| Pole Shed App ver 01 2022 | |
|---|---|
| Job Number: | BWhite |
| Issue: | Consulting Ltd |
| PRODUCER STATEMENT-PS1-DESIGN | |
| ISSUED BY: BWhite Consulting Ltd (Design Engineer: Bevan White) | |
| TO BE SUPPLIED TO: Waikato District Council IN RESPECT OF: Proposed NEW Farm SI | hed |
| AT: 326 Churchill East Rd, Rangiriri, New Zealand | |
| LEGAL DESCRIPTION | |
| We have been engaged by Ezequote Pty Ltd to provide Specific Structural Engineering Design the requirements of Clause(s) B1 of the Building Code for part only (as specified in the attachment the proposed building work. | |
| ☐ ALL ☐ Part only as specified: Purlins, Rafters, Girts, Poles, Columns, Pole embedment an | nd all connections |
| The design has been prepared in accordance with compliance documents to NZ Building Code issumess, Innovation & Employment Clauses B1/VM1 and B1/VM4 | ued by Ministry of |
| The proposed building work covered by the producer statement is described on Ezequote drawing and numbered A101-A116 REV-1 dated 06/05/2024 together with the following specification, and in the schedule attached to this statement: Design Featured Report Dated 08/05/2024 and numbered New Properties | other documents set out |
| On behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd, and subject to: | |
| Site verification of the following design assumptions: an Ultimate foundation bearing pres accordance with NZS3604:2011 The building has a design life of 50 years and am Importance Level 1 Unless specifically noted, compliance of the drawings to None-Specific codes such as N have not been checked by this practice This Certificate does not cover any other building code clause including weather tights Inspections of the building to be completed by Waikato District Council. As BWhite C undertaking inspections, we cannot issue a producer Statement-PS4- Construction Res This Producer Statement- Design is valid for a building consent issued within 1 year fr All proprietary products meeting their performance specification requirements | NZS3604 and NZS4229 ness Consulting Ltd are not view. |
| I believe on reasonable grounds that a) the building, if constructed in accordance with the drawing other documents provided or listed in the attached schedule, will comply with the relevant provision and that b), the presons who have undertaken the design have the necessary competency to do so follow level of construction monitoring/observation: | ons of the Building Code |
| ☑ CM1 ☐ CM2 ☐ CM3 ☐ CM4 ☐ CM5 or as per agreement with owner/developer (stated | above) |
| I, Bevan White am CPEng 108276 I am Member of Engineering New Zealand and hold the follow BE.Civil and holds a current policy of Professional Indemnity Insurance no less than \$200,000 | wing qualification: |
| Signed by Bevan White on behalf of BWhite Consulting Ltd Dated: 08/05/2024 | |
| Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Phone: 0211-979786 | |

Note: This statement shall only be relied upon by the Building Consent Authority named above. Liability under this statement accrues to the Design Firm only. The total maximum amount of damages payable arising from this statement and all other statements provided to the Building Consent Authority in relation to this building work, whether in contract, tort or otherwise(including negligence), is limited to the sum of \$200,000.

This form is to accompany Form 2 of the Building (Forms) Regulations 2004 for the application of a Building Consent

Date: 08/05/2024 BWhite
Consulting Ltd

18B Jules Crescent,

Bell Block New Plymouth 4312

New Zealand File No:

DESIGN FEATURES SUMMARY FOR PROPOSED NEW FARM SHED 326 CHURCHILL EAST RD, RANGIRIRI, NEW ZEALAND

Site Specific Loads

| Roof Live Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Dead Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Live Point Load | 1.1 Kn |
|------------------|----------|------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| Snow Zone | N0 | Ground Snow Load | 0 KPa | Roof Snow Load | 0 KPa |
| Earthquake Zone | 1 | Subsoil Category | D | Exposure Zone | В |
| Importance Level | 1 | Ultimate wind & EQ ARI | 100 Years | Max Height | 3.6 m |
| Wind Region | NZ1 | Terrain Category | 1.21 | Design Wind Speed | 41.13 m/s |
| Wind Pressure | 1.02 KPa | Lee Zone | NO | Ultimate Snow ARI | 50 Years |

Timber

Sawn Timber to be graded to the properties of SG6 and SG8 or better as mentioned on plans, with moisture content of 18% or less for dry and 25% or less for wet.

The following standards have been used in the design of this structure

- NZS 3603:1993 Timber Structures Standard
- NZS 3604:2011 Timber Framed Buildings. Standards New Zealand, 2011
- NZS 3404:1997 Steel Structures
- AS/NZS 1170 2003 Structural Design Actions
- AS/NZS 1170.2 2021 Structural Design Actions-Wind Action
- Branz. "Engineering Basis of NZS 3604". April 2013

Yours Faithfully

BWhite CONSULTING LTD

Bevan White

Director | BE Civil . CMengNZ CPEng

Email: bwhitecpeng@gmail.com Contact: 0211 979 786

Job No.: NEW IMAGE Address: 326 Churchill East Rd, Rangiriri, New Zealand Date: 08/05/2024

Latitude: -37.427417 Longitude: 175.09704 Elevation: 12 m

General Input

| Roof Live Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Dead Load | 0.25 KPa | Roof Live Point Load | 1.1 Kn |
|------------------|----------|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|-----------|
| Snow Zone | N0 | Ground Snow Load | 0 KPa | Roof Snow Load | 0 KPa |
| Earthquake Zone | 1 | Subsoil Category | D | Exposure Zone | В |
| Importance Level | 1 | Ultimate wind & Earthquake ARI | 100 Years | Max Height | 3.6 m |
| Wind Region | NZ1 | Terrain Category | 1.21 | Design Wind Speed | 41.13 m/s |
| Wind Pressure | 1.02 KPa | Lee Zone | NO | Ultimate Snow ARI | 50 Years |
| Wind Category | High | Earthquake ARI | 100 | | |

Note: Wind lateral loads are governing over Earthquake loads, So only wind loads are considered in calculations

Pressure Coefficients and Pressues

Shed Type = Mono Enclosed

For roof Cp, i = -0.3

For roof CP,e from 0 m To 3.3 m Cpe = -0.9 pe = -0.82 KPa pnet = -0.82 KPa

For roof CP,e from 3.30 m To 6.60 m Cpe = -0.5 pe = -0.46 KPa pnet = -0.46 KPa

For wall Windward Cp, i = -0.3 side Wall Cp, i = -0.3

For wall Windward and Leeward CP,e from 0 m To 6.95 m Cpe = 0.7 pe = 0.64 KPa pnet = 0.94 KPa

For side wall CP,e from 0 m To 3.30 m Cpe = pe = -0.59 KPa pnet = -0.59 KPa

Maximum Upward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.82 KPa

Maximum Downward pressure used in roof member Design = 0.48 KPa

Maximum Wall pressure used in Design = 0.94 KPa

Maximum Racking pressure used in Design = 1.1 KPa

Design Summary

Purlin Design

Purlin Spacing = 750 mm Purlin Span = 3450 mm Try Purlin 140x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.93 S1 Downward =10.36 S1 Upward =14.24

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| M1.35D | 0.38 Kn-m | Capacity | 0.99 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 260.53 % |
|------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|--------------------|----------|
| M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn | 1.28 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.32 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 103.13 % |
| Mo.9D-WnUp | -0.66 Kn-m | Capacity | -1.53 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 231.82 % |

| V _{1.35D} | 0.44 Kn | Capacity | 6.08 Kn | Passing Percentage | 1381.82 % |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|
| $V_{1.2D+1.5L\ 1.2D+Sn\ 1.2D+WnDn}$ | 1.01 Kn | Capacity | 8.10 Kn | Passing Percentage | 801.98 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | -0.77 Kn | Capacity | -10.13 Kn | Passing Percentage | 1315.58 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3 considering at least 4 members acting together

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 11.36 mm
Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 14.01 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 14.17 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 34.00 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 1.01 kn Maximum upward = -0.77 kn

Number of Blocking = 1 if 0 then no blocking required, if 1 then one midspan blocking required

Rafter Design Internal

Internal Rafter Load Width = 3600 mm

Internal Rafter Span = 3300 mm

Try Rafter 2x190x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

 $K1 \; Short \; term = 1 \qquad K1 \; Medium \; term = 0.8 \qquad K1 \; Long \; term = 0.6 \qquad K4 = 1 \qquad K5 = 1 \qquad K8 \; Downward = 1.00 \\$

K8 Upward = 1.00 S1 Downward = 5.82 S1 Upward = 5.82

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| M _{1.35D} | 1.65 Kn-m | Capacity | 3.64 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 220.61 % |
|--|------------|----------|------------|--------------------|----------|
| M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn | 3.82 Kn-m | Capacity | 4.86 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 127.23 % |
| $M_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$ | -2.92 Kn-m | Capacity | -6.06 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 207.53 % |
| V _{1.35D} | 2.00 Kn | Capacity | 16.5 Kn | Passing Percentage | 825.00 % |
| V _{1.2D+1.5L} 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn | 4.63 Kn | Capacity | 22 Kn | Passing Percentage | 475.16 % |
| $ m V_{0.9D	ext{-}WnUp}$ | -3.53 Kn | Capacity | -27.5 Kn | Passing Percentage | 779.04 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 6.455 mm Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 8.845 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240 = 14.38 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 34.50 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 4.63 kn Maximum upward = -3.53 kn

Rafter to Pole Connection check

Bolt Size = M12 Number of Bolts = 2

Calculations as per NZS 3603:1993 Amend 2005 clause 4.4

Joint Group for Rafters = J5 Joint Group for Pole = J5

Minimum Bolt edge, end and spacing for Load perpendicular to grains = 60 mm

Factor of Safety = 0.7

For Perpendicular to grain loading

K11 = 14.9 fpj = 12.9 Mpa for Rafter with effective thickness = 90 mm

For Parallel to grain loading

K11 = 2.0 fcj = 36.1 Mpa for Pole with effective thickness = 100 mm

Capacity under short term loads = 19.50 Kn > -3.53 Kn

Rafter Design External

External Rafter Load Width = 1800 mm

External Rafter Span = 3263 mm

Try Rafter 190x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K1 Medium term = 0.8 K1 Long term = 0.6 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 0.98

K8 Upward =0.98 S1 Downward =12.23 S1 Upward =12.23

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| M _{1.35D} | 0.81 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.79 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 220.99 % |
|-------------------------------------|------------|----------|------------|--------------------|----------|
| M1.2D+1.5L 1.2D+Sn 1.2D+WnDn | 1.87 Kn-m | Capacity | 2.38 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 127.27 % |
| $M_{0.9D\text{-W}nUp}$ | -1.43 Kn-m | Capacity | -2.98 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 208.39 % |
| V _{1.35D} | 0.99 Kn | Capacity | 8.25 Kn | Passing Percentage | 833.33 % |
| $V_{1.2D+1.5L\ 1.2D+Sn\ 1.2D+WnDn}$ | 2.29 Kn | Capacity | 11.00 Kn | Passing Percentage | 480.35 % |
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | -1.75 Kn | Capacity | -13.75 Kn | Passing Percentage | 785.71 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 5400 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

k2 for Long Term Loads = 2

Deflection under Dead and Live Load = 7.17 mm

Deflection under Dead and Service Wind = 8.85 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/240= 14.38 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 34.50 mm

Reactions

Maximum downward = 2.29 kn Maximum upward = -1.75 kn

Rafter to Pole Connection check

Bolt Size = M12 Number of Bolts = 2

Calculations as per NZS 3603:1993 Amend 2005 clause 4.4

Joint Group for Rafters =J5 Joint Group for Pole = J5

Factor of Safety = 0.7

For Perpendicular to grain loading

K11 = 14.9 fpj = 12.9 Mpa for Rafter with effective thickness = 45 mm

For Parallel to grain loading

K11 = 2.0 fcj = 36.1 Mpa for Pole with effective thickness = 100 mm

Eccentric Load check

V = phi x k1 x k4 x k5 x fs x b x ds (Eq 4.12) = -12.28 kn > -1.75 Kn

Single Shear Capacity under short term loads = -9.75 Kn > -1.75 Kn

Girt Design Front and Back

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm Girt's Span = 3600 mm Try Girt 140x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.91 S1 Downward =10.36 S1 Upward =14.65

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| $M_{Wind+Snow}$ | 1.37 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.50 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 109.49 % |
|------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| V _{0.9D-WnUp} | 1.52 Kn | Capacity | 10.13 Kn | Passing Percentage | 666.45 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS 3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 26.84 mm Limit by Woolcock et al, 1999 Span/100 = 36.00 mm

Sag during installation = 12.57 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.52 kn

Girt Design Sides

Girt's Spacing = 900 mm Girt's Span = 3450 mm Try Girt 140x45 SG8

Moisture Condition = Dry (Moisture in timber is less than 16% and timber does not remain in continuous wet condition after installation)

K1 Short term = 1 K4 = 1 K5 = 1 K8 Downward = 1.00

K8 Upward =0.92 S1 Downward =10.36 S1 Upward =14.35

Shear Capacity of timber = 3 MPa Bending Capacity of timber = 14 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, table 2.3

Capacity Checks

| $M_{Wind+Snow}$ | 1.26 Kn-m | Capacity | 1.52 Kn-m | Passing Percentage | 120.63 % |
|--------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|--------------------|----------|
| $ m V_{0.9D	ext{-}WnUp}$ | 1.46 Kn | Capacity | 10.13 Kn | Passing Percentage | 693.84 % |

Deflections

Modulus of Elasticity = 6700 MPa NZS3603 Amt 4, Table 2.3

Deflection under Snow and Service Wind = 22.64 mm

Limit by Woolcock et al. 1999 Span/100 = 34.50 mm

Sag during installation =10.60 mm

Reactions

Maximum = 1.46 kn

Middle Pole Design

Geometry

| 150 SED H5 (Minimum 175 dia. at Floor Level) | Dry Use | Height | 3410 mm |
|--|--------------|--------|-------------------|
| Area | 20729 mm2 | As | 15546.6796875 mm2 |
| Ix | 34210793 mm4 | Zx | 421056 mm3 |
| Iy | 34210793 mm4 | Zx | 421056 mm3 |
| Lateral Restraint | 3410 mm c/c | | |

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 12.42 m2

| Dead | 3.10 Kn | Live | 3.10 Kn |
|-------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| Wind Down | 5.96 Kn | Snow | 0.00 Kn |
| Moment wind | 6.40 Kn-m | | |
| Phi | 0.8 | K8 | 0.62 |
| K1 snow | 0.8 | K1 Dead | 0.6 |
| K1wind | 1 | | |

Material

| Peeling | Steaming | Normal | Dry Use |
|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| fb = | 36.3 MPa | $f_S =$ | 2.96 MPa |
| fc = | 18 MPa | fp = | 7.2 MPa |
| ft = | 22 MPa | E = | 9257 MPa |

Capacities

| PhiNcx Wind | 185.76 Kn | PhiMnx Wind | 7.61 Kn-m | PhiVnx Wind | 36.81 Kn |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------|----------|
| PhiNcx Dead | 111.46 Kn | PhiMnx Dead | 4.57 Kn-m | PhiVnx Dead | 22.09 Kn |

Checks

(Mx/PhiMnx)+(N/phiNcx) = 0.91 < 1 OK

 $(Mx/PhiMnx)^2+(N/phiNcx) = 0.77 < 1 OK$

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 34.85 mm < 34.10 mm

Drained Lateral Strength of Middle pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

| Gamma | 18 Kn/m3 | Friction angle | 30 deg | Cohesion | 0 Kn/m3 |
|-------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------|----------|---------|
| K0 = | $(1-\sin(30))/(1+\sin(30))$ | | | | |
| Kp = | $(1+\sin(30))/(1-\sin(30))$ | | | | |

Geometry For Middle Bay Pole

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L= 1300 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 2700 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied

f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Moment Wind = 6.40 Kn-m Shear Wind = 2.37 Kn

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 4.89 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 7.84 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.82 < 1 OK

End Pole Design

Geometry For End Bay Pole

Geometry

| 150 SED H5 (Minimum 175 dia. at Floor Level) | Dry Use | Height | 3400 mm |
|--|--------------|--------|-------------------|
| Area | 20729 mm2 | As | 15546.6796875 mm2 |
| Ix | 34210793 mm4 | Zx | 421056 mm3 |
| Iy | 34210793 mm4 | Zx | 421056 mm3 |
| Lateral Restraint | mm c/c | | |

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 6.21 m^2

| Dead | 1.55 Kn | Live | 1.55 Kn |
|-----------|---------|------|---------|
| Wind Down | 2.98 Kn | Snow | 0.00 Kn |

Moment Wind 3.20 Kn-m

 Phi
 0.8
 K8
 0.63

 K1 snow
 0.8
 K1 Dead
 0.6

K1wind 1

Material

| Peeling | Steaming | Normal | Dry Use |
|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| fb = | 36.3 MPa | $f_S =$ | 2.96 MPa |
| fc = | 18 MPa | fp = | 7.2 MPa |
| ft = | 22 MPa | E = | 9257 MPa |

Capacities

PhiNcx Wind 186.72 Kn PhiMnx Wind 7.65 Kn-m PhiVnx Wind 36.81 Kn

8/10

PhiNcx Dead 112.03 Kn PhiMnx Dead 4.59 Kn-m PhiVnx Dead 22.09 Kn

Checks

(Mx/PhiMnx)+(N/phiNcx) = 0.45 < 1 OK

 $(Mx/PhiMnx)^2 + (N/phiNcx) = 0.21 < 1 OK$

Deflection at top under service lateral loads = 18.35 mm < 35.91 mm

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L= 1300 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 2700 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied

f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Total Area over Pole = 6.21 m^2

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 4.89 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

Mu = 7.84 Kn-m Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.41 < 1 OK

Drained Lateral Strength of End pile in cohesionless soils Free Head short pile

Assumed Soil Properties

Gamma 18 Kn/m3 Friction angle 30 deg Cohesion 0 Kn/m3

 $K0 = \frac{(1-\sin(30)) / (1+\sin(30))}{Kp} = \frac{(1+\sin(30)) / (1-\sin(30))}{(1-\sin(30))}$

Geometry For End Bay Pole

Ds = 0.6 mm Pile Diameter

L= 1300 mm Pile embedment length

f1 = 2700 mm Distance at which the shear force is applied f2 = 0 mm Distance of top soil at rest pressure

Loads

Moment Wind = 3.20 Kn-m Shear Wind = 1.19 Kn

Pile Properties

Safety Factory 0.55

Hu = 4.89 Kn Ultimate Lateral Strength of the Pile, Short pile

9/10

Mu = 7.84 Kn-m

Ultimate Moment Capacity of Pile

Checks

Applied Forces/Capacities = 0.41 < 1 OK

Uplift Check

Density of Concrete = 24 Kn/m3

Density of Timber Pole = 5 Kn/m3

Due to cast in place pile, the surface interaction between soil and pile will be rough thus angle of friction between both is taken equal to soil angle of internal friction

Ks (Lateral Earth Pressure Coefficient) for cast into place concrete piles = 1.5

Formula to calculate Skin Friction = Safecty factor (0.55) x Density of Soil(18) x Height of Pile(1300) x Ks(1.5) x 0.5 x tan(30) x Pi x Dia of Pile(0.6) x Height of Pile(1300)

Skin Friction = 13.65 Kn

Weight of Pile + Pile Skin Friction = 17.91 Kn

Uplift on one Pile = 7.39 Kn

Uplift is ok