Job No.:
 EHB 268 - 1
 Address:
 28 Hereford Street, Wright Bush, New Zealand
 Date:
 31/10/2024

 Latitude:
 -46.299316
 Longitude:
 168.198098
 Elevation:
 19.5 m

#### **General Input**

Roof Live Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Dead Load	0.25 KPa	Roof Live Point Load	1.1 Kn
Snow Zone	N5	Ground Snow Load	0.9 KPa	Roof Snow Load	0.63 KPa
Earthquake Zone	2	Subsoil Category	D	Exposure Zone	C
Importance Level	1	Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI	100 Years	Max Height	5.9 m
Wind Region	NZ4	Terrain Category	2.0	Design Wind Speed	44.78 m/s
Wind Pressure	1.2 KPa	Lee Zone	NO	Ultimate Snow ARI	50 Years
Wind Category	Very High	Earthquake ARI	100		

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

## **Pressure Coefficients and Pressues**

Shed Type = Gable Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 5.3 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -0.88 KPa pnet = -0.88 KPa

For roof CP,e from 5.3 m To 10.6 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.49 KPa pnet = -0.49 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = -0.3 side Wall Cp, i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 8 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.76 KPa pnet = 1.12 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 5.3 m Cpe = pe = -0.70 KPa pnet = -0.70 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.88 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.43 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 1.12 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 1.12 KPa

#### **Design Summary**

#### **Girt Design Front and Back**

Girt's Spacing = 250 mm Girt's Span = 2350 mm Try Girt 250x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.97

K8 Upward =0.92 S1 Downward =12.68 S1 Upward =14.49

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

#### Capacity Checks

$M_{Wind+Snow}$	0.19 Kn-m	Capacity	5.36 Kn-m	Passing Percentage	2821.05 %
V <sub>0.9D-WnUp</sub>	0.33 Kn	Capacity	20.10 Kn	Passing Percentage	6090.91 %

#### **Deflections**

Second page

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 0.40 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 23.50 mm

Sag during installation = 1.85 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 0.33 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm

Girt's Span = 2000 mm

Try Girt 250x50 SG8 Dry

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.97

K8 Upward =0.72 S1 Downward =12.68 S1 Upward =18.90

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

Mw $_{\text{ind+Snow}}$  0.50 Kn-m Capacity 4.22 Kn-m Passing Percentage 844.00 % V $_{\text{0.9D-WnUp}}$  1.01 Kn Capacity 20.10 Kn Passing Percentage 1990.10 %

**Deflections** 

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 0.75 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 20.00 mm

Sag during installation =0.97 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.01 kn

**End Pole Design** 

Geometry For End Bay Pole

Geometry

225 SED H5 (Minimum 250 dia. at Floor Level) Dry Use 5600 mm Height 44279 mm2 33209.1796875 mm2 Area As 156100441 mm4 1314530 mm3 Ix Zx156100441 mm4 Zx 1314530 mm3 Iy

Lateral Restraint mm c/c

Loads

Total Area over Pole =  $9.4 \text{ m}^2$ 

2.35 Kn 2.35 Kn Dead Live 4.04 Kn Wind Down Snow 5.92 Kn Moment Wind 11.42 Kn-m 2.07 Kn-m Moment snow Phi 0.51 0.8 K8

K1 snow	0.8	K1 Dead	0.6
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K1 wind 1

Material

Peeling	Steaming	Normal	Dry Use
fb =	36.3 MPa	$f_S =$	2.96 MPa
fc =	18 MPa	fp =	7.2 MPa
ft =	22 MPa	E =	9257 MPa

Capacities

PhiNex Wind	324.65 Kn	PhiMnx Wind	19.44 Kn-m	PhiVnx Wind	78.64 Kn
PhiNcx Dead	194.79 Kn	PhiMnx Dead	11.66 Kn-m	PhiVnx Dead	47.18 Kn
PhiNex Snow	259.72 Kn	PhiMnx Snow	15.55 Kn-m	PhiVnx Snow	62.91 Kn

#### Checks

(Mx/PhiMnx)+(N/phiNcx) = 0.63 < 1 OK

 $(Mx/PhiMnx)^2+(N/phiNcx) = 0.38 < 1 OK$ 

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 38.57 mm < 58.85 mm

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L= 1500 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 4425 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied

f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

#### Loads

Total Area over Pole =  $9.4 \text{ m}^2$ 

Moment Wind =	11.42 Kn-m	Moment Snow =	2.07 Kn-m
Shear Wind =	2.58 Kn	Shear Snow =	2.07 Kn

#### **Pile Properties**

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 5.08 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 12.96 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

# Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.88 < 1 OK

# Drained Lateral Strength of End pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

## Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma 18 Kn/m3 Friction angle 30 deg Cohesion 0 Kn/m3

 $K0 = \frac{(1-\sin(30)) / (1+\sin(30))}{Kp = \frac{(1+\sin(30)) / (1-\sin(30))}{(1-\sin(30))}}$ 

## Geometry For End Bay Pole

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L = 1500 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 4425 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied

f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

#### Loads

Moment Wind = 11.42 Kn-m Moment Snow = 2.07 Kn-m Shear Wind = 2.58 Kn Shear Snow = 2.07 Kn

# Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 5.08 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 12.96 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

#### Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.88 < 1 OK

## **Uplift Check**

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m<sup>3</sup>

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(1800) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(1800)

Skin Friction = 26.17 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 29.78 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 12.31 Kn

Uplift is ok