Job No.: MFB Projects - 1 Address: 50 Whitecliffs Drive, Waiau Pa, New Date: 3/6/2025

Zealand

Latitude: -37.153688 **Longitude:** 174.775368 **Elevation:** 21 m

General Input

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	D
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	4.8 m
Wind Region	NZ1	Terrain Category	2.23	Design Wind Speed	37.97 m/s
Wind Pressure	0.87 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Mono Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 4.40 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -0.70 KPa pnet = -0.70 KPa

For roof CP,e from 4.40 m To 8.80 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.39 KPa pnet = -0.39 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = -0.3 side Wall Cp, i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 10 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.54 KPa pnet = 0.80 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 4.40 m Cpe = pe = -0.50 KPa pnet = -0.50 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.70 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.38 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.80 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.93 KPa

Design Summary

Intermediate Design Front and Back

Intermediate Spacing = 3000 mm Intermediate Span = 4650 mm Try Intermediate 2x240x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

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K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.94

K8 Upward = 1.00 S1 Downward = 13.82 S1 Upward = 0.99

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mwind+Snow 6.49 Kn-m Capacity 9.68 Kn-m Passing Percentage 149.15 % V_{0.9D-WnUp} 5.58 Kn Capacity -34.74 Kn Passing Percentage 622.58 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 26.095 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 46.50 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 5.58 kn

Intermediate Design Sides

Intermediate Spacing = 5000 mm Intermediate Span = 4249 mm Try Intermediate 2x240x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.94

K8 Upward = 1.00 S1 Downward = 13.82 S1 Upward = 0.95

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mwind+Snow 4.51 Kn-m Capacity 9.68 Kn-m Passing Percentage 214.63 % V_{0.9D-WnUp} 4.25 Kn Capacity 34.74 Kn Passing Percentage 817.41 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 30.335 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 42.49 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 4.25 kn

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 0 mm

Girt's Span = 3000 mm

Try Girt SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Wet (Moisture in timber is less than 18% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1

K4 = 1

K5 = 1

K8 Downward = NaN

K8 Upward =NaN

S1 Downward =NaN

S1 Upward =NaN

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa

Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

MWind+Snow

0.00 Kn-m

Capacity

NaN Kn-m

Passing Percentage

NaN %

 $V_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$

0.00 Kn

Capacity

0.00 Kn

Passing Percentage

NaN %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = NaN mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 30.00 mm

Sag during installation = NaN mm

Reactions

Maximum = 0.00 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 0 mm

Girt's Span = 5000 mm

Try Girt SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Wet (Moisture in timber is less than 18% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1

K4 = 1

K5 = 1 K8 Downward = NaN

K8 Upward =NaN

S1 Downward =NaN

S1 Upward =NaN

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mwind+Snow

0.00 Kn-m

Capacity

NaN Kn-m

Passing Percentage

NaN %

4/5

V_{0.9D-WnUp} 0.00 Kn Capacity 0.00 Kn Passing Percentage NaN %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = NaN mm Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 50.00 mm Sag during installation = NaN mm

Reactions

Maximum = 0.00 kn

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m3

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(2000) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(2000)

Skin Friction = 32.31 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 36.89 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 14.25 Kn

Uplift is ok