Pole Shed App Ver 01 2022

 Job No.:
 EHB 128 - 1
 Address:
 57 Blackmore Road, Garston, New Zealand
 Date:
 11/01/2024

 Latitude:
 -45.474083
 Longitude:
 168.68633
 Elevation:
 326 m

General Input

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N0	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	1	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	В
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	7.9 m
Wind Region	NZ2	Terrain Category	2.0	Design Wind Speed	41.27 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.02 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Mono Enclosed

For roof Cp,i = 0.6722

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 15.85 m Cpe = -0.6948 pe = -0.64 KPa pnet = -1.39 KPa

For roof CP,e from m To m Cpe = pe = KPa pnet = KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = 0.6722 side Wall Cp, i = -0.5984

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 5 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.64 KPa pnet = 1.30 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 5 m Cpe = pe = 0.64 KPa pnet = 1.30 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 1.39 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.39 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.3 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.92 KPa

Design Summary

Purlin Design

Purlin Spacing = 900 mm Purlin Span = 4850 mm Try Purlin 150x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward = 0.87 S1 Downward = 9.63 S1 Upward = 15.73

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

M _{1.35D}	0.89 Kn-m	Capacity	1.26 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	141.57 %
M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	2.13 Kn-m	Capacity	1.68 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	78.87 %
Mo.9D-WnUp	-3.08 Kn-m	Capacity	-1.83 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	59.42 %

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V _{1.35D}	0.74 Kn	Capacity	7.24 Kn	Passing Percentage	978.38 %		
V1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn	1.51 Kn	Capacity	9.65 Kn	Passing Percentage	639.07 %		
V _{0.9D-WnUp}	-2.54 Kn	Capacity	-12.06 Kn	Passing Percentage	474.80 %		

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3 considering at least 4 members acting together

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 39.62 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 20.00 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 45.89 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 48.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 1.51 kn Maximum upward = -2.54 kn

Number of Blocking = 1 if 0 then no blocking required, if 1 then one midspan blocking required

Intermediate Design Sides

Intermediate Spacing = 2492.11356466877 mm Intermediate Span = 7261 mm Try Intermediate 2x250x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.97

K8 Upward =1.00 S1 Downward =12.68 S1 Upward =1.14

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mwind+Snow 2.46 Kn-m Capacity 11.66 Kn-m Passing Percentage 473.98 % V_{0.9D-WnUp} 1.36 Kn-m Capacity 40.2 Kn-m Passing Percentage 2955.88 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 38.49 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 72.61 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.36 kn

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm Girt's Span = 2500 mm Try Girt 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.73 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =18.79

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

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$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.21 Kn-m	Capacity	2.72 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	1295.24 %
V _{0.9D-WnUp}	0.34 Kn-m	Capacity	16.08 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	4729.41 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 0.61 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 25.00 mm

Sag during installation = 2.37 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 0.34 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm

Girt's Span = 2492 mm

Try Girt 200x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.73 S1 Downward =11.27 S1 Upward =18.76

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.21 Kn-m	Capacity	2.73 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	1300.00 %
V _{0.9D-WnUp}	0.34 Kn-m	Capacity	16.08 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	4729.41 %

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 0.61 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 24.92 mm

Sag during installation = 2.34 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 0.34 kn

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m3

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(2701) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(2701)

Skin Friction = 58.92 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 65.11 Kn

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Uplift on one Pile = 46.02 Kn

Uplift is ok