

Notation :

•  $G = \text{reductive group} / \overline{\mathbb{F}}_p$       $G = G_0 \otimes_{\mathbb{F}_q} \widehat{\mathbb{F}}_p$

•  $T \subset B$      Borel + max torus

$T$  is  $F$ -stable

•  $X_{T \subset B} := X(w)$       $w = \text{inv}(B, FB)$

$B \xrightarrow{w} FB$

•  $\tilde{X}_{T \subset B} \xrightarrow{\substack{F^F \times T^F \\ \downarrow}} X_{T \subset B} \xrightarrow{\substack{G^F \\ \downarrow}} X_{T \subset B}$       $T^F$ -torsor

$U$  unipotent radical of  $B$

$X_{T \subset B} = \{g \in G \mid g^{-1} Fg \in FU\} / T^F(U \cap FU)$

$\tilde{X}_{T \subset B} = \{ \dots \} / U \cap FU$

$gBg^{-1} \longleftrightarrow g$

$\theta: T^F \rightarrow \overline{\mathbb{Q}}_e^\times$

•  $R_{T \subset B}^0 = \sum (-1)^i H_c^i(\tilde{X}_{T \subset B}, \mathbb{Q}_e)_\theta$

virtual representation

Goal : calculate character of  $R_{T \subset B}^0$

§1 Fixed point formula :

$X/\mathbb{F}_q$  variety

Idea: If  $\sigma: X \rightarrow X$  is finite order automorphism

$$\sigma = s u \quad s = \text{prime-to-}p \text{ order}$$

$$u = \text{power of } p \text{ order}$$

$$\text{then } \text{tr}(\sigma^*, H_c^*(X)) = \text{tr}(u^*, H_c^*(X^s))$$

$$\tilde{X} \xrightarrow{\pi} X \quad T^F\text{-torsor} \quad G^F\text{-equivariant.}$$

$$g \in G^F \quad g = s u$$

$$X^s = \bigsqcup X_i^s \quad \text{where } s.x = t(s, i).x \quad t(s, i) \in T^F \\ \forall x \in \pi^{-1}(X_i^s)$$

Take  $y \in X^s \quad \pi^{-1}(y)$  principal homogeneous space  
under  $T^F \ni x$   
 $\exists ! t \in T^F$  s.t.  $s.x = t.x$

Prop: we have

$$\text{tr}(g, H_c^*(\tilde{X}))_0 = \sum_{i \in I} \Theta(t(s, i)^{-1}) \text{tr}(u, H_c^*(X_i^s))$$

§2 The representation  $R_{TCS}^Q$

$$\text{Need to calculate } X_{TCS}^s = \bigsqcup_{i \in I} X_{TCS, i}^s$$

Throughout let  $z^\circ(s)$  connected centralizer of  $s$  in  $G$   
 $s$  semisimple

let  $\mathcal{F}l_G = G/B$  denote the flag variety

idea: construct a map  $\tau: \mathcal{F}l^s \rightarrow z^\circ(s) \backslash G$   
 and define  $\mathcal{F}l^s = \bigsqcup \tau^{-1}(z^\circ(s)g)$

$$G/U \xrightarrow{\pi} G/B = \mathcal{F}l$$

Prop: for any  $y \in \mathcal{F}l^s$  we can write  $y = gB$  such that

$$sg = gt \quad t \in T \quad (s \text{ semisimple})$$

(conjugate with elements in  $U$  to get element in  $T$ )

1) if  $\pi(x) = y$  then  $s \cdot x = t \cdot x$  (action of  $T$  as distinct from action of  $G$ )

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \quad sg_1 &= g_1 t_1, & sg_2 &= g_2 t_2 \\ g_1 &= g_2 & \Leftrightarrow & z^\circ(s)g_1 = z^\circ(s)g_2 \end{aligned}$$

3) The map  $\tau_{G/B}(y) := z^\circ(s)g$  is well defined,  
 $\mathcal{F}l^s \rightarrow z^\circ(s) \backslash G$

with fibres  $\mathcal{F}L^s(g)$

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} g \in G \\ gTg^{-1} \subset Z^s(s) \end{array} \right) \quad \begin{array}{l} \mathcal{F}L^s(g) \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{F}L^{Z^s(s)} \\ B' \mapsto B' \cap Z^s(s) \end{array}$$

and  $s$  acts on  $\pi^{-1}(\mathcal{F}L^s(g))$  as  $g^{-1}sg = t(s, i) \in T$ .

$g \leftrightarrow B'$   $g$  unique up to  $B' \cap Z^s(s)$

Prop: Take  $B' \in \mathcal{F}L^s$   $s \in G^F$  semisimple  
 if  $\text{inv}(B, FB) = \text{inv}(B', FB')$   
 then  $F \cap_{TCB} (B') = \cap_{TCB} (B')$  so  $\exists$  rational pt.  
 $\cap_{TCFB} (FB') \neq$

In particular, get map

$$\cap_{TCB}^s : X_{TCB}^s \longrightarrow Z^s(s)^F \setminus G^F$$

$$\text{fibres: } X_{TCB}^s(g) \xrightarrow{\sim} X_{gTg^{-1} \subset Bg^{-1} \cap Z^s(s)}$$


and  $s$  acts on  $\pi^{-1}(X_{TCB}^s(g))$  as  $g^{-1}sg \in_{TF}$

$$\text{Decomp} \quad X_{TCB}^s = \bigsqcup_{\substack{g \in Z^s(s)^F \\ gTg^{-1} \subset Z^s(s)}} X_{TCB}^s(g) \quad ??$$

Thm : Let  $x = su$  Jordan decomp. of  $x \in G^F$ . Then

$$\text{tr}(x, R_{TCS}^{\theta}) = \frac{1}{|Z^{\theta}(s)^F|} \sum_{\substack{g \in G^F \\ g T g^{-1} \subset Z^{\theta}(s)}} Q_{g T g^{-1}, Z^{\theta}(s)}(u) \cdot \theta(g^{-1} s g)$$

where  $Q_{g T g^{-1}, Z^{\theta}(s)}(u) = \text{tr}(u, R_{g T g^{-1} \subset g B g^{-1} \cap Z^{\theta}(s)}^{\theta})$


  
indep of B

Rem :

1)  $Q(u)$  is an integer independent of  $L$ .  
(Weil conjectures)

2)  $R_{TCS}^{\theta}$  is indep of B