

# Metamycelium: Domain-driven distributed reference architecture for big data systems

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**Abstract.** The abstract should briefly summarize the contents of the paper in 150–250 words.

**Keywords:** First keyword · Second keyword · Another keyword.

## 1 Introduction

The ubiquity of digital devices and proliferation of software applications have augmented users to generate data at an unprecedented rate. In this day and age, almost all aspects of human life is integrated with some sort of software system, that by large, is processing data, and executing the necessary computations.

According to Internetlivestats.com [9] in one second 3,135,050 emails are sent, 1,151 Instagram photos are uploaded, 6,738 Skype calls are made and 147,084 GB of traffic has gone through the internet. That is, in the last minute, 825.04 terabytes have been transferred through the internet.

The rapid expansion and evolution of data from an structured element that is passively stored to something that is used to support proactive decision making for business competitive advantage, have dawned a new era, the era of Big Data (BD). The era of BD began when velocity, variety and volume of data overwhelmed traditional systems used to process that data [1][2].

BD is the practice of crunching large sets of heterogenous data to discover patterns and insights for business competitive advantage [7][4].

Since the inception of the term, ideas have ebbed and flowed along with the rapid advancements of technology, and many strived to harness the power of data. Nevertheless, BD is not a magical wand that can enchant any business processes and many have failed to absorb the complexity of this new field. According to a recent survey by MIT Technology Review insights in partnership with Databricks, only 13% of organizations excel at delivering on their data strategy. Another survey by NewVantage Partners highlighted that only 24% of organizations have successfully adopted BD [5].

Sigma computing report indicated that 1 in 4 business experts have given up on getting insights they needed because the data analysis took too long [3].

Along the lines, McKinsey & Company [?] and Gartner [10] demonstrated that approximately only 20% of organizations have fully adopted BD. These statistics unveil the truth that succesful adoption of BD system is scarce.

Among the challenges adopting BD, perhaps the most highlighted are "cultural challenges of becoming data-driven", "BD architecture", "data engineering complexities", "rapid technology change", and "lack of sufficiently skilled data engineers" [8][6]. In the past, organizations relied on a few technology giants to account for their analytics and storage needs, whereas today's ecosystem of BD encompasses far-reaching plethora of more than 200 technologies that can each be tailored to a specific context.

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