

CS 538: Assignment 03

Programming Assignments (90%)

Setup

- This assignment is in C++.
- Pull and merge from my repository to get the latest version of repository.

Rasterize.cpp

For this assignment, you will concentrate on implementing DDA and Midpoint line drawing algorithms, as well as a basic fill algorithm using barycentric coordinates.

For the line drawing, if wireframe is true, draw white lines; otherwise, you should linearly interpolate the color from startVert.color to endVert.color.

When swapping is required, you may use `std::swap(a,b)`.

Note that these drawing functions are meant to generate fragments to add to the list of fragments!

- **void drawLineDDA(Vert &startVert, Vert &endVert, vector<Fragment> &fragList, bool wireframe)**
 - o Round the starting and ending positions to the nearest integer (roundV() function and Vec3i) → **start** and **end**
 - o Compute the integer differences in x and y → **dx** and **dy**
 - o Set the number of steps as either abs(dx) or abs(dy), depending on which is greater → **steps**
 - o Compute the floating point increments in x and y → **xInc** and **yInc**
 - o Get the floating point starting x and y coordinates from start → **x** and **y**
 - o Get the starting color from startVert.color → **color**
 - o Compute the color increment as the ending color minus the starting color divided by the number of steps → **colorInc**
 - o If wireframe is true, change color to white (1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f) and colorInc to all zeros.
 - o Each fragment will consist of the following:
 - The current position rounded to the nearest integer (with z = 0)
 - The current color
 - o Add the first fragment to fragList
 - o For each step:
 - Increment x and y by xInc and yInc, respectively
 - Increment color by colorInc
 - o Add the next fragment to fragList

- **void drawLineMid(Vert &startVert, Vert &endVert, vector<Fragment> &fragList, bool wireframe)**
 - Round the starting and ending positions to the nearest integer (roundV() function and Vec3i) → **start** and **end**
 - Compute the integer differences in x and y → **dx** and **dy**
 - If abs(dy) is greater than abs(dx)
 - Note that swapping x and y will need to be performed → **swap**
 - Swap dx and dy
 - Swap the x and y coordinates of start
 - Swap the x and y coordinates of end
 - Set the starting and ending color → **startColor** and **endColor**
 - If x is going in the NEGATIVE direction (dx < 0)
 - Swap start and end
 - Swap startColor and endColor
 - Negate dx
 - Negate dy
 - Set starting y as start.y → **y**
 - Set y increment to +1 → **yInc**
 - If y is going in the NEGATIVE direction (dy < 0)
 - Set the y increment to -1 → **yInc**
 - Negate dy
 - Swap y coordinates of start and end
 - Create an ImplicitLine<float> from start and end → **line**
 - Calculate initial value of decision variable as line.eval(start.x + 1.0f, start.y + 0.5f) → **d**
 - Calculate number of steps as end.x – start.x
 - Get the starting color from startVert.color → **color**
 - Compute the color increment as the ending color minus the starting color divided by the number of steps → **colorInc**
 - If wireframe is true, change color to white (1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f) and colorInc to all zeros.
 - For each x value from start.x to end.x (inclusive):
 - Create a Fragment → **f**
 - If we need to swap x and y → set f.pos equal to (y,x,0)
 - Otherwise → set f.pos equal to (x,y,0)
 - Set f.color to the current color
 - Add the fragment to fragList
 - Increment color by colorInc
 - If the decision variable is negative (d < 0)
 - Increment y by yInc
 - Increment d by (dx – dy)
 - Otherwise:
 - Decrement d by dy

- **void fillTriangle(vector<Vert> &vertices, Face &face, vector<Fragment> &fragList)**
 - Create a floating-point bounding box (BoundingBoxf and the computeBounds function) from the vertices and the face
 - Convert to an integer bounding box (BoundingBoxi and convertBoundingBox)
 - Grab the first three vertices that make up this particular face → **vA, vB, vC**
 - Create a BaryData instance from vA, vB, and vC → **bd**
 - Loop through each position covered by the (integer) bounding box:
 - Compute the barycentric coordinates (barycentric() function) → **bary**
 - If each barycentric coordinate is STRICTLY greater than 0:
 - Create a Fragment using the computeFragment() function
 - Add the fragment to fragList

Screenshots (10%)

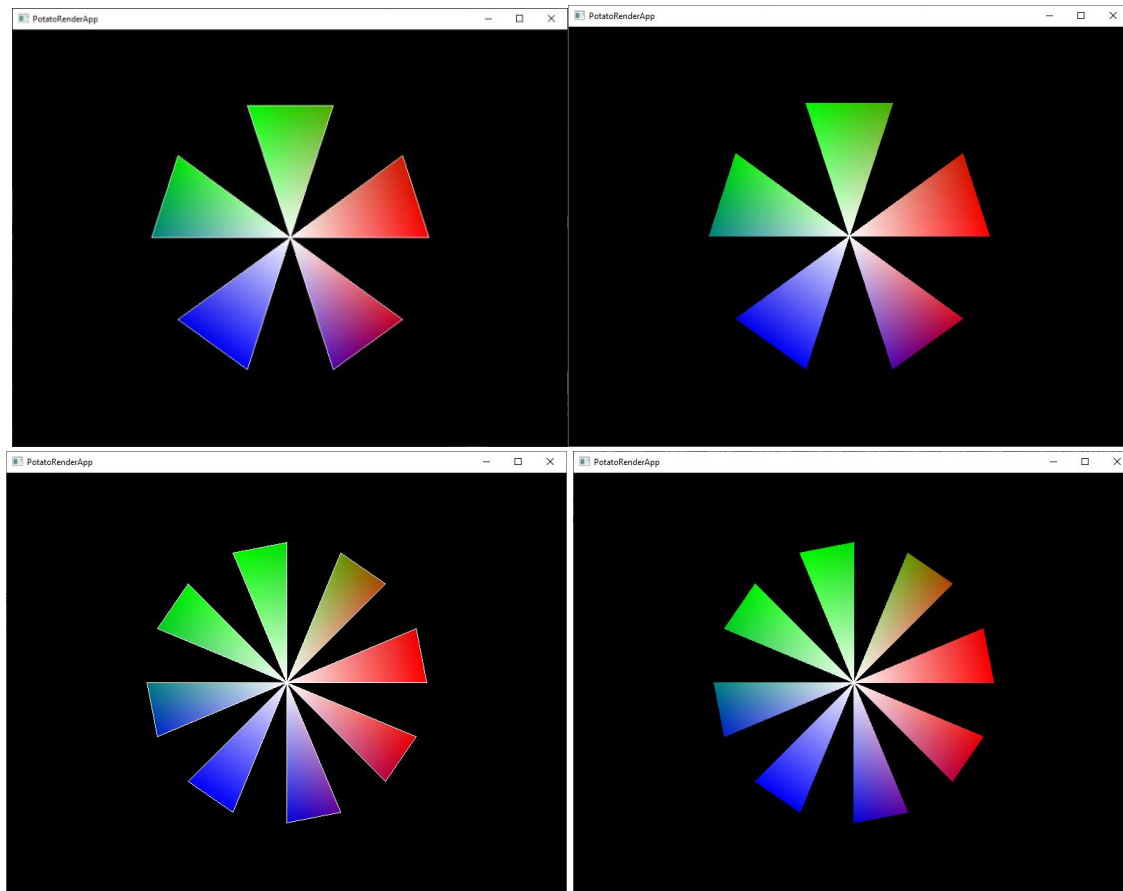
To change how the object is rendered, you will want to look at the following settings in include/Settings.hpp:

- **GEO_FAN_BLADE_CNT**
 - How many "blades" of the geometric fan
- **DRAW_LINES_AS_WIREFRAME**
 - If true, draw lines as white; otherwise, interpolate color
- **LINE_ALGORITHM**
 - Either LINE_DDA or LINE_MID, depending on which algorithm is desired

For this assignment, **take FOUR screenshots:**

- 5 blades, wireframe, DDA
- 5 blades, no wireframe, DDA
- 8 blades, wireframe, midpoint
- 8 blades, no wireframe, midpoint

Save these into the **screenshots** folder



Grading

Your OVERALL assignment grade is weighted as follows:

- 90% - Programming
- 10% - Screenshots