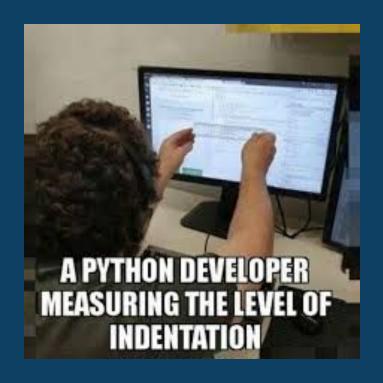


# Refactoring Composing Functions (2)

SPD 2.31







#### Warm Up

10 mins

## Work on the following exercise in small groups:

 Exercise 11: 'Introducing Explaining Variable' Technique

#### **Learning Outcomes**



By the end of today, you should be able to...

- Compare and contrast different refactoring techniques for composing functions
- 2. Identify code smells and apply refactoring techniques to improve code quality.



### **Split Temporary Variable**

#### **Split Temp Variable**



What can be confusing for the reader of this code?

```
# Adapted from a Java code in the "Refactoring" book by Martin Fowler.
# split temporary variable
width = 5
height = 10
temp = 2 * (height + width)
print(temp)
temp = height * width
print(temp)
```

#### **Split Temp Variable (Refactored)**



We split the 'temp' into two variables with meaningful names

```
# Adapted from a Java code in the "Refactoring" book by Martin Fowler.
# Refactored.
width = 5
height = 10
perimeter = 2 * (height + width)
print(perimeter)
area = height * width
print(area)
```

#### **Split Temporary Variable**



You have a temporary variable used for two different purposes → very confusing for the reader.

Remedy: Make a separate temporary variable for each purpose.



# Split Temporary Variable

15 min

## Work on the following exercises in small groups:

- Exercise 7: 'Split
   Temporary Variable'

   Technique
- Exercise 10: 'Split
   Temporary Variable'

   Technique



# Remove Function Parameter Assignments

#### Remove Assignment to function Parameter



```
'ORIGINAL: Remove assignment to function parameter."""
MAX_TEMPERATURE = 110 # [C]
MAX_PRESSURE = 15 # [PSI]
def cook(temperature, pressure):
   # Safety check
   if temperature > MAX_TEMPERATURE:
       temperature = MAX_TEMPERATURE | Assignment to function parameters
   if pressure > MAX_PRESSURE: # [psi]
       pressure = MAX_PRESSURE
   set_heater(temperature)
   pressure_regulator(pressure)
   log('pressure sensor reading:', pressure)
   log('temperature sensor reading:', temperature)
```

#### Remove Assignment to Parameter (refactored)



```
"""REFACTORED: Remove assignment to function parameter."""
MAX TEMPERATURE = 110 # [C]
MAX_PRESSURE = 15 # [PSI]
def cook(temperature, pressure):
   if temperature > MAX_TEMPERATURE:
       adjusted_temperature = MAX_TEMPERATURE # removed assignment to the
                                              # function parameter. Instead used
                                              # a new var.
   if pressure > MAX_PRESSURE: # [psi]
       adjusted_pressure = MAX_PRESSURE # removed assignment to the function,
                                        # parameter. Instead used a new var
   set_heater(adjusted_temperature)
   pressure_regulator(adjusted_pressure)
   # Several months pass and another developer comes here to add a logging
   # feature. She writes the following code. Now (after refactoring), we can
   # say this code is right because it captures the real sensor values
   # instead of the adjusted values.
   log('pressure sensor reading:', pressure)
   log('temperature sensor reading:', temperature)
```

#### When to Remove Function Parameter Assignments



IF: A function parameter has been assigned a value

**THEN**: Use a temporary variable instead!

#### Why is assigning to a parameter a bad practice?

Programmers expect a function's parameters to contain the original data as passed by the function's caller — **without modification**.

Re-assigning values to function parameters breaks this promise.



# Remove Function Parameter Assignments

5 min

## Work on the following exercise in small groups:

Exercise 8: 'Remove
 Assignment to Function
 Parameter' Technique



# Break for 10 mins

Get up, stretch, get some water, and relax your mind.





#### **Rename Function**

#### **Rename Function**



```
"""Adapted from a Java code in the "Refactoring" book by Martin Fowler."""
def get_telephone_number():
   return office_area_code + "-" + office_number
```

#### **Rename Function**



```
"""Adapted from a Java code in the "Refactoring" book by Martin Fowler.""".
def get_office_telephone_number():
   return office_area_code + "-" + office_number
```

#### When to Rename a Function



**IF**: The name of a function does not reveal its purpose

**THEN**: Change the name of the function!



# Solve <u>Exercise 9: 'Rename Function'</u> <u>Technique</u>

#### Rename Function

10 min

#### References and Further Study



- "Refactoring: Improving the Design of Existing Code" (1st edition) by
   Martin Fowler
- 2. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Code\_refactoring