```
In [12]: import pandas as pd
   import numpy as np
   from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
   from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
   from collections import Counter

In [13]: iris = load_iris()
   df = pd.DataFrame(iris.data, columns=iris.feature_names)
   df["label"] = iris.target
   df["label"] = df["label"].map({0: "setosa", 1: "versicolor", 2: "virginica"})

In [14]: train_df, test_df = train_test_split(df, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

In [15]: def entropy(data):
        labels = data["label"]
        counts = Counter(labels)
        total = len(labels)
        return -sum((count/total) * np.log2(count/total) for count in counts.values())
```

```
In [16]: def best_split(data, attributes):
             base_entropy = entropy(data)
             best_attr, best_threshold, best_gain_ratio = None, None, -1
             for attr in attributes:
                 values = sorted(data[attr].unique())
                 for i in range(len(values) - 1):
                     threshold = (values[i] + values[i+1]) / 2
                     left_split = data[data[attr] <= threshold]</pre>
                     right split = data[data[attr] > threshold]
                     if len(left split) == 0 or len(right split) == 0:
                          continue
                     weighted entropy = (len(left split)/len(data))*entropy(left split) + \
                     info_gain = base_entropy - weighted_entropy
                     split info = 0
                     for subset in [left_split, right_split]:
                          if len(subset) > 0:
                              ratio = len(subset)/len(data)
                              split info -= ratio * np.log2(ratio)
                     if split info > 0:
                         gain_ratio = info_gain / split_info
                     else:
                         gain ratio = 0
                     if gain ratio > best gain ratio:
                          best_gain_ratio = gain_ratio
                          best_attr = attr
                          best threshold = threshold
             return best attr, best threshold, best gain ratio
In [17]: def c45(data, attributes, depth=0, max depth=3):
             labels = data["label"]
             if len(set(labels)) == 1:
                 return labels.iloc[0]
             if len(attributes) == 0 or depth == max_depth:
                 return Counter(labels).most_common(1)[0][0]
```

```
labels = data["label"]

if len(set(labels)) == 1:
    return labels.iloc[0]

if len(attributes) == 0 or depth == max_depth:
    return Counter(labels).most_common(1)[0][0]

best_attr, best_threshold, best_gain_ratio = best_split(data, attributes)

if best_attr is None:
    return Counter(labels).most_common(1)[0][0]

left_split = data[data[best_attr] <= best_threshold]

right_split = data[data[best_attr] >> best_threshold]

tree = {f"{best_attr} <= {best_threshold:.2f}": c45(left_split, attributes, dep f"{best_attr} >> {best_threshold:.2f}": c45(right_split, attributes, dep return tree
```

```
In [18]: def predict(tree, sample):
             if not isinstance(tree, dict):
                  return tree
             node = list(tree.keys())[0]
             if "<=" in node:</pre>
                  attr, threshold = node.split(" <= ")</pre>
                  threshold = float(threshold)
                  if sample[attr] <= threshold:</pre>
                      return predict(tree[node], sample)
                  else:
                     other_key = [k for k in tree.keys() if ">" in k][0]
                      return predict(tree[other key], sample)
             elif ">" in node:
                  attr, threshold = node.split(" > ")
                  threshold = float(threshold)
                  if sample[attr] > threshold:
                      return predict(tree[node], sample)
                  else:
                     other_key = [k for k in tree.keys() if "<=" in k][0]
                      return predict(tree[other key], sample)
In [19]: attributes = list(df.columns[:-1])
         tree = c45(train_df, attributes, max_depth=3)
         print("Decision Tree (C4.5):")
         print(tree)
        Decision Tree (C4.5):
        {'petal length (cm) <= 2.45': 'setosa', 'petal length (cm) > 2.45': {'petal width (c
        m) <= 1.75': {'petal length (cm) <= 5.35': 'versicolor', 'petal length (cm) > 5.35':
        'virginica'}, 'petal width (cm) > 1.75': {'petal length (cm) <= 4.85': 'virginica',
        'petal length (cm) > 4.85': 'virginica'}}}
In [20]: correct = 0
         for _, row in test_df.iterrows():
             pred = predict(tree, row)
             if pred == row["label"]:
                 correct += 1
         accuracy = correct / len(test df)
         print("\nTest Accuracy:", accuracy)
        Test Accuracy: 1.0
In [21]: sample = test_df.iloc[0]
         print("\nTest Sample:", sample[:-1].to dict())
         print("True Label:", sample["label"])
         print("Predicted:", predict(tree, sample))
        Test Sample: {'sepal length (cm)': 6.1, 'sepal width (cm)': 2.8, 'petal length (c
        m)': 4.7, 'petal width (cm)': 1.2}
        True Label: versicolor
        Predicted: versicolor
```

In []: