

## I<sup>2</sup>C Interface Description SEK-SVM40

Evaluation Kit for SGP40 – Indoor Air Quality Sensor for VOC Measurements



### Table of Contents

1 General Considerations.....	2
2 I <sup>2</sup> C Sequences .....	3
3 Checksum Calculation.....	4
4 I <sup>2</sup> C Commands .....	5

## 1 General Considerations

All SVM40 commands consist of two bytes (16 bits). The commands must not be followed by a CRC. Additionally, data sent to and returned from the sensor is transferred in packets of two bytes (16 bits) followed by a 1-byte (8 bit) CRC.

### 1.1 I<sup>2</sup>C Address

The sensor's I<sup>2</sup>C address is 106 (decimal; hex.: 0x6A). The I<sup>2</sup>C header is formed by the I<sup>2</sup>C address followed by a read or write bit.

### 1.2 I<sup>2</sup>C Voltage Levels

The sensor's interface is compatible with 3.0–5.5 V I<sup>2</sup>C bus voltage levels depending on the supply voltage level.

### 1.3 I<sup>2</sup>C Protocol Speed

The sensor supports I<sup>2</sup>C “standard-mode” with a maximum clock frequency of 100 kHz.<sup>1</sup>

---

<sup>1</sup> [http://www.nxp.com/documents/user\\_manual/UM10204.pdf](http://www.nxp.com/documents/user_manual/UM10204.pdf)

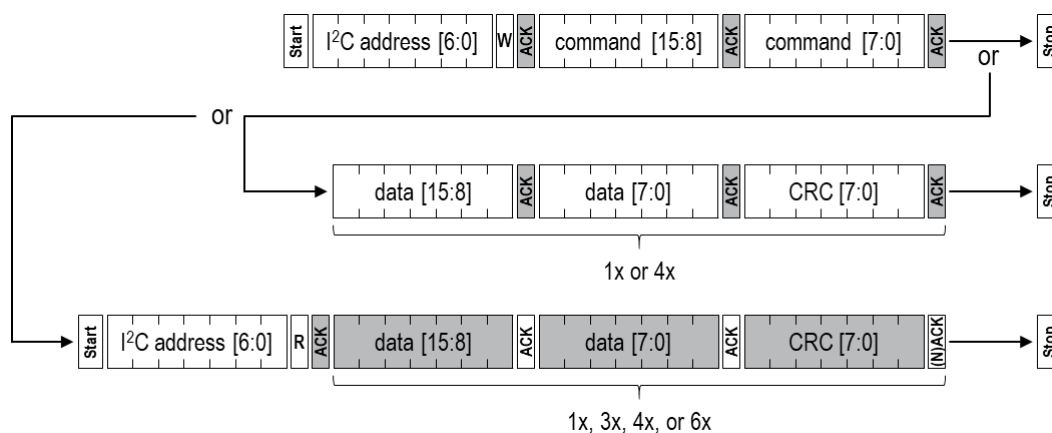
## 2 I<sup>2</sup>C Sequences

The typical communication sequence between the I<sup>2</sup>C master (e.g., a microcontroller in a host device) and the SVM40 is described as follows and visualized in **Figure 1**:

1. The SVM40 is powered up
2. The I<sup>2</sup>C master starts the measurement of all sensors by calling the dedicated command.
3. The I<sup>2</sup>C master periodically calls the get signals command and reads data in the following sequence:
  - a. I<sup>2</sup>C master sends a get signals command.
  - b. I<sup>2</sup>C master either waits for the expected duration (as listed in **Table 2**) or polls data until the read header is acknowledged by the slave.
  - c. I<sup>2</sup>C master reads out the signal data.
4. The I<sup>2</sup>C master may stop the measurement by sending the dedicated command.

With the acknowledgement of the start measurement command, both SGP40 and STH4x start measuring. Measurement data are continuously stored on the microcontroller with a sampling interval of 1 s. Resulting data can be retrieved at any time by sending one of the get signals commands. In case the sampling interval by the I<sup>2</sup>C master is higher than 1 s the slave will respond with the same data for 1 s. When the execution of the command is in progress, no communication with the sensor is possible and the sensor aborts the communication with a NACK condition. After sending one of the get signals commands, the master can read the measurement results by sending an I<sup>2</sup>C read header. The sensor will acknowledge the reception of the read header and responds with data. The response data length is listed in **Table 2** and is structured in data words, where one word consists of two bytes of data (most significant bit first) followed by a one-byte CRC checksum. Each byte must be acknowledged by the master with an ACK condition for the sensor to continue sending data. If the sensor does not receive an ACK from the master after any byte of data, it will not continue sending data.

After receiving the checksum for the last word of data, a NACK and STOP condition have to be sent (see **Figure 1**). The I<sup>2</sup>C master can abort the read transfer with a NACK followed by a STOP condition after any data byte if it is not interested in subsequent data, e.g., the CRC byte or following data bytes, in order to save time. Note that the data cannot be read more than once, and access to data beyond the specified amount will return a pattern of high bits.



**Figure 1** Possible I<sup>2</sup>C command sequences for communicating with the SVM40. Dark areas indicate that the SVM40 controls the SDA (data) line. First, the I<sup>2</sup>C master sends the write header writing a 16-bit command, potentially followed by one or four words of data with CRC bytes. For reading the measured data, the I<sup>2</sup>C master sends the read header and receives one, three, four, or six words of data with CRC byte.

### 3 Checksum Calculation

The 8-bit CRC checksum transmitted after each data word is generated by the CRC algorithm according to the properties as stated in **Table 1**. The CRC covers the contents of the two previously transmitted data bytes.

Property	Value	Example code
Name	CRC-8	<pre> uint8_t CalcCrc(uint8_t data[2]) {     uint8_t crc = 0xFF;     for(int i = 0; i &lt; 2; i++) {         crc ^= data[i];         for(uint8_t bit = 8; bit &gt; 0; --bit) {             if(crc &amp; 0x80) {                 crc = (crc &lt;&lt; 1) ^ 0x31u;             } else {                 crc = (crc &lt;&lt; 1);             }         }     }     return crc; } </pre>
Width	8 bit	
Protected Data	read and/or write data	
Polynomial	0x31 ( $x^8 + x^5 + x^4 + 1$ )	
Initialization	0xFF	
Reflect input	False	
Reflect output	False	
Final XOR	0x00	
Examples	CRC (0xBE 0xEF) = 0x92	

**Table 1** Checksums are used for the 2-byte data packets only. The command codes themselves already contain a 3-bit CRC and therefore, a checksum must not be appended.

## 4 I<sup>2</sup>C Commands

The available measurement commands of the SVM40 are listed in **Table 2**.

Command	Command hex. code	Send command during	Parameter length including CRC [bytes]	Response length including CRC [bytes]	Max. duration [ms]
<a href="#"><i>svm40_start_measurement</i></a>	0x00 0x10	idle mode	–	–	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_get_signals</i></a>	0x03 0xA6	measure mode	–	9	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_get_raw_signals</i></a>	0x03 0xB0	measure mode	–	18	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_stop_measurement</i></a>	0x01 0x04	measure mode	–	–	50
<a href="#"><i>svm40_get_temperature_offset</i></a>	0x60 0x14	both	–	3	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_set_temperature_offset</i></a>	0x60 0x14	idle mode	3	–	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_get_voc_parameters</i></a>	0x60 0x83	both	–	12	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_set_voc_parameters</i></a>	0x60 0x83	idle mode	12	–	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_store_input_parameters</i></a>	0x60 0x02	both	–	–	500
<a href="#"><i>svm40_get_voc_states</i></a>	0x61 0x81	measure mode	–	12	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_set_voc_states</i></a>	0x61 0x81	idle mode	12	–	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_get_version</i></a>	0xD1 0x00	both	–	12	1
<a href="#"><i>svm40_device_reset</i></a>	0xD3 0x04	both	–	–	100

**Table 2** I<sup>2</sup>C commands available for SVM40.

### 4.1 Start Measurement

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_start_measurement</i>	0x00 0x10	This command triggers the operation mode of all sensors. It must be called once prior to the <i>svm40_get_signals</i> or <i>svm40_get_raw_signals</i> commands, respectively.

**Table 3** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C start measurement command.

### 4.2 Get Signals

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_get_signals</i>	0x03 0xA6	This command reads out VOC Index, relative humidity, and temperature. It returns 3x2 bytes (+ 1 CRC byte each).

**Table 4** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C get signals command.

Byte number	Description	Value
0, 1	two bytes	int16 provides the VOC Index (no unit) with a scaling factor of 10, e.g., an output of +250 corresponds to a VOC Index of +25.0.
2	CRC byte for bytes 0, 1	–
3, 4	two bytes	int16 provides the relative humidity (in % RH) compensated for the temperature offset with a scaling factor of 100, e.g., an output of +2'500 corresponds to +25.00 % RH.
5	CRC byte for bytes 3, 4	–
6, 7	two bytes	int16 provides the temperature (in °C) with a scaling factor of 200, e.g., an output of +5'000 corresponds to +25.00 °C.
8	CRC byte for bytes 6, 7	–

**Table 5** Returned values by the I<sup>2</sup>C get signals command.

### 4.3 Get Raw Signals

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_get_raw_signals</i>	0x03 0xB0	This command reads out VOC Index, relative humidity, and temperature (like <i>svm40_get_signals</i> ) and additionally the raw signal of SGP40 (proportional to the logarithm of the resistance of the MOX layer) as well as relative humidity and temperature which are not compensated for temperature offset. It returns 6x2 bytes (+ 1 CRC byte each).

**Table 6** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C get raw signals command.

Byte number	Description	Value
0, 1	two bytes	int16 provides the VOC Index (no unit) with a scaling factor of 10, e.g., an output of +250 corresponds to a VOC Index of +25.0.
2	CRC byte for bytes 0, 1	–
3, 4	two bytes	int16 provides the relative humidity (in % RH) compensated for the temperature offset with a scaling factor of 100, e.g., an output of +2'500 corresponds to +25.00 % RH.
5	CRC byte for bytes 3, 4	–
6, 7	two bytes	int16 provides the temperature (in °C) with a scaling factor of 200, e.g., an output of +5'000 corresponds to +25.00 °C.
8	CRC byte for bytes 6, 7	–
9, 10	two bytes	uint16 directly provides the raw signal (in ticks) of the SGP40 without scaling.
11	CRC byte for bytes 9, 10	–
12, 13	two bytes	int16 provides the uncompensated relative humidity (in % RH) with a scaling factor of 100, e.g., an output of +2'500 corresponds to +25.00 % RH.
14	CRC byte for bytes 12, 13	–
15, 16	two bytes	int16 provides the uncompensated temperature (in °C) with a scaling factor of 200, e.g., an output of +5'000 corresponds to +25.00 °C.
17	CRC byte for bytes 15, 16	–

**Table 7** Returned values by the I<sup>2</sup>C get raw signals command.

#### 4.4 Stop Measurement

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_stop_measurement</i>	0x01 0x04	This command stops the operation mode of all sensors and returns the SVM40 to idle mode.

**Table 8** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C stop measurement command.

#### 4.5 Get/Set Temperature Offset for RHT Measurements

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_get_temperature_offset</i>	0x60 0x14	This command, sent without parameter bytes, reads out the current temperature offset used for the compensation of RHT measurements by returning 2 bytes (+ 1 CRC byte).
<i>svm40_set_temperature_offset</i>	0x60 0x14 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX  Example with default value: 0x60 0x14 0x00 0x00 0x81	This command sets the temperature offset used for the compensation of subsequent RHT measurements when sent together with input 2 bytes (+ 1 CRC byte) = 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX.

**Table 9** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C get/set temperature offset command.

Byte number	Description	Value
0, 1	two bytes	int16 provides the temperature offset (in °C) with a scaling factor of 200, e.g., an output of +400 corresponds to +2.00 °C. Default is 0 °C.
2	CRC byte for bytes 0, 1	–

**Table 10** Returned/input values by the I<sup>2</sup>C get/set temperature offset command.

#### 4.6 Get/Set Parameters of VOC Algorithm

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_get_voc_parameters</i>	0x60 0x83	This command, sent without parameter bytes, reads out the current four parameters used for the VOC Algorithm by returning 4x2 bytes (+ 1 CRC byte each).
<i>svm40_set_voc_parameters</i>	0x60 0x83 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX  Example with default values: 0x60 0x83 0x00 0x64 0xFE 0x00 0x0C 0xFC 0x00 0xB4 0xFA 0x00 0x32 0x26	This command sets the four parameters used for the VOC Algorithm when sent together with 4x2 input bytes (+ 1 CRC byte each) = 0xXX ... 0xXX.

**Table 11** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C get/set voc parameters command.

Byte number	Description	Value
0, 1	two bytes	int16 directly provides VOC Index (no unit) value representing the average conditions. Default is VOC Index = 100.
2	CRC byte for bytes 0, 1	–
3, 4	two bytes	int16 directly provides learning time (in h) which is used by the VOC Algorithm to estimate its states from the history. Events longer than approx. twice the learning time will be forgotten. Default is 12 h.
5	CRC byte for bytes 3, 4	–
6, 7	two bytes	int16 directly provides maximum gating duration (in min). During this period, the estimator of the VOC Algorithm states is frozen when the VOC Index is very high. Default is 180 min. 0 disables this feature.
8	CRC byte for bytes 6, 7	–
9, 10	two bytes	int16 directly provides initial standard deviation (no unit) used during start-up of the sensor. During start-up period, a lower value boosts VOC events while a higher value decreases VOC events. Default is 50.
11	CRC byte for bytes 9, 10	–

**Table 12** Returned/input values by the I<sup>2</sup>C get/set voc parameters command.



#### 4.7 Store Input Parameters to Non-Volatile Memory

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_store_input_parameters</i>	0x60 0x02	This command stores all parameters previously sent to the slave via the <i>svm40_set_temperature_offset</i> and/or the <i>svm40_set_voc_parameters</i> commands to the non-volatile memory of SVM40. These parameters will not be erased during reset and will be used by the corresponding algorithms after start-up. To reset the storage to factory settings the master has to set all parameters to the default values followed by a subsequent call of the <i>svm40_store_input_parameters</i> command.

**Table 13** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C store input parameters command.

#### 4.8 Get/Set States of VOC Algorithm

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_get_voc_states</i>	0x61 0x81	This command, sent without parameter bytes, reads out the states of VOC Algorithm by returning 4x2 bytes (+ 1 CRC byte each). These values can be used to set the states (using the <i>svm40_set_voc_states</i> command) after resuming sensor operation, e.g., after a short interruption by skipping the initial learning phase of the VOC Algorithm.
<i>svm40_set_voc_states</i>	0x61 81 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX 0xXX  Example: 0x61 81 0x00 0x00 0x81 0x00 0x00 0x81 0x00 0x32 0x26 0x00 0x00 0x81	This command sets the states of the VOC Algorithm when sent together with 4x2 input bytes (+ 1 CRC byte each) = 0xXX ... 0xXX, which were retrieved by the <i>svm40_set_voc_states</i> command before. This can be used when resuming sensor operation, e.g., after a short interruption by skipping the initial learning phase of the VOC Algorithm.

**Table 14** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C get/set voc states command.

Byte number	Description	Value
0, 1	two bytes	uint8[2] array of two bytes providing the states of the VOC Algorithm.
2	CRC byte for bytes 0, 1	–
3, 4	two bytes	uint8[2] array of two bytes providing the states of the VOC Algorithm.
5	CRC byte for bytes 3, 4	–
6, 7	two bytes	uint8[2] array of two bytes providing the states of the VOC Algorithm.
8	CRC byte for bytes 6, 7	–
9, 10	two bytes	uint8[2] array of two bytes providing the states of the VOC Algorithm.
11	CRC byte for bytes 9, 10	–

**Table 15** Returned/input values by the I<sup>2</sup>C get/set voc states command.

#### 4.9 Get Version of Device

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_get_version</i>	0xD1 0x00	This command returns information on the hardware, firmware, and protocol by returning 4x2 bytes (+ 1 CRC byte each).

**Table 16** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C get version command.

Byte number	Description	Value
0	one byte	uint8 provides the major version number of the firmware.
1	one byte	uint8 provides the minor version number of the firmware.
2	CRC byte for bytes 0, 1	–
3	one byte	bool provides the debug state of the firmware.
4	one byte	uint8 provides the major version number of the hardware.
5	CRC byte for bytes 3, 4	–
6	one byte	uint8 provides the minor version number of the hardware.
7	one byte	uint8 provides the major version number of the protocol.
8	CRC byte for bytes 6, 7	–
9	one byte	uint8 provides the minor version number of the protocol.
10	one byte	uint8 to be ignored.
11	CRC byte for bytes 9, 10	–

**Table 17** Returned values by the I<sup>2</sup>C get version command.

## 4.10 Device Reset

Command	Command hex. code	Description
<i>svm40_device_reset</i>	0xD3 0x04	This command performs a reset of the device and restarts the SVM40 in idle mode. Prior to executing the reset, the device will acknowledge the call. All previously set parameters sent by <i>svm40_set_temperature_offset</i> , <i>svm40_set_voc_parameters</i> , and <i>svm40_set_states</i> commands will be lost. The temperature offset and the VOC Algorithm parameters can be stored to the non-volatile memory of SVM40 by calling the <i>svm40_store_input_parameters</i> command.

**Table 18** Description of the I<sup>2</sup>C device reset command.

## Revision History

Date	Version	Page(s)	Changes
December, 2020	1.0	All	Initial release

## Headquarters and Subsidiaries

### **Sensirion AG**

Laubisruestr. 50  
CH-8712 Staefa ZH  
Switzerland

phone: +41 44 306 40 00  
fax: +41 44 306 40 30  
[info@sensirion.com](mailto:info@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com](http://www.sensirion.com)

### **Sensirion Taiwan Co. Ltd**

phone: +886 3 5506701  
[info@sensirion.com](mailto:info@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com](http://www.sensirion.com)

### **Sensirion Inc., USA**

phone: +1 312 690 5858  
[info-us@sensirion.com](mailto:info-us@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com](http://www.sensirion.com)

### **Sensirion Japan Co. Ltd.**

phone: +81 3 3444 4940  
[info-jp@sensirion.com](mailto:info-jp@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com/jp](http://www.sensirion.com/jp)

### **Sensirion Korea Co. Ltd.**

phone: +82 31 337 7700~3  
[info-kr@sensirion.com](mailto:info-kr@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com/kr](http://www.sensirion.com/kr)

### **Sensirion China Co. Ltd.**

phone: +86 755 8252 1501  
[info-cn@sensirion.com](mailto:info-cn@sensirion.com)  
[www.sensirion.com/cn](http://www.sensirion.com/cn)

To find your local representative, please visit [www.sensirion.com/distributors](http://www.sensirion.com/distributors)