



**Job No.:** ITM Takaka - PB Shed**Address:** 7 Buxton Lane, Takaka, New Zealand**Date:** 31/10/2024**Latitude:** -40.858604**Longitude:** 172.807761**Elevation:** 9 m**General Input**

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N2	Ground Snow Load	0 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0 KPa
Earthquake Zone	2	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	C
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	5 m
Wind Region	NZ2	Terrain Category	2.26	Design Wind Speed	37.38 m/s
Wind Pressure	0.84 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

**Pressure Coefficients and Pressures**

Shed Type = Mono Enclosed

For roof  $C_{p,i} = -0.3$

For roof  $C_{p,e}$  from 0 m To 4.65 m  $C_{p,e} = -0.9$   $p_e = -0.68$  KPa  $p_{net} = -0.68$  KPa

For roof  $C_{p,e}$  from 4.65 m To 9.30 m  $C_{p,e} = -0.5$   $p_e = -0.38$  KPa  $p_{net} = -0.38$  KPa

For wall Windward  $C_{p,i} = -0.3$  side Wall  $C_{p,i} = -0.3$

For wall Windward and Leeward  $C_{p,e}$  from 0 m To 14 m  $C_{p,e} = 0.7$   $p_e = 0.53$  KPa  $p_{net} = 0.78$  KPa

For side wall  $C_{p,e}$  from 0 m To 4.65 m  $C_{p,e} =$   $p_e = -0.49$  KPa  $p_{net} = -0.49$  KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.68 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.40 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.78 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 0.91 KPa

**Design Summary****Girt Design Front and Back**

Girt's Spacing = 0 mm

Girt's Span = 4250 mm

Try Girt SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Wet (Moisture in timber is less than 18% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = NaN

K8 Upward = NaN S1 Downward = NaN S1 Upward = NaN

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

**Capacity Checks**

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.00 Kn-m	Capacity	NaN Kn-m	Passing Percentage	NaN %
$V_{0.9D-WnUp}$	0.00 Kn	Capacity	0.00 Kn	Passing Percentage	NaN %

**Deflections**

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Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = NaN mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 42.50 mm

Sag during installation = NaN mm

#### Reactions

Maximum = 0.00 kn

#### Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 0 mm

Girt's Span = 7000 mm

Try Girt SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Wet (Moisture in timber is less than 18% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1    K4 =1    K5 =1    K8 Downward =NaN

K8 Upward =NaN    S1 Downward =NaN    S1 Upward =NaN

Shear Capacity of timber =3 MPa    Bending Capacity of timber =14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

#### Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.00 Kn-m	Capacity	NaN Kn-m	Passing Percentage	NaN %
$V_{0.9D-WnUp}$	0.00 Kn	Capacity	0.00 Kn	Passing Percentage	NaN %

#### Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = NaN mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 70.00 mm

Sag during installation =NaN mm

#### Reactions

Maximum = 0.00 kn

#### End Pole Design

##### Geometry For End Bay Pole

##### Geometry

225 SED H5 (Minimum 250 dia. at Floor Level)	Dry Use	Height	4850 mm
Area	44279 mm <sup>2</sup>	As	33209.1796875 mm <sup>2</sup>
I <sub>x</sub>	156100441 mm <sup>4</sup>	Z <sub>x</sub>	1314530 mm <sup>3</sup>
I <sub>y</sub>	156100441 mm <sup>4</sup>	Z <sub>y</sub>	1314530 mm <sup>3</sup>
Lateral Restraint	mm c/c		

#### Loads

Total Area over Pole = 59.5 m<sup>2</sup>

Dead	14.88 Kn	Live	14.88 Kn
Wind Down	23.80 Kn	Snow	0.00 Kn
Moment Wind	18.08 Kn-m		
Phi	0.8	K8	0.65

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K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
K1 wind	1		

**Material**

Peeling	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
$f_b =$	36.3 MPa	$f_s =$	2.96 MPa
$f_c =$	18 MPa	$f_p =$	7.2 MPa
$f_t =$	22 MPa	$E =$	9257 MPa

**Capacities**

PhiNcx Wind	414.27 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	24.80 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	78.64 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	248.56 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	14.88 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	47.18 Kn

**Checks**

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx}) + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.86 < 1$  OK

$(M_x/\Phi M_{nx})^2 + (N/\Phi N_{cx}) = 0.66 < 1$  OK

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 43.85 mm < 49.88 mm

$D_s =$	0.6 mm	Pile Diameter
$L =$	1750 mm	Pile embedment length
$f_1 =$	3750 mm	Distance at which the shear force is applied
$f_2 =$	0 mm	Distance of top soil at rest pressure

**Loads**

Total Area over Pole = 59.5 m<sup>2</sup>

Moment Wind =	18.08 Kn-m
Shear Wind =	4.82 Kn

**Pile Properties**

Safety Factory	0.55	
$H_u =$	8.68 Kn	Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile
$M_u =$	19.26 Kn-m	Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

**Checks**

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.94 < 1 OK

**Drained Lateral Strength of End pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile**

**Assumed Soil Properties**

Gamma	18 Kn/m <sup>3</sup>	Friction angle	30 deg	Cohesion	0 Kn/m <sup>3</sup>
$K_0 =$	$(1 - \sin(30)) / (1 + \sin(30))$				
$K_p =$	$(1 + \sin(30)) / (1 - \sin(30))$				

**Geometry For End Bay Pole**

$D_s =$	0.6 mm	Pile Diameter
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L =	1750 mm	Pile embedment length
f1 =	3750 mm	Distance at which the shear force is applied
f2 =	0 mm	Distance of top soil at rest pressure

**Loads**

Moment Wind =	18.08 Kn-m
Shear Wind =	4.82 Kn

**Pile Properties**

Safety Factory	0.55	
Hu =	8.68 Kn	Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile
Mu =	19.26 Kn-m	Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

**Checks**

Applied Forces/Capacities =  $0.94 < 1$  OK

**Uplift Check**

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m<sup>3</sup>

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m<sup>3</sup>

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safety factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(2150) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(2150)

Skin Friction = 37.33 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 41.65 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 27.07 Kn

Uplift is ok