

-- 📊 Sales & Revenue Analysis

--What is the total revenue generated per product?

```
SELECT
    p.product_name,
    sum(s.total_price) as total_revenue
FROM products p
JOIN sales s ON p.product_id = s.product_id
GROUP BY p.product_name
ORDER BY total_revenue DESC;
```

--Which store generated the highest revenue in 2025?

```
SELECT
    st.store_name,
    sum(s.total_price) AS total_revenue,
    strftime('%Y', s.sale_date) AS year
FROM sales s
JOIN stores st ON s.store_id = st.store_id
WHERE strftime('%Y', s.sale_date) = '2025'
GROUP BY st.store_name
ORDER BY total_revenue DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

--Which month had the highest total sales across all stores?

```
SELECT
    st.store_name,
    sum(s.total_price) AS total_revenue,
    strftime('%Y-%m', s.sale_date) AS sale_month
FROM stores st
JOIN sales s ON st.store_id = s.store_id
GROUP BY sale_month
```

```
ORDER BY total_revenue DESC
```

```
LIMIT 1;
```

```
--What is the average order value per store?
```

```
SELECT
```

```
st.store_name,
```

```
count(s.sale_id) AS total_sales,
```

```
round(sum(s.total_price), 2) AS total_revenue,
```

```
round(sum(s.total_price) *1.0/count(s.sale_id),2) AS avg_order_value
```

```
FROM stores st
```

```
JOIN sales s ON st.store_id = s.store_id
```

```
GROUP BY st.store_name
```

```
ORDER BY avg_order_value DESC;
```

```
--🛒 Product Insights
```

```
--Which are the top 5 best-selling products by quantity sold?
```

```
SELECT
```

```
p.product_name,
```

```
sum(s.quantity_sold) AS total_quantity
```

```
FROM products p
```

```
JOIN sales s ON p.product_id = s.product_id
```

```
GROUP BY p.product_name
```

```
ORDER BY total_quantity DESC
```

```
LIMIT 5;
```

```
--List products that were never sold.
```

```
SELECT
```

```
p.product_name
```

```
FROM products p
```

```
LEFT JOIN sales s ON p.product_id = s.product_id
```

```
WHERE s.sale_id IS NULL;
```

```
--Which products have a high price but low sales volume?
```

```
WITH highest_price AS (  
  SELECT product_id, product_name, price  
  FROM products  
  GROUP BY product_name  
  ORDER BY price DESC  
  LIMIT 10)
```

```
SELECT  
  hp.product_name,  
  hp.price,  
  sum(s.quantity_sold) AS total_quantity_sold  
FROM highest_price hp  
JOIN sales s ON hp.product_id = s.product_id  
GROUP BY hp.product_name  
ORDER BY s.total_price ASC  
LIMIT 10;
```

```
-- 🧑 Customer Behavior
```

```
--Which customer made the highest number of purchases?
```

```
SELECT  
  c.name,  
  count(s.sale_id) AS total_orders,  
  sum(s.total_price) AS total_amount  
FROM customers c  
JOIN sales s ON c.customer_id = s.customer_id  
GROUP BY c.name  
ORDER BY total_orders DESC
```

```
LIMIT 1;
```

```
--Which customer spent the most in total?
```

```
SELECT
```

```
    c.name,
```

```
    sum(s.total_price) AS total_amount
```

```
FROM customers c
```

```
JOIN sales s ON c.customer_id = s.customer_id
```

```
GROUP BY c.name
```

```
ORDER BY total_amount DESC
```

```
LIMIT 1;
```

```
--Find customers who made purchases in every quarter of 2025.
```

```
WITH customer_quarter AS (
```

```
    SELECT
```

```
        c.customer_id,
```

```
        c.name,
```

```
        CASE
```

```
            WHEN strftime('%m', s.sale_date) BETWEEN '01' AND '03' THEN 'Q1'
```

```
            WHEN strftime('%m', s.sale_date) BETWEEN '04' AND '06' THEN 'Q2'
```

```
            WHEN strftime('%m', s.sale_date) BETWEEN '07' AND '09' THEN 'Q3'
```

```
            WHEN strftime('%m', s.sale_date) BETWEEN '10' AND '12' THEN 'Q4'
```

```
        END AS quarter
```

```
FROM customers c
```

```
JOIN sales s ON s.customer_id = c.customer_id
```

```
WHERE strftime('%Y', s.sale_date) = '2025'
```

```
)
```

```
SELECT
```

```
    name,
```

```
    count(distinct quarter) AS quarter_covered
```

```
FROM customer_quarter
```

GROUP BY name

HAVING quarter_covered = 4;

--  Store Performance

--Which store had the most diverse product sales (sold the most different products)?

SELECT

st.store_name,

count(DISTINCT p.product_id) AS product_variety,

count(s.sale_id) AS times_sales

FROM sales s

JOIN stores st ON s.store_id = st.store_id

JOIN products p ON s.product_id = p.product_id

GROUP BY st.store_name

ORDER BY product_variety DESC

LIMIT 1;

--Find the peak sales day for each store.

with peak_sale_day AS (

SELECT

st.store_name,

date(s.sale_date) as sale_day,

sum(s.total_price) as total_sales

FROM sales s

JOIN stores st on s.store_id = st.store_id

group by st.store_name, sale_day

),

ranked_sale AS (

SELECT *,


rank() over (PARTITION by store_name ORDER BY total_sales DESC) AS rank

FROM peak_sale_day

```
)  
  
SELECT  
  
    store_name,  
  
    sale_day,  
  
    total_sales  
FROM ranked_sale  
WHERE rank = 1
```

--Which store had the highest average order value?

```
SELECT  
  
    st.store_name,  
  
    count(s.sale_id) AS total_sales,  
  
    round(avg(s.total_price), 2) AS avg_order_value  
FROM stores st  
JOIN sales s ON s.store_id = st.store_id  
GROUP BY st.store_name  
ORDER BY avg_order_value DESC  
LIMIT 1;
```

--  Trends & Comparisons

--Show monthly revenue trends over 2024–2025.

```
SELECT  
  
    strftime('%Y', sale_date) AS year,  
  
    strftime('%m', sale_date) AS month,  
  
    sum(total_price) AS monthly_revenue  
FROM sales  
WHERE strftime('%Y', sale_date) IN ('2024', '2025')  
GROUP BY year, month  
ORDER by year, month
```

--Compare average revenue per store in 2024 vs 2025.

```
SELECT
    st.store_name,
    strftime('%Y', s.sale_date) AS year,
    round(avg(s.total_price), 2) AS avg_revenue
FROM sales s
JOIN stores st on s.store_id = st.store_id
WHERE strftime('%Y', s.sale_date) IN ('2024','2025')
GROUP BY st.store_name
ORDER BY year;
```

--What is the trend of total units sold per month?

```
SELECT
    strftime('%Y - %m', sale_date) AS year_month,
    sum(quantity_sold) AS total_quantity,
    sum(total_price) AS total_revenue
FROM sales s
GROUP BY year_month
ORDER BY year_month;
```

-- 🧠 Advanced Challenge

--Which products were consistently top-selling (in top 3) every month?

```
WITH monthly_product_sales AS (
    SELECT
        p.product_id,
        p.product_name,
        strftime('%Y-%m', s.sale_date) AS year_month,
        SUM(s.quantity_sold) AS total_sold
    FROM sales s
    JOIN products p ON s.product_id = p.product_id
```

```

GROUP BY p.product_id, year_month
),
ranked_sales AS (
  SELECT *,
    DENSE_RANK() OVER (
      PARTITION BY year_month
      ORDER BY total_sold DESC
    ) AS rank
  FROM monthly_product_sales
)
SELECT product_name
FROM ranked_sales
WHERE rank <= 3
GROUP BY product_id
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT year_month) = (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT strftime('%Y-%m', sale_date))
FROM sales);

```

--Find products whose sales dropped 3 months in a row.

```

WITH monthly_sales AS (
  SELECT
    p.product_id,
    p.product_name,
    strftime('%Y-%m', s.sale_date) AS year_month,
    SUM(s.total_price) AS monthly_sales
  FROM sales s
  JOIN products p ON p.product_id = s.product_id
  GROUP BY p.product_id, year_month
),
sales_with_lags AS (
  SELECT
    *,

```



```

LAG(monthly_sales, 1) OVER (PARTITION BY product_id ORDER BY year_month) AS prev_1,
LAG(monthly_sales, 2) OVER (PARTITION BY product_id ORDER BY year_month) AS prev_2
FROM monthly_sales
),
dropped_3_months AS (
SELECT
    product_name,
    year_month,
    monthly_sales,
    prev_1,
    prev_2
FROM sales_with_lags
WHERE monthly_sales < prev_1
    AND prev_1 < prev_2
)
SELECT DISTINCT product_name
FROM dropped_3_months;

```

-- Find customers who only purchased from one store

```

SELECT
    c.customer_id,
    c.name,
    COUNT(DISTINCT s.store_id) AS store_count
FROM customers c
JOIN sales s ON c.customer_id = s.customer_id
GROUP BY c.customer_id, c.name
HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT s.store_id) = 1;

```

