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STAT632 HW#1

• Concept Questions

① (a) $\hat{y}_i = b_0 + b_1 x_i$ = equation for best-fitting line or the least squares regression line.

so, $\hat{y} = -1.11 + 2.26x$

(b)

$$H_0: \beta_1 = 0$$

$$H_A: \beta_1 \neq 0$$

Based on the p-value (df: $50 - 1 = 49$) of the intercept ($p = .0103$), we reject the H_0 at $\alpha = .05$

(c) p-value for the intercept, where $df = n - 1$ ($50 - 1 = 49$)
 $= .0103$

(d) $t = \frac{2.2606}{0.0981} \approx 23.04$

(e) The 95% confidence interval for β_1 :

$$[\hat{\beta}_1 \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-2} SE]$$

$$= [2.2606 \pm (2 \cdot .0106)(.0981)]$$

$$= 2.2606 \pm .1972$$

$$= (2.0634, 2.4578)$$

$$(a) \hat{\beta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}$$

$$\hat{y}_i = \hat{\beta} x_i$$

$$\hookrightarrow y_i = \beta x_i + e_i, \text{ where } \text{RSS} = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{\beta} x_i)^2$$

Set partial derivative to 0:

$$\frac{d}{d\beta} \text{RSS} = -2 \sum_{i=1}^n x_i (y_i - \hat{\beta} x_i) = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i - \hat{\beta} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 = 0$$

$$\hat{\beta} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}$$

$$(b) E(\hat{\beta}) = \beta$$

$$\hookrightarrow E(\hat{\beta} | x) = E\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}\right) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i E(y_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} = \beta \cdot \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2} = \beta$$

$$(c) \text{Var}(\hat{\beta})$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Var}(\hat{\beta} | x) = \text{Var}\left(\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}\right) = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \sigma^2}{\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2\right)^2} = \frac{\sigma^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2}$$