

Agenda



Sentiment Analysis What & Why



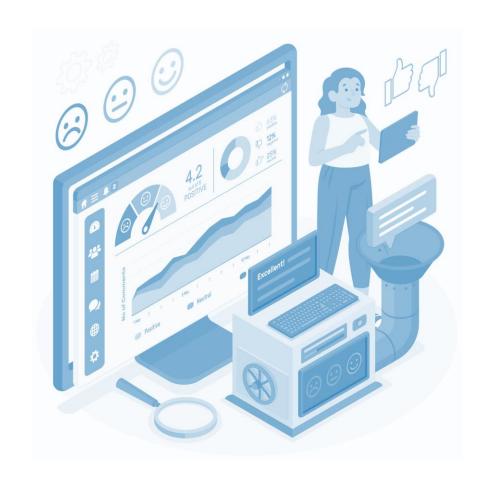
RNN

Definition & General Use Cases



Code Example

More Understanding via Python Code Example



Sentiment Analysis



What is sentiment Analysis?

Sentiment analysis is an application of natural language processing (NLP) technologies that train computer software to understand text in ways like humans which is used to **determine** whether is positive, negative or Neutral

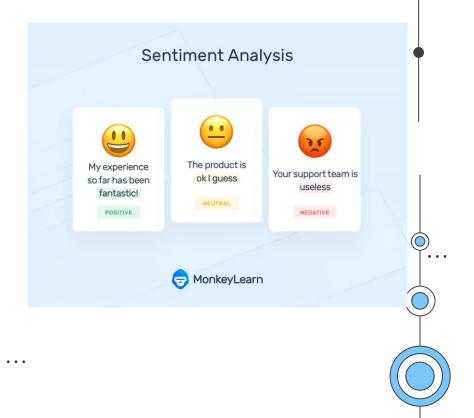


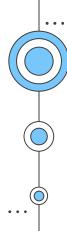


Why is Sentiment Analysis important?

Sentiment analysis, also known as opinion mining, is an important business intelligence tool that **helps companies improve their products and services**. We give some benefits of sentiment analysis below

- Provide objective insights
- Build better products and service
- Analyze at scale
- real-time result





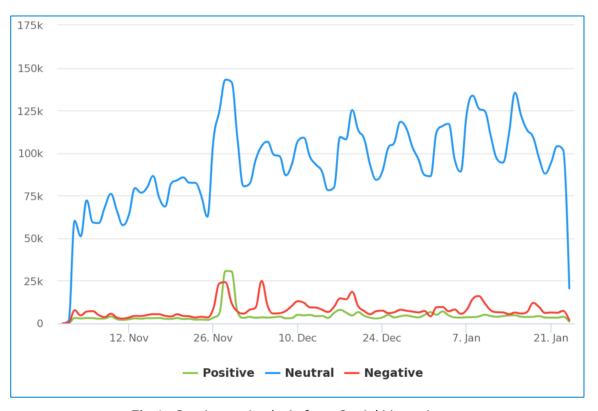


Fig 1: Sentiment Analysis from Social Listerning

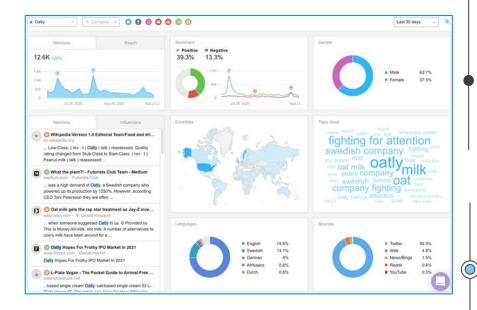




Use cases

Business use sentiment analysis to derive intelligence and form actionable plans in different area

- improve customer service
- Brand Monitoring
- Market Research
- Track campaign performance







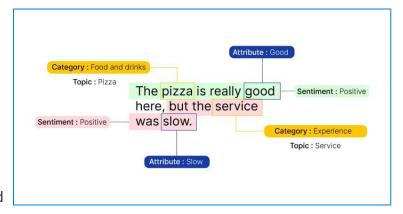
How does it work?

The analysis typically goes through several stages before providing the final result.

1. Preprocessing

During the preprocessing stage, sentiment analysis identifies key words to highlight the core message of the text

- **Tokenization** breaks a sentence into several elements or tokens.
- **Lemmatization** converts words into their root form. For example, the root form of *am* is *be*.
- **Stop-word removal** filters out words that don't add meaningful value to the sentence. For example, *with*, *for*, *at*, and *of* are stop words.



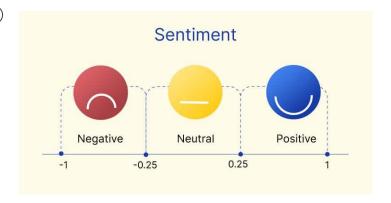
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How does it work?

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2. Keyword Analysis

NLP technologies further analyze the **extracted keywords and give them a sentiment score**. A sentiment score is a measurement scale that indicates the emotional element in the sentiment analysis system. It provides a relative perception of the emotion expressed in text for analytical purposes.

For example, researchers use 10 to represent satisfaction and 0 for disappointment when analyzing customer reviews.



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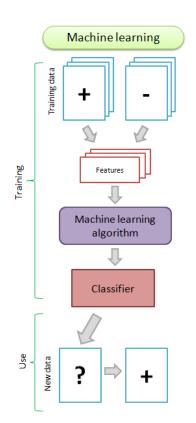
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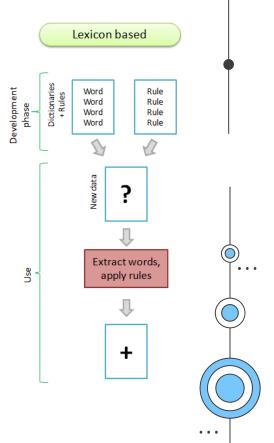


Approaches to Sentiment Analysis

There are **3 main approaches** used by sentiment analysis software

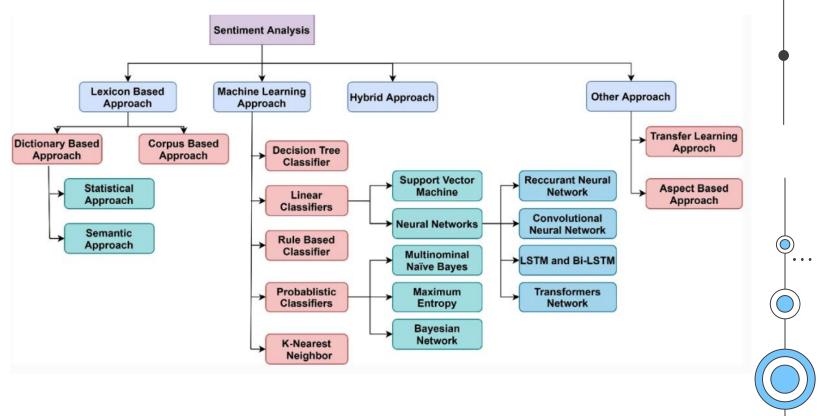
- Rule based analysis (Lexicon-based)
- 2. Automated / ML
- 3. Hybrid







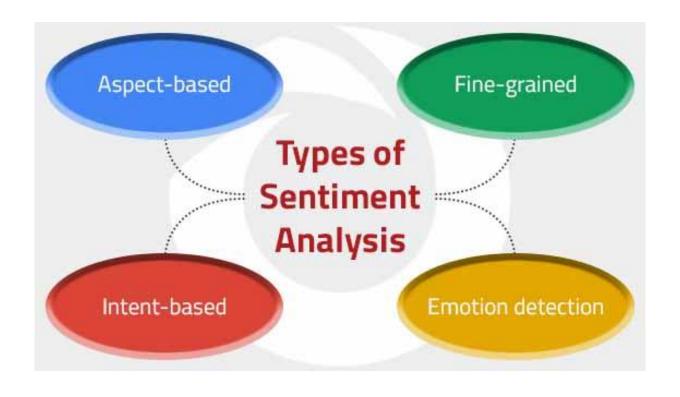
Approaches to Sentiment Analysis



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Type of Sentiment Analysis





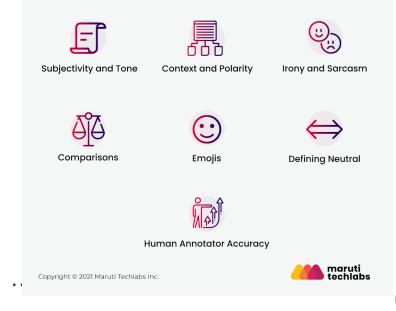
Challenges in Sentiment Analysis



Despite advancements in natural language processing (NLP) technologies, understanding human language is challenging for machines. They may misinterpret finer nuances of human communication such as those given below.

- Irony & Sarcasm
- Negation
- Multipolarity

Challenges Faced During Sentiment Analysis

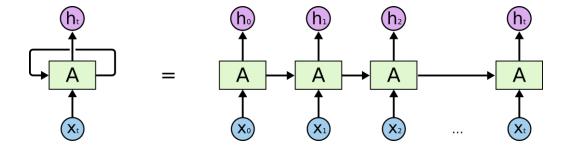


Recurrent Neural Network

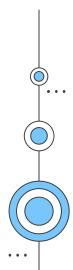


What is Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)?

A recurrent neural network (RNN) is a type of artificial neural network which uses sequential data or time series data. These deep learning algorithms are commonly used for ordinal or temporal problems, such as language translation, natural language processing (nlp), speech recognition, and image captioning; they are incorporated into popular applications such as Siri, voice search, and Google Translate.

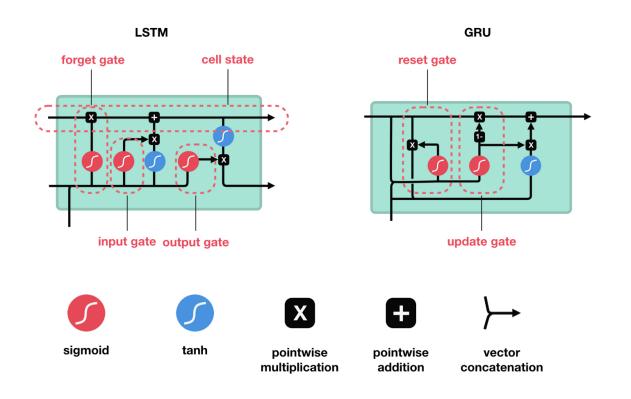


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What is GRU?



Python Code Example

