

Rajalakshmi Engineering College

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NeoColab_REC_CS23221_Python Programming

REC_Python_Week 6_MCQ

Attempt : 1
Total Mark : 20
Marks Obtained : 17

Section 1 : MCQ

1. Fill in the blanks in the following code of writing data in binary files.

```
import _____ (1)
rec=[]
while True:
    rn=int(input("Enter"))
    nm=input("Enter")
    temp=[rn, nm]
    rec.append(temp)
    ch=input("Enter choice (y/N)")
    if ch.upper=="N":
        break
f.open("stud.dat", "_____")(2)
_____.dump(rec,f)(3)
_____.close()(4)
```

Answer

(pickle,wb,pickle,f)

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

2. How do you create a user-defined exception in Python?

Answer

By creating a new class that inherits from the Exception class

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

3. Match the following:

- a) f.seek(5,1) i) Move file pointer five characters behind from the current position
- b) f.seek(-5,1) ii) Move file pointer to the end of a file
- c) f.seek(0,2) iii) Move file pointer five characters ahead from the current position
- d) f.seek(0) iv) Move file pointer to the beginning of a file

Answer

a-iii, b-i, c-ii, d-iv

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

4. Which of the following is true about the finally block in Python?

Answer

The finally block is always executed, regardless of whether an exception occurs or not

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. What is the purpose of the except clause in Python?

Answer

To handle exceptions during code execution

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

6. What happens if no arguments are passed to the seek function?

Answer

error

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

7. What happens if an exception is not caught in the except clause?

Answer

The program will display a traceback error and stop execution

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

8. Which of the following is true about
fp.seek(10,1)

Answer

Move file pointer ten characters ahead from the current position

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

9. What is the difference between r+ and w+ modes?

Answer

in r+ the pointer is initially placed at the beginning of the file and the pointer is at the end for w+

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

10. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
f = None
for i in range (5):
    with open("data.txt", "w") as f:
        if i > 2:
            break
print(f.closed)
```

Answer

True

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

11. What is the default value of reference_point in the following code?

```
file_object.seek(offset [,reference_point])
```

Answer

0

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

12. What will be the output of the following Python code?

```
# Predefined lines to simulate the file content
lines = [
    "This is 1st line",
    "This is 2nd line",
    "This is 3rd line",
    "This is 4th line",
    "This is 5th line"
]
```

```
print("Name of the file: foo.txt")
```

```
# Print the first 5 lines from the predefined list
for index in range(5):
```

```
line = lines[index]
print("Line No %d - %s" % (index + 1, line.strip()))
```

Answer

Syntax Error

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

13. Fill in the code in order to get the following output:

Output:

Name of the file: ex.txt

```
fo = open(_____(1), "wb")
print("Name of the file:",_____(2))
```

Answer

1) "ex.txt"2) fo.name()

Status : Wrong

Marks : 0/1

14. Which clause is used to clean up resources, such as closing files in Python?

Answer

finally

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

15. Fill the code to in order to read file from the current position.

Assuming exp.txt file has following 3 lines, consider current file position is beginning of 2nd line

Meri,25

John,21

Raj,20

Ouput:

```
['John,21\n','Raj,20\n']
```

```
f = open("exp.txt", "w+")  
_____(1)  
print _____(2)
```

Answer

```
1) f.seek(0, 1) 2) f.readlines()
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

16. What is the output of the following code?

```
try:  
    x = 1 / 0  
except ZeroDivisionError:  
    print("Caught division by zero error")  
finally:  
    print("Executed")
```

Answer

```
Caught division by zero error  
Executed
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

17. What is the output of the following code?

```
try:  
    x = "hello" + 5  
except TypeError:  
    print("Type Error occurred")  
finally:  
    print("This will always execute")
```

Answer

```
Type Error occurred  
This will always execute
```

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

18. What is the correct way to raise an exception in Python?

Answer

raise Exception()

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

19. How do you rename a file?

Answer

os.rename(existing_name, new_name)

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

20. What is the output of the following code?

```
class MyError(Exception):  
    pass
```

```
try:  
    raise MyError("Something went wrong")  
except MyError as e:  
    print(e)
```

Answer

Something went wrong

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1