

Intro to Quantitative Literacy

QL 1.1

Course Learning Outcomes



By the end of this course, you should be able to...

- 1. Develop capacities of quantitative reasoning to interpret, analyze, apply, and explain data (information) presented in mathematical forms.
- 2. Recognize and evaluate assumptions in estimation, modeling, and data analysis.
- 3. Calculate mathematical problems and communicate quantitative evidence in support of an argument.
- 4. Apply quantitative reasoning skills using data analysis, probability, and statistics through examples related to current world debates, inquiries, and problems.
- 5. Gain and act with confidence to work through problems using quantitative reasoning.

Course Learning Outcomes



By the end of this course, you should be able to...

- 1. Spot and sidestep bullshit
- 2. Fine-tune your BS detector
- 3. Argue against anti-vaxxers with powerful mathematical tools
- 4. So many other things!

Learning Outcomes



By the end of today, you should be able to...

- 1. Install Anaconda and Jupyter Notebook for use in this class
- 2. Familiarize yourself with Jupyter Notebook and how to use it
- 3. Manipulate some data using Python and Pandas' functions



Intro to QL





Download and explore this Titanic dataset:

make.sc/ql-titanic

Variables description

- Review the dataset on your own and get familiar with it.
- In groups of 3, discuss what type of information we can obtain from this dataset. Come up with 3-5 questions.
 Share them in the jam board.



Installing DS tools:

- Anaconda
 - Jupyter notebook
 - Pandas



Install Anaconda

20 Mins

Please follow this tutorial to install Anaconda on your computer:

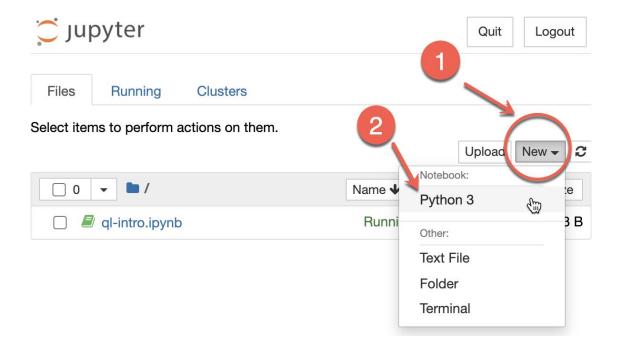
- Installing Anaconda on Mac
 OS X
- 2. Now you should be able to run
 - > mkdir ~/ql
 - > cd ~/ql
 - > jupyter notebook

Setup



Once you navigate to localhost:8888, you would see something similar to this.

Create a new python 3 notebook:



Teacher Demo (10 mins)



- 1. Run some python code in a jupyter notebook.
- 2. Explain toolbar items.
- 3. Flow of execution is not always from top to bottom!
- 4. Add markdown.
- 5. Tell them important key shortcuts:
 - a. To run the current cell → control + return
 - b. To add a new cell below → press b
 - c. To delete the selected cell → press d



Exploring Jupyter Notebook



Adding Python Code

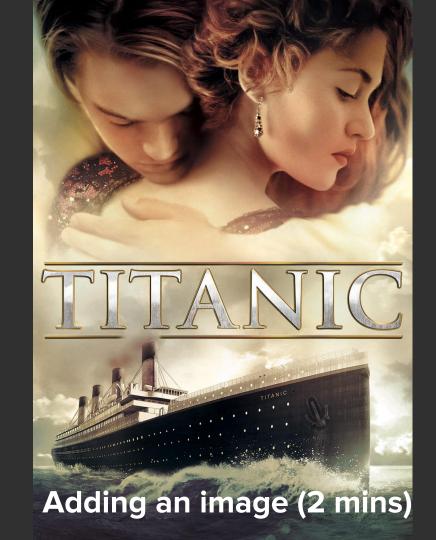
5 mins

 Write down a sum function in your new Jupyter Notebook:

```
def sum_f(a,b):
    return a + b
print(sum_f(2,3))
```

Now, run the code and see your output

- 2. Create a new cell above your code cell that you just wrote.
- 3. Write a description of your function in markdown text in this new cell (e.g. Returns the sum of two numbers a and b.)





Add an image into your notebook. You need to link it just like you would in HTML:

or

![bla-bla](my-image)

Note: Don't forget to set it as markdown. Otherwise, you get an error!





Use some Data!



10 mins

Titanic - Average Passenger Age

```
# Starter code:
import pandas as pd

# read in the CSV
df = pd.read_csv('path/to/titanic.csv')
# create a list of Age values,
# not including N/A values
ls_age = df['Age'].dropna()
```

What was the average age of passengers on the Titanic?

We'll use <u>Pandas</u> to help us read in the <u>titanic CSV</u>, then we'll create a list of ages. From there, you will need to find the average value of those ages.



10 mins

Titanic - Gender Percentage

```
# Starter code:
import pandas as pd

# read in the CSV
df = pd.read_csv('path/to/titanic.csv')
# create a list of gender values
ls_gender = df['Sex']
```

What percentage of passengers on the Titanic were female?

Note: assume the values in the list are either the strings 'male' or 'female'.

Further studies



- 1. <u>Intro to Jupyter notebook</u>
- 2. <u>10 mins to Pandas</u>

3.

The End



References



- 1. https://fanart.tv/fanart/movies/597/movieposter/titanic-540df993e8052.jpg
- 2. https://fanart.tv/movie/597/titanic/
- 3. https://www.kaggle.com/rebordao/sinking-of-the-titanic-from-data-to-insights

4.