

## Contents

Step 1: Checking Directly Connected Networks	2
Router A	2
Router B	3
Router C	4
Steps to configure	5
Router A	7
Router B	8
Router C	9
Add a banner	11
Verifying Connectivity Using Ping	12
Configuring Default Routing on Router B	13

# Router Network Configuration and Verification

## Step 1: Checking Directly Connected Networks

To verify the directly connected networks on each router, follow these steps:

- Access each router in **privileged EXEC mode**.
- Run the following command:

### show ip route

Note the directly connected networks displayed in the routing table.

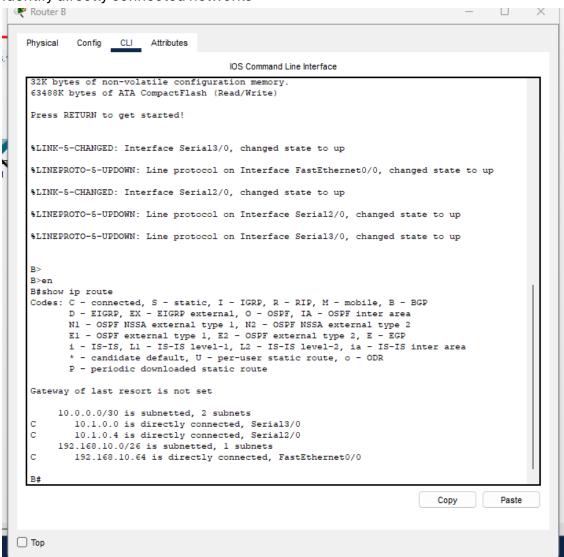
#### Router A

- Execute show ip route
- Identify directly connected networks

```
A>
A>
A>en
A#show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2 E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
        * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
     10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
       10.1.0.0 is directly connected, Serial2/0
     192.168.10.0/26 is subnetted, 1 subnets
        192.168.10.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
                                                                                  Copy
                                                                                               Paste
```

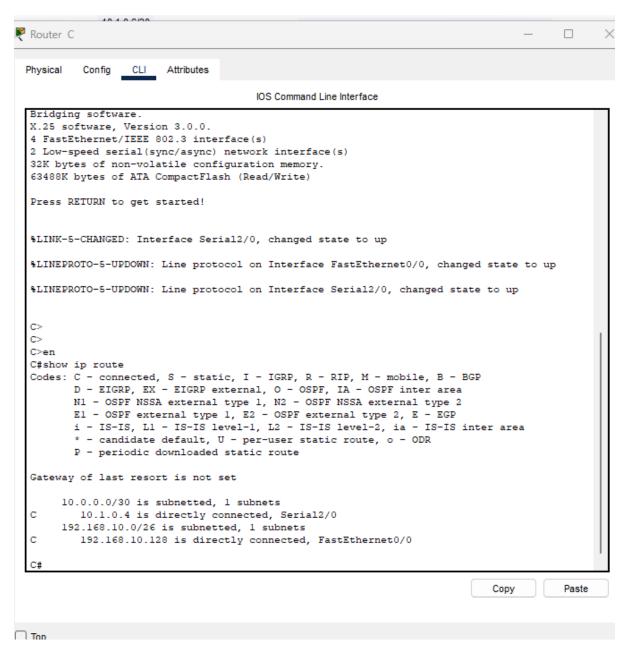
#### Router B

- Execute show ip route
- · Identify directly connected networks



#### Router C

- Execute show ip route
- · Identify directly connected networks



## Steps to configure

#### Commands:

Louler enable Router# Configure Lerminal Router (config) # router RTP Router (config-router) # version 2 -router) # no auto-Summary - router)# network x.x.x.x )# network x.x.x.x iQ

• Enter privileged EXEC mode:

Command: enable

• Enter global configuration mode

Command: configure terminal

• Enable RIPv2

Enter RIP configuration mode:

Command: router rip

• Enable version 2

Command: version 2

• Disable automatic route summarization

Command: no auto-summary

• Configure RIP Networks

Command: network <ip address of directly connected networks>

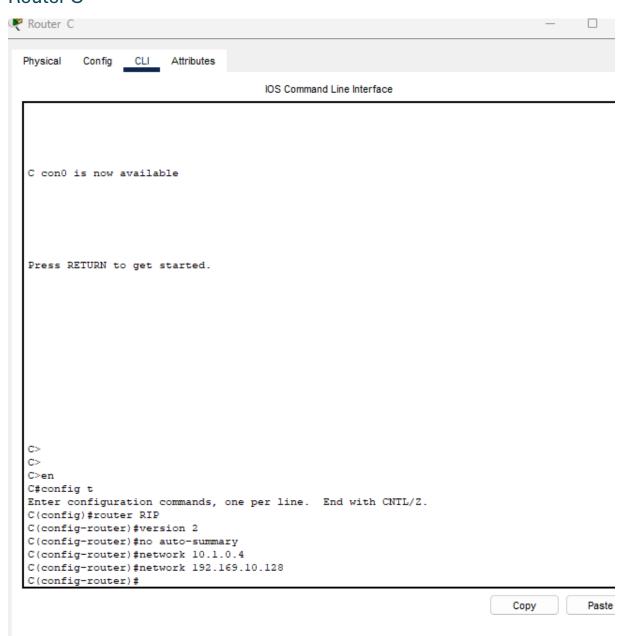
### Router A

```
P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is not set
    10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 1 subnets
С
      10.1.0.0 is directly connected, Serial2/0
     192.168.10.0/26 is subnetted, 1 subnets
       192.168.10.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
A(config) #roter RIP
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
A(config) #router rip
A(config-router) #version 2
A(config-router) #no auto-summery
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
A(config-router) #no auto-summery
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
A(config-router) #no auto-summary
A(config-router) #network 10.1.0.0
A(config-router) #nwrwork 192.168.10.0
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
A(config-router) #network 192.168.10.0
A(config-router)#
                                                                           Copy
                                                                                      Paste
```

#### Router B

```
🧨 Kouter B
                                                                                      Config CLI Attributes
 Physical
                                       IOS Command Line Interface
  %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
  %LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
  %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial2/0, changed state to up
  %LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface Serial3/0, changed state to up
  B>
  B>en
  B#show ip route
  Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
         D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
         N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
         E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
         i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
         * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
         P - periodic downloaded static route
  Gateway of last resort is not set
       10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 2 subnets
          10.1.0.0 is directly connected, Serial3/0
  C
          10.1.0.4 is directly connected, Serial2/0
       192.168.10.0/26 is subnetted, 1 subnets
         192.168.10.64 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
  B#config t
  Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
  B(config) #router RIP
  B(config-router) #version 2
  B(config-router) #no auto-summary
  B(config-router) #network 10.1.0.0
  B(config-router) #network 10.1.0.4
  B(config-router) #network 192.168.10.64
  B(config-router)#
```

### Router C



```
C>show ip route rip
   10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 2 subnets
       10.1.0.0 [120/1] via 10.1.0.5, 00:00:07, Serial2/0
    192.168.10.0/26 is subnetted, 3 subnets
R
      192.168.10.0 [120/2] via 10.1.0.5, 00:00:07, Serial2/0
R
      192.168.10.64 [120/1] via 10.1.0.5, 00:00:07, Serial2/0
C>show ip protocol
Routing Protocol is "rip"
Sending updates every 30 seconds, next due in 18 seconds
Invalid after 180 seconds, hold down 180, flushed after 240
Outgoing update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Incoming update filter list for all interfaces is not set
Redistributing: rip
Default version control: send version 2, receive 2
                      Send Recv Triggered RIP Key-chain
 Interface
 Serial2/0
                      22
Automatic network summarization is not in effect
Maximum path: 4
Routing for Networks:
          10.0.0.0
          192.169.10.0
Passive Interface(s):
Routing Information Sources:
                                      Last Update
          Gateway Distance
          10.1.0.5
                                      00:00:22
                              120
Distance: (default is 120)
```

### Add a banner

Command: banner motd # the banner you want type inside this symbols #

# **Verifying Connectivity Using Ping**

To check connectivity between routers:

- 1. Use the **ping** command from one router to another.
- 2. Example command:

ping <destination IP>

- 3. Ensure packets are successfully sent and received.
- 4. If the ping fails, check routing configurations and interface statuses.

## Configuring Default Routing on Router B

- Default routes are used when routers are not directly connected to an ISP but need a route to unknown destinations.
- To configure a default route on Router B, use the following command

```
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 <next-hop IP>
Or
   ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 <exit-interface>
```

- This ensures Router B forwards packets to a specific next-hop router.
- Default routes are particularly useful when Router B is not directly connected to an ISP but needs to route traffic through another router.

```
A(config) #ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.1.0.2
  A#config t
  Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
  A(config)#ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.1.0.2
  A(config) #default-information originate
  % Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
  A(config) #router rip
  A(config-router) #version 2
  A(config-router) #default-information originate
  A(config-router) #exit
  A(config) #exit
  A#
  %SYS-5-CONFIG I: Configured from console by console
  A#exit
A>show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is 10.1.0.2 to network 0.0.0.0
     10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 2 subnets
       10.1.0.0 is directly connected, Serial2/0
R
        10.1.0.4 [120/1] via 10.1.0.2, 00:00:14, Serial2/0
     192.168.10.0/26 is subnetted, 2 subnets
       192.168.10.0 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
С
        192.168.10.64 [120/1] via 10.1.0.2, 00:00:14, Serial2/0
S*
    0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 10.1.0.2
A>
```

#### Router B

```
B>en
B#config t
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
B(config) #ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.1.0.6
B(config)#exit
B#
%SYS-5-CONFIG_I: Configured from console by console
exit
B>show ip route
Codes: C - connected, S - static, I - IGRP, R - RIP, M - mobile, B - BGP
       D - EIGRP, EX - EIGRP external, O - OSPF, IA - OSPF inter area
       N1 - OSPF NSSA external type 1, N2 - OSPF NSSA external type 2
       E1 - OSPF external type 1, E2 - OSPF external type 2, E - EGP
       i - IS-IS, L1 - IS-IS level-1, L2 - IS-IS level-2, ia - IS-IS inter area
       * - candidate default, U - per-user static route, o - ODR
       P - periodic downloaded static route
Gateway of last resort is 10.1.0.6 to network 0.0.0.0
     10.0.0.0/30 is subnetted, 2 subnets
C
       10.1.0.0 is directly connected, Serial3/0
        10.1.0.4 is directly connected, Serial2/0
C
     192.168.10.0/26 is subnetted, 2 subnets
       192.168.10.0 [120/1] via 10.1.0.1, 00:00:08, Serial3/0
R
       192.168.10.64 is directly connected, FastEthernet0/0
C
    0.0.0.0/0 [1/0] via 10.1.0.6
B>
```