Job No.: 608670	**Address:** Lot 3 Waikare Rd, Kawakawa, New Zealand	**Date:** 10/5/2023
Latitude: -35.364086	**Longitude:** 174.091933	**Elevation:** 10.5 m

General Input

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N5	Ground Snow Load	0.9 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0.63 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	B
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	3600 m
Wind Region	NZ1	Terrain Category	2.0	Design Wind Speed	40.67 m/s
Wind Pressure	0.99 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressures

Shed Type = Mono Open

For roof Cp,i = 0.6577

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 3.40 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -0.78 KPa pnet = -1.47 KPa

For roof CP,e from 3.40 m To 6.80 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.43 KPa pnet = -1.12 KPa

For wall Windward Cp,i = 0.6577 side Wall Cp,i = -0.5715

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 7.20 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.63 KPa pnet = 1.16 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 3.40 m Cpe = pe = -0.58 KPa pnet = -0.05 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 1.47 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.71 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 1.16 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 1.08 KPa

Design Summary

Purlin Design

Purlin Spacing = 700 mm	Purlin Span = 4650 mm	Try Purlin 300x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 =1 K5 =1 K8 Downward =0.94

K8 Upward =0.30 S1 Downward =13.93 S1 Upward =31.50

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{1.35D}$	0.64 Kn-m	Capacity	4.72 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	**737.50 %**
$M_{1.2D+1.5L\ 1.2D+Sn\ 1.2D+WnDn}$	1.91 Kn-m	Capacity	6.30 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	**329.84 %**
$M_{0.9D-WnUp}$	-2.36 Kn-m	Capacity	-2.48 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	**105.08 %**
$V_{1.35D}$	0.55 Kn	Capacity	14.47 Kn	Passing Percentage	**2630.91 %**
$V_{1.2D+1.5L\ 1.2D+Sn\ 1.2D+WnDn}$	1.64 Kn	Capacity	19.30 Kn	Passing Percentage	**1176.83 %**
$V_{0.9D-WnUp}$	-2.03 Kn	Capacity	-24.12 Kn	Passing Percentage	**1188.18 %**

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3 considering at least 4 members acting together

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 3.25 mm	Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 19.17 mm
Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 4.63 mm	Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 46.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward =1.64 kn Maximum upward = -2.03 kn

Number of Blocking = 0 if 0 then no blocking required, if 1 then one midspan blocking required

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 0 mm Girt's Span = 2400 mm Try Girt SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Wet (Moisture in timber is less than 18% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 =1 K5 =1 K8 Downward =NaN

K8 Upward =NaN S1 Downward =NaN S1 Upward =NaN

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

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$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.00 Kn-m	Capacity	NaN Kn-m	Passing Percentage	**NaN %**
$V_{0.9D-WnUp}$	0.00 Kn-m	Capacity	0.00 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	**NaN %**

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = NaN mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 24.00 mm
Sag during installation = NaN mm

Reactions

Maximum = 0.00 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 0 mm Girt's Span = 3600 mm Try Girt SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Wet (Moisture in timber is less than 18% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 =1 K5 =1 K8 Downward =NaN

K8 Upward =NaN S1 Downward =NaN S1 Upward =NaN

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.00 Kn-m	Capacity	NaN Kn-m	Passing Percentage	**NaN %**
$V_{0.9D-WnUp}$	0.00 Kn-m	Capacity	0.00 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	**NaN %**

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = NaN mm Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 36.00 mm
Sag during installation =NaN mm

Reactions

Maximum = 0.00 kn

Uplift Check

Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m3

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient)for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile() x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile()

Skin Friction = 0.00 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 0.00 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 21.51 Kn

Uplift is ok

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