Acoustic Modeling using COMSOL MultiPhysics

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Outline

- Introduction
- COMSOL Acoustic Module
- Acoustic Absorption Measurements
- Porous Absorber 2D Model
- Porous Absorber 3D Model
- Acoustic Model: APU Exhaust Muffler
- Summary

COMSOL: Acoustics

For Pressure Acoustics, the PDE is Helmholtz equation:

$$\nabla \cdot \left(\left(\frac{1}{\rho_0} \right) \nabla \underline{p} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{\rho_0} \right) \left(\frac{\omega}{c} \right)^2 \underline{p} = 0 \quad \xrightarrow{\text{Constant}} \quad \nabla^2 \underline{p} + \left(\frac{\omega}{c} \right)^2 \underline{p} = 0$$

$$\underline{p}(x, y, z) \leftarrow \text{Solved for in Comsol}$$

$$p(x, y, z, t) = \text{Re}\left\{\underline{p}(x, y, z) \cdot e^{j\omega t}\right\}$$

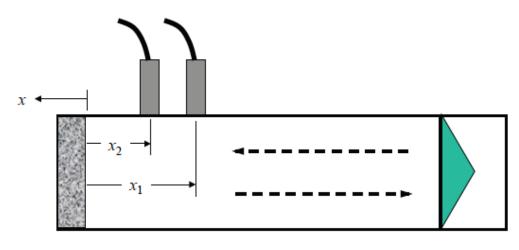
$$p_{rms}(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} |\underline{p}(x, y, z)|$$

$$SPL(x, y, z) = 20 \log_{10} \left(\frac{p_{rms}(x, y, z)}{p_{ref}}\right)$$

Can be easily computed in post processing using post processing tools inside Comsol.

Porous Absorber – Acoustic Absorption Measurements

Measurement of Acoustic Absorption Coefficient – Impedance Tube



Material sample

Sound source

Total sound pressure at any point in the tube:

$$P(x) = Ae^{-jkx} + Be^{jkx}$$
+x traveling wave
-x traveling wave

The transfer function between points 1 and 2:

$$H_{12} = \frac{P(x_2)}{P(x_1)} = \frac{Ae^{-jkx_2} + Be^{jkx_2}}{Ae^{-jkx_1} + Be^{jkx_1}} = \frac{e^{-jkx_2} + Re^{jkx_2}}{e^{-jkx_1} + Re^{jkx_1}}$$

 $R = \frac{B}{A}$ is the pressure reflection coefficient of the material

Measurement of Acoustic Absorption Coefficient – Impedance Tube

Solving for *R*:
$$R = \frac{e^{-jkx_2} - H_{12}e^{-jkx_1}}{H_{12}e^{jkx_1} - e^{jkx_2}}$$

Normalized specific boundary impedance:

$$\frac{z}{\rho_o c} = \frac{1+R}{1-R}$$

Sound absorption coefficient of the material for any angle of incidence :

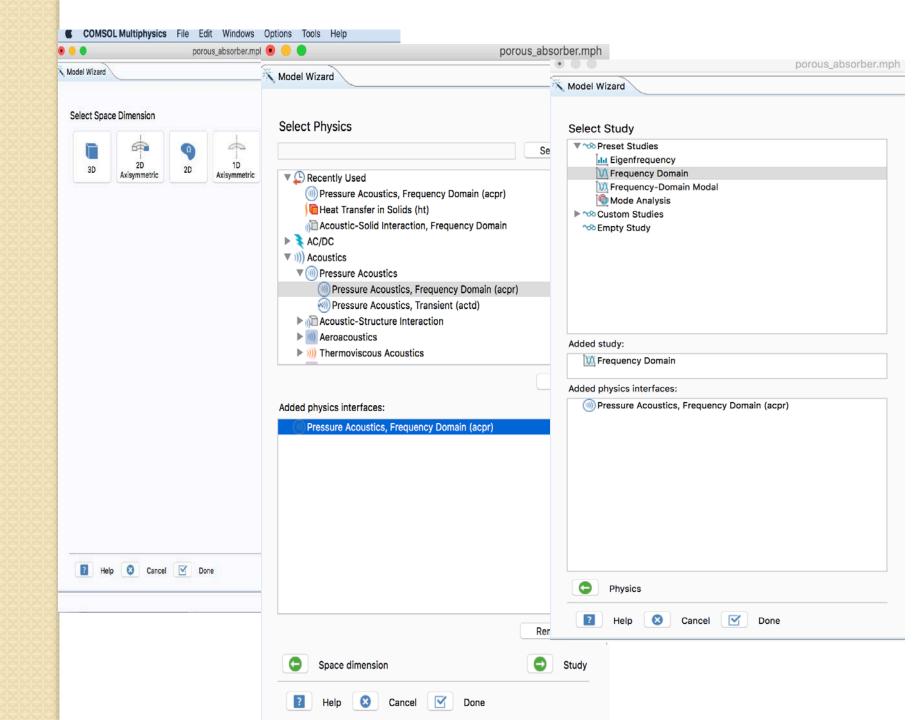
$$\alpha(\varphi) = \frac{4r'\cos\varphi}{\left(1 + r'\cos\varphi\right)^2 + \left(x'\cos\varphi\right)^2} \quad \text{where} \quad r' = \frac{r}{\rho_o c} \quad x' = \frac{x}{\rho_o c}$$

Measurement of Acoustic Absorption Coefficient – Impedance Tube

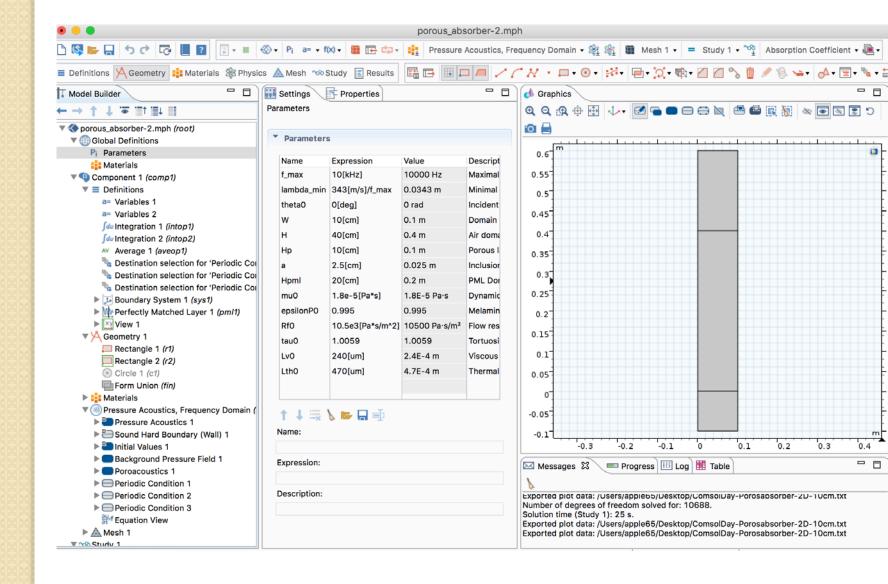


3cm Impedance Tube Facility

Porous Absorber – 2D Model



COMSOL - 2D Model

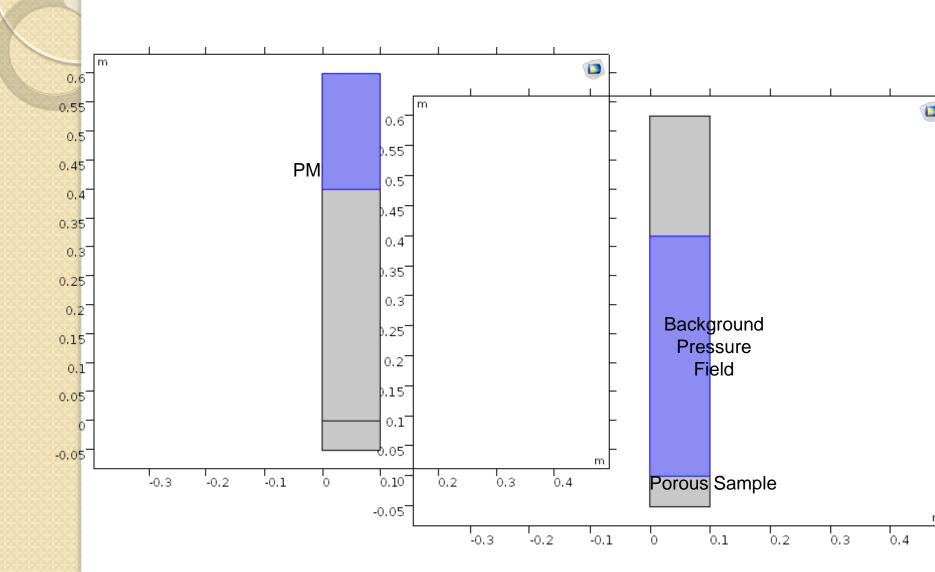


Material Parameters

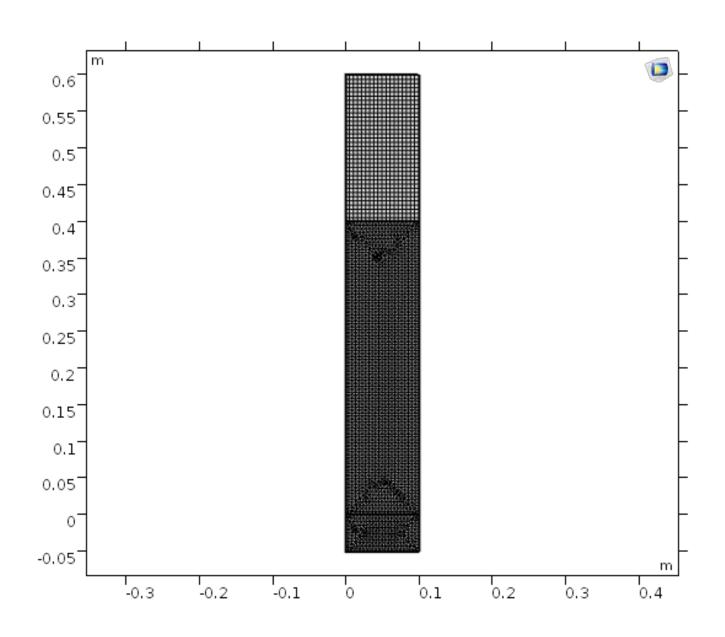
TABLE I: MELAMINE FOAM MATERIAL PARAMETERS

SYMBOL	VALUE	DESCRIPTION
ε _p	0.995	Porosity
$R_{ m f}$	10,500 Pa·s/m ²	Flow resistivity
s	0.49	Viscous characteristic length parameter
L_{th}	470 μm	Thermal characteristic length
$L_{\rm v}$	240 μm	Viscous characteristic length
τ	1.0059	Tortuosity factor

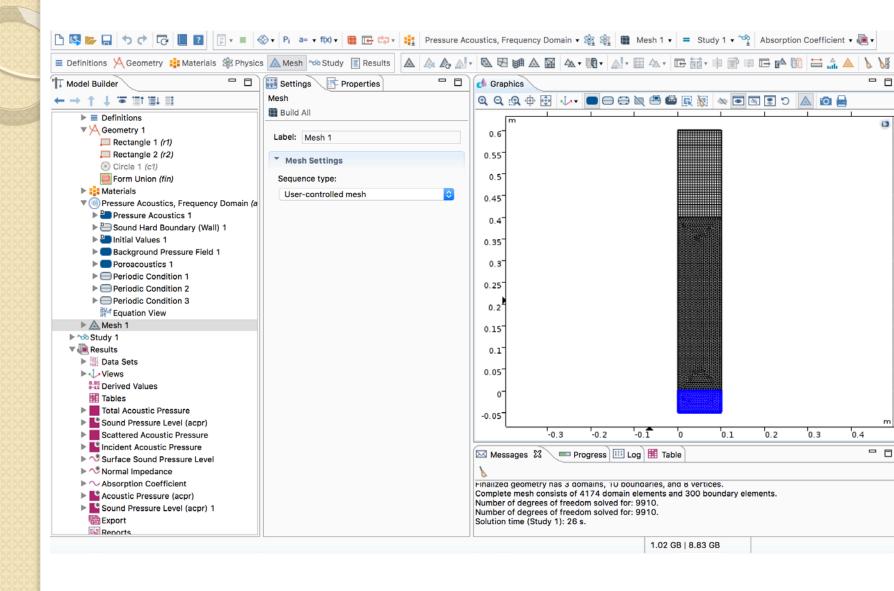
Comsol Model: PML and Excitation Field



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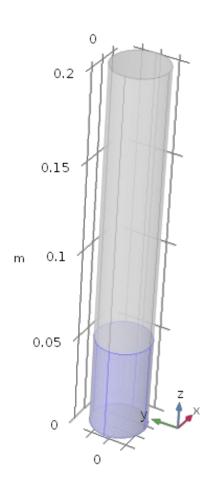


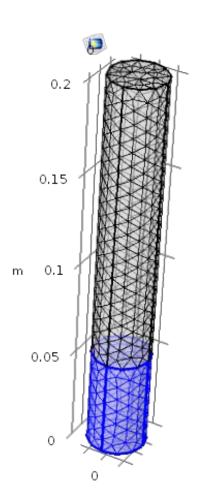
COMSOL – 2D Model



Porous Absorber – 3D Model

Porous Absorber – 3D Model

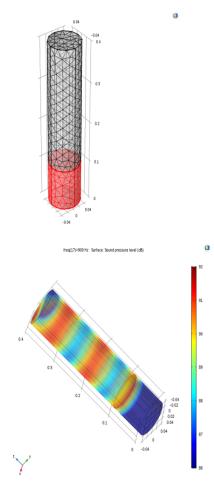


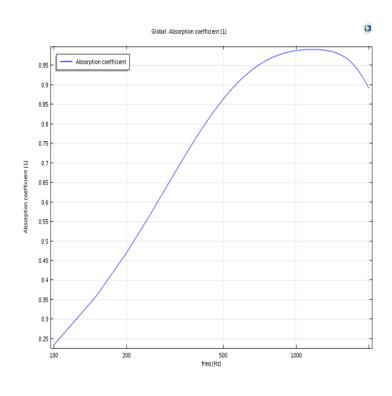




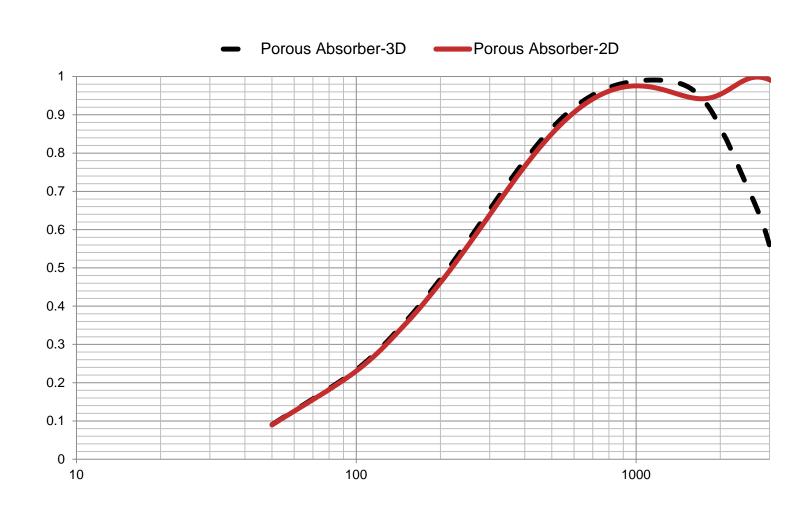
Porous Absorber – 3D Model

3-D COMSOL Model of Foam Sample



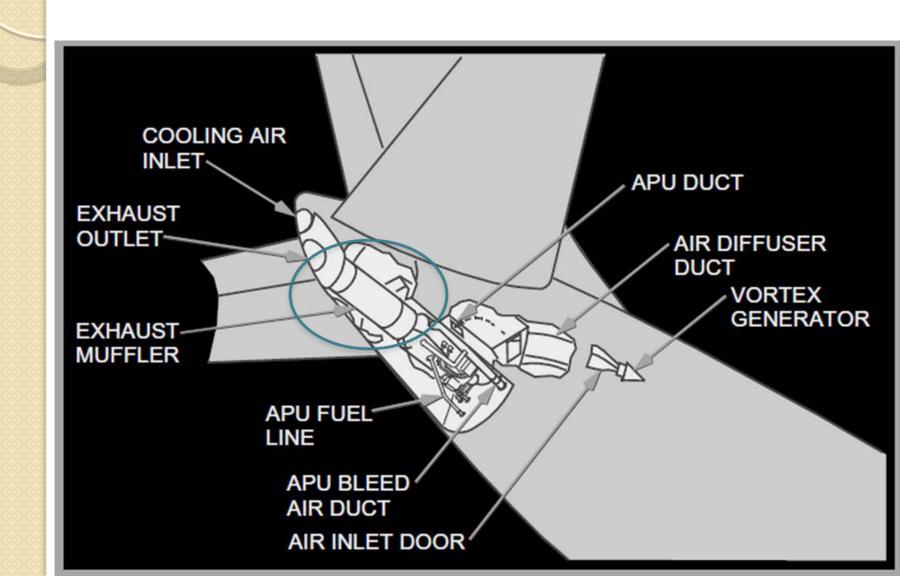


Absorption Coefficient: 3-D vs 2-D Model

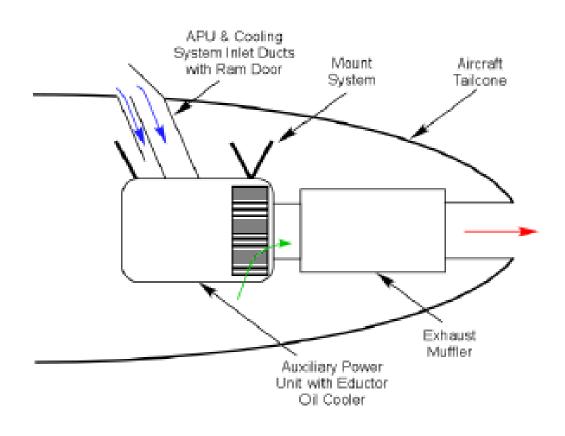




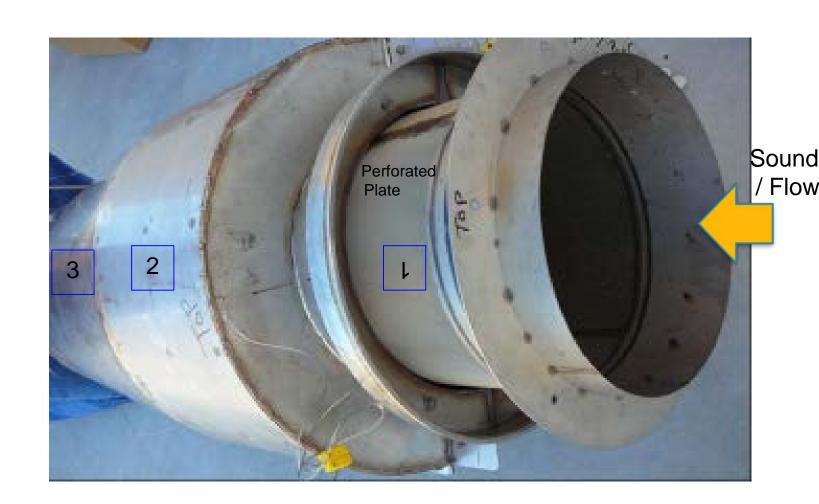
Aircraft APU (Auxiliary Power Unit)



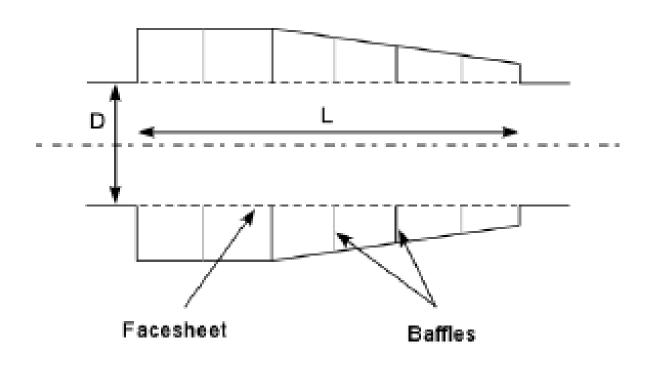
Acoustic Modeling of Aircraft APU (Auxiliary Power Unit)



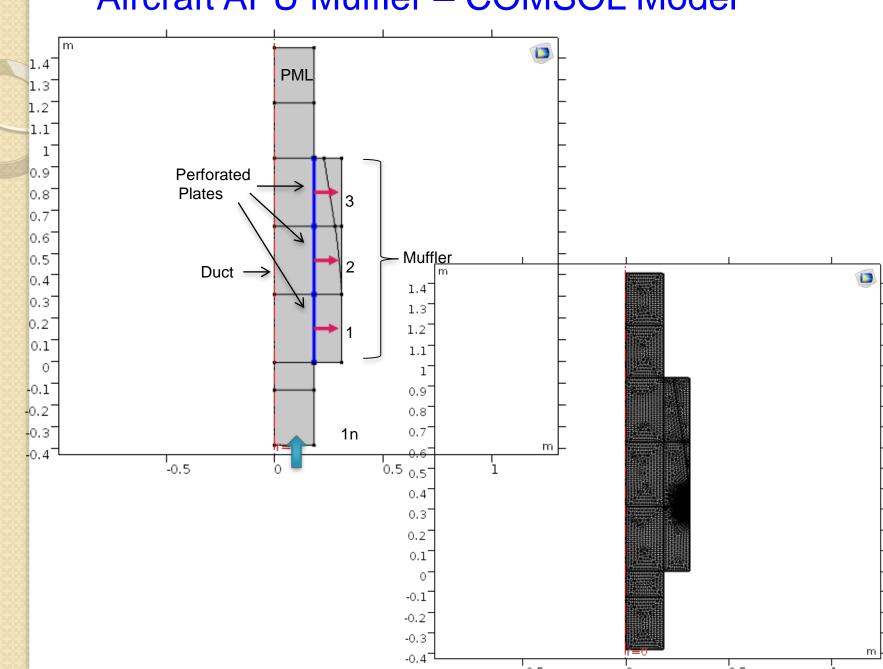
Acoustically Treated APU Exhaust Muffler



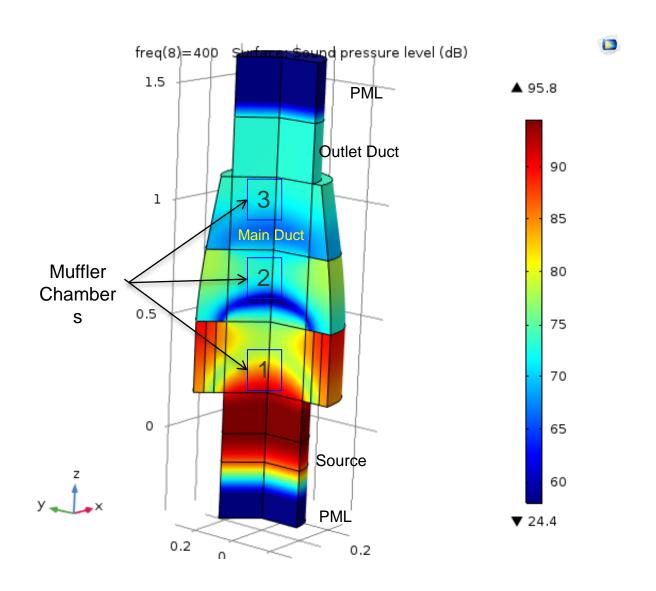
Schematic of Acoustically Treated APU Exhaust Muffler



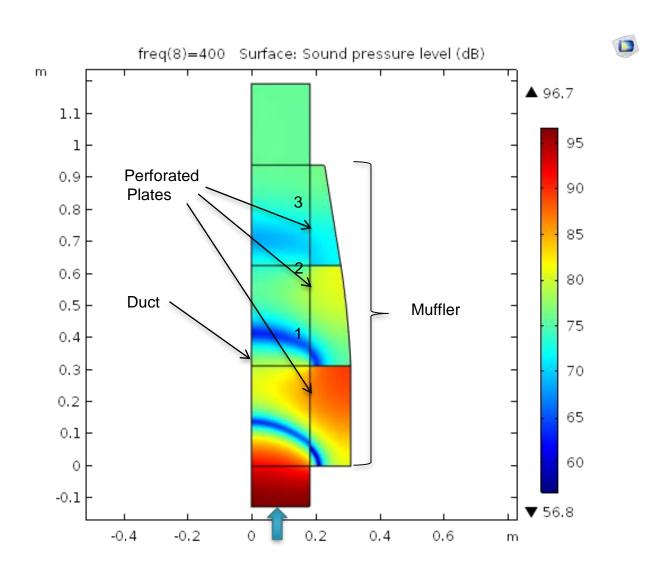
Aircraft APU Muffler – COMSOL Model



APU Muffler: COMSOL Model

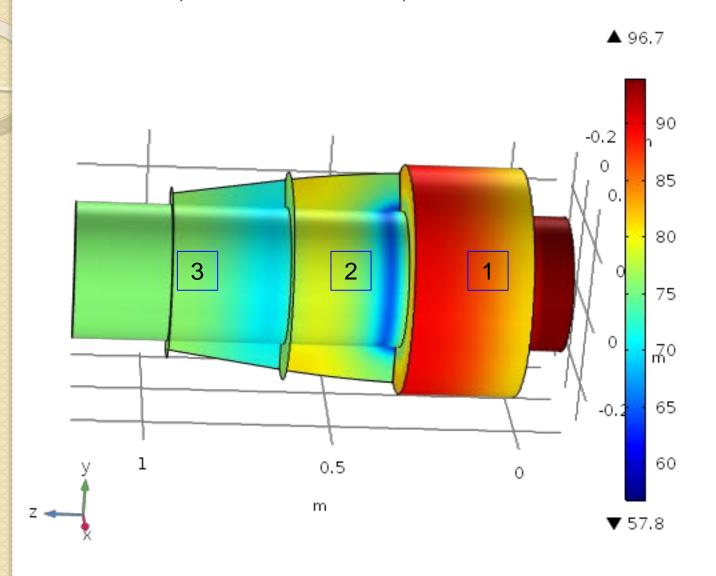


Aircraft APU Muffler – SPL Map



Aircraft APU Exhaust Muffler - SPL Map

freq(8)=400 Surface: Sound pressure level (dB)



Summary

- COMSOL MultiPhysics Acoustic Module is a powerful tool for modeling acoustic systems.
- 2-D and 3-D models of porous absorber were demonstrated showing differences between two approaches.
- An acoustic model of an APU exhaust muffler system was also demonstrated.
- COMSOL Acoustic module can also be connected with other MutliPhysics modules (e.g., structural mechanics, thermal, etc.)

• Thanks so much for your attention.

Q/A