



RNS INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Autonomous Institution, Affiliated to VTU

2024 Scheme

I Semester B.E. Degree Examination-Model Question Paper

Time: 3 hrs

Max. Marks: 100

Engineering Mathematics I (ME Branch)

Instructions to Candidates:

1. Answer any 5 full questions, selecting at least one question from each module.
2. Missing data may be suitably assumed.

Q.No.		Module-1	Marks	COs
Q1	a	Find the angle of intersection of the pair of curves $r = a(1 - \cos \theta)$ and $r = 2a \cos \theta$.	6	CO2
	b	Derive angle between radius vector and tangent.	7	CO1
	c	Find the radius of curvature for $x^4 + y^4 = 2$ at $(1, 1)$	7	CO1
		OR		
Q2	a	Show that $r = 4 \sec^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$ and $r = 9 \operatorname{cosec}^2 \frac{\theta}{2}$ the pair of curves cut orthogonally.	6	CO1
	b	Derive the radius of curvature of a cartesian curve.	7	CO1
	c	Find the Pedal equation of the curve $\frac{2a}{r} = 1 - \cos \theta$	7	CO1
		Module-2		
Q3	a	Expand $\log(1 + x)$ by Maclaurin's series up to the term containing x^4 .	6	CO2
	b	Find the maximum and minimum values of the function $f(x, y) = x^3 + 3xy^2 - 15x^2 - 15y^2 + 72x$.	7	CO2
	c	A rectangular box open at the top is to have volume of 32 cubic ft. Find the dimensions of the box requiring least material for its construction.	7	CO2
		OR		
Q4	a	Using Maclaurin's series, Prove that $\sqrt{1 + \sin 2x} = 1 + x - \frac{x^2}{2} - \frac{x^3}{6} + \frac{x^4}{24} + \dots$	6	CO2
	b	If $x + y + z = u$, $y + z = uv$ and $z = uvw$ find $\frac{\partial(x, y, z)}{\partial(u, v, w)}$.	7	CO2
	c	Find the volume of the greatest rectangular parallelepiped that can be inscribed in the ellipsoid $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} + \frac{z^2}{c^2} = 1$.	7	CO2
		Module-3		
Q5	a	Solve $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = x^3 y^6$	6	CO3

	b	Find the orthogonal trajectories of the family of curves $\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2 + \alpha} = 1$ where α is a parameter.	7	CO3																					
	c	Solve $xyp^2 - (x^2 + y^2)p + xy = 0$	7	CO3																					
		OR																							
Q6	a	Solve $(x^2 + y^2 + x)dx + xydy = 0$	6	CO3																					
	b	Water at temperature 10°C takes 5 minutes to warm up to 20°C at room temperature of 40°C . Find the temperature of the water after 20 minutes.	7	CO3																					
	c	Find the general solution of the equation $(px - y)(py + x) = a^2p$ by reducing into Clairaut's form by taking the substitution $X = x^2, Y = y^2$.	7	CO3																					
		Module-4																							
Q7	a	An experiment gave the following values: <table border="1"><tr><td>v (ft/min)</td><td>350</td><td>400</td><td>500</td><td>600</td></tr><tr><td>t (min)</td><td>61</td><td>26</td><td>7</td><td>26</td></tr></table> It is known that v and t are connected by the relation $v = at^b$. Find the best possible values of a and b .	v (ft/min)	350	400	500	600	t (min)	61	26	7	26	6	CO4											
	v (ft/min)	350	400	500	600																				
	t (min)	61	26	7	26																				
b	In a partially destroyed lab record only the lines of regression of y on x and x on y are available as $4x - 5y + 33 = 0$ and $20x - 9y = 107$ respectively. Calculate \bar{x}, \bar{y} and coefficient correlation between x and y .	7	CO4																						
c	Ten competitors in a contest are ranked by two judges as follows: <table border="1"><tr><td>x</td><td>1</td><td>6</td><td>5</td><td>10</td><td>3</td><td>2</td><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>7</td><td>8</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>6</td><td>4</td><td>9</td><td>8</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>10</td><td>5</td><td>7</td></tr></table> Calculate the rank correlation coefficient.	x	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8	y	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7	7	CO4
x	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8															
y	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7															
		OR																							
Q8	a	Fit a second-degree parabola $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ in the least square sense for the following data and hence estimate y when $x = 6$. <table border="1"><tr><td>x</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>10</td><td>12</td><td>13</td><td>16</td><td>19</td></tr></table>	x	1	2	3	4	5	y	10	12	13	16	19	6	CO4									
	x	1	2	3	4	5																			
	y	10	12	13	16	19																			
b	Find the coefficient of correlation and the lines of regression for the data <table border="1"><tr><td>x</td><td>1</td><td>2</td><td>3</td><td>4</td><td>5</td><td>6</td><td>7</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>9</td><td>8</td><td>10</td><td>12</td><td>11</td><td>13</td><td>14</td></tr></table>	x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	y	9	8	10	12	11	13	14	7	CO4						
x	1	2	3	4	5	6	7																		
y	9	8	10	12	11	13	14																		
c	Compute the rank correlation coefficient for the following data <table border="1"><tr><td>x</td><td>68</td><td>63</td><td>75</td><td>50</td><td>62</td><td>80</td><td>78</td><td>40</td><td>55</td><td>60</td></tr><tr><td>y</td><td>62</td><td>58</td><td>68</td><td>45</td><td>81</td><td>60</td><td>68</td><td>48</td><td>50</td><td>70</td></tr></table>	x	68	63	75	50	62	80	78	40	55	60	y	62	58	68	45	81	60	68	48	50	70	7	CO4
x	68	63	75	50	62	80	78	40	55	60															
y	62	58	68	45	81	60	68	48	50	70															
		Module-5																							

Q9	a	Find the rank of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & -2 & -4 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 & -2 \\ 6 & 3 & 0 & -7 \end{bmatrix}$	6	CO5
	b	Use Gauss Jordan method to solve the system of equations $2x + 5y + 7z = 52, 2x + y - z = 0, x + y + z = 9$	7	CO5
	c	For what values of λ and μ so that the equations $x + y + z = 6, x + 2y + 3z = 10, x + 2y + \lambda z = \mu$ have (i) Unique solution (ii) No solution (iii) infinite number of solutions	7	CO5
		OR		
Q10	a	Using Rayleigh power method to find the largest eigen value and the corresponding eigen vector of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -2 & 2 \\ -2 & 3 & -1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix} X^{(0)} = [1,1,1]^T$	6	CO5
	b	Use Gauss Seidel method to solve the system of equations $20x + y - 2z = 17, 3x + 20y - z = -18, 2x - 3y + 20z = 25$	7	CO5
	c	Using modern mathematical tool write a program/code to test the consistency of the equations, $x + 2y - z = 1, 2x + y + 4z = 2, 3x + 3y + 4z = 1$	7	CO5