NeoMycelium: A software reference architecture for big data systems

Pouya Ataei $^{1[0000-0002-0993-3574]}$ and Alan Litchfield $^{1[0000-0002-3876-0940]}$

Auckland University of Technology, Auckland 1010, New Zealand {pataei, alan.litchfield}@aut.ac.nz

Abstract. Roughly 10 years ago, the big data (BD) revolution began when the volume, velocity, and variety of data completely overwhelmed the systems used to store, manipulate and analyze that data. As a result, a new class of software systems emerged called BD systems. While many attempted to harness the power of these new systems, it is estimated that approximately 75% of the BD projects have failed within the last decade. One of the root causes of this is the software engineering aspect of these systems. This paper aims to facilitate big data (BD) system development by introducing a software reference architecture, NeoMycelium. The work provides an event driven microservices architecture that addresses specific limitations in current BD reference architectures (RA). The artefact development has followed the principles of empirically grounded RAs. The RA has been evaluated by developing a prototype that solves a real-world problem in practice. At the end, succesful implementation of NeoMycelium have been presented. The results displayed a good degree of applicability with respect to quality factors.

Keywords: Big data Reference Architecture Software Engineering

1 First Section

1.1 A Subsection Sample

Please note that the first paragraph of a section or subsection is not indented. The first paragraph that follows a table, figure, equation etc. does not need an indent, either.

Subsequent paragraphs, however, are indented.

Sample Heading (Third Level) Only two levels of headings should be numbered. Lower level headings remain unnumbered; they are formatted as run-in headings.

Sample Heading (Fourth Level) The contribution should contain no more than four levels of headings. Table 1 gives a summary of all heading levels. Displayed equations are centered and set on a separate line.

$$x + y = z \tag{1}$$

Table 1. Table captions should be placed above the tables.

0	-	Font size	and style
		14 point,	bold
1st-level heading		12 point,	
2nd-level heading	2.1 Printing Area	10 point,	bold
3rd-level heading	Run-in Heading in Bold. Text follows	10 point,	bold
4th-level heading	Lowest Level Heading. Text follows	10 point,	italic

Please try to avoid rasterized images for line-art diagrams and schemas. Whenever possible, use vector graphics instead (see Fig. 1).

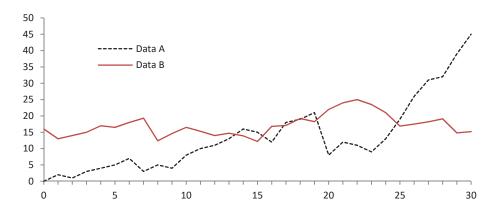


Fig. 1. A figure caption is always placed below the illustration. Please note that short captions are centered, while long ones are justified by the macro package automatically.

Theorem 1. This is a sample theorem. The run-in heading is set in bold, while the following text appears in italics. Definitions, lemmas, propositions, and corollaries are styled the same way.

Proof. Proofs, examples, and remarks have the initial word in italics, while the following text appears in normal font.

For citations of references, we prefer the use of square brackets and consecutive numbers. Citations using labels or the author/year convention are also acceptable. The following bibliography provides a sample reference list with entries for journal articles [1], an LNCS chapter [2], a book [3], proceedings without editors [4], and a homepage [5]. Multiple citations are grouped [1–3], [1, 3–5].

References

1. Author, F.: Article title. Journal 2(5), 99-110 (2016)

- 2. Author, F., Author, S.: Title of a proceedings paper. In: Editor, F., Editor, S. (eds.) CONFERENCE 2016, LNCS, vol. 9999, pp. 1–13. Springer, Heidelberg (2016). https://doi.org/10.10007/1234567890
- 3. Author, F., Author, S., Author, T.: Book title. 2nd edn. Publisher, Location (1999)
- 4. Author, A.-B.: Contribution title. In: 9th International Proceedings on Proceedings, pp. 1–2. Publisher, Location (2010)
- 5. LNCS Homepage, http://www.springer.com/lncs. Last accessed 4 Oct 2017