Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022	
Job Number:	BWhite Consulting Ltd
Issue:	Consuming Ltd
PRODUCER STATEMENT-PS1-DESIGN	
ISSUED BY: BWhite Consulting Ltd (Design Engineer: Bevan White)	
TO BE SUPPLIED TO: Whangarei District Council IN RESPECT OF: Proposed NEW Farm	Shed
AT: 697 One Tree Point Road, One Tree Point, New Zealand	
LEGAL DESCRIPTION	
We have been engaged by Ezequote Pty Ltd to provide Specific Structural Engineering Design the requirements of Clause(s) B1 of the Building Code for part only (as specified in the attachment the proposed building work.	
☐ ALL ☐ Part only as specified: Purlins, Rafters, Girts, Poles, Columns, Pole embedment an	d all connections
The design has been prepared in accordance with compliance documents to NZ Building Code issu Business, Innovation & Employment Clauses B1/VM1 and B1/VM4	ued by Ministry of
The proposed building work covered by the producer statement is described on Ezequote drawing and numbered A101-A117 REV-2 dated 29/05/2024 together with the following specification, and in the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 19/08/2024 and numbered Report Dated 19/08/2024	other documents set out
On behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd, and subject to:	
 Site verification of the following design assumptions: an Ultimate foundation bearing press accordance with NZS3604:2011 The building has a design life of 50 years and am Importance Level 1 Unless specifically noted, compliance of the drawings to None-Specific codes such as N have not been checked by this practice This Certificate does not cover any other building code clause including weather tightr Inspections of the building to be completed by Whangarei District Council. As BWhite not undertaking inspections, we cannot issue a producer Statement-PS4- Construction This Producer Statement- Design is valid for a building consent issued within 1 year from the proprietary products meeting their performance specification requirements 	NZS3604 and NZS4229 ness e Consulting Ltd are Review.
I believe on reasonable grounds that a) the building, if constructed in accordance with the drawing other documents provided or listed in the attached schedule, will comply with the relevant provision and that b), the presons who have undertaken the design have the necessary competency to do so, follow level of construction monitoring/observation:	ons of the Building Code
☑ CM1 ☐ CM2 ☐ CM3 ☐ CM4 ☐ CM5 or as per agreement with owner/developer (stated	above)
I, Bevan White am CPEng 108276 I am Member of Engineering New Zealand and hold the follow BE.Civil and holds a current policy of Professional Indemnity Insurance no less than \$200,000	wing qualification:
Signed by Bevan White on behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd Dated: 19/08/2024	
Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Phone: 0211-979786	

Note: This statement shall only be relied upon by the Building Consent Authority named above. Liability under this statement accrues to the Design Firm only. The total maximum amount of damages payable arising from this statement and all other statements provided to the Building Consent Authority in relation to this building work, whether in contract, tort or otherwise(including negligence), is limited to the sum of \$200,000.

 $This\ form\ is\ to\ accompany\ Form\ 2\ of\ the\ Building(Forms)\ Regulations\ 2004\ for\ the\ application\ of\ a\ Building\ Consent$

Date: 19/08/2024 BWhite
Consulting Ltd

18B Jules Crescent,

Bell Block New Plymouth 4312

New Zealand File No:

DESIGN FEATURES SUMMARY FOR PROPOSED NEW FARM SHED 697 ONE TREE POINT ROAD, ONE TREE POINT, NEW ZEALAND

Site Specific Loads

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	C
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & EQ ARI	100 Years	Max Height	5.9 m
Wind Region	NZ1	Terrain Category	2.1	Design Wind Speed	37.96 m/s
Wind Pressure	0.86 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years

Timber

Sawn Timber to be graded to the properties of SG6 and SG8 or better as mentioned on plans, with moisture content of 18% or less for dry and 25% or less for wet.

The following standards have been used in the design of this structure

- NZS 3603:1993 Timber Structures Standard
- NZS 3604:2011 Timber Framed Buildings. Standards New Zealand, 2011
- NZS 3404:1997 Steel Structures
- AS/NZS 1170 2003 Structural Design Actions
- AS/NZS 1170.2 2021 Structural Design Actions-Wind Action
- Branz. "Engineering Basis of NZS 3604". April 2013

Yours Faithfully

BWhite CONSULTING LTD

Bevan White

Director | BE Civil . CMengNZ CPEng

Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Contact: 0211 979 786

Job No.: Grant Woods Address: 697 One Tree Point Road, One Tree Point, New Zealand Date: 19/08/2024 **Latitude:** -35.843289 **Longitude:** 174.445118

Elevation: 12 m

General Input

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	C
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	5.9 m
Wind Region	NZ1	Terrain Category	2.1	Design Wind Speed	37.96 m/s
Wind Pressure	0.86 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Gable Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 5.10 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -0.66 KPa pnet = -0.66 KPa

For roof CP,e from 5.10 m To 10.21 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.37 KPa pnet = -0.37 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = -0.3 side Wall Cp, i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 12 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.54 KPa pnet = 0.80 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 5.10 m Cpe = pe = -0.51 KPa pnet = -0.51 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.66 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.40 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.80 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.77 KPa

Design Summary

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm Girt's Span = 4500 mmTry Girt 190x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.98

K8 Upward =0.70 S1 Downward =12.23 S1 Upward =19.33

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	1.82 Kn-m	Capacity	2.13 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	117.03 %
$V_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$	1.62 Kn	Capacity	13.75 Kn	Passing Percentage	848.77 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 22.31 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 45.00 mm

Sag during installation = 30.70 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.62 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 1300 mm

Girt's Span = 3000 mm

Try Girt 190x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.98

K8 Upward =0.56 S1 Downward =12.23 S1 Upward =22.32

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	1.17 Kn-m	Capacity	1.70 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	145.30 %
V _{0.9D-WnUp}	1.56 Kn	Capacity	13.75 Kn	Passing Percentage	881.41 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 6.36 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 30.00 mm

Sag during installation =6.06 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.56 kn

Middle Pole Design

Geometry

225 SED H5 HIGH DENSITY (Minimum 250 dia. at Floor Level)	Dry Use	Height	5600 mm
Area	44279 mm2	As	33209.1796875 mm2
Ix	156100441 mm4	Zx	1314530 mm3
Iy	156100441 mm4	Zx	1314530 mm3
Lateral Restraint	5600 mm c/c		

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 27 m^2

Dead	6.75 Kn	Live	6.75 Kn
Wind Down	10.80 Kn	Snow	0.00 Kn
Moment wind	15.04 Kn-m		
Phi	0.8	K8	0.51
K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
K1wind	1		

Material

Peeling	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
fb =	49.725 MPa	$f_S =$	2.84 MPa
fc =	28.125 MPa	fp =	8.66 MPa
ft =	29.64 MPa	E =	12874 MPa

Capacities

PhiNex Wind	507.03 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	26.61 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	75.45 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	304.22 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	15.97 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	45.27 Kn

Checks

(Mx/PhiMnx)+(N/phiNcx) = 0.61 < 1 OK

 $(Mx/PhiMnx)^2 + (N/phiNcx) = 0.37 < 1 \text{ OK}$

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 34.74 mm < 56.00 mm

Drained Lateral Strength of Middle pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma	18 Kn/m3	Friction angle	30 deg	Cohesion	0 Kn/m3

K0 = $(1-\sin(30))/(1+\sin(30))$ $(1+\sin(30))/(1-\sin(30))$ Kp =

Geometry For Middle Bay Pole

Ds =	0.6 mm	Pile Diameter
$D_S =$	0.6 mm	Pile Diameter

3600 mm L =Pile embedment length

f1 =4425 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied Distance of top soil at rest pressure

f2 = $0 \, \mathrm{mm}$

Loads

Moment Wind = 15.04 Kn-m Shear Wind = 3.40 Kn

Pile Properties

0.55 Safety Factory

51.80 Kn Hu= Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu =145.78 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.10 < 1 OK

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m³

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of

internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(3600) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(3600)

Skin Friction = 104.67 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 112.92 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 11.75 Kn

Uplift is ok