

Project Design Phase-II

Data Flow Diagram & User Stories

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| Date | 07-11-2025 |
| Team ID | NM2025TMID05731 |
| Project Name | Garage Management System |

Objective:

To streamline the operations of automotive repair facilities by managing customers, vehicles, job cards, billing, and inventory — ensuring smooth workflow and better customer satisfaction.

Data Flow Diagrams:

1. Level 0 (Context Diagram)

Shows the system as a single process interacting with external entities.

Entities & Data Flow:

- **Customer** → sends Vehicle Details, Service Request → Garage Management System
- **Garage Staff / Mechanic** ↔ Job Assignment, Service Updates ↔ Garage Management System
- **Admin** ↔ User Management, Reports ↔ Garage Management System
- **System** → sends Invoice, Status Updates, Notifications → Customer

2. Level 1 (Detailed System Processes)

Breaks down the system into functional components.

Main Processes

1. Customer Management

- Input: Customer Registration, Vehicle Info
- Output: Customer ID, Service History
- Data Store: Customer Database

2. Job Management

- Input: Service Request, Mechanic Assignment
- Output: Job Card, Work Status
- Data Store: Job Database

3. Inventory Management

- Input: Parts Used, Stock Updates
- Output: Inventory Report
- Data Store: Inventory Database

4. Billing System

- Input: Job Completion, Parts Used
- Output: Invoice, Payment Record
- Data Store: Billing Database

5. Report Generation

- Input: Service Records, Revenue Data
- Output: Daily/Monthly Reports for Admin

Level 2 (Example: Job Management Subsystem)

Processes

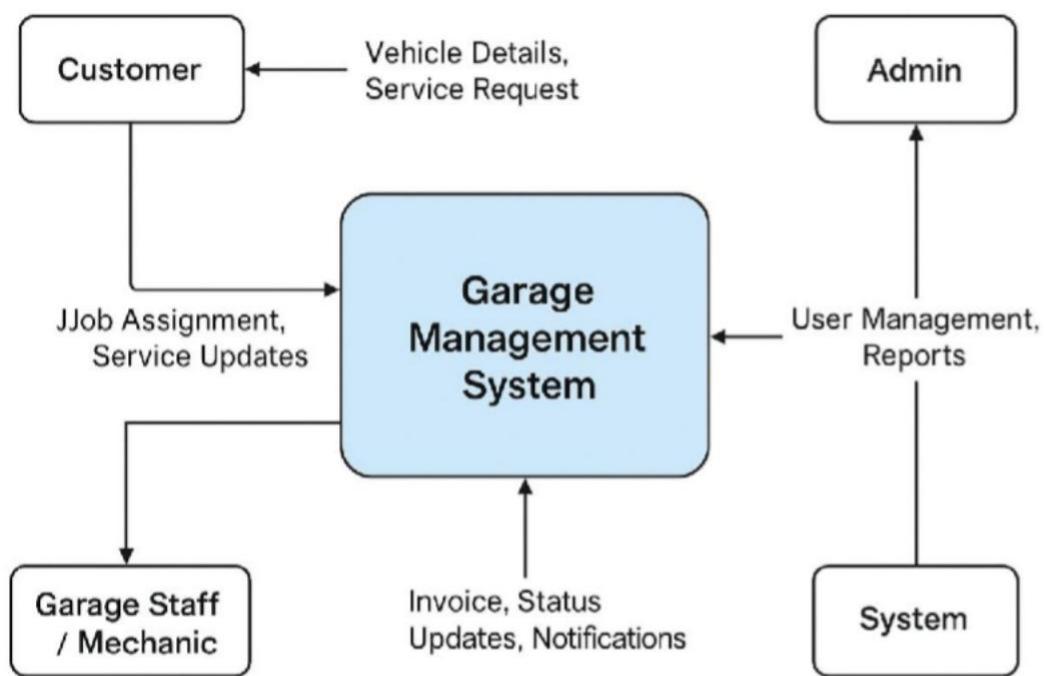
- 2.1 Create Job Card
- 2.2 Assign Mechanic
- 2.3 Update Job Progress
- 2.4 Close Job & Trigger Billing

Data Stores

- Customer Database
- Job Database
- Mechanic Database

Data Flow Example

Customer → *Service Request* → Create Job Card → Assign Mechanic →
Update Progress → Close Job → Generate Invoice



User Stories:

User Stories are short, simple descriptions of a feature or function written from the perspective of the end user or stakeholder. They are used mainly in Agile software development to capture requirements in a user-focused and goal-oriented way.

| Functional Requirement | User Type | User Story | Acceptance Criteria | Priority | Release Version |
|---------------------------------|-----------|--|---|----------|-----------------|
| Customer Registration and Login | Customer | As a customer, I want to register and log in to the system so that I can manage my vehicle services and view my service history. | User can successfully create an account, log in securely, and view their profile dashboard. | High | Release 1.0 |
| Job Assignment | Mechanic | As a mechanic, I want to view all assigned repair jobs so that I can | Assigned jobs displayed on mechanic's dashboard with | High | Release 1.1 |

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|--------------------------|--------------|--|--|--------|-------------|
| | | plan and complete tasks efficiently. | due date and vehicle details. | | |
| Customer Data Management | Receptionist | As a receptionist, I want to edit or update customer and vehicle information so that records remain accurate | Changes reflected in the central database immediately. | Medium | Release 1.1 |
| Inventory Management | Admin | As an admin, I want to manage spare parts stock so that services are not delayed due to unavailability. | Stock updates automatically when parts are used; low-stock alerts displayed. | High | Release 1.2 |

Conclusion:

The Data Flow Diagrams (DFDs) and User Stories phase of the Garage Management System (GMS) provided a clear and structured understanding of how data moves within the system and how different users interact with it. Through the DFDs, the system's workflow — from customer service requests to job processing, billing, and reporting — was effectively visualized, ensuring that all modules and data exchanges are logically connected and efficient.