# BINF 8211/6211 Design and Implementation of Bioinformatics Databases Lecture #24

Dr. D. Andrew Carr Dept. Bioinformatics and Genomics UNCC Spring 2016

#### **Presentation Dates**

#### April 19<sup>th</sup>

- 8, Danny Freese
- April 21th
  - 1, Carrie Barlow ??
  - 6, Matthew Deitz
  - 3, Shelvasha Burkes
- April 26th
  - 14 Seyed Nader Nazami
  - 4, John Cashere
  - 9, Samantha Kaiser
  - 5, Molly Crowder

- April 28<sup>th</sup>
  - 13, Sasan Najar
  - 16, Aarthi Sriram
  - 18, Lei Xu
  - 10, Amoolya Maddali
  - 17, Aneeta Uppal
- May 3<sup>rd</sup>
  - 11, Shelby Matlock
  - 15, Tyler Robbins
  - 7, Heena Desai
  - 2, Brandon Burciaga

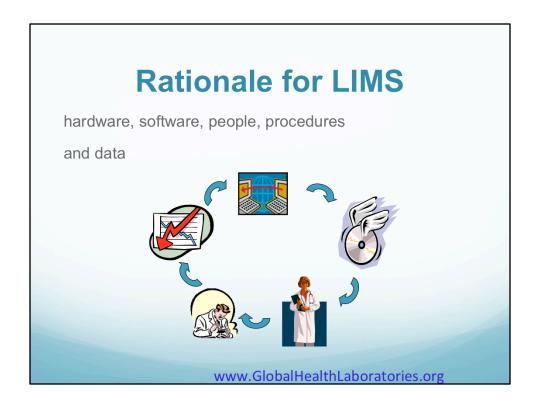
## LIMS

- What does LIMS stand for?
- What is the difference between a LIMS and a LIS?
- What is the most common DBMS type used for development of LIMS and LIS systems?
  - Why?
- What are the most common challenges in development and design of a LIMS system?

#### What is a LIMS?

- Laboratory Information Management System
  - Computerized information tracking
  - Manages lab data from sample log-in to reporting
  - Interfaces with analytical instruments
  - Sorts and organizes data into various report formats
  - Stores data for future reference and use
  - LIS
  - Laboratory Information System
    - Biomedical

LIMS is an abbreviation for Laboratory Information Management System, which is a computer based solution providing, streamlined workflow automation and management in the laboratory.



One fundamental aim if LIMS is the integration of many different sub-processes, bringing together and consolidating the efforts of potentially many individuals and consequently speeding up the whole process.

The pen-ultimate challenge is integration of all of these components. The ultimate challenge is keeping the system flexible and forward capable.

#### Regulatory Requirements

- ISO 9000
  - Management must define, implement, communicate and maintain quality objectives and assign personnel at all levels of the organization to be responsible for verifying the company's quality system
  - Primarily effect manufacturing laboratories
- ISO 25
  - Establishes labs technical competence
- GALP (Good Automated Laboratory Practices)
  - Union of federal regulations, policies, and guidance documents establishing a uniform set of procedures to ensure the reliability and credibility of laboratory data (EPA)
- 21 CFR 11 (1997)
  - Electronic signatures, Electronic records

Lindy A. Brigham

PLP595D - LIMS 6

## Rubric for Presentations

- Was the topic "scientifically" interesting?
- Is the ER diagram clear?
  - Is it normalized properly? If not point out the which component needs to be fixed.
- Was the system able to handle an additional query?
- What other questions could be asked of the system?