ultimate Snow ARI | 50 Years |
| Wind Category | High | Earthquake ARI | 100 | | |

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressures

Shed Type = Mono Open

For roof $C_{p,i} = 0.6564$

For roof $C_{p,e}$ from 0 m To 3.55 m $C_{p,e} = -0.9$ $p_e = -0.58$ KPa $p_{net} = -1.09$ KPa

For roof $C_{p,e}$ from 3.55 m To 7.10 m $C_{p,e} = -0.5$ $p_e = -0.32$ KPa $p_{net} = -0.83$ KPa

For wall Windward $C_{p,i} = 0.6564$ side Wall $C_{p,i} = -0.569$

For wall Windward and Leeward $C_{p,e}$ from 0 m To 13.80 m $C_{p,e} = 0.7$ $p_e = 0.52$ KPa $p_{net} = 1.03$ KPa

For side wall $C_{p,e}$ from 0 m To 3.55 m $C_{p,e} =$ $p_e = -0.48$ KPa $p_{net} = 0.03$ KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 1.09 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.66 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 1.03 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.89 KPa

Design Summary

Purlin Design

Purlin Spacing = 900 mm

Purlin Span = 4650 mm

Try Purlin 200x50 SG8 Dry

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Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward = 0.77 S1 Downward = 11.27 S1 Upward = 18.02

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| | | | | | |
|---|-----------|----------|------------|--------------------|------------------|
| M _{1.35D} | 0.82 Kn-m | Capacity | 2.23 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 271.95 % |
| M _{1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+S_n 1.2D+W_nD_n} | 2.34 Kn-m | Capacity | 2.97 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 126.92 % |
| M _{0.9D-W_nUp} | -2.1 Kn-m | Capacity | -2.86 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 136.19 % |
| V _{1.35D} | 0.71 Kn | Capacity | 9.65 Kn | Passing Percentage | 1359.15 % |
| V _{1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+S_n 1.2D+W_nD_n} | 2.01 Kn | Capacity | 12.86 Kn | Passing Percentage | 639.80 % |
| V _{0.9D-W_nUp} | -1.81 Kn | Capacity | -16.08 Kn | Passing Percentage | 888.40 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3 considering at least 4 members acting together

k₂ for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 14.10 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 19.17 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 19.50 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 46.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 2.01 kn Maximum upward = -1.81 kn

Number of Blocking = 1 if 0 then no blocking required, if 1 then one midspan blocking required

Rafter Design External

External Rafter Load Width = 2400 mm External Rafter Span = 3805 mm Try Rafter 300x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.94

K8 Upward = 0.94 S1 Downward = 13.93 S1 Upward = 13.93

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

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| | | | | | |
|--|------------|----------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| M _{1.35D} | 1.47 Kn-m | Capacity | 4.72 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 321.09 % |
| M _{1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn} | 4.17 Kn-m | Capacity | 6.30 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 151.08 % |
| M _{0.9D-WnUp} | -3.76 Kn-m | Capacity | -7.87 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 209.31 % |
| V _{1.35D} | 1.54 Kn | Capacity | 14.47 Kn | Passing Percentage | 939.61 % |
| V _{1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn} | 4.38 Kn | Capacity | 19.30 Kn | Passing Percentage | 440.64 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | -3.95 Kn | Capacity | -24.12 Kn | Passing Percentage | 610.63 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

k₂ for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 3.95 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 16.67 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 5.47 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 40.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 4.38 kn Maximum upward = -3.95 kn

Rafter to Pole Connection check

Bolt Size = M12 Number of Bolts = 2

Calculations as per NZS 3603:1993 Amend 2005 clause 4.4

Joint Group for Rafters = J5 Joint Group for Pole = J5

Factor of Safety = 0.7

For Perpendicular to grain loading

K₁₁ = 14.9 f_{pj} = 12.9 Mpa for Rafter with effective thickness = 50 mm

For Parallel to grain loading

K₁₁ = 2.0 f_{cj} = 36.1 Mpa for Pole with effective thickness = 100 mm

Eccentric Load check

V = $\phi \times k_1 \times k_4 \times k_5 \times f_s \times b \times d_s$ (Eq 4.12) = -25.20 kn > -3.95 Kn

Single Shear Capacity under short term loads = -10.84 Kn > -3.95 Kn

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 600 mm

Girt's Span = 4800 mm

Try Girt 150x50 SG8 Dry

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Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 =1 K5 =1 K8 Downward =1.00

K8 Upward =0.87 S1 Downward =9.63 S1 Upward =15.73

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| M _{Wind+Snow} | 1.78 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.83 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 102.81 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | 1.48 Kn-m | Capacity | 12.06 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 814.86 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 45.34 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 48.00 mm

Sag during installation = 32.19 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.48 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm Girt's Span = 4000 mm Try Girt 150x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 =1 K5 =1 K8 Downward =1.00

K8 Upward =0.92 S1 Downward =9.63 S1 Upward =14.36

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| M _{Wind+Snow} | 1.85 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.94 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 104.86 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | 1.85 Kn-m | Capacity | 12.06 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 651.89 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 32.80 mm Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 40.00 mm

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Sag during installation = 15.52 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.85 kn

Middle Pole Design

Geometry

| | | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| 150 SED H5 (Minimum 175 dia. at Floor Level) | Dry Use | Height | 2400 mm |
| Area | 20729 mm ² | As | 15546.6796875 mm ² |
| Ix | 34210793 mm ⁴ | Zx | 421056 mm ³ |
| Iy | 34210793 mm ⁴ | Zx | 421056 mm ³ |
| Lateral Restraint | 3400 mm c/c | | |

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 19.2 m²

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Dead | 4.80 Kn | Live | 4.80 Kn |
| Wind Down | 12.67 Kn | Snow | 0.00 Kn |
| Moment wind | 3.88 Kn-m | | |
| Phi | 0.8 | K8 | 0.63 |
| K1 snow | 0.8 | K1 Dead | 0.6 |
| K1 wind | 1 | | |

Material

| | | | |
|---------|----------|--------|----------|
| Peeling | Steaming | Normal | Dry Use |
| fb = | 36.3 MPa | fs = | 2.96 MPa |
| fc = | 18 MPa | fp = | 7.2 MPa |
| ft = | 22 MPa | E = | 9257 MPa |

Capacities

| | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| PhiNcx Wind | 186.64 Kn | PhiMnx Wind | 7.65 Kn-m | PhiVnx Wind | 36.81 Kn |
| PhiNcx Dead | 111.98 Kn | PhiMnx Dead | 4.59 Kn-m | PhiVnx Dead | 22.09 Kn |

Checks

$$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx}) + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.63 < 1 \text{ OK}$$

$$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx})^2 + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.38 < 1 \text{ OK}$$

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Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 11.16 mm < 24.00 mm

Drained Lateral Strength of Middle pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma 18 Kn/m³ Friction angle 30 deg Cohesion 0 Kn/m³
K₀ = $(1 - \sin(30)) / (1 + \sin(30))$
K_p = $(1 + \sin(30)) / (1 - \sin(30))$

Geometry For Middle Bay Pole

D_s = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter
L = 1300 mm Pile embedment length
f₁ = 2025 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied
f₂ = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Moment Wind = 3.88 Kn-m
Shear Wind = 1.92 Kn

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55
H_u = 5.89 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile
M_u = 7.31 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.53 < 1 OK

End Pole Design

Geometry For End Bay Pole

Geometry

| | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|
| 150 SED H5 (Minimum 175 dia. at Floor Level) | Dry Use | Height | 2400 mm |
| Area | 20729 mm ² | As | 15546.6796875 mm ² |
| I _x | 34210793 mm ⁴ | Z _x | 421056 mm ³ |
| I _y | 34210793 mm ⁴ | Z _y | 421056 mm ³ |
| Lateral Restraint | mm c/c | | |

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Loads

Total Area over Pole = 9.6 m²

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Dead | 2.40 Kn | Live | 2.40 Kn |
| Wind Down | 6.34 Kn | Snow | 0.00 Kn |
| Moment Wind | 1.94 Kn-m | | |
| Phi | 0.8 | K8 | 0.91 |
| K1 snow | 0.8 | K1 Dead | 0.6 |
| K1 wind | 1 | | |

Material

| | | | |
|---------|----------|--------|----------|
| Peeling | Steaming | Normal | Dry Use |
| fb = | 36.3 MPa | fs = | 2.96 MPa |
| fc = | 18 MPa | fp = | 7.2 MPa |
| ft = | 22 MPa | E = | 9257 MPa |

Capacities

| | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| PhiNcx Wind | 271.27 Kn | PhiMnx Wind | 11.11 Kn-m | PhiVnx Wind | 36.81 Kn |
| PhiNcx Dead | 162.76 Kn | PhiMnx Dead | 6.67 Kn-m | PhiVnx Dead | 22.09 Kn |

Checks

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx}) + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.22 < 1$ OK

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx})^2 + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.07 < 1$ OK

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 6.26 mm < 26.93 mm

| | | |
|------|---------|--|
| Ds = | 0.6 mm | Pile Diameter |
| L = | 1300 mm | Pile embedment length |
| f1 = | 2025 mm | Distance at which the shear force is applied |
| f2 = | 0 mm | Distance of top soil at rest pressure |

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 9.6 m²

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Moment Wind = | 1.94 Kn-m |
| Shear Wind = | 0.96 Kn |

Pile Properties

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| | | |
|---------------|-----------|---|
| Safety Factor | 0.55 | |
| $H_u =$ | 5.89 Kn | Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile |
| $M_u =$ | 7.31 Kn-m | Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile |

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = $0.27 < 1$ OK

Drained Lateral Strength of End pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------|----------|---------------------|
| Gamma | 18 Kn/m ³ | Friction angle | 30 deg | Cohesion | 0 Kn/m ³ |
| $K_0 =$ | $(1 - \sin(30)) / (1 + \sin(30))$ | | | | |
| $K_p =$ | $(1 + \sin(30)) / (1 - \sin(30))$ | | | | |

Geometry For End Bay Pole

| | | |
|---------|---------|--|
| $D_s =$ | 0.6 mm | Pile Diameter |
| $L =$ | 1300 mm | Pile embedment length |
| $f_1 =$ | 2025 mm | Distance at which the shear force is applied |
| $f_2 =$ | 0 mm | Distance of top soil at rest pressure |

Loads

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Moment Wind = | 1.94 Kn-m |
| Shear Wind = | 0.96 Kn |

Pile Properties

| | | |
|---------------|-----------|---|
| Safety Factor | 0.55 | |
| $H_u =$ | 5.89 Kn | Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile |
| $M_u =$ | 7.31 Kn-m | Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile |

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = $0.27 < 1$ OK

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m³

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m³

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between

both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

K_s (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safety factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(1300) x K_s (1.5) x $0.5 \times \tan(30) \times \pi \times \text{Dia of Pile}(0.6) \times \text{Height of Pile}(1300)$

Skin Friction = 13.65 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 17.91 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 16.61 Kn

Uplift is ok