## Miracle Institute of Leadership and Excellence

# Working with DB2 LOB's

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#### Introduction to LOB's

- The VARCHAR, VARGRAPHIC, and VARBINARY data types have a storage limit of 32 KB.
- However, applications often need to store large text documents or additional data types such as audio, video, drawings, images, and a combination of text and graphics.
- For data objects that are larger than 32 KB, you can use the corresponding large object (LOB) data types to store these objects.
- DB2® provides three data types to store these data objects as strings of up to 2 GB in size:
  - CLOBs
  - DBCLOBs
  - BLOBs



## Character large objects (CLOBs)

- A character large object (CLOB) is a varying-length string with a maximum length of 2 147 483 647 bytes (2 gigabytes minus 1 byte).
- A CLOB is designed to store large SBCS data or mixed data, such as lengthy documents.
- For example, you can store information such as an employee resume, the script of a play, or the text of novel in a CLOB. Alternatively, you can store such information in UTF-8 in a mixed CLOB. A CLOB is a varying-length character string.
- Use the CLOB data type to store SBCS or mixed data, such as documents that contain single character set.
- Use this data type if your data is larger (or might grow larger) than the VARCHAR data type permits.

## Double-byte character large objects (DBCLOBs)

- A double-byte character large object (DBCLOB) is a varying-length string with a maximum length of 1 073 741 823 double-byte characters.
- A DBCLOB is designed to store large DBCS data. For example, you could store the information mentioned for CLOB (an employee resume, the script for a play, or the text of a novel) in UTF-16 in a DBCLOB.
- A DBCLOB is a varying-length graphic string.
- Use the DBCLOB data type to store large amounts of DBCS data, such as documents that use a DBCS charaMer ACTLE MSS

## Binary large objects (BLOBs)

- A binary large object (BLOB) is a varying-length string with a maximum length of 2 147 483 647 bytes (2 gigabytes minus 1 byte).
- A BLOB is designed to store non-traditional data such as pictures, voice, and mixed media.
- BLOBs can also store structured data for use by distinct types and user-defined functions. A BLOB is a binary string.
- Use the BLOB data type to store large amounts of noncharacter data, such as pictures, voice, and mixed media ACLE MSS

### LOB's cont..

- Although BLOB strings and FOR BIT DATA character strings might be used for similar purposes, the two data types are not compatible.
- The BLOB function can be used to change a FOR BIT DATA character string into a BLOB string.
- If your data does not fit entirely within a data page, you can define one or more columns as LOB columns.

 An advantage to using LOBs is that you can create user-defined functions that are allowed only on LOB data types.



