# Preuve formelle de micro-noyau

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```
theory Listp
  imports "Import_C"
begin
```

## 1 list

### 1.1 list definition

Le list\_C est un type importé du C (struct list) qui représente une liste chainée, sa définition est:

La propritétée list x p s est vraie quand p est une liste valide contenant les nodes x dans l'état global s

Une liste bien définie est soit vide, et dans ce cas là p est NULL, soit une liste commençant par x et avec comme reste xs et dans ce cas là p = x, p est valide dans l'état de heap s (is\_valid\_list\_C s p) p n'est pas NULL, et xs est une liste valide qui commence par  $s[p] \rightarrow next$ 

```
definition a_list :: "node \Rightarrow lifted_globals \Rightarrow bool" where "a_list p s \equiv (\exists xs. list xs p s)"
```

La propriétée a\_list p s est valide si p est une liste valide dans l'état s

# 1.2 list properties

```
lemma list_is_empty_r : "list a NULL s \Longrightarrow [] = a"
```

Une liste valide qui commence par NULL ne peux que être vide

```
lemma \ list\_is\_cons\_r : "p \neq NULL \implies list x p s = (\exists ys. (x = p\#ys) \land (is\_valid\_list\_C)
s p)
                                                                                   \land (p \neq NULL) \land (list
ys s[p] \rightarrow next s)"
    Une liste valide qui n'est pas NULL, contient au moins un élément
lemma list_not_2_same : "list (x#y#z) p s \Longrightarrow x \neq y"
lemma \ list\_append\_Ex: \ "list \ (xs \ @ \ ys) \ p \ s \Longrightarrow (\exists \ q. \ list \ ys \ q \ s)"
lemma list_unique: "[ list xs p s ; list ys p s [ \Longrightarrow xs = ys"
\mathbf{lemma} \ \mathtt{list\_distinct} \ \colon \mathtt{"list} \ \mathtt{x} \ \mathtt{p} \ \mathtt{s} \Longrightarrow \mathtt{distinct} \ \mathtt{x"}
lemma \ list\_head\_not\_in\_cons : "list (x\#xs) \ x \ s \Longrightarrow x \notin set \ xs"
lemma the\_list\_unique : "list xs p s \Longrightarrow (THE ys. list ys p s) = xs"
\textbf{lemma list\_next\_in\_list : "[ list xs p s ; a \in set xs ; s[a] \rightarrow next \neq NULL}
\Longrightarrow (s[a]\rightarrownext) \in set xs"
lemma \ list\_has\_end\_not\_null : "list (xs @ [x]) \ p \ s \Longrightarrow p \neq \texttt{NULL"}
lemma \ list\_no\_next\_is\_last : "[ \ list \ (xs \ @ \ [x]) \ p \ s \ ; \ w \ \in \ set \ (xs \ @ \ [x])
; s[w] \rightarrow next = NULL \implies w = x"
lemma \ list\_last\_next\_is\_null : "list (xs @ [x]) \ p \ s \Longrightarrow s[x] \rightarrow next = NULL"
lemma \ list\_last\_next\_is\_null2 : "[ \ xs \neq [] \ ; \ list \ xs \ p \ s \ ]] \Longrightarrow s[last \ xs] \to next
lemma \ list\_content\_is\_valid : \ "\llbracket \ list \ xs \ p \ s \ ; \ w \in set \ xs \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow is\_valid\_list\_C
\mathtt{s}\ \mathtt{w}\ \land\ \mathtt{w}\ \neq\ \mathtt{NULL}
                                                                                              \land (\exists ys. list
ys s[w] \rightarrow next s)"
lemma \ first\_element\_in\_list : "[ \ list \ xs \ p \ s \ ; \ p \neq \texttt{NULL} \ ]] \implies p \in \texttt{set} \ xs"
lemma \ a\_list\_next\_is\_a\_list : "[\![\ p \neq \texttt{NULL}\ ;\ a\_list\ p\ s\ ]\!] \Longrightarrow a\_list\ s[p] \to \texttt{next}
1.2.1 state update
\texttt{lemma list\_st\_update\_ignore [simp]} \; : \; \texttt{"q} \; \notin \; \texttt{set xs} \; \Longrightarrow \; \texttt{list xs p} \; (\texttt{s[q} \rightarrow \texttt{next}))
:= \omega]) = list xs p s"
lemma list\_st\_add [simp] : "[ is\_valid\_list\_C s x ; x \neq NULL; x \notin set xs
                                                                             \implies list (x#xs) x s[x\rightarrownext
:= p] = list xs p s"
```

```
lemma list_st_upd_any_base_ptr [simp] : "ptr_coerce (1 :: list_C ptr ptr) \notin set xs \Longrightarrow list xs p s[1 := \omega] = list xs p s"
```

# 2 listp

## 2.1 listp definition

definition listp :: "node list  $\Rightarrow$  node ptr  $\Rightarrow$  lifted\_globals  $\Rightarrow$  bool" where "listp n pt s  $\equiv$  (ptr\_coerce pt  $\notin$  set n  $\wedge$  is\_valid\_list\_C'ptr s pt  $\wedge$  list n s[pt] s)"

La propriétée list<br/>p $\tt x$ p $\tt s$ indique que p<br/> est une liste valide contenant les nodes  $\tt x$  dans l'état global<br/>  $\tt s$ 

## 2.2 listp properties

```
lemma \ listp\_unique: \ "[ \ listp \ xs \ p \ s \ ; \ listp \ ys \ p \ s \ ]] \implies xs \ = \ ys"
```

# 3 list\_length

## 3.1 list\_length definition

```
primrec list_length :: "nat \Rightarrow list_C ptr \Rightarrow lifted_globals \Rightarrow bool" where list_length_empty : "list_length 0 p s = (p = NULL)" | list_length_suc : "list_length (Suc n) p s = (p \neq NULL \land is_valid_list_C s p \land list_length n s[p]\rightarrownext s)" definition list_length_p :: "nat \Rightarrow list_C ptr ptr \Rightarrow lifted_globals \Rightarrow bool" where "list_length_p n p s \equiv is_valid_list_C'ptr s p \land list_length n s[p] s"
```

#### 3.2 list\_length properties

```
lemma \ list\_length\_empty\_r \ : \ "list\_length \ n \ \mbox{NULL} \ s \implies n \ \mbox{=} \ 0"
```

lemma list\_length\_suc\_r : "p  $\neq$  NULL  $\Longrightarrow$  list\_length n p s = ( $\exists$ ns. is\_valid\_list\_C s p  $\land$  Suc ns = n  $\land$  list\_length ns s[p] $\rightarrow$ next s)"

lemma list\_length\_has\_list : "list\_length n p s  $\Longrightarrow$  ( $\exists$  xs. list xs p s  $\land$  length xs = n)"

 $\mbox{lemma list_length\_unique} : \mbox{"[ list_length n p s $\land$ list_length m p s ]]} \Longrightarrow n = m"$ 

 $lemma \ list_length_equiv\_the\_length\_list : "list_length n \ p \ s \Longrightarrow length \ (THE \ xs. \ list \ xs \ p \ s) = n"$ 

 $\label{lemmalist_length_equiv_length_list2} \mbox{length xs p s} \Longrightarrow \mbox{list_length (length xs) p s"}$ 

```
lemma list_length_equiv_length_list3 : "[ list xs p s ; list_length x p s
] \Longrightarrow x = length xs"
lemma list_length_equiv_length_list4 : "list_length x p s \Longrightarrow (THE n. list_length
n p s) = x''
lemma list_length_p_is_list_length : "list_length_p n p s \Longrightarrow list_length
n s[p] s"
lemma list_length_the_is_zero : "b = NULL \Longrightarrow (THE n. list_length n b s)
lemma the\_list\_length\_exists : "list\_length m b s \Longrightarrow (THE n. list\_length)
n b s) = m''
lemma list_length_exists : "a_list p s \Longrightarrow \exists n. list_length n p s"
lemma \ list\_length\_the\_is\_not\_zero : "[ \ list\_length \ n \ b \ s \ ; \ b \neq \texttt{NULL}]] \Longrightarrow
Suc (THE n. list_length n s[b]\rightarrownext s) = n"
lemma \ list\_length\_the\_list\_length : "a\_list \ p \ s \Longrightarrow list\_length \ (\texttt{THE n} \ .
list_length n p s) p s"
lemma \ list_length_non_null_not_zero : \ "\llbracket \ a\_list \ p \ s \ ; \ p \neq \texttt{NULL} \ \rrbracket \Longrightarrow (\texttt{THE}
n. list_length n p s) \neq 0"
```

# 4 hoare helpers

#### 4.1 nondet monad

```
lemma grab_asm_NF : "(G \Longrightarrow {P} f {Q}!) \Longrightarrow {\lambda s. G \lambda P s} f {Q}!"

lemma hoare_conjINF:

"[ {P} f {Q}; {P} f {R}! ] \Longrightarrow {P} f {\lambda r s. Q r s \lambda R r s}!"

lemma hoare_conjINFR:

"[ {P} f {Q}!; {P} f {R} ] \Longrightarrow {P} f {\lambda r s. Q r s \lambda R r s}!"

lemma hoare_transf_predNF: "[ (G' \Longrightarrow { P } f { Q }! ) ; (G \Longrightarrow G') ] \Longrightarrow {\lambda s. G \lambda P s } f { Q }!"

lemma hoare_transf_pred: "[ (G' \Longrightarrow { P } f { Q } ) ; (G \Longrightarrow G') ] \Longrightarrow {\lambda s. G \lambda P s } f { Q }"
```

## 4.2 option monad

# 5 isabelle lists helpers

```
lemma list_non_empty_has_init : "x \neq [] \Longrightarrow \exists w. w @ [last x] = x"
```

# 6 state helpers

```
lemma lhu:
"heap_list_C_update f (heap_list_C_update g s) \equiv heap_list_C_update (\lambdah. f (g h)) s"

lemma next_upd_diff : "x \neqw \Longrightarrow s[x\rightarrownext := a][w\rightarrownext := b] \equiv s[w\rightarrownext := b][x\rightarrownext := a]"

lemma listptrptr_upd_not_mod : "ptr_coerce (k :: list_C ptr ptr) \neq (x :: list_C ptr)

= s[k := \omega][x] = s[x]"
```

# 7 program proof

# 7.1 list\_empty

#### 7.1.1 correct

lemma list\_empty\_correct : "{  $\lambda$  s. is\_valid\_list\_C'ptr s 1 } all.list\_empty' 1 {  $\lambda$ \_. listp [] 1 }!"

```
7.1.2 pure
```

#### 7.1.3 alt

```
lemma list_empty_alt1_correct : "{ \lambda s. is_valid_list_C'ptr s l } all.list_empty_alt1' 1 { \lambda_. listp [] 1 }!"
```

```
 lemma \ list\_empty\_alt1\_pure : "(\forall s. \ P \ s \longrightarrow P \ s[l := NULL]) \implies \{\!\!\{\ P\ \}\!\!\} \ all.list\_empty\_alt1' \ l \ \{\!\!\{\ \lambda_-.\ P\ \}\!\!\}"
```

```
lemma list_empty_alt2_correct : "{ \lambda s. is_valid_list_C'ptr s 1 } all.list_empty_alt2' 1 { \lambda_. listp [] 1 }!"
```

```
lemma list_empty_alt2_pure : "(\foralls. P s \longrightarrow P s[1 := NULL]) \Longrightarrow { P } all.list_empty_alt2' 1 { \lambda_-. P }"
```

## 7.2 list\_insert\_front

### **7.2.1** bad spec

```
lemma list_insert_front_correct_bad_spec : "x \neq NULL \Longrightarrow {\(\lambda\)s. listp xs 1 s \(\lambda\) is_valid_list_C s x \(\rangle\) all.list_insert_front' 1 x \{\lambda\rangle\)r. listp (x#xs) 1 \(\rangle\)!"
```

### **7.2.2** correct

### 7.2.3 pure

```
lemma list_insert_front_pure : "(\foralls. P s \longrightarrow P s[x\rightarrownext := s[1]][1 := x]) \Longrightarrow \{\!\!\{ P \ \!\!\} \ \text{all.list_insert_front'} \}1 x \{\!\!\{ \lambda_- .\ P \ \!\!\} \!\!\!"
```

# 7.3 list\_singleton

#### 7.3.1 correct

#### 7.3.2 pure

```
 \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{lemma \ list\_singleton\_pure : "(\forall s. \ P \ s \longrightarrow P \ s[1 := x][x \rightarrow next := NULL])} \\ \Longrightarrow \ \{\!\!\{\ P \ \!\!\}\ all.list\_singleton'\ l \ x \ \!\!\{\ \lambda\_.\ P\ \!\!\}" \end{array}
```

#### 7.3.3 bad

```
lemma list_singleton_bad_correct : "[ x \neq NULL ; x \neq ptr_coerce 1 ]] \Longrightarrow { \lambda s. is_valid_list_C s x \lambda is_valid_list_C'ptr s 1 } all.list_singleton_alt' 1 x { \lambda r. listp [x] 1 }!"
```

### 7.4 list\_insert\_after

#### 7.4.1 correct

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{lemma list\_insert\_after\_correct\_p} : \texttt{"[ ptr\_coerce p} \neq \texttt{x} \texttt{;} & \texttt{x} \notin \texttt{set (xa @ [w] @ xb)} \texttt{;} & \texttt{x} \notin \texttt{set (xa @ [w] @ xb)} \texttt{;} & \texttt{x} \notin \texttt{set (xa @ [w] @ xb)} \texttt{p} & \texttt{s} \land \texttt{is\_valid\_list\_C} \\ \texttt{s} & \texttt{x} & \texttt{all.list\_insert\_after'} & \texttt{w} & \texttt{x} & \texttt{\lambda}r & \texttt{s. listp (xa @ [w,x] @ xb)} & \texttt{p} & \texttt{s} & \texttt{!"} \\ \end{array}$ 

#### 7.4.2 pure

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{lemma list\_insert\_after\_pure : "($\forall s. P s \longrightarrow P s[x \rightarrow next := s[w] \rightarrow next][w \rightarrow next := x]) } \\ \Longrightarrow $ \{ P \} $ all.list\_insert\_after' w x $ \{ \lambda r. P \} " \\ \end{array}
```

#### 7.4.3 specialisations

```
lemma list_insert_after_last : "[ (\existsa. a @ w # [] = xs) ; x \notin set xs ; x \notin NULL ; (ptr_coerce p) \notin x ] \iffram \{ \lambda s. listp xs p s \lambda is_valid_list_C s x \} all.list_insert_after' w x \{\lambda r. listp (xs @ [x]) p \}!"
```

```
lemma \ list\_insert\_after\_the\_last : "[ \ x \notin set \ xs \ ; \ x \neq \texttt{NULL} \ ; \ (ptr\_coerce
p) \neq x ; xs \neq [] ] \Longrightarrow {\lambdas. listp xs p s \wedge is_valid_list_C s x } all.list_insert_after'
(last xs) x \{\lambda_{-}.\ listp (xs @ [x]) p\}!"
lemma list_insert_after_the_last_pre : "[ x \notin set xs ; x \neq NULL ; (ptr_coerce
p) \neq x ; xs \neq [] ; w = last xs \parallel \Longrightarrow \{\lambda s. \text{ listp xs p s } \land \text{ is\_valid\_list\_C} \}
s x \ all.list_insert_after' w x \{\lambda_. listp (xs @ [x]) p\}!"
7.5
        list\_find\_last\_node
7.5.1 \quad list\_find\_last\_node\_inner\_loop\_content
definition list_find_last_node_inner_loop_content :: "list_C ptr ⇒ lifted_globals
\Rightarrow list_C ptr option" where
  "list_find_last_node_inner_loop_content p \equiv DO oguard (\lambdas. is_valid_list_C
s p);
           p <- ogets (\lambdas. s[p]\rightarrownext);
           oguard (\lambdas. is_valid_list_C s p);
           oreturn p
       יי מח
lemma \ list\_find\_last\_node\_inner\_loop\_content\_correct : "\ [ \ a \in set \ xs \ ; \ a
\neq NULL \parallel \Longrightarrow ovalidNF (\lambdas. list xs pb s \wedge a_list a s \wedge s[a]\rightarrownext \neq NULL)
            (list_find_last_node_inner_loop_content a) (\lambda r b. r \in set xs \wedge r
\neq NULL \wedge list xs pb b \wedge a_list r b)"
lemma list_find_last_node_inner_loop_content_pure : "ovalid P (list_find_last_node_inner_loop_content
a) (\lambda_{-}. P)"
7.5.2 list_find_last_node_inner_loop
definition list_find_last_node_inner_loop :: "list_C ptr ⇒ lifted_globals
⇒ list_C ptr option" where
 "list_find_last_node_inner_loop p \equiv owhile (\lambdap s. s[p]\rightarrownext \neq NULL) (\lambdap.
DO oguard (\lambdas. is_valid_list_C s p);
           p <- ogets (\lambdas. s[p]\rightarrownext);
           oguard (\lambdas. is_valid_list_C s p);
           oreturn p
       OD) p"
lemma \ list\_find\_last\_node\_inner\_loop\_content\_mesure : "a \neq \texttt{NULL} \Longrightarrow ovalid
               (\lambdas. list xs pb s \wedge a_list a s \wedge s[a]\rightarrownext \neq NULL \wedge length (THE
xs. list xs a s) = m)
               (list_find_last_node_inner_loop_content a)
               (\lambda r \text{ s. length (THE xs. list xs r s) < m)"}
lemma list_find_last_node_inner_loop_correct : "ovalidNF (list (xs @ [x])
```

pb) (list\_find\_last\_node\_inner\_loop pb) ( $\lambda r$  \_. r = x)"

```
lemma list_find_last_node_inner_loop_pure : "ovalid P (list_find_last_node_inner_loop
p) (\lambda r. P)"
7.5.3 correct
lemma list_find_last_node_correct : "ovalidNF (listp (xs @ [x]) p ) (all.list_find_last_node')
p) (\lambda r_{-}, r = x) "
lemma\ list\_find\_last\_node\_correct2 : "xs = ys @ [w] \Longrightarrow ovalidNF (listp xs
p ) (all.list_find_last_node' p) (\lambdar _. r = w) "
lemma \ \texttt{list\_find\_last\_node\_correct3} \ : \ \texttt{"xs} \neq \texttt{[]} \implies \texttt{ovalidNF} \ (\texttt{listp} \ \texttt{xs} \ \texttt{p})
(all.list_find_last_node' p) (\lambda r _. r = last xs)"
7.5.4 pure
lemma list_find_last_node_pure : "ovalid P (all.list_find_last_node' p)
(\lambda r. P)"
7.5.5 specialisations
lemma \ list\_find\_last\_node\_correct\_ND : "xs \neq [] \implies \{\!\!\{\ listp \ xs \ 1\ \}\!\!\} \ gets\_the
(all.list_find_last_node' 1) \{\lambda xa \ s. \ xa = last \ xs\}!"
lemma list_find_last_node_pure_ND : "{ P } gets_the (all.list_find_last_node')
1) \{ \lambda_{-}, P \}"
7.6
        list_insert_back
7.6.1 correct
\mathbf{lemma\ list\_insert\_back\_correct\ :\ "(x\ \notin\ \mathtt{set}\ \mathtt{xs}\ \land\ \mathtt{x}\ \neq\ \mathtt{NULL}\ \land\ \mathtt{x}\ \neq\ (\mathtt{ptr\_coerce}
l)) \Longrightarrow {\lambdas. listp xs 1 s \lambda is_valid_list_C s x } all.list_insert_back' 1
x \{ \lambda \_. \text{ listp } (xs @ [x]) 1 \}!"
7.6.2 pure
lemma list_find_last_node_correct3' : "\{\lambda s. xs \neq [] \land listp xs 1 s\} gets_the
(all.list_find_last_node' l) \{\lambda x \ s. \ (xs \neq [] \land x = last \ xs)\}"
lemma \ list\_insert\_back\_pure: \ "[\ (\forall \, s. \ P \ s \longrightarrow P \ s[1 := x]) \ ;
                                                  (\forall\,\mathtt{s.}\ \mathtt{P}\ \mathtt{s}\,\longrightarrow\,\mathtt{P}\ \mathtt{s}[\mathtt{x}{\to}\mathtt{next}\ :=\ \mathtt{s}[(\mathtt{last}\ \mathtt{xs})]{\to}\mathtt{next}])
                                                  (\forall\,\mathtt{s.}\ \mathtt{P}\ \mathtt{s}\,\longrightarrow\,\mathtt{P}\ \mathtt{s}[\mathtt{x}{\to}\mathtt{next}\ \mathtt{:=}\ \mathtt{NULL}])\ \mathtt{;}
                                                  (\forall\,\mathtt{s.}\ \mathtt{P}\ \mathtt{s}\,\longrightarrow\,\mathtt{P}\ \mathtt{s} \texttt{[(last\ \mathtt{xs})}\!\rightarrow\!\mathtt{next}\ \texttt{:=}\ \mathtt{x}\texttt{])}\ \big]
```

 $\implies$  {  $\lambda$ s. listp xs 1 s  $\wedge$  P s } all.list\_insert\_back'

 $1 \times \{ \lambda_{-}. P \}$ "

# 7.7 list\_length

### **7.7.1** correct

# 7.8 list\_pop

#### 7.8.1 correct

## 7.8.2 pure

```
 \begin{array}{l} \mathbf{lemma \ list\_pop\_pure : "(} \forall \, \mathbf{s}. \ P \ \mathbf{s} \longrightarrow P \ \mathbf{s[p := s[s[p]]} \rightarrow \mathbf{next])} \implies \{\!\!\{\ P\ \}\!\!\} \ \mathbf{all.list\_pop'p} \ \{\!\!\{\ \lambda\_.\ P\ \}\!\!\}" \end{array}
```

## 7.9 list\_empty

## **7.9.1** correct

```
lemma list_is_empty_correct : "ovalidNF (listp x p) (all.list_is_empty' p) (\lambda r _. if x = [] then r = 1 else r = 0)"
```

## 8 DEMO

Theorems proved during presentation

```
thm fun_upd_def thm list_is_empty lemma list_empty_correct': "{ \lambda s. is_valid_list_C'ptr s 1 } all.list_empty' 1 { \lambda_. listp [] 1 }!"
```

```
thm list_is_cons  \begin{aligned} & \text{lemma list\_singleton\_correct'} : \text{``[[x \neq \text{NULL}]; x \neq \text{ptr\_coerce 1}]]} \Longrightarrow \\ & \{ \lambda \text{s. is\_valid\_list\_C s x } \land \text{is\_valid\_list\_C'ptr s 1} \} \end{aligned} \\ & \text{all.list\_singleton\_alt'} 1 \text{ x} \\ & \{ \lambda \text{ r. listp} \text{ [x] 1} \} \text{!''} \end{aligned} \\ & \text{thm list\_st\_update\_ignore} \\ & \text{lemma list\_insert\_front\_correct'} : \text{``x } \neq \text{NULL} \\ & \Rightarrow \{ \lambda \text{s. listp xs 1 s } \land \text{ is\_valid\_list\_C s x } \} \text{ all.list\_insert\_front' 1 x } \{ \lambda \text{r. listp (x#xs) 1} \} \text{!''} \end{aligned}
```