CSc 59929 Introduction to Machine Learning Assignments for Week 4 Due September 25 by midnight

• Compete the programming exercise described on the following charts.

- Up to this point we've been looking at only two features at a time. We've done this largely so that we can visualize the decision boundary. With only two features, the decision boundary is a line in the plane defined by the two features.
- The models we've looked at so far (Perceptron, Adaline, and Logistic Regression (which we're just in the middle of exploring) are applicable to any number of features.

• Note that, for the case with two features, the decision boundary that separates the two classes of samples is a line defined by the equation

$$w_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 = 0.$$

• In the case with *m* features, the decision boundary is a hyperplane defined by the equation

$$w_0 + w_1 x_1 + w_2 x_2 + \dots + w_m x_m = 0.$$

- Using the Iris dataset, pick two classes that are not linearly separable when you use only two features (e.g., Iris-setosa and Iris-versicolor when using petal length and sepal length).
- Train the Adaline learning model using the following
 - All six cases of using two features at a time.
 - All four cases of using three features at a time.
 - The one case of using all features at once.

- Summarize your results (i.e, what's the best accuracy you can obtain for each of the 11 cases you considered) in a table.
- Discuss your findings. Does using more dimensions help when trying to classify the data in this dataset?