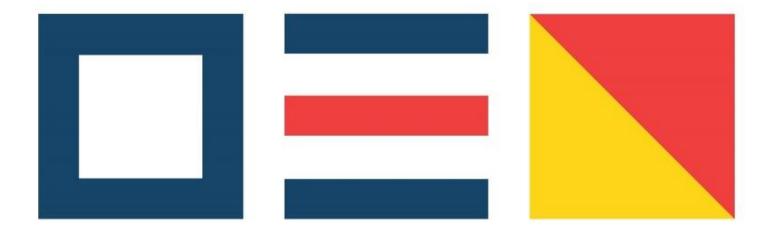
International Taskforce



Port Call Optimization

Who is International Taskforce Port Call Optimization?

The Taskforce:

- Started in January 2014
- Comprises subject matter experts with hands on expertise in shipping, ports and standards
- Works together with Non-Governmental Organizations to make submissions to robust standardization bodies to improve and formalize existing industry practices
- Provides input to Chainport, DCSA, IAPH Data Collaboration, IMO GIA to Support Low Carbon Shipping, World Bank, WPCAP
- As a neutral body, consults but does not promote solution providers





Why did we start?

Initiator:

 Request from shipping to improve port call data quality and availability to IHMA

Followed by:

 IMO MEPC.323(74): call for action to improve quality and availability of data in ship-port interface



RESOLUTION MEPC.323(74) (adopted on 17 May 2019)

INVITATION TO MEMBER STATES TO ENCOURAGE VOLUNTARY COOPERATION
BETWEEN THE PORT AND SHIPPING SECTORS TO CONTRIBUTE TO REDUCING
GHG EMISSIONS FROM SHIPS

THE MARINE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION COMMITTEE.

RECALLING Article 38(a) of the Convention on the International Maritime Organization concerning the functions of the Marine Environment Protection Committee conferred upon it by international conventions for the prevention and control of marine pollution from ships,

HAVING ADOPTED resolution MEPC.304(72) on the *Initial IMO Strategy on reduction of GHG emissions from ships* (hereinafter the Initial Strategy).

NOTING that the Initial Strategy calls for the encouragement of port developments and activities globally to facilitate reduction of GHG emissions from shipping, including provision of ship and shoreside/onshore power supply from renewable sources, infrastructure to support supply of alternative low-carbon and zero-carbon fuels, and to further optimize the logistic chain and its planning, including ports,

Why is port call data important?

- To improve safety, security and environmental performance to address financial concerns, and encourage innovation and efficiency (IMO)
- Most cost-efficient way to do it, to ensure global outreach

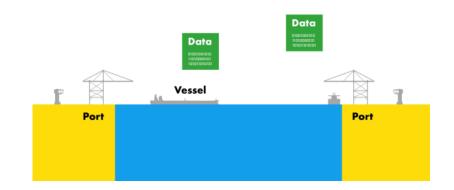


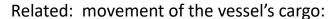
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What is the scope of port call data?

Focus: movement of the vessel:

- Realizing safe and sustainable berth to berth navigation
- Important for shipping, shippers, terminals and ports





- Realizing reliable and sustainable end to end supply chain
- Important for shippers



Why is a global approach important?

Many different parties per vessel per port call:

- Shipping operates in a global network of up to 8.000 (1) different ports
- Each port has many different suppliers of cargo and ship services
- Ports can receive up to 98.000 (2) different ships
- Each ship can have many different cargo owners, especially containers ships with 24.000 TEU
- Data owners like to share data one to many globally, to minimize administrative burden, errors, delays in updates



For a global approach, we need a strong and global road map

- 1) Agree on business process of port calls
- 2) Agree on minimum scope of data
- 3) Agree on robust standardization bodies
- 4) Agree on non-technical standards
- 5) Agree on technical standards
- 6) Develop incentives for data owners
- 7) Develop guidance for data owners
- 8) Implementation



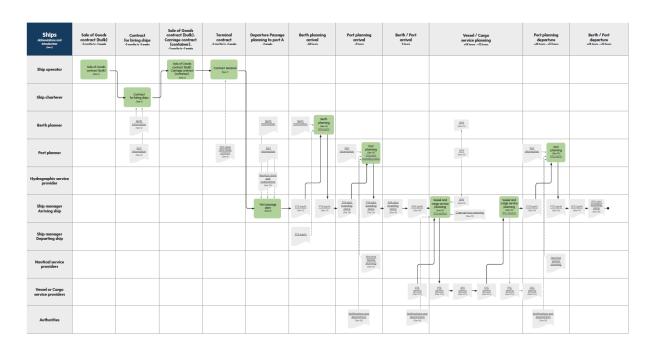
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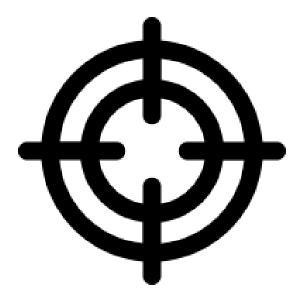
Agree on business process of port calls

Accomplishments: port and trade agnostic business process and appendix

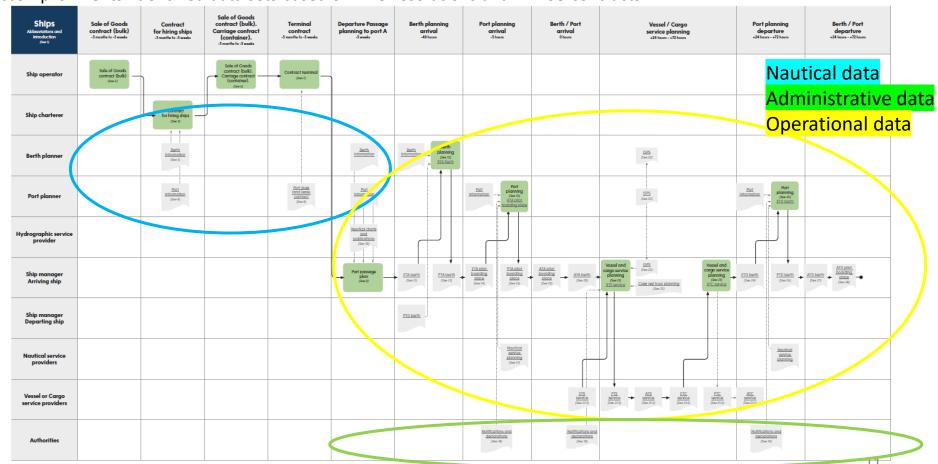




- Agree on business process of port calls
- Agree on minimum scope of data 2)
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Accomplishments: identified data sets based on IMO resolutions and BIMCO contracts



Accomplishments: identified data elements within data sets

Nautical data

- a) Nautical Charts: port depths and port infrastructure
- b) Nautical Publications: port information and port infrastructure

Administrative data

- a) IMO FAL forms data
- b) IMO Port facility number

Operational data

-) Arrival / Departure times at berth and pilot boarding place
- b) Starting / Completion times of vessel and cargo services

Accomplishments: rationale based on use cases with most impact on IMO objectives (according SME's of ITPCO & IMO GIA)

Nautical data

- Nautical Charts: berth to berth a) navigation is difficult if local ID of berths and their depths is different from Nautical Charts
- b) Nautical Publications: berth to berth navigation is difficult if local Port Information Books are different from Nautical **Publications**

Administrative data

- IMO FAL Forms: reporting notifications and declarations is an administrative burden when data cannot be exchanged but must be re-typed in different formats
- IMO Port Facility No.: reporting ISPS is difficult if the data of the Port Facility in the Nautical Chart is different from IMO GISIS data base

Operational data

- Arrival / Departure times: optimization of speed and planning rest hours is difficult if the Requested Time of Arrival Pilot Boarding Place or Departure Berth are not available
- b) Starting / Completion times: just In Time Arrivals or planning of rest hours is difficult if the start and completion times of services are not available

Accomplishments: rationale based on being compliant with IMO (most ports are public ports governed by Member States)

Nautical data

- a) Nautical Charts: to be compliant with IMO Resolution A.893(21)
- b) Nautical Publications: to be compliant with IMO Resolution A.893(21) and A.862(20)

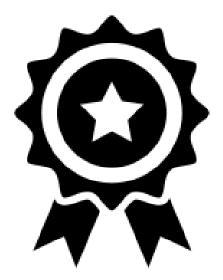
Administrative data

- a) IMO FAL Forms: to be compliant with IMO FAL Convention to exchange FAL data electronically
- b) IMO Port Facility No.: to be compliant with IMO SOLAS Regulation XI-2/13.4

Operational data

-) Arrival / Departure times: to be compliant with IMO MEPC.304(72) and MLC
- b) Starting / Completion times: to be compliant with IMO MEPC. 304(72) and MLC

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Agree on robust standardization bodies

Accomplishments: selection for non-technical standards (are we talking about the same object)

Nautical data



- From the start assigned to set standards for nautical publications
- Being robust party for both shipping and ports; has 93
 Member States

Administrative data



- From the start assigned to set standards for notifications and declarations
- Being robust party for both shipping and ports; has 174 Member States

Operational data



Time stamps serve both
 administrative and operational
 data, it is common sense to
 develop them under the same
 body and build on existing work

Agree on robust standardization bodies

Accomplishments: selection for technical standards (API specifications, technical/business performance specs)

Nautical data



- From the start assigned to set standards for nautical publications
- Being robust party for both shipping and ports; has 93 Member States

Administrative data



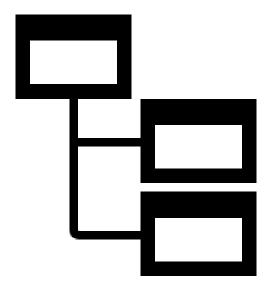
 ISO 28005-2 is the data model for the FAL Convention, aligned with IMO Model

Operational data



 Time stamps serve both administrative and operational data, it is common sense to develop them under the same body and build on existing work

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Agree on non-technical standards (are we talking about the same object)

Accomplishments

Nautical data

- a) Nautical Charts: terminals, berths, berth positions defined in IHO S-131
- b) Nautical Publications: content as per IMO Resolution
 A.862(20) aligned with IHO
 Dictionary

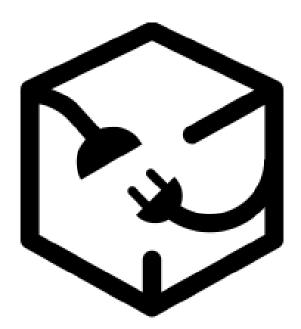
Administrative data

- a) IMO FAL forms: not in scope for ITPCO
- b) IMO Port Facility No.: part of terminal data as per IHO

Operational data

- a) Arrival/Departure times: defined in IMO Compendium
- b) Starting/completion times: defined in IMO Compendium

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Agree on technical standards (API specifications, technical/business performance specs)

Accomplishments

Nautical data

- a) Nautical Charts: exchange with S-57 tested
- b) Nautical Publications: S-131 started

Administrative data

- a) IMO FAL Forms: development under ISO TC 8 started
- b) IMO Port Facility No: part of S-131

Operational data

- development under ISO TC 8
 started
- b) Starting / Completion times: development under ISO TC 8 started

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Develop incentives for data owners

Accomplishments

Nautical data

 Submission of MS4 Port Support Services for nautical and operational data to IMO FAL 46

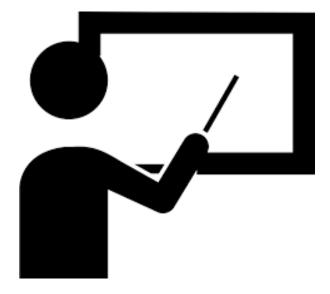
Administrative data

Not in scope for ITPCO

Operational data

Submission of MS4 Port
 Support Services for nautical
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 FAL 46

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Develop guidance for data owners

Accomplishments

Nautical data

- Nautical data in Port Information Manual 3.02
- Guide for Nautical data verification with IHO NIPWG
- Amendments to the guidelines for setting up a maritime single window to include nautical data

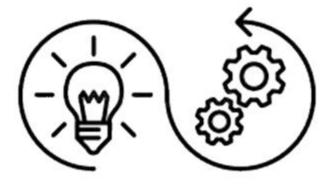
Administrative data

Not in scope for ITPCO

Operational data

- Operational data in Port
 Information Manual 3.02
- Guide for Operational data development in IMO FAL
- Amendments to the guidelines for setting up a maritime single window to include operational data

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Implementation

To do

Nautical data

• First port has finalized Q4/22

Administrative data

• Not in scope for ITPCO

Operational data

First port has finalized Q4/22

Hope to welcome you on board

