Job Number:	RWhite
Issue:	BWhite Consulting Ltd
PRODUCER STATEMENT-PS1-DESIGN	8
ISSUED BY: BWhite Consulting Ltd (Design Engineer: Bevan White)	
TO BE SUPPLIED TO: Far North District Council IN RESPECT OF: Proposed NEW Farm Shed	
AT: 174a Houhora Heads Road, Pukenui 0484, New Zealand	
LEGAL DES CRIPTION	
We have been engaged by Ezequote Pty Ltd to provide Specific Structural Engineering Design requirements of Clause(s) B1 of the Building Code for part only (as specified in the attachment the building work.	<u>*</u>
☐ ALL ☑ Part only as specified: Purlins, Rafters, Girts, Poles, Columns, Pole embedment and	l all connections
The design has been prepared in accordance with compliance documents to NZ Building Code i Innovation & Employment Clauses B1/VM1 and B1/VM4	ssued by Ministry of Business,
The proposed building work covered by the producer statement is described on Ezequote drawing to Shed and numbered A101 - A117 Rev-1 dated 21/05/2025 together with the following specific in the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 27/05/2025 and numbered A101 - A117 Rev-1 dated 21/05/2025 and numbered A101 - A117 Rev-1 dated 21/05/2025 and numbered A101 - A117 Rev-1 dated 21/05/2025 together with the following specific in the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 27/05/2025 and numbered A101 - A117 Rev-1 dated A10	ication, and other documents set ou
On behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd, and subject to:	
 Site verification of the following design assumptions: an Ultimate foundation bearing pr with NZS3604:2011 The building has a design life of 50 years and an Importance Level 1 Unless specifically noted, compliance of the drawings to Non-Specific codes such as NZ checked by this practice This Certificate does not cover any other building code clause including weather tightn Inspections of the building to be completed by Far North District Council. As BWhite C inspections, we cannot issue a producer Statement-PS4- Construction Review. This Producer Statement- Design is valid for a building consent issued within 1 year fr All proprietary products meeting their performance specification requirements 	SS3604 and NZS4229 have not beer ness Consulting Ltd are not undertaking
I believe on reasonable grounds that a) the building, if constructed in accordance with the drawing documents provided or listed in the attached schedule, will comply with the relevant provisions the persons who have undertaken the design have the necessary competency to do so. I also reconstruction monitoring/observation:	of the Building Code and that b),
☑ CM1 ☐ CM2 ☐ CM3 ☐ CM4 ☐ CM5 or as per agreement with owner/developer (stated a	above)
I, Bevan White am CPEng 108276 I am Member of Engineering New Zealand and hold the followholds a current policy of Professional Indemnity Insurance no less than \$200,000	wing qualification: BECivil and
Signed by Bevan White on behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd Dated: 27/05/2025	
Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Phone: 0211-979786	
Note: This statement shall only be relied upon by the Building Consent Authority named above. Liability under this statement maximum amount of damages payable arising from this statement and all other statements provided to the Building Consent A	

This form is to accompany Form 2 of the Building (Forms) Regulations 2004 for the application of a Building Consent

whether in contract, tort or otherwise(including negligence), is limited to the sum of \$200,000.

Date: 27/05/2025

BWhite

18B Jules Crescent,

Consulting Ltd

Bell Block New Plymouth 4312

New Zealand File No:

DESIGN FEATURES SUMMARY FOR PROPOSED NEW FARM SHED 174A HOUHORA HEADS ROAD, PUKENUI 0484, NEW ZEALAND

Site Specific Loads

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	D
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & EQ ARI	100 Years	Max Height	5.25 m
Wind Region	NZ1	Terrain Category	1.28	Design Wind Speed	41.8 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.05 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years

Timber

Sawn Timber to be graded to the properties of SG6 and SG8 or better as mentioned on plans, with moisture content of 18% or less for dry and 25% or less for wet.

The following standards have been used in the design of this structure

- NZS 3603:1993 Timber Structures Standard
- NZS 3604:2011 Timber Framed Buildings. Standards New Zealand, 2011
- NZS 3404:1997 Steel Structures
- AS/NZS 1170 2003 Structural Design Actions
- AS/NZS 1170.2 2021 Structural Design Actions-Wind Action
- Branz. "Engineering Basis of NZS 3604". April 2013

Yours Faithfully

BWhite CONSULTING LTD

Bevan White

Director | BE Civil . CMengNZ CPEng

Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Contact: 0211 979 786

Job No.: Shane Horan 2x Bay Address: 174a Houhora Heads Road, Pukenui 0484, Date: 27/05/2025

Lean-to Shed New Zealand

Latitude: -34.827471 **Longitude:** 173.147264 **Elevation:** 7 m

General Input

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	D
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	5.25 m
Wind Region	NZ1	Terrain Category	1.28	Design Wind Speed	41.8 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.05 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Mono Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 2.63 m Cpe = -0.9375 pe = -0.88 KPa pnet = -0.88 KPa

For roof CP,e from 2.63 m To 5.25 m Cpe = -0.8813 pe = -0.83 KPa pnet = -0.83 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = -0.3 side Wall Cp, i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 9.6 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.66 KPa pnet = 0.97 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 5.25 m Cpe = pe = -0.61 KPa pnet = -0.61 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.88 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.40 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.97 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 1.03 KPa

Design Summary

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 1300 mm Girt's Span = 2400 mm Try Girt 140x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.82 S1 Downward =10.36 S1 Upward =16.92

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.91 Kn-m	Capacity	1.35 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	148.35 %
$ m V_{0.9D ext{-}WnUp}$	1.51 Kn	Capacity	10.13 Kn	Passing Percentage	670.86 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 7.90 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 24.00 mm Sag during installation = 2.48 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.51 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 1300 mm Girt's Span = 2500 mm Try Girt 140x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.80 S1 Downward =10.36 S1 Upward =17.27

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.99 Kn-m	Capacity	1.32 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	133.33 %
$ m V_{0.9D ext{-}WnUp}$	1.58 Kn	Capacity	10.13 Kn	Passing Percentage	641.14 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 9.30 mm Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 25.00 mm

Sag during installation = 2.92 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.58 kn

Middle Pole Design

Geometry

225 SED H5 (Minimum 250 dia. at Floor Level)	Dry Use	Height	4960 mm
Area	44279 mm2	As	33209.1796875 mm2
Ix	156100441 mm4	Zx	1314530 mm3
Iy	156100441 mm4	Zx	1314530 mm3
Lateral Restraint	4960 mm c/c		

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 24 m^2

Dead	6.00 Kn	Live	6.00 Kn
Wind Down	9.60 Kn	Snow	0.00 Kn
Moment wind	12.74 Kn-m		
Phi	0.8	K8	0.63
K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
K 1 wind	1		

Material

Peeling	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
fb =	36.3 MPa	$f_S =$	2.96 MPa
fc =	18 MPa	fp =	7.2 MPa
ft =	22 MPa	E =	9257 MPa

Capacities

PhiNex Wind	399.86 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	23.94 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	78.64 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	239.92 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	14.36 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	47.18 Kn

Checks

(Mx/PhiMnx)+(N/phiNcx) = 0.59 < 1 OK

 $(Mx/PhiMnx)^2+(N/phiNcx) = 0.34 < 1 OK$

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 32.27 mm < 49.60 mm

Drained Lateral Strength of Middle pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma 18 Kn/m3 Friction angle 30 deg Cohesion 0 Kn/m3

 $K0 = \frac{(1-\sin(30))}{(1+\sin(30))}$ $Kp = \frac{(1+\sin(30))}{(1-\sin(30))}$

Geometry For Middle Bay Pole

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L= 1600 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 3938 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied

f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Moment Wind = 12.74 Kn-m Shear Wind = 3.24 Kn

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 6.59 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 15.17 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.84 < 1 OK

End Pole Design

Geometry For End Bay Pole

Geometry

175 SED H5 (Minimum 200 dia. at Floor Level)	Dry Use	Height 5050 mm
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Area 27598 mm2 As 20698.2421875 mm2

Ix 60639381 mm4 Zx 646820 mm3

Iy 60639381 mm4 Zx 646820 mm3

Lateral Restraint mm c/c

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 12 m2

Dead	3.00 Kn	Live	3.00 Kn
Wind Down	4.80 Kn	Snow	0.00 Kn
Moment Wind	6.37 Kn-m		
Phi	0.8	K8	0.40
K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
K1wind	1		

Material

Peeling	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
fb =	36.3 MPa	$f_S =$	2.96 MPa
fc =	18 MPa	fp =	7.2 MPa
ft =	22 MPa	E =	9257 MPa

Capacities

PhiNex Wind	158.84 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	7.51 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	49.01 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	95.31 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	4.50 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	29.41 Kn

Checks

(Mx/PhiMnx)+(N/phiNcx) = 0.92 < 1 OK

 $(Mx/PhiMnx)^2 + (N/phiNcx) = 0.79 < 1 \text{ OK}$

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 43.85 mm < 52.37 mm

Ds =	0.6 mm	Pile Diameter
L =	1300 mm	Pile embedment length
f1 =	3938 mm	Distance at which the shear force is applied
f2 =	0 mm	Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 12 m2

Moment Wind =	6.37 Kn-m
Shear Wind =	1.62 Kn

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 3.74 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 8.48 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.75 < 1 OK

Drained Lateral Strength of End pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma 18 Kn/m3 Friction angle 30 deg Cohesion 0 Kn/m3

 $K0 = \frac{(1-\sin(30)) / (1+\sin(30))}{Kp} = \frac{(1+\sin(30)) / (1-\sin(30))}{(1-\sin(30))}$

Geometry For End Bay Pole

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L= 1300 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 3938 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied

f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Moment Wind = 6.37 Kn-m Shear Wind = 1.62 Kn

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 3.74 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 8.48 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.75 < 1 OK

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m³

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between

both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(1600) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(1600)

Skin Friction = 20.68 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 24.34 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 15.72 Kn

Uplift is ok