

# ① 10 Examples of subquery

Ex: Employee table

Emp-id	Emp-name	Job-name	manager-id mgr-id	Salary	hire-date	commission	dep-id
150	Sarah	Consultant	1	70000	05/04/2019	0.00	100
242	Raakhi	Programmer	2	50000	11/05/2020	0.00	200
315	Satya	Developer	3	40000	14/03/2012	0.00	300
420	Tara	Analyst	4	30000	08/12/2020	0.00	400
530	Mani	Tester	5	50000	19/08/2021	0.00	500

① Query to display name for those employees who gets more salary than the employee whose id is 530.

Select emp-name from Employee whose salary >  
(select salary from employee  
where Emp-id = 530);

O/P:-

Emp-name
Sarah
Raakhi
Satya

2) Find all Employees whose salaries are greater than the average salary of all employees.

Select Emp-id, Emp-name, Salary from Employee  
where salary > (select Avg(salary) from  
Employee);



①

## ① 10 Examples of subquery

Ex. Employee table

Emp-id	Emp-name	Job-name	manager-id	Salary	hire-date	commission	dep-id
150	Sarah	consultant	1	70000	05/04/2019	0.00	100
242	Raakhi	Programmer	2	50000	11/05/2020	0.00	200
315	Satya	Developer	3	40000	14/03/2012	0.00	300
420	Tara	Analyst	4	30000	08/12/2020	0.00	400
530	mani	Tester	5	38000	19/08/2021	0.00	500

① Query to display name for those employees who gets more salary than the employee whose id is 530.

Select emp-name from Employee whose salary > (select salary from employee where Emp-id = 530);

o/p:-

Emp-name
Sarah
Raakhi
Satya

2) Find all Employees whose salaries are greater than the average salary of all employees.

Select Emp-id, Emp-name, Salary from Employee where salary > (select Avg(salary) from Employee);

(2)

O/P

Emp-id	Emp-name	Salary
150	Sarah	7000
242	Raakhi	50000

3) Find all employee id, names, salary whose job name contains second letters as 'e'

Select Emp-id Emp-name, salary from employee  
where salary IN (select salary from employee  
whose job-name Like '\_e%');

O/P:

Emp-id	Empname	Salary
315	Satya	40000
530	Mani	38000

4) Find department id & salary for all employees between dept-id b/w 200 & 400

Select dep-id, salary from employee where dep-id  
(select dep-id from employee whose dep-id  
Between 200 and 400);

O/P.

Emp-name	Salary	dep-id
Raakhi	50000	200
Satyq	40000	300
Tara	30000	4000

5) find a query for each employee along with average salary for all employees.

Select Emp-id, Emp-name, salary  
(select avg(salary) from Employee) as  
avg-salary from Employee;

O/P:-

Emp-id	Emp-name	Salary	avg-salary
150	swrah	70000	42000
242	Raakhi	50000	43000
315	Satya	40000	43000
420	Tara	30000	43000
520	mani	80000	43000



② Employee table as emp

E-id emp

E-id	E-name	Dept	salary
1	Ram	HR	10000
2	Amrit	MRKT	20000
3	Ravi	Ravi	30000
4	Nithin	MRKT	40000
5	Varun	IT	50000

1) write a sql query to display maximum salary from emp table

select E-name from Employee where salary  
= (select max(salary) from emp);

O/P

<del>emp</del> -name
Varun

2) write a sql query to display second highest salary from emp-table?

~~select max(salary) from emp.~~

select max(salary) from emp where salary < >  
(select max(salary) from emp);

3) ~~was~~ write a sql query to display emp-name who is taking second highest salary?

Select emp-name from emp where salary =  
(select max(salary) from emp where salary  
<> (select max(salary) from emp));

O/p

emp-name
rima

4) write a query to display all the employees dept names along with no. of employee working?

Select dept, count(\*) from emp group by dept;

O/p.

dept	count(*)
hr	2
mkrt	2
IT	1

5) write a query to display all the dept-names where no. of emp are less than 2;

Select dept from emp group by dept having  
count(\*) < 2;

O/p

dept
IT

# SQL JOINS

## 1st Example of joins

Customer table

Cid	cname	cemail
1	Vinod	Vinod@gmail.com
2	bahadar	bahadur@gmail.com
3	thapa	thapa@gmail.com
5	thapatechnical	thapat@gmail.com

Orders table

oid	orderdate	oamount	cid
1	2019-05-05	55	1
2	2019-08-06	85	2
3	2019-08-05	155	1
4	2019-05-12	95	3

### 1) INNER JOIN:-

Select \* from customer <sup>Join</sup> orders  
 ON ~~where~~ customer.cid = orders.cid;  
~~order by orderdate;~~

Cid	cname	cemail	oid	orderdate	oamount	Cid
1	Vinod	Vinod@gmail.com	1	2019-05-05	55	1
2	bahadar	bahadur@gmail.com	2	2019-08-06	85	2
1	Vinod	Vinod@gmail.com	3	2019-08-05	155	1
3	thapa	thapa@gmail.com	4	2019-05-12	95	3



## LEFT JOIN

Select customer.cid, cname, oamount  
from customers  
LEFT JOIN orders  
ON customer.cid = orders.cid;

O/P:

cid	cname	oamount
1	Vinod	55
2	bahadur	85
1	Vinod	155
3	thapa	95
5	thapate	NULL

## RIGHT JOIN:

Select customer.cid, cname, oamount  
from customer  
RIGHT JOIN orders  
ON customer.cid = orders.cid;

O/P:

cid	cname	oamount
1	Vinod	55
2	Bahadur	85
1	Vinod	155
3	thapa	95



## 2nd Example of Joins

### 1) Customer table

ID	Name	Age	Address	Salary
1	Adil	30	London	5000
2	Ali	32	New York	2000
3	Bano	25	Sydney	6000
4	Aqsa	45	Paris	8000

### Order table

oid	Date	customerID	Amount
1	15-08-2009	3	3000
2	27-11-2010	3	7000
3	31-01-2012	2	6000
4	15-03-2016	4	9000

### 1) INNER JOIN

Select ID, Name, amount, Date  
from customers  
INNER JOIN orders ON  
customer.id = order.customerID;

O/P

ID	Name	Age	Address	Salary	ID	Name	Amount	Date
1	Adil	30	London	5000	1	Bano	3000	15-08-2009
2	Ali	32	New York	2000	2	Bano	7000	27-11-2010
3	Bano	25	Sydney	6000	3	Ali	6000	31-01-2012
4	Aqsa	45	Paris	8000	4	Aqsa	9000	15-03-2016

### 2) RIGHT JOIN

Select ID, name, amount, Date from customer  
RIGHT JOIN order on  
customer.id = order.customerID;

ID	Name	Amount	Date
1	Bano	3000	15-08-2009
2	Bano	7000	27-11-2010
3	Ali	6000	31-01-2012
4	Aqsa	9000	15-03-2016
5	NULL	2000	21-10-2018.

### 3) LEFT JOIN

Select ID, NAME, Amount, date  
from customer  
LEFT JOIN order ON  
customer.ID = order.customer.ID;

O/P.

ID	Name	Amount	Date
1	Adil	NULL	NULL
2	Bano	3000	15-08-2009
3	Bano	7000	27-11-2010
4	Ali	6000	31-01-2012
5	Aqsa	9000	15-03-2016

## FULL JOIN :-

Select ID, name, amount, date from  
customer  
~~for~~ full join orders ON  
customer.id = orders.customerID;

ID	Name	Amount	Date
1	Adul	NULL	NULL
2	Bano	3000	15-08-2019
3	Bano	7000	27-11-2010
4	Ali	6000	31-01-2012
5	Aqsa	9000	15-03-2016
6	NULL	2000	21-10-2018.