

Job No.: Whakamarama Eartworks**Address:** 61 Lowe Rd, Whakamarama, New Zealand**Date:** 24/06/2024**Latitude:** -37.66258**Longitude:** 175.976099**Elevation:** 82.5 m**General Input**

| | | | | | |
|------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| Roof Live Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Dead Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Live Point Load | 1.1 Kn |
| Snow Zone | N0 | Ground Snow Load | 0 KPa | Roof Snow Load | 0 KPa |
| Earthquake Zone | 1 | Subsoil Category | D | Exposure Zone | C |
| Importance Level | 1 | Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI | 100 Years | Max Height | 3.6 m |
| Wind Region | NZ1 | Terrain Category | 3.0 | Design Wind Speed | 39.93 m/s |
| Wind Pressure | 0.96 KPa | Lee Zone | NO | Ultimate Snow ARI | 50 Years |
| Wind Category | High | Earthquake ARI | 100 | | |

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressures

Shed Type = Gable Enclosed

For roof $C_{p,i} = -0.3$

For roof $C_{p,e}$ from 0 m To 3.6 m $C_{p,e} = -0.76$ $p_e = -0.76$ KPa $p_{net} = -0.76$ KPa

For roof $C_{p,e}$ from 3.6 m To 7.2 m $C_{p,e} = -0.5$ $p_e = -0.42$ KPa $p_{net} = -0.42$ KPa

For wall Windward $C_{p,i} = -0.3$ side Wall $C_{p,i} = -0.3$

For wall Windward and Leeward $C_{p,e}$ from 0 m To 6 m $C_{p,e} = 0.6$ $p_e = 0.6$ KPa $p_{net} = 0.89$ KPa

For side wall $C_{p,e}$ from 0 m To 3.6 m $C_{p,e} =$ $p_e = -0.56$ KPa $p_{net} = -0.56$ KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.76 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.45 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.89 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.86 KPa

Design Summary**Purlin Design**

Purlin Spacing = 900 mm

Purlin Span = 3850 mm

Try Purlin 190x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.98

K8 Upward = 0.46 S1 Downward = 12.23 S1 Upward = 25.13

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|--------------------|------------------|
| $M_{1.35D}$ | 0.56 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.79 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 319.64 % |
| $M_{1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+S_n 1.2D+W_nD_n}$ | 1.56 Kn-m | Capacity | 2.38 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 152.56 % |
| $M_{0.9D-W_nUp}$ | -0.89 Kn-m | Capacity | -1.39 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 156.18 % |
| $V_{1.35D}$ | 0.58 Kn | Capacity | 8.25 Kn | Passing Percentage | 1422.41 % |

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| | | | | | |
|--|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------|------------------|
| V _{1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn} | 1.30 Kn | Capacity | 11.00 Kn | Passing Percentage | 846.15 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | -0.93 Kn | Capacity | -13.75 Kn | Passing Percentage | 1478.49 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3 considering at least 4 members acting together

k₂ for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 8.51 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 15.83 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 10.28 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 38.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 1.30 kn Maximum upward = -0.93 kn

Number of Blocking = 0 if 0 then no blocking required, if 1 then one midspan blocking required

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 800 mm

Girt's Span = 4000 mm

Try Girt 140x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K₁ Short term = 1 K₄ = 1 K₅ = 1 K₈ Downward = 1.00

K₈ Upward = 0.88 S₁ Downward = 10.36 S₁ Upward = 15.45

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|
| M _{Wind+Snow} | 1.42 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.45 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 102.11 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | 1.42 Kn | Capacity | 10.13 Kn | Passing Percentage | 713.38 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 34.42 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 40.00 mm

Sag during installation = 19.16 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.42 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 1100 mm

Girt's Span = 3000 mm

Try Girt 140x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K₁ Short term = 1 K₄ = 1 K₅ = 1 K₈ Downward = 1.00

K₈ Upward = 0.72 S₁ Downward = 10.36 S₁ Upward = 18.92

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

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| | | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------------|
| M _{Wind+Snow} | 1.10 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.19 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 108.18 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | 1.47 Kn | Capacity | 10.13 Kn | Passing Percentage | 689.12 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 14.98 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 30.00 mm

Sag during installation = 6.06 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.47 kn

Middle Pole Design

Geometry

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------|------------------------|
| 200 UNI H5 | Dry Use | Height | 3310 mm |
| Area | 31400 mm ² | As | 23550 mm ² |
| I _x | 78500000 mm ⁴ | Z _x | 785000 mm ³ |
| I _y | 78500000 mm ⁴ | Z _y | 785000 mm ³ |
| Lateral Restraint | 3400 mm c/c | | |

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 12 m²

| | | | |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------------|---------|
| Dead | 3.00 Kn | Live | 3.00 Kn |
| Wind Down | 5.40 Kn | Snow | 0.00 Kn |
| Moment wind | 8.34 Kn-m | | |
| Phi | 0.8 | K ₈ | 0.82 |
| K ₁ snow | 0.8 | K ₁ Dead | 0.6 |
| K ₁ wind | 1 | | |

Material

| | | | |
|------------------|------------|------------------|----------|
| Shaving | Steaming | Normal | Dry Use |
| f _b = | 34.325 MPa | f _s = | 2.96 MPa |
| f _c = | 18 MPa | f _p = | 7.2 MPa |
| f _t = | 20.75 MPa | E = | 8793 MPa |

Capacities

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------|-------------------------|----------|
| PhiN _{cx} Wind | 368.60 Kn | PhiM _{nx} Wind | 17.57 Kn-m | PhiV _{nx} Wind | 55.77 Kn |
| PhiN _{cx} Dead | 221.16 Kn | PhiM _{nx} Dead | 10.54 Kn-m | PhiV _{nx} Dead | 33.46 Kn |

Checks

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx}) + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.51 < 1$ OK

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx})^2 + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.26 < 1$ OK

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 20.23 mm < 33.10 mm

Drained Lateral Strength of Middle pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

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Assumed Soil Properties

| | | | | | |
|-------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------|----------|---------|
| Gamma | 18 Kn/m3 | Friction angle | 30 deg | Cohesion | 0 Kn/m3 |
| K0 = | $(1 - \sin(30)) / (1 + \sin(30))$ | | | | |
| Kp = | $(1 + \sin(30)) / (1 - \sin(30))$ | | | | |

Geometry For Middle Bay Pole

| | | |
|------|---------|--|
| Ds = | 0.6 mm | Pile Diameter |
| L = | 1400 mm | Pile embedment length |
| f1 = | 2700 mm | Distance at which the shear force is applied |
| f2 = | 0 mm | Distance of top soil at rest pressure |

Loads

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Moment Wind = | 8.34 Kn-m |
| Shear Wind = | 3.09 Kn |

Pile Properties

| | | |
|----------------|-----------|---|
| Safety Factory | 0.55 | |
| Hu = | 5.96 Kn | Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile |
| Mu = | 9.63 Kn-m | Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile |

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.87 < 1 OK

End Pole Design

Geometry For End Bay Pole

Geometry

| | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------|------------|
| 200 UNI H5 | Dry Use | Height | 3400 mm |
| Area | 31400 mm2 | As | 23550 mm2 |
| Ix | 78500000 mm4 | Zx | 785000 mm3 |
| Iy | 78500000 mm4 | Zy | 785000 mm3 |
| Lateral Restraint | mm c/c | | |

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 12 m2

| | | | |
|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Dead | 3.00 Kn | Live | 3.00 Kn |
| Wind Down | 5.40 Kn | Snow | 0.00 Kn |
| Moment Wind | 4.17 Kn-m | | |
| Phi | 0.8 | K8 | 0.82 |
| K1 snow | 0.8 | K1 Dead | 0.6 |
| K1 wind | 1 | | |

Material

| | | | |
|---------|------------|--------|----------|
| Shaving | Steaming | Normal | Dry Use |
| fb = | 34.325 MPa | fs = | 2.96 MPa |

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| | | | |
|---------|-----------|---------|----------|
| $f_c =$ | 18 MPa | $f_p =$ | 7.2 MPa |
| $f_t =$ | 20.75 MPa | $E =$ | 8793 MPa |

Capacities

| | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|------------|-------------|----------|
| PhiNcx Wind | 368.69 Kn | PhiMnx Wind | 17.58 Kn-m | PhiVnx Wind | 55.77 Kn |
| PhiNcx Dead | 221.22 Kn | PhiMnx Dead | 10.55 Kn-m | PhiVnx Dead | 33.46 Kn |

Checks

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx}) + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.27 < 1$ OK

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx})^2 + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.09 < 1$ OK

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 10.97 mm < 35.91 mm

| | | |
|---------|---------|--|
| $D_s =$ | 0.6 mm | Pile Diameter |
| $L =$ | 1400 mm | Pile embedment length |
| $f_1 =$ | 2700 mm | Distance at which the shear force is applied |
| $f_2 =$ | 0 mm | Distance of top soil at rest pressure |

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 12 m²

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Moment Wind = | 4.17 Kn-m |
| Shear Wind = | 1.54 Kn |

Pile Properties

| | | |
|---------------|-----------|---|
| Safety Factor | 0.55 | |
| $H_u =$ | 5.96 Kn | Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile |
| $M_u =$ | 9.63 Kn-m | Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile |

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.43 < 1 OK

Drained Lateral Strength of End pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

| | | | | | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|----------------|--------|----------|---------------------|
| Gamma | 18 Kn/m ³ | Friction angle | 30 deg | Cohesion | 0 Kn/m ³ |
| $K_0 =$ | $(1 - \sin(30)) / (1 + \sin(30))$ | | | | |
| $K_p =$ | $(1 + \sin(30)) / (1 - \sin(30))$ | | | | |

Geometry For End Bay Pole

| | | |
|---------|---------|--|
| $D_s =$ | 0.6 mm | Pile Diameter |
| $L =$ | 1400 mm | Pile embedment length |
| $f_1 =$ | 2700 mm | Distance at which the shear force is applied |
| $f_2 =$ | 0 mm | Distance of top soil at rest pressure |

Loads

| | |
|---------------|-----------|
| Moment Wind = | 4.17 Kn-m |
|---------------|-----------|

Shear Wind =

1.54 Kn

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 5.96 Kn

Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 9.63 Kn-m

Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.43 < 1 OK

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m³

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m³

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safety factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(1400) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(1400)

Skin Friction = 15.83 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 19.69 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 6.42 Kn

Uplift is ok