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Ch pter I

Instructions

Only this page will serve as reference: do not trust rumors.

Watch out! This document could potentially change before submission.

Make sure you have the appropriate permissions on your files and directories.

You have to follow the submission procedures for all your exercises.

Your exercises will be checked and graded by your fellow classmates.

On top of that, your exercises will be checked and graded by a program called Moulinette.

Moulinette is very meticulous and strict in its evaluation of your work. It is entirely automated and there is no way to negotiate with it. So if you want to avoid bad surprises, be as thorough as possible.

Moulinette is not very open-minded. It won't try and understand your code if it doesn't respect the Norm. Moulinette relies on a program called norminette to check if your files respect the norm. TL;DR: it would be idiotic to submit a piece of work that doesn't pass norminette's check.

These exercises are carefully laid out by order of difficulty - from easiest to hardest. We will not take into account a successfully completed harder exercise if an easier one is not perfectly functional.

Using a forbidden function is considered cheating. Cheaters get -42, and this grade is non-negotiable.

You'll only have to submit a main() function if we ask for a program.

Moulinette compiles with these flags: -Wall -Wextra -Werror, and uses gcc.

If your program doesn't compile, you'll get 0.

You $\underline{\operatorname{cannot}}$ leave $\underline{\operatorname{any}}$ additional file in your directory than those specified in the subject.

Got a question? sk your peer on the right. Otherwise, try your peer on the left.

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Your reference guide is called Google / man / the Internet /

Check out the "C Piscine" part of the forum on the intranet, or the slack Piscine.

Examine the examples thoroughly. They could very well call for details that are not explicitly mentioned in the subject...

By Odin, by Thor! Use your brain!!!

Ch pter II

Foreword

Here's a little story:

(1982, California) Larry Walters of Los ngeles is one of the few to contend for the Darwin wards and live to tell the tale. "I have fulfilled my 20-year dream," said Walters, a former truck driver for a company that makes TV commercials. "I'm staying on the ground. I've proved the thing works."

Larry's boyhood dream was to fly. But fates conspired to keep him from his dream. He joined the ir Force, but his poor eyesight disqualified him from the job of pilot. fter he was discharged from the military, he sat in his backyard watching jets fly overhead.

He hatched his weather balloon scheme while sitting outside in his "extremely comfortable" Sears lawnchair. He purchased 45 weather balloons from an rmy-Navy surplus store, tied them to his tethered lawnchair (dubbed the Inspiration I) and filled the four-foot diameter balloons with helium. Then, armed with some sandwiches, Miller Lite, and a pellet gun, he strapped himself into his lawnchair. He figured he would shoot to pop a few of the many balloons when it was time to descend.

Larry planned to sever the anchor and lazily float to a height of about 30 feet above the backyard, where he would enjoy a few hours of flight before coming back down. But things didn't work out quite as Larry planned.

When his friends cut the cord anchoring the lawnchair to his Jeep, he did not float lazily up to 30 feet. Instead he streaked into the L sky as if shot from a cannon, pulled by the lift of 45 helium balloons, holding 33 cubic feet of helium each.

He didn't level off at 100 feet, nor did he level off at 1000 feet. fter climbing and climbing, he leveled off at 16,000 feet.

t that height he felt he couldn't risk shooting any of the balloons, lest he unbalance the load and really find himself in trouble. So he stayed there, drifting cold and frightened with his beer and sandwiches, for more than 14 hours. He crossed the primary approach corridor of L X, where startled Trans World irlines and Delta irlines pilots radioed in reports

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of the strange sight.

Eventually he gathered the nerve to shoot a few balloons, and slowly descended. The hanging tethers tangled and caught in a power line, blacking out a Long Beach neighborhood for 20 minutes. Larry climbed to safety, where he was arrested by waiting members of the L PD. s he was led away in handcuffs, a reporter dispatched to cover the daring rescue asked him why he had done it. Larry replied nonchalantly, " man can't just sit around."

The Federal viation dministration was not amused. Safety Inspector Neal Savoy said, "We know he broke some part of the Federal viation ct, and as soon as we decide which part it is, a charge will be filed."

The moral of this story is Larry Walters should have stay on his chair and learn C....

Ch pter III

Exercise 00: ft_fore ch

| | Exercise 00 | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| | ft_foreach | |
| Turn-in directory : ex | 00 | |
| Files to turn in : ft_fore ch.c | | |
| llowed functions : No | one | |

Create the function ft_foreach which, for a given ints array, applies a function on all elements of the array. This function will be applied following the array's order.

Here's how the function should be prototyped :

```
void ft_fore ch(int *t b, int length, void(*f)(int));
```

For example, the function ${\tt ft_foreach}$ could be called as follows in order to display all ints of the array :

```
ft_fore ch(t b, 1337, &ft_putnbr);
```

Ch pter IV

Exercise 01: ft_m p

| 2 | Exercise 01 | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--|
| | ${\rm ft_map}$ | |
| Turn-in directory : e | ex01 | |
| Files to turn in: ft | _m p.c | |
| llowed functions: | m lloc | |

Create the function ft_map which, for a given ints array, applies a function on all elements of the array (in order) and returns a array of all the return values.

This function will be applied following the array's order.

Here's how the function should be prototyped :

int *ft_m p(int *t b, int length, int(*f)(int));

Ch pter V

Exercise 02: ft_ ny

| 2 | Exercise 02 | |
|------------------------|-------------|--|
| / | ft_any | |
| Turn-in directory : ex | 02 | |
| Files to turn in : ft_ | ny.c | |
| llowed functions : No | one | |

Create a function ft_any which will return 1 if, passed to the function f, at least one element of the array returns something else than 0. Else, it should return 0.

This function will be applied following the array's order.

Here's how the function should be prototyped:

int ft_ ny(ch r **t b, int(*f)(ch r*));

The array will be delimited with a null pointer.

Ch pter VI

Exercise 03: ft_count_if

| Exercise 03 | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| ft_count_if | |
| Turn-in directory: ex03 | |
| Files to turn in : ft_count_if.c | |
| llowed functions : None | |

Create a function ft_count_if which will return the number of elements of the array that return does not return 0 when passed to the function f.

This function will be applied following the array's order.

Here's how the function should be prototyped:

int ft_count_if(ch r **t b, int length, int(*f)(ch r*));

Ch pter VII

Exercise 04: ft_is_sort

| | Exercise 04 | |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--|
| / | ft_is_sort | |
| Turn-in directory: ex04 | | |
| Files to turn in : ft_is_sort.c | | |
| llowed functions : None | | |

Create a function ft_is_sort which returns 1 if the array is sorted and 0 if it isn't.

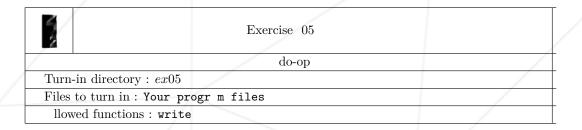
The function given as argument should return a negative integer if the first argument is lower than the second, 0 if they're equal or a positive integer for anything else.

Here's how the function should be prototyped :

```
int ft_is_sort(int *t b, int length, int(*f)(int, int));
```

Ch pter VIII

Exercise 05: do-op



Create a program called do-op.

The progam will be executed with three arguments: $do-op\ value1$ operateur value2

Example:

```
$>./do-op 42 "+" 21
63
$>
```

You should use an array of pointers to function to take care of the operator.

In case of an invalid operator your program should print 0.

If the number of arguments is invalid, do-op doesn't display anything.

Your program should accept and print the result for the following operators: '+' '-' '', '*' and '%'

Your program should treat value as int.

In case of a division by 0, it should print:

```
Stop : division by zero
```

In case of a modulo by 0, it should print:

```
Stop : modulo by zero
```

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Here's an example of tests the Moulinette will run :

```
$> m ke cle n
$> m ke
$> ./do-op
$> ./do-op 1 + 1
2
$> ./do-op 42 mis - --+-20toto12
62
$> ./do-op 1 p 1
0
$> ./do-op 1 + toto3
1
$>
$> ./do-op toto3 + 4
4
$> ./do-op foo plus b r
0
$> ./do-op 25 / 0
Stop : division by zero
$> ./do-op 25 % 0
Stop : modulo by zero
$>
```

Ch pter IX

Exercise 06 : ft_sort_string_t b

| | Exercise 06 | |
|------------------------|--------------------|---|
| / | ft_sort_string_tab | / |
| Turn-in directory : ea | c06 | |
| Files to turn in : ft_ | sort_string_t b.c | |
| llowed functions : N | one | |

Create the function ft_sort_string_tab, by ascii order the strings in tab.

tab will be null terminated

The sorting will be performed by exchanging the array's pointers.

Here's how it should be prototyped:

void ft_sort_string_t b(ch r **t b);

Ch pter X

Exercise 07:

ft__ dv nced_sort_string_t b



Exercise 07

ft_advanced_sort_string_tab

Turn-in directory: ex07

Files to turn in : ft_ dv nced_sort_string_t b.c

llowed functions: None

Create the function ft_advanced_sort_string_tab which sorts, depending on the return of the function given as argument

The sorting will be performed by exchanging the array's pointers.

tab will be null terminated

Here's how it should be prototyped:

void ft_ dv nced_sort_string_t b(ch r **t b, int(*cmp)(ch r *, ch r *));



C lling ft_ dv nced_sort_string_t b() with ft_strcmp s second rgument will return the s me result s ft_sort_string_t b().