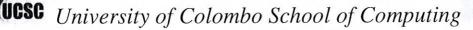


University of Colombo, Sri Lanka





DEGREE OF BACHELOR OF INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY (EXTERNAL)

Academic Year 2022 — 2nd Year Examination — Semester 4

IT4406 — Agile Software Development

Part 1 - Multiple Choice Question Paper (1 Hour)

Important Instructions

- This paper has two (2) parts, Part 1 and Part 2.
- The duration of this part (Part 1) is 1 Hour.
- The medium of instructions and questions is English.
- This paper has 25 questions on 8 pages. Answer all questions.
- All questions are of the MCQ (Multiple Choice Questions) type.
- Each question will have 5 (five) choices with one or more correct answers.
- This paper consists of 100 marks and all the questions will carry equal marks.
- There will be a penalty for incorrect responses to discourage guessing.
- The mark given for a question will vary from -1 (All the incorrect choices are marked & no correct choices are marked) to +1 (All the correct choices are marked & no incorrect choices are marked). However, the minimum mark per question would be zero.
- Answers should be marked on the **special answer sheet** provided.
- Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper. If a page is not printed, please inform the supervisor/invigilator immediately.
- Mark the correct choices on the question paper first and then transfer them to the given answer sheet which will be machine marked. Please completely read and follow the instructions given on the other side of the answer sheet before you shade your correct choices.
- Calculators are not allowed.
- All Rights Reserved. This question paper can NOT be used without proper permission from the University of Colombo School of Computing.

(a) High	level of user involvement
(b) Have	e well-defined requirements
(c) Requ	aire extensive documentation
(d) Req	nire a linear development process
(e) Unli	kely to undergo any significant change
Which of	the following is a core principle of Agile Development?
(a) Con	prehensive documentation
(b) Strice	t adherence to the original plan
(c) Resp	onding to change over following a plan
(d) Sepa	rate teams for development and testing
(e) Con	ract negotiation over customer collaboration
(a) I O	nly
(b) III	
	d II Only
0351 33	nd III Only
(e) All	I, II, and III
Which of	the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding <i>validated learning in Agile</i> s?
Ī.	Tolerant of late learning, so fast feedback is not a focus.
II.	Identifies and exploits feedback loops to increase learning
III.	Tries to minimize the number of important assumptions that exist at any time
(a) I O	nly
(b) II (Only
(a) I a	d II Only
(c) I ai	
	nd III Only

5) Label [X] in Figure 1 shows the point where the scrum team makes a decision when the cost of not making a decision becomes greater than the cost of making a decision.

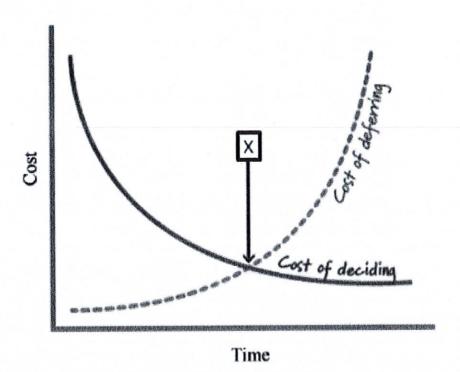


Figure 1
Source: Essential Scrum, A Practical Guide to the Most Popular Agile Process by Kenneth S. Rubin

Label [X] indicates,

- (a) Story Point (SP)
- (b) Danger Zone (DZ)
- (c) Work in Process (WIP)
- (d) Last Responsible Moment (LRM)
- (e) Unpredictable Tipping Point (UTP)

Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding Scrum?

- I. User stories must be written in the voice of the developer.
- II. Daily planning is the most detailed level of planning.
- III. The outputs of portfolio planning became inputs to product-level planning.
- (a) I only

6)

- (b) II only
- (c) I and III only
- (d) II and III only
- (e) All I, II and III

(4)	Sprint
(b)	Daily Scrum
(c)	Sprint Review
(d)	Sprint Retrospective
(e)	Product Backlog Refinement
Whi	ch of the following accurately describes the Sprint Backlog in Scrum?
(a)	A prioritized list of all desired features for the product
	A summary of the sprint progress and accomplishments
(c)	A record of all issues and bugs reported by the stakeholders
(d)	A document outlining the overall project timeline and milestones
(e)	A subset of items selected from the product backlog for the sprint
Whi	ch of the following is the purpose of the Daily Scrum?
(a)	To present completed work to stakeholders
(b)	To review and evaluate the product backlog
(c)	To make decisions on changes to the sprint plan
(ď) To provide a detailed status report to management
(e)	To discuss any issues or impediments faced by the team
n Sc	ch of the following role is <i>responsible for prioritizing and managing the product back rum?</i> Scrum Master Stakeholders
(b) (c) (d)	Product Owner Project Manager
(b) (c) (d)	Product Owner
(b) (c) (d) (e)	Product Owner Project Manager Development Team
(b) (c) (d) (e) White external	Product Owner Project Manager Development Team ich of the following role in Scrum ensures that the Scrum Team is protected from
(b) (c) (d) (e) White	Product Owner Project Manager Development Team ich of the following role in Scrum ensures that the Scrum Team is protected from the interference and can work without interruptions?

(d) Development Team

(e) Stakeholder Representative

12)	Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding Scrum Roles?		
	 I. A product owner can be a member of a development team. II. Scrum Master can be the Scrum Master for more than one team. III. In Scrum, it is highly discouraged to have the same person working as the Scrum Master and the Product Owner 		
	(a) I only.		
	(b) I and II only.		
	(c) I and III only. (d) II and III only.		
	(e) All I, II and III.		
13)	In Extreme Programming (XP), which role is responsible for finding the most effective way of delivering the stories in the plan?		
	(a) Programmers		
	(b) On-site customers		
	(c) Testers		
	(d) Coaches		
	(e) Analysts		
14)	 Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding Scrum Planning Principles? I. Planning approach of Scrum is to create a detailed plan upfront before the development work begins. II. Scrum keeps planning options open until the last responsible moment. III. Scrum values responding to change and replanning over following the up-front plan. 		
	(a) I only		
	(b) II only		
	(c) III only		
	(d) I and II only		
	(e) II and III only		
15)	is an activity for determining which product to work on, in what order, and for how long.		
	(a) Product Planning		
	(b) Release Planning		
	(c) Sprint Planning		
	(d) Daily Planning		
	(e) Portfolio Planning		

- 16) Which of the following is the set of activities that participants engage in *Portfolio planning*?
 - (a) Scheduling, Managing outflows, Managing inflows, Sprint mapping
 - (b) Managing in-process products, Scheduling, Managing inflows, Managing outflows
 - (c) Review constraints. Grooming backlog, Sprint mapping, Scheduling
 - (d) Review constraints, Scheduling, Managing inflows, Managing outflows
 - (e) Scheduling, Grooming backlog, Managing in-process products, Review constraints
- Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding the *outflow strategies* of *Portfolio Planning*?
 - I. If all the team members are not 100% utilized, Take the top product from the portfolio backlog and assign people to work on it.
 - II. Teams are the unit of capacity that should be used for establishing the Work in Progress (WIP) limit.
 - III. Wait for a complete Scrum team to be available before starting to work on a product.
 - (a) I only
 - (b) II only
 - (c) I and II only
 - (d) II and III only
 - (e) All I, II, and III
- Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding communicating progress on a *Fixed-Date release*?
 - I. The goal is to communicate the range of features expected to be completed and sprint by sprint progress towards the range.
 - II. The goal is to communicate the remaining scope of work at a given point in time.
 - III. Traditional burndown charts and burnup charts can be used effectively to communicate progress.
 - (a) I only
 - (b) II only
 - (c) III only
 - (d) I and III only
 - (e) II and III only
- 19) Which of the following is an output of *Sprint Execution*?
 - (a) Sprint Backlog
 - (b) Product Backlog
 - (c) A Potentially shippable product increment
 - (d) Initial sprint goal
 - (e) Velocity

0)	Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding the determining capacity in <i>Sprint Planning</i> ?		
	I. The time required to work outside the sprint is not considered when determining		
	the capacity.		
	II. The team should reserve up to 10% of its time to assist with product backlog grooming.		
	III. A practical sprint buffer can be determined through experience after a team has done several sprints.		
	(a) I only		
	(b) II only		
	(c) I and III only		
	(d) II and III only		
	(e) All I, II, and III		
1)	Select the most suitable options for filling the blanks in the following statements.		
	• shows the evolving state of the sprint backlog over time.		
	 •		
	• displays the amount of work remaining with respect to time.		
	(a) P - Swarming, Q - Task Board, R - Sprint burndown chart		
	(b) P - Insight backlog, Q - Sprint burnup chart, R - Task Board		
	(c) P - Task Board, Q - Swarming, R - Sprint burndown chart		
	(d) P - Task Board, Q - Event timeline, R - Sprint burnup chart		
	(e) P - Insight backlog, Q - Swarming, R - Sprint burndown chart		
2)	Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding the <i>Sprint Review</i> ?		
	 The goal of the sprint review is to inspect and adapt the product that is being built. 		
	II. Before the sprint review begins, the product backlog items should have already		
	received approval from the product owner.		
	III. In the sprint review, the Scrum team presents a summary of what took place and what was accomplished throughout the sprint.		
	(a) I only		
	(b) II only		
	(c) I and II only		
	(d) I and III only		
	(e) All I, II, and III		

23) Match each *automated system testing type* with the correct description.

Test Type	Description
🕭 - Playback Testing	P - A feature is tested using various scenarios that are divided into sections based on the Given-When-Then principle.
B - Keyword-Driven Testing	Q - New test cases are required for new functions in each sprint due to GUI changes.
© - Behavior-Driven Testing	R - Test objects are referred to by unique IDs that remain the same over the upcoming sprints.

(a) $(A) \rightarrow (P)$, $(B) \rightarrow (R)$, $(C) \rightarrow (Q)$	
$(b) \ \textcircled{A} \rightarrow \textcircled{Q}, \ \textcircled{B} \rightarrow \textcircled{R}, \ \textcircled{C} \rightarrow \textcircled{P}$	
(c) $\bigcirc A \rightarrow \bigcirc R, \bigcirc B \rightarrow \bigcirc R, \bigcirc A \rightarrow \bigcirc R$	
$(d) \ \textcircled{A} \rightarrow \textcircled{Q}, \ \textcircled{B} \rightarrow \textcircled{P}, \ \textcircled{C} \rightarrow \textcircled{R}$	
$(e) \ \textcircled{A} \rightarrow \textcircled{P}, \ \textcircled{B} \rightarrow \textcircled{P}, \ \textcircled{C} \rightarrow \textcircled{P}$	

What is the *test double* that analyzes calls and data that it receives from the test object for validity and returns a result to the object?

- (a) Stub
- (b) Mock
- (c) Spy
- (d) Fake

25)

(e) Dummy

Which of the following statement(s) is/are correct regarding Integration Testing?

- I. The lowest level at which integration testing takes place is the integration of classes.
- II. Horizontal integration describes classes that are integrated in order of their inheritance hierarchies.
- III. Dependency injections enable better testing of compound classes.
- (a) I only
- (b) II only
- (c) I and II only
- (d) I and III only
- (e) All I, II, and III
