Lab 2: RV64 内核线程调度

1 实验目的

- 了解线程概念, 并学习线程相关结构体, 并实现线程的初始化功能。
- 了解如何使用时钟中断来实现线程的调度。
- 了解线程切换原理,并实现线程的切换。
- 掌握简单的线程调度算法,并完成两种简单调度算法的实现。

2 实验环境

• Environment in previous labs

3 背景知识

3.0 前言

在 lab1 中, 我们利用 trap 赋予了 OS 与软件, 硬件的交互能力。但是目前我们的 OS 还不具备多进程调度以及并发执行的能力。在本次实验中, 我们将利用时钟中断, 来实现多进程的调度以使得多个进程/线程并发执行。

3.1 进程与线程

源代码 经编译器一系列处理(编译、链接、优化等)后得到的可执行文件,我们称之为程序 (Program)。而通俗地说,进程就是正在运行并使用计算机资源的程序。进程与程序的不同之处在于,进程是一个动态的概念,其不仅需要将其运行的程序的代码/数据等加载到内存空间中,还需要拥有自己的运行栈。同时一个进程可以对应一个或多个线程,线程之间往往具有相同的代码,共享一块内存,但是却有不同的CPU执行状态。

在本次实验中,为了简单起见,我们采用 single-threaded process 模型,即 一个进程对应 一个线程,进程与线程不做明显区分。

3.1 线程相关属性

在不同的操作系统中, 为每个线程所保存的信息都不同。在这里, 我们提供一种基础的实现, 每个线程会包括:

- 线程ID:用于唯一确认一个线程。
- 运行栈: 每个线程都必须有一个独立的运行栈, 保存运行时的数据。
- 执行上下文: 当线程不在执行状态时, 我们需要保存其上下文(其实就是 状态寄存器 的值), 这样之后才能够将其恢复, 继续运行。
- 运行时间片: 为每个线程分配的运行时间。
- 优先级: 在优先级相关调度时,配合调度算法,来选出下一个执行的线程。

3.2 线程切换流程图

```
Process 1 Operating System
                                    Process 2
                                              Χ
P1 executing |
                                              Χ
                                              Χ
          v Timer Interrupt Trap
           +---->
                                              Χ
                                              Χ
          Χ
                        do_timer()
                                              Χ
          Χ
                                              Χ
          Χ
                        schedule()
          Χ
                                             X
          Χ
                     save state to PCB1
          Χ
          Χ
                   restore state from PCB2
          Χ
                             Χ
                            v Timer Interrupt Ret
          Χ
          Χ
          Χ
          Χ
                                              | P2 executing
          Χ
                             Timer Interrupt Trap v
          X
                             <----+
          Χ
          Χ
                         do_timer()
          Χ
          X
          X
                         schedule()
          Χ
          Χ
                     save state to PCB2
          X
                   restore state from PCB1
          X
          Χ
            Timer Interrupt Ret v
           <----+
P1 executing |
```

- 在每次处理时钟中断时,操作系统首先会将当前线程的运行剩余时间减少一个单位。之后根据调度算法来确定是继续运行还是调度其他线程来执行。
- 在进程调度时,操作系统会遍历所有可运行的线程,按照一定的调度算法选出下一个执行的线程。最终将选择得到的线程与当前线程切换。
- 在切换的过程中,首先我们需要保存当前线程的执行上下文,再将将要执行线程的上下文载入到相关寄存器中,至此我们就完成了线程的调度与切换。

4 实验步骤

4.1 准备工程

- 此次实验基于 lab2 同学所实现的代码进行。
- 从 repo 同步以下代码: rand.h/rand.c, string.h/string.c, mm.h/mm.c。并按照以下步骤将这些文件正确放置。其中 mm.h/mm.c 提供了简单的物理内存管理接口, rand.h/rand.c 提供了rand()接口用以提供伪随机数序列, string.h/string.c提供了 memset 接口用以初始化一段内存空间。

```
.

├── arch

├── riscv

├── include

├── kernel

├── include

├── include

├── rand.h

├── string.h

├── rand.c

├── string.c
```

• 在 lab3 中我们需要一些物理内存管理的接口,在此我们提供了 kalloc 接口(见 mm.c)给同学。同学可以用 kalloc 来申请 4KB 的物理页。由于引入了简单的物理内存管理,需要在 _start 的适当位置调用 mm_init,来初始化内存管理系统,并且在初始化时需要用一些自定义的宏,需要修改 defs.h,在 defs.h 添加如下内容:

```
#define PHY_START 0x0000000080000000
#define PHY_SIZE 128 * 1024 * 1024 // 128MB, QEMU 默认内存大小
#define PHY_END (PHY_START + PHY_SIZE)

#define PGSIZE 0x1000 // 4KB
#define PGROUNDUP(addr) ((addr + PGSIZE - 1) & (~(PGSIZE - 1)))
#define PGROUNDDOWN(addr) (addr & (~(PGSIZE - 1)))
```

- 请在添加/修改上述文件代码之后,确保工程可以正常运行,之后再开始实现 [1ab3] (有可能需要同学自己调整一些头文件的引入)。
- 在 lab3 中需要同学需要添加并修改 arch/riscv/include/proc.h arch/riscv/kernel/proc.c 两个文件。
- 本次实验需要实现两种不同的调度算法,如何控制代码逻辑见 4.4

4.2 proc.h 数据结构定义

```
// arch/riscv/include/proc.h

#include "types.h"

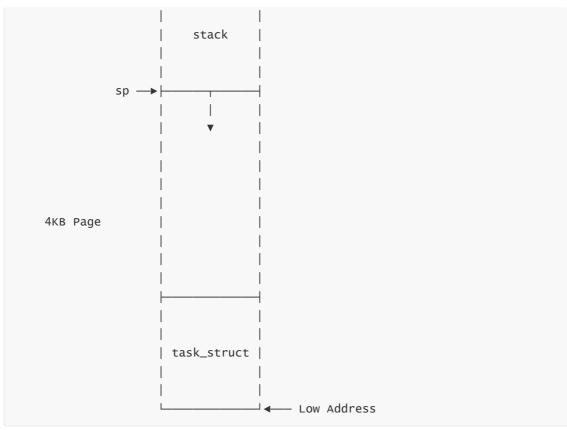
#define NR_TASKS (1 + 31) // 用于控制 最大线程数量 (idle 线程 + 31 内核线程)
```

```
#define TASK_RUNNING 0 // 为了简化实验,所有的线程都只有一种状态
#define PRIORITY_MIN 1
#define PRIORITY_MAX 10
/* 用于记录 `线程` 的 `内核栈与用户栈指针` */
/* (lab3中无需考虑,在这里引入是为了之后实验的使用)*/
struct thread_info {
   uint64 kernel_sp;
   uint64 user_sp;
};
/* 线程状态段数据结构 */
struct thread_struct {
   uint64 ra:
   uint64 sp;
   uint64 s[12];
}:
/* 线程数据结构 */
struct task_struct {
   struct thread_info* thread_info;
   uint64 state; // 线程状态
   uint64 counter; // 运行剩余时间
   uint64 priority; // 运行优先级 1最低 10最高
   uint64 pid; // 线程id
  struct thread_struct thread;
};
/* 线程初始化 创建 NR_TASKS 个线程 */
void task_init();
/* 在时钟中断处理中被调用 用于判断是否需要进行调度 */
void do_timer();
/* 调度程序 选择出下一个运行的线程 */
void schedule();
/* 线程切换入口函数*/
void switch_to(struct task_struct* next);
/* dummy funciton: 一个循环程序,循环输出自己的 pid 以及一个自增的局部变量 */
void dummy();
```

4.3 线程调度功能实现

4.3.1 线程初始化

• 在初始化线程的时候, 我们参考Linux v0.11中的实现为每个线程分配一个 4KB 的物理页, 我们将 task_struct 存放在该页的低地址部分, 将线程的栈指针 sp 指向该页的高地址。具体内存布局如下图所示:



- 当我们的 OS run 起来的时候, 其本身就是一个线程 [idle 线程, 但是我们并没有为它设计好 task_struct。所以第一步我们要为 [idle 设置 task_struct。并将 [current], task[0] 都指向 [idle]。
- 为了方便起见, 我们将 task[1] ~ task[NR_TASKS 1], 全部初始化, 这里和 idle 设置的区别 在于要为这些线程设置 thread_struct 中的 ra 和 sp.
- 在 _start 适当的位置调用 task_init

```
void task_init() {
   uint64 addr_idle = kalloc(); // 调用 kalloc() 为 idle 分配一个物理页
   idle = (struct task_struct*)addr_idle;
   idle->state = TASK_RUNNING; // 设置 state 为 TASK_RUNNING;
   idle->counter = idle->priority = 0; //由于 idle 不参与调度 可以将其 counter
/ priority 设置为 0
   idle->pid = 0; // 设置 idle 的 pid 为 0
   current = task[0] = idle; //将 current 和 task[0] 指向 idle
   /* YOUR CODE HERE */
   for(int i = 1; i < NR_TASKS; i++){ // 为 task[1] ~ task[NR_TASKS - 1] 进行
初始化
       uint64 task_addr = kalloc(); // 调用 kalloc() 为 task[i] 分配一个物理页
       task[i] = (struct task_struct*)task_addr; // 设置 state 为
TASK_RUNNING;
       task[i]->state = TASK_RUNNING; // 设置 state 为 TASK_RUNNING;
       task[i]->counter = 0; // 设置 counter 为 0;
       task[i]->priority = rand() % 10 + 1; // 利用rand() 设置 priority;
       task[i]->pid = i; // 设置pid, pid 为该线程在线程数组中的下标
       task[i]->thread.ra = (uint64)__dummy;
       task[i]->thread.sp = task_addr + 4096;
       // 为 task[i] 设置 `thread_struct` 中的 `ra` 和 `sp`,
       // 其中 `ra` 设置为 __dummy (见 4.3.2)的地址, `sp` 设置为 该线程申请的物
理页的高地址
```

```
printk("...proc_init done!\n");
}
```

4.3.2 ___dummy 与 dummy 介绍

• task[1] ~ task[NR_TASKS - 1] 都运行同一段代码 dummy() 我们在 proc.c 添加 dummy():

```
// arch/riscv/kernel/proc.c

void dummy() {
    uint64 MOD = 1000000007;
    uint64 auto_inc_local_var = 0;
    int last_counter = -1;
    while(1) {
        if (last_counter == -1 || current->counter != last_counter) {
            last_counter = current->counter;
            auto_inc_local_var = (auto_inc_local_var + 1) % MOD;
            printk("[PID = %d] is running. auto_inc_local_var = %d\n",
            current->pid, auto_inc_local_var);
        }
    }
}
```

Debug 提示: 可以用 printk 打印更多的信息

- 当线程在运行时,由于时钟中断的触发,会将当前运行线程的上下文环境保存在栈上。当线程再次被调度时,会将上下文从栈上恢复,但是当我们创建一个新的线程,此时线程的栈为空,当这个线程被调度时,是没有上下文需要被恢复的,所以我们需要为线程第一次调度提供一个特殊的返回函数___dummy
- 在 entry.S 添加 __dummy
 - 在 __dummy 中将 sepc 设置为 dummy() 的地址,并使用 sret 从中断中返回。
 - o __dummy 与 _traps 的 restore 部分相比, 其实就是省略了从栈上恢复上下文的过程 (但是手动设置了 sepc)。

```
# arch/riscv/kernel/entry.S

.global __dummy
__dummy:
    # YOUR CODE HERE
```

4.3.3 实现线程切换

• 判断下一个执行的线程 next 与当前的线程 current 是否为同一个线程,如果是同一个线程,则无需做任何处理,否则调用 __switch_to 进行线程切换。

```
extern void __switch_to(struct task_struct* prev, struct task_struct* next);

void switch_to(struct task_struct* next) {
    if (next == current) return; // 当线程转换的目标是本身的线程时, 无需进行操作
    else {
        struct task_struct* temp= current;
        current = next;
        __switch_to(temp, next);
    }
}
```

- 在 entry.s 中实现线程上下文切换 __switch_to:
 - o __switch_to 接受两个 task_struct 指针作为参数
 - 。 保存当前线程的 ra, sp, s0~s11 到当前线程的 thread_struct 中
 - 将下一个线程的 thread_struct 中的相关数据载入到 ra, sp, s0~s11 中。

```
.globl __switch_to
__switch_to:
   # save state to prev process
   # including ra, sp, s0-s11
   add t0, a0, 40 # offset of thread_struct in current task_struct
   sd ra, 0(t0)
   sd sp, 8(t0)
   sd s0, 16(t0)
   sd s1, 24(t0)
   sd s2, 32(t0)
   sd s3, 40(t0)
   sd s4, 48(t0)
   sd s5, 56(t0)
   sd s6, 64(t0)
   sd s7, 72(t0)
   sd s8, 80(t0)
   sd s9, 88(t0)
   sd s10, 96(t0)
   sd s11, 104(t0)
   # restore state from next process
   add t0, a1, 40 # offset of thread_struct in next task_struct
   1d ra, 0(t0)
   1d sp, 8(t0)
   ld s0, 16(t0)
   ld s1, 24(t0)
   1d s2, 32(t0)
   1d s3, 40(t0)
   1d s4, 48(t0)
   ld s5, 56(t0)
   1d s6, 64(t0)
   1d s7, 72(t0)
   1d s8, 80(t0)
   ld s9, 88(t0)
   ld s10, 96(t0)
   ld s11, 104(t0)
```

4.3.4 实现调度入口函数

• 实现 do_timer(),并在 时钟中断处理函数 中调用。

```
void do_timer(void) {
   if (current == task[0]) schedule();
        // 如果当前线程是 idle 线程,直接进行调度,无需其他处理
   else {
        // 如果当前线程不是 idle,则当前线程的运行剩余时间减1;剩余时间大于0则无需调度
        current->counter -= 1;
        if (current->counter == 0) schedule();
    }
}
```

4.3.5 实现线程调度

本次实验我们需要实现两种调度算法: 1.短作业优先调度算法, 2.优先级调度算法。

4.3.5.1 短作业优先调度算法

- 当需要进行调度时按照一下规则进行调度:
 - 。 遍历线程指针数组 task (不包括 [idle], 即 task [0]), 在所有运行状态 (TASK_RUNNING)下的线程运行剩余时间 最少的线程作为下一个执行的线程。
 - 如果 所有 运行状态下的线程运行剩余时间都为0,则对 [task[1] ~ [task[NR_TASKS-1]] 的运行剩余时间重新赋值 (使用 | rand()) , 之后再重新进行调度。

```
void schedule(void){
   uint64 min = INF; // 将min设为def.h中定义的最大值
   struct task_struct* next = NULL;
   int flag = 1; // 使用flag来检测目前是否还存在需要调度的进程
   for(int i = 1; i < NR_TASKS; i++){
      if (task[i]->state == TASK_RUNNING && task[i]->counter > 0) { // 遍历
线程指针数组
          flag = 0; // 当还存在需要调度的进程时, flag = 0
          if (task[i]->counter < min) { //找到所有运行状态下的线程中,运行剩余时
间最少的线程,作为下一个执行的线程
              min = task[i]->counter;
              next = task[i];
      }
   }
   if (flag) { // 当目前已经不存在需要调度的进程时,即所有运行状态下的线程运行剩余时间都
为0
       printk("\n");
       for(int i = 1; i < NR_TASKS; i++){
          // 对task[1]~task[NR_TASKS-1]的运行剩余时间重新赋值
          task[i]->counter = rand() % 10 + 1;
          printk("SET [PID = %d COUNTER = %d]\n", task[i]->pid, task[i]-
>counter);
       }
```

```
// 重新进行调度
schedule();
}
else {
    // 转移到需要执行的进程
    if (next) {
        printk("\nswitch to [PID = %d COUNTER = %d]\n", next->pid, next->counter);
        switch_to(next);
    }
}
```

4.3.5.2 优先级调度算法

• 参考 <u>Linux v0.11 调度算法实现</u> 实现。

```
void schedule(void){
   uint64 c, i, next;
   struct task_struct ** p;
   while(1) {
       c = 0;
       next = 0;
       i = NR_TASKS;
       p = &task[NR_TASKS];
       // 遍历任务列表,找到下一个要运行的任务
       while(--i) {
           if (!*--p) continue;
           // 如果任务的状态为运行状态且时间片大于 c, 则更新 c 和下一个任务的索引
           if ((*p)->state == TASK_RUNNING && (*p)->counter > c)
               c = (*p)->counter, next = i;
       }
       if (c) break; // 如果找到了下一个任务, 跳出循环
       printk("\n");
       // 如果没有找到可运行的任务,进行时间片重分配
       for(p = \frac{1}{2}task[NR_TASKS-1]; p > \frac{1}{2}task[0]; --p) {
           if (*p) {
               // 将任务的时间片减少,再加上任务的优先级
               (*p)->counter = ((*p)->counter >> 1) + (*p)->priority;
               printk("SET [PID = %d PRIORITY = %d COUNTER = %d]\n", (*p)-
>pid, (*p)->priority, (*p)->counter);
           }
       }
   }
   printk("\nswitch to [PID = %d PRIORITY = %d COUNTER = %d]\n", task[next]-
>pid, task[next]->priority, task[next]->counter);
   // 切换到下一个任务
   switch_to(task[next]);
}
```

4.4 编译及测试

- 由于加入了一些新的.c文件,可能需要修改一些Makefile文件,请同学自己尝试修改,使项目可以编译并运行。
- 由于本次实验需要完成两个调度算法,因此需要两种调度算法可以使用 gcc -D 选项进行控制。
 - DSJF (短作业优先调度)。
 - o DPRIORITY (优先级调度)。
 - o 在 proc.c 中使用 #ifdef , #endif 来控制代码。修改顶层Makefile为 CFLAG = \${CF} \${INCLUDE} -DSJF 或 CFLAG = \${CF} \${INCLUDE} -DPRIORITY (作业提交的时候 Makefile 选择任意一个都可以)
- 短作业优先调度输出结果

```
OpenSBI v0.9
Platform Name : riscv-virtio,qemu
Platform Features : timer,mfdeleg
Platform HART Count : 1
Firmware Rase
Firmware Base
                        : 0x80000000
Firmware Size
                        : 100 KB
Runtime SBI Version : 0.2
Domain0 Name
Domain0 Boot HART
Domain0 HARTs
Domaino Region00
Domaino Region01
                       : 0x0000000080000000-0x000000008001ffff ()
                        Domain0 Next Address
                        : 0x0000000080200000
                        : 0x0000000087000000
Domain0 Next Arg1
Domain0 Next Mode
                        : S-mode
Domain0 SysReset
Boot HART ID
SET [PID = 13 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 14 COUNTER = 3]
SET [PID = 15 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 16 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 17 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 18 COUNTER = 6]
SET [PID = 19 COUNTER = 8]
SET [PID = 20 COUNTER = 9]
SET [PID = 21 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 22 COUNTER = 9]
SET [PID = 23 COUNTER = 8]
SET [PID = 24 COUNTER = 7]
SET [PID = 25 COUNTER = 6]
SET [PID = 27 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 28 COUNTER = 2]
SET [PID = 29 COUNTER = 4]
SET [PID = 30 COUNTER = 9]
SET [PID = 31 COUNTER = 9]
```

```
switch to [PID = 6 COUNTER = 1]
[PID = 6] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
switch to [PID = 8 COUNTER = 1]
[PID = 8] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
switch to [PID = 13 COUNTER = 1]
[PID = 13] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
switch to [PID = 16 COUNTER = 1]
[PID = 16] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
switch to [PID = 17 COUNTER = 1]
[PID = 17] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
switch to [PID = 27 COUNTER = 1]
[PID = 27] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
switch to [PID = 12 COUNTER = 2]
[PID = 12] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 12] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
switch to [PID = 28 COUNTER = 2]
[PID = 28] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 28] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
switch to [PID = 1 COUNTER = 3]
[PID = 1] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 1] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 1] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
switch to [PID = 2 COUNTER = 3]
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
switch to [PID = 9 COUNTER = 3]
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
switch to [PID = 14 COUNTER = 3]
[PID = 14] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 14] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 14] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
switch to [PID = 11 COUNTER = 4]
[PID = 11] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 11] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 11] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 11] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
```

```
switch to [PDD = 29 COUNTER = 4]
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
switch to [PID = 15 COUNTER = 5]
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
switch to [PID = 21 COUNTER = 5]
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
switch to [PID = 4 COUNTER = 6]
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
switch to [PID = 5 COUNTER = 6]
[PID = 5] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 5] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 5] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 5] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 5] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 5] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
switch to [PID = 18 COUNTER = 6]
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
switch to [PID = 25 COUNTER = 6]
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
```

```
switch to [PID = 10 COUNTER = 7]
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
switch to [PID = 24 COUNTER = 7]
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
switch to [PID = 26 COUNTER = 7]
[PID = 26] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 26] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 26] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 26] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 26] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 26] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 26] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
switch to [PID = 3 COUNTER = 8]
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 3] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
switch to [PID = 19 COUNTER = 8]
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
```

```
[PID = 23] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
switch to [PID = 20 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 20] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 22 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 30 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 31 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 7 COUNTER = 10]
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
```

• 优先级调度输出结果

```
OpenSBI v0.9
 Platform Name : riscv-virtio,qemu
Platform Features : timer, mfdeleg
Platform HART Count : 1
Firmware Base : 0x
                    : 0x80000000
                    : 100 KB
Firmware Size
Runtime SBI Version : 0.2
Domain0 HARTs : 0
: 0x0000000000000000-0xfffffffffffffff (R,W,X)
Domain0 Next Arg1
                    : 0x0000000087000000
Domain0 Next Mode
                    : S-mode
DomainO SysReset : yes
Boot HART ID
Boot HART Domain : root
Boot HART ISA
                   : rvó4imafdcsu
Boot HART Features : scounteren, mcounteren, time
Boot HART PMP Count : 16
Boot HART PMP Granularity: 4
Boot HART PMP Address Bits: 54
Boot HART MHPM Count : 0
Boot HART MHPM Count
                    : 0
Boot HART MIDELEG : 0x0000000000000222
Boot HART MEDELEG : 0x00000000000000109
...mm_init done!
...proc_init done!
2023 Hello RISC-V
idle process is running!
SET [PID = 31 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 30 PRIORITY = 10 COUNTER = 10]
SET [PID = 29 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
SET [PID = 28 PRIORITY = 4 COUNTER = 4]
SET [PID = 27 PRIORITY = 2 COUNTER = 2]
SET [PID = 26 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 25 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
SET [PID = 24 PRIORITY = 4 COUNTER = 4]
SET [PID = 23 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
```

```
SET [PID = 21 PRIORITY = 7 COUNTER = 7]
SET [PID = 20 PRIORITY = 10 COUNTER = 10]
SET [PID = 19 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
SET [PID = 18 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
SET [PID = 17 PRIORITY = 6 COUNTER = 6]
SET [PID = 16 PRIORITY = 8 COUNTER = 8]
SET [PID = 15 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 14 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 13 PRIORITY = 6 COUNTER = 6]
SET [PID = 12 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 11 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 10 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 9 PRIORITY = 10 COUNTER = 10]
SET [PID = 8 PRIORITY = 3 COUNTER = 3]
SET [PID = 7 PRIORITY = 6 COUNTER = 6]
SET [PID = 6 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 5 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 4 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 3 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
SET [PID = 2 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
SET [PID = 1 PRIORITY = 2 COUNTER = 2]
switch to [PID = 30 PRIORITY = 10 COUNTER = 10]
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 30] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
[PID = 9] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 10
switch to [PID = 29 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 29] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 29] is running. auto inc local var = 9
```

```
switch to [PID = 25 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 25] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 22 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 22] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 19 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 19] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 18 PRIORITY = 9 COUNTER = 9]
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 8
[PID = 18] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 9
switch to [PID = 16 PRIORITY = 8 COUNTER = 8]
[PID = 16] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 16] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
```

```
switch to [PID = 21 PRIORITY = 7 COUNTER = 7]
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
[PID = 21] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 7
switch to [PID = 17 PRIORITY = 6 COUNTER = 6]
[PID = 17] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 17] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 17] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 17] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 17] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 17] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
switch to [PID = 13 PRIORITY = 6 COUNTER = 6]
[PID = 13] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 13] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 13] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 13] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 13] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 13] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
switch to [PID = 7 PRIORITY = 6 COUNTER = 6]
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
[PID = 7] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 6
switch to [PID = 31 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 31] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
switch to [PID = 15 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 15] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
```

```
switch to [PID = 10 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 10] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
switch to [PID = 4 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 4] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
switch to [PID = 2 PRIORITY = 5 COUNTER = 5]
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
[PID = 2] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 5
switch to [PID = 28 PRIORITY = 4 COUNTER = 4]
[PID = 28] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 28] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 28] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 28] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
switch to [PID = 24 PRIORITY = 4 COUNTER = 4]
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
[PID = 24] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 4
switch to [PID = 8 PRIORITY = 3 COUNTER = 3]
[PID = 8] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 8] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
[PID = 8] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 3
switch to [PID = 27 PRIORITY = 2 COUNTER = 2]
[PID = 27] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 27] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
switch to [PID = 1 PRIORITY = 2 COUNTER = 2]
[PID = 1] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 1
[PID = 1] is running. auto_inc_local_var = 2
switch to [PID = 26 PRIORITY = 1 COUNTER = 1]
```

被 C 编译器保存任当削的栈上,因此在 __switch_to 函数只需要处理 C 编译器不会保存,但是 __switch_to 函数有需要的一些寄存器。所以在线程切换时只需要保存所有 callee-saved register 和 ra 以及 sp。

2. 当线程第一次调用时,其 ra 所代表的返回点是 ___dummy 。 那么在之后的线程调用中 context_switch 中,ra 保存/恢复的函数返回点是什么呢? 请同学用 gdb 尝试追踪一次完整的 线程切换流程,并关注每一次 ra 的变换 (需要截图)。

保存恢复的函数返回点也是 __dummy, 经过 __dummy 设置返回地址__dummy()从中断回到 __dummy()的地址继续执行,此时的寄存器内容已经是切换后的线程的内容。在 start_kernel之后,ra 的值为__traps 的地址

ra 0x80200050 0x80200050 <_traps>

在 __dummy 和 __switch_to 设置断点:

(gdb) b __dummy Breakpoint 2 at 0x80200170: file entry.S, line 98. (gdb) b __switch_to Breakpoint 3 at 0x80200180: file entry.S, line 104.

由系统进程切换到第一个进程:

切换前:

```
Breakpoint 3, __switch_to () at entry. S:104
104
             addi t0, a0, 48
(gdb) info registers
                0x80200780
                                   0x80200780 \( \text{switch_to+128} \)
ra
                0x80204e48
sp
                0x0
gp
                0x80018000
tр
                                   2149584008
t0
                0x80200c88
t1
t2
                0x0
                0x0
fp1 a 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 5 5 7
                0x80204e78
                0x1
                0x87fff000
                                   2281697280
                0x87ffe000
                                   2281693184
                0x0
                0x0
                          Ô
                0x0
                0x32
                          50
                0x0
                0x1
                0x80200000
                                   2149580800
                0x87000000
                                   2264924160
                0x0
                0x0
                          0
                0x8000000a00006800
                                            -9223371993905076224
                                   2147557608
                0x800120e8
s8
                0x80013100
                                   2147561728
s9
                0x7f
                          127
s10
                0x0
s11
                0x0
t3
                0x8001132e
                                 2147554094
```

切换后:

```
Breakpoint 2, <u>dummy</u> () at entry.S:98
98 la t0, dummy
(gdb) info registers
ra 0x80200170 0x80200
                                                             0x80200170 <__dummy>
ra
                            0x87fff000
sp
                            0x0 0:
0x80018000
0x87ffe030
8pp0112 p1012 3456723456789 1011 456
                                                             2281693232
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x87fff000
0x87fffe000
0x0 0
0x0 0
0x0 0
0x32 50
                                                             2281697280
2281693184
                            0x0
                            0x1
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                            0x0
                           0x8001132e
0x2 2
0x27 39
0x0 0
                                                             2147554094
                            0x0 0
0x80200170
```

由第一个进程切换到第二个进程:

切换前:

```
Breakpoint 3, __switch_to () at entry.S:104
104 addi t0, a0, 48
(gdb) info registers
                  0x80200780
                                       0x80200780 \( \switch_to + 128 \)
ra
                  0x87ffee38
sp
                  0x0
gp
                  0x80018000
tp
tŌ
                  0x802006a0
                                       2149582496
t1
t2
                  0x0
                  0x0
fp
s1
                  0x87ffee68
                  0x0
a01a23a4a56a723s55555555555
                  0x87ffe000
                                       2281693184
                  0x87ffc000
                                       2281684992
                  0x0
                  0x0
                  0x0
                  0x32
                  0x0
                  0x1
                              1
                  0x0
                  0x0
                  0x0
                  0x0
                  0x0
                  0x0
                              0
                  0x0
                  0x0
s10
                  0x0
s11
                  0x0
t3
t4
t5
t6
                  0x8001132e
                                        2147554094
                  0x2
                              2
                  0x27
                              39
                  0x0
                                       0x80200180 <__switch_to>
                  0x80200180
рс
```

切换后:

```
Breakpoint 2, <u>dummy</u> () at entry. S:98
98 1a t0, dummy
(gdb) info registers
                   0x80200170
                                          0x80200170 <__dummy>
                   0x87ffd000
sp
sttttfs101234567234567891011
ttfp101234567234567891011
                   0x0
                   0x80018000
                   0x87ffc030
                                          2281685040
                   0x0
                   0x0
                   0x0
                   0x0
                   0x87ffe000
                                          2281693184
                                          2281684992
                   0x87ffc000
                   0x0
                   0x0
                   0x0
                   0x32
                   0x0
                   0x1
                   0x0
                   0x0
                               0
                               0
                   0x0
                   0x0
                               0
                               Ó
                   0x0
                               0
                   0x0
                   0x0
                               0
                               0
                   0x0
                               0
                   0x0
                               0
                   0x0
                   0x8001132e
                                          2147554094
                               2
39
                   0x2
0x27
                   0x0
                   0x80200170
                                          0x80200170 <__dummy>
```