Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

 Job No.:
 EHB 245
 Address:
 108 Calypso Road, Makarewa, New Zealand
 Date:
 23/08/2024

 Latitude:
 -46.326998
 Longitude:
 168.340891
 Elevation:
 25.5 m

General Input

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N5	Ground Snow Load	0.9 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0.63 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	C
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	4.7 m
Wind Region	NZ4	Terrain Category	2.04	Design Wind Speed	48.03 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.38 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	Very High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Gable Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 3.70 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -1.09 KPa pnet = -1.09 KPa

For roof CP,e from 3.70 m To 7.40 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.61 KPa pnet = -0.61 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = -0.3 side Wall Cp, i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 11 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.87 KPa pnet = 1.29 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 3.70 m Cpe = pe = -0.81 KPa pnet = -0.81 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 1.09 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.64 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 1.29 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 1.37 KPa

Design Summary

Intermediate Design Front and Back

Intermediate Spacing = 2500 mm Intermediate Span = 2549 mm Try Intermediate 2x150x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward = 1.00 S1 Downward = 9.63 S1 Upward = 0.51

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	2.62 Kn-m	Capacity	4.2 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	160.31 %
$ m V_{0.9D ext{-}WnUp}$	4.11 Kn	Capacity	-24.12 Kn	Passing Percentage	586.86 %

Deflections

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Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 19.825 mm

Limit byWoolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 25.49 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 4.11 kn

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 1300 mm

Girt's Span = 2500 mm

Try Girt 150x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward = 0.86 S1 Downward = 9.63 S1 Upward = 16.05

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	1.31 Kn-m	Capacity	1.80 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	137.40 %
$ m V_{0.9D ext{-}WnUp}$	2.10 Kn	Capacity	12.06 Kn	Passing Percentage	574.29 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 13.47 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 25.00 mm

Sag during installation = 2.37 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 2.10 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 1300 mm

Girt's Span = 2750 mm

Try Girt 150x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.82 S1 Downward =9.63 S1 Upward =16.84

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	1.59 Kn-m	Capacity	1.73 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	108.81 %
V _{0.9D-WnUp}	2.31 Kn	Capacity	12.06 Kn	Passing Percentage	522.08 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 19.73 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 27.50 mm

Sag during installation = 3.47 mm

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Reactions

Maximum = 2.31 kn

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m3

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(1600) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(1600)

Skin Friction = 20.68 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 24.83 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 23.79 Kn

Uplift is ok