

Homework 2

Deadline: 30th October, 2022

Saturday 15th October, 2022

1. (Name and Shame Mechanism). Consider the following mechanism A , for a given input dataset $D = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$, it generates

$$Y_i = \begin{cases} (i, x_i) & \text{w.p. } \delta \\ \text{nothing} & \text{w.p. } 1 - \delta \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

and outputs $Y = (Y_1, \dots, Y_n)$. Show that A is $(0, \delta)$ -DP.

2. (Noisy-max with Laplace Noise). In the class (Lecture 5), we have showed that adding the exponential noise $\exp(\frac{2\Delta}{\epsilon})$ in the Noisy-Max mechanism could preserve ϵ -DP. Now, instead of using the exponential distribution, we use $\text{Lap}(\frac{\Delta}{\epsilon})$ in the Noisy-Max mechanism. Try to show this is also ϵ -DP.
3. (Adding Uniform Noise) Suppose we add uniform noise to a count query $f : \{0, 1\}^n \mapsto \mathbb{R}$ with $f(D) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$, that is, we release $A(D) = f(D) + Z$ where $Z \sim U_{[-\lambda, \lambda]}$, $U_{[-\lambda, \lambda]}$ is the uniform distribution on the interval $[-\lambda, \lambda]$. How large must λ be to satisfy (ϵ, δ) -DP? Do both ϵ and δ matter in setting? When $\delta < \frac{1}{n}$, will this mechanism produce useful information?
4. (Implementation of Noisy-max Mechanism and Exponential Mechanism) You can find a selection problem (you have to say the output space, the score function and its sensitivity) and try to implement the noisy-max mechanism and the exponential mechanism. Write a report on your findings.
5. **Differentially Private Top k Selection:** Suppose we have d candidates items and a score function $q : [d] \times \mathcal{X} \mapsto \mathbb{R}$. In the selection in Lecture 5 we aimed to find a single high-score item. Suppose we now want to find $k < \frac{d}{2}$ items. Given an algorithm that outputs a set of k items $S = A(D)$, we measure the error as follows: let $q_{(k)}(D)$ be the score function of the k -th best item, The error of the algorithm is

$$q_{(k)}(D) - \min_{j \in S} q(j; D). \quad (2)$$

What expected error guarantee can you prove for the algorithm that proceeds by repeating the exponential mechanism k times without replacement. Try to consider both of using the basic composition property of ϵ -DP and the advanced composition property of (ϵ, δ) -DP cases.

6. (Comparison with Gaussian and Laplace Mechanism) Generate a dataset $D = \{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ where each $x_i \in \{0, 1\}^d$. Consider answering the average query $f(D) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$ via Laplace and Gaussian mechanism. Implement these two mechanisms with variate n, d, ϵ (Your cases must at least include $d = 1$ and $d \gg 1$). Write a report on your findings.