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YAKIMA RIVER BASIN WATER RIGHTS ADJUDICATION



KIM M. EATOR, YAKIMA COUNTY CLERK

The State of Washington, Department of Ecology v.

James J. Acquavella, et al.

Yakima County Superior Court Cause No. 77-2-01484-5

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE

Re: SUBBASIN NO. 5 (ELK HEIGHTS)

Submitted to:
The Honorable Walter A. Stauffacher
Yakima County Superior Court

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE - VOLUME 38A

13,866

1 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF YAKIMA 2 IN THE MATTER OF THE DETERMINATION) 3 OF THE RIGHTS TO THE USE OF THE SURFACE WATERS OF THE YAKIMA RIVER) 4 No. 77-2-01484-5 DRAINAGE BASIN, IN ACCORDANCE WITH) THE PROVISIONS OF CHAPTER 90.03, 5 REPORT OF REFEREE PURSUANT TO ORDER ON THE STATE OF WASHINGTON, 6 EXCEPTIONS OF DEPARTMENT OF ECOLOGY.) FEBRUARY 12, 1998 7 RE: SUBBASIN NO. 5 Plaintiff. (ELK HEIGHTS) 8 v. 9 James J. Acquavella, et al., 10 Defendants. 11 To the Honorable Judge of the above-entitled Court, the following report is 12 respectfully submitted: 13 The Order issued by the Court on February 12, 1998, ruled upon several 14 exceptions to the Report of Referee - Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) and remanded 15 certain exceptions to the Referee, with instructions, for further evaluation and 16 subsequent recommendations to the Court. 17 The following are the claimant exceptions which were filed: 18 Patricia Ann Ackerman, Court Claim No. 00895 19 Raymond A. Drebaum, Court Claim No. 02216 20 Sherry Bertino and Margaret V. Peckinino, Court Claim No. 00394 21 George Burchak and Diane Burchak, Court Claim No. 05216 22 GRM Ranch, Court Claim No. 01279 23 Harold B. Iverson and Joann Iverson, Court Claim No. 01137 24 Stanley E. Moore, Court Claim No. 01290 25 26

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Robert R. Roseburg and Enid Roseburg, Court Claim No. 01280

The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger, Pete White and Christa White, Lonny White, Michael White, Richard White and Jeanne Purple, Court Claim Nos. 01296, 01297, 01298

Scott DeWolf Wilson and Jeanne Laurel O'Breen, Court Claim No. 11351 and Court Claim No. 11352

Ecology took exception to the following claims: Steven and Elsie Bator, Court Claim No. 02230; Theodore and Marion Bronkema, Court Claim Nos. 01268 and 02225; Cecil and Jo Ann Carveth and Frank and Nancy Maglietti, Court Claim No. 01678; Gary and JoAnne Fudacz, Court Claim No. 00224. All of the preceding are regarding the current points of diversion and the need for compliance with RCW 90.03.380 change of point of diversion authorization.

Without naming each of the potentially affected claimants and their respective Court claim numbers, Ecology suggested that the Referee attach a "Conveyance Water" provision to each water right recommended as a portion of the Younger Ditch appropriation.

Ecology took exception to the number of domestic units recommended for confirmation for Sky Meadows Ranch Country Club, Court Claim No. 05636.

Additionally, Ecology identified several typographical errors that the Court ordered the Referee to evaluate and correct: Frank Lewis and Doris Marie Talerico, Court Claim No. 05671; Loyd and Shirley Garrett, Court Claim No. 01279; George and Diane Burchak, Court Claim No. 05216; Sherry Bertino and Margaret Peckinino, Court Claim No. 00394.

Ecology pointed out what they believed was an error in the Referee's analysis of the claims of Richard and Jean Haas and Sharon Winslow, Court Claim No. 01279 regarding the 0.09 cfs instantaneous quantity at Page 81, Line 22 versus the

0.08 cfs on Page 150, Line 20. The Court found no error since the quantity on Page 81 includes the stock water.

The Court denied Ecology's exceptions regarding points of diversion and compliance with RCW 90.03.380 for Bator, Bronkema, Carveth, Maglietti and Fudacz, due to the water source being return flow from Younger Ditch which is collected in the unnamed slough from which these claimants divert.

On April 11, 1996, the Court issued an Order reopening the record for Subbasin No. 5 to allow introduction of testimony and evidence in support of claimants Dennis L. and Kathy P. Hankins and Fred S. Talerico, who had been joined to Court Claim No. 01279. The hearing date was set for July 9, 1998, by the Court at which time the Referee took testimony and evidence offered by the claimants Hankins and Talerico.

On July 9, 1998, the Court made an oral ruling ordering the Referee to take testimony during the scheduled July 9, 1998, hearing and accept evidence presented in behalf of Jerry and Marclyn McLane, Court Claim No. 01678. The Court had granted the claimants' motion to be joined to Court Claim No. 01678 on June 23, 1998.

Hearings, for the purpose of opening the record for testimony and evidence relating to the exceptions, were conducted by the Referee on April 21, 1998, and April 22, 1998. The Department of Ecology (Ecology) was represented by Carol Knudson.

The following attorneys made appearances: Richard T. Cole for Patricia Ann Ackerman, Myron and Betty Olson and John and Marilyn Uribe, John Basterrechea and Susan Storey, Harold B. and Joann Iverson, Stanley E. Moore, Robert R. and Enid Roseburg, The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger, Pete and Christa White, Lonny White

1	and Michael	White, Richard White and Jeanne Purple;	Kenneth A. Berger for Raymond	
2	Drebaum; John P. Gilreath for Sherry Bertino and Margaret V. Peckinino, George and			
3	Diane Burchak; Jeff Slothower for Jerry N. and Marclyn A. McLane, Scott DeWolf			
4	Wilson and Jeanne Laurel O'Breen.			
5	The following claims and claimants are included in this report:			
6	Court			
7	Claim <u>No.</u>	Name	<u>Page</u>	
8	00895	Patricia Ann Ackerman	9	
9	01688	Jacqueline Baker & Bonita P. Morgan	71	
10		_	0. 70	
11	02230	Steven C. Bator, Sr. & Elsie Bator	9, 72	
12	00394	Sherry Bertino	13, 84, 85	
13	(A)06098	c/o John Bertino		
14	01268 02225	Theodore Bronkema & Marion Bronkema	73	
15	05216	George Burchak	19, 84, 93	
16		& Diane Burchak		
17	01422	John M. Butkovich & Jean M. Butkovich	92	
18 19	01678	Cecil Frank Carveth & Jo Ann Beverly Carveth	74	

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Robert C. Clark, Jr.

& Shirley M. Clark

Nellie G. Curry

Dana R. Dinius & Paula D. Dinius

Raymond Drebaum

Douglas D. Curry & Lois A. Curry

00985

01679

00281

02216

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1	01184 01185	Walter W. Eyer & Valorie G. Eyer	96
2		·	
3	00689	John Forenpohar & Margaret E. Forenpohar	95
4 5	01676 02222	Brian Frederick & Elizabeth Frederick	89
6	01676	Sandra Fredericksen	89
7	02224	Gary J. Fudacz & Joanne Fudacz	24, 75
8 9	01279	Loyd Garrett & Shirley Garrett	26, 76
10	01279	GRM Ranch	26
11	01279	Richard Haas & Jean Haas	26, 77
12.	01279	Dennis L. Hankins & Kathy P. Hankins	26, 78
13	00365	Bernard I. Henshaw	79
14		The Estate of Hazel Henshaw	
15 16	01137	Harold B. Iverson & Joann Iverson	37, 85, 86
17	00281	Kenneth B. Kerchner & Heather D. Kerchner	70
18	00284	E.L. Knudson, Jr.	95
19	(A)04191	& Necia Knudson Hart "K" Ranch	
20	00463	Frederick E. Krueger	97
21		& Linda R. Krueger	
22	01467 (A)03296	Harry James Masterson & Mary Lou Masterson	69
23	01678	Jerry N. McLane	42
24		& Marclyn A. McLane	
25	01279	Pat Merritt & Carolyn Merritt	26, 80
26			

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

Referee's Office 15 W. Yakima Ave Ste. 200 Yakima, WA 98902-3401

1	01290	Stanley E. Moore	45	
2	01688	Bonita P. Morgan	71	
3	02189	James E. Murphy	94	
4 5	00281	Shelley G. Muth & Joan M. Muth	70	
6	01676	Jon L. Newton & Cindy L. Newton	89	
7	11351	Jeanne Laurel O'Breen	56 11352	
8	00394 (A)06098	Margaret V. Peckinino	13, 84,	85
10	01297 01298	Jeanne Purple	49, 88,	94
11	01676	Real Estate Investment Group	89	
12	01676	Mack D. Richey	89	
13		& Susan R. Richey		
14	00284 (A)04191	Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation	95	
15 16	01280	Robert R. Roseburg & Enid Roseburg	48, 67	
17 18	01296 01297 01298	Estate of John E. Rothlisberger	49, 68, 88, 94	69,
19	00281	Theodore V. Ryan & Mildred E. Ryan	70	
20	05636	Sky Meadows Ranch Country Club	54, 97	
21	01294	South Cle Elum, Town of	93	
22	(A)05347			
23	02152	Springwood Ranch Corporation	88	
24	05671	Doris Marie Talerico	55, 81	
25	01279 00281	Fred S. Talerico Donald L. Torgett	26, 82 70	
26		& Marie E. Torgett		
27	SUPPLEMENTA	AL REPORT OF REFEREE		Refe
28	Re: Subbas	sin No. 5 (Elk Heights) 6		15 W Yaki

Referee's Office 15 W. Yakima Ave Ste. 200 Yakima, WA 98902-3401

1	01296	Lonny White	49,	68,	69
2	01296	Michael White	49,	68,	69
3	01296	Pete White & Christa White	49,	68,	69
5	01297 01298	Richard White	49,	88,	94
6 7	00281	Gary F. Williams & Diane M. Williams	70		
8	00281	Richard J. Willoughby	70		
9	11351 11352	Scott DeWolf Wilson Jeanne Laurel O'Breen	56		
10	01279	Sharon Winslow	26,	83	
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SPECIAL ISSUE

Ecology has suggested, and the claimants who elected to participate in the supplemental hearing have concurred, that the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) should be amended to include a provision which will protect the conveyance loss quantities confirmed for Younger Ditch water users. Essentially, the concern expressed by Ecology is that relinquishment or temporary nonuse of individual water rights over time could diminish the conveyance water to a point where the remaining users of the ditch could not obtain their authorized water. In recognition of that possibility, the Referee will incorporate into each of the recommended Younger Ditch water rights the following provision:

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In the event this water right is relinquished, or otherwise not used, the proportionate share of conveyance loss associated with this right shall revert to the remaining Younger Ditch water right holders whose certificates include a discreet quantity of water for the purpose of conveyance. The reversion of this quantity of water shall be to the extent necessary to deliver the authorized quantity of water to the remaining authorized places of use. The maximum quantity of water affirmed for the entire length of the ditch for the purpose of conveyance is 2.895 cubic feet per second (cfs).

The provision set forth above is taken from SE-81 which is the March 30, 1998, advisory letter Ecology sent to each of the known claimants affected by the proposed provision. The record reflects that there is no opposition to the inclusion of the provision. The following list includes all of the claimants who are recommended portions of the Younger Ditch water right and their respective conveyance loss quantities. The claimants marked by an asterisk participated in the supplemental hearing and testified in support of the provision.

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	CLAIM NO.	CLAIMANT	QUANTITY
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	01279	Pat & Carolyn Merritt	0.10
15	01279	Loyd & Shirley Garrett	0.16
	01279	*Richard Haas	0.045
16	01279	*Sharon Winslow	0.045
	01279	Dennis L. & Kathy P. Hankins	0.10
17	01279	Fred S. Talerico	0.125
- '	01688	Jacqueline Baker & Bonita P. Morgan	0.15
18	02230	Steven C. Bator, Sr. & Elsie Bator	0.95
	01268/	Theodore & Marion Bronkema	0.18
19	02225	17 19 17	
	01678	Cecil Frank & Jo Ann Beverly Carveth	0.285
20	02224	*Gary J. Fudacz	0.33
	00365	*Bernard I. Henshaw	0.30
21	05671	*Doris Marie Talerico	0.125
		TOTAL	2.895 cfs

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ANALYSES

COURT CLAIM NO. 00895 -- Patricia Ann Ackerman

Patricia Ann Ackerman elected to not appear and present evidence or testimony on the designated date of April 21, 1998. Mr. Richard T. Cole had been consulted by Miss Ackerman regarding preparation for the hearing. Mr. Cole advised the Referee that lacking proper foundation to support confirmation of a water right, Patricia Ackerman elected to forgo the opportunity to appear at the hearing. Lacking a factual record, the Referee cannot recommend confirmation of a diversionary water right under Court Claim No. 00895. The lack of a confirmation does not affect the previous stock water stipulation.

COURT CLAIM NO. 02230 -- Steven C. Bator, Sr. & Elsie Bator

The Ecology exceptions filed regarding Court Claim No. 02230 were the Younger Ditch conveyance loss provision as discussed on Pages 7 and 8 of this report and the point of diversion and RCW 90.03.380 compliance discussed on Page 3. The Bators were notified via letter from Ecology and the Referee's Notice of Appearance that the conveyance loss issue would be a subject of discussion during the supplemental hearing on April 22, 1998. Steven and Elsie Bator did not make an appearance on the designated day to offer testimony regarding Younger Ditch conveyance loss.

The Bator property is delivered water which is diverted from the Yakima River into Younger Ditch therefore the conveyance loss proviso as discussed on Pages 7 and 8 of this report is applicable to Court Claim No. 02230. The Referee has included in the Steven and Elsie Bator water right the "Limitation of Use" provision referenced above. No other change has been made to the right

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recommended on Page 147 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights), Volume 38.

COURT CLAIM NO. 02216 -- Raymond Drebaum

Exceptions to the Report of Referee for Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) were filed by Kenneth A. Berger, attorney for Raymond A. Drebaum. Mr. Drebaum sought an opportunity to augment the record regarding historic beneficial use and continued use for irrigation and domestic supply within the NW¼NE¼ of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The source of the water for which a water right is asserted is Iron Mountain Creek. The only facility via which surface water enters the Drebaum property is an open ditch from a point at the head of Iron Mountain Creek which ditch terminates on the George Burchak farm in the SE¼ of Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The Referee concluded in the original analysis of Court Claim No. 02216 that the record did not support a recommendation for confirmation of a right to Iron Mountain Creek water.

Raymond Drebaum and Russ Goddard, a professional arborist, attended the supplemental hearing and provided testimony. The ditch used by George Burchak and his predecessors crosses the entire north/south distance of the Drebaum property from south to north along the east property line. The ditch lies upslope from a group of old fruit trees located in the northeast corner of the Drebaum property. According to estimates by Mr. Drebaum, there are about 40 trees in an area of 2 to 3 acres. According to Russ Goddard, some of the trees are as much as 80 or 90 years old while others are obviously considerably younger. Several trees have died in the past several years from which Mr. Goddard cut cross sections for age dating.

It is uncontroverted that for many years the ditch has seasonally overflowed above the area where the fruit trees are located. This annual occurrence has created very wet soil conditions and has prevented the area from being cultivated until well after the overflow ceases. Mr. Drebaum recently rebuilt the ditch section with the intent to eliminate the overflow problem. In conjunction with that construction, a 4-inch diameter pipeline was installed to divert water from the ditch for irrigation and domestic supply. The assertion is that this pipe simply replaces old facilities and allows continuation of historic beneficial uses of the water from the ditch on the Drebaum property. The only previous maintenance of the long ditch leading from Iron Mountain Creek to the north line of the Drebaum property has been done by George Burchak or one of his predecessors.

The new evidence Mr. Drebaum submitted in support of Court Claim No. 02216 includes testimony regarding discovery of an old ½-inch diameter steel pipe in the area of some old building remnants south of the orchard. Although the pipe was traced toward the south, no diversion from the ditch or any other source was confirmed either currently or historically. Mr. Drebaum surmises that the pipe must have come from the ditch as he knows of no other source of water on the property. Testimony provided by George Burchak and statements made by Louie Bohannan, the previous owner of the Burchak property, cover the period from 1946 until the present. They both assert that no water was diverted from the ditch for the Drebaum orchard or former homesite near the orchard except as noted below.

It is uncontroverted that a building used for recreational housing for the past 20-odd years by predecessors of Drebaum had on occasion been supplied with water via a 1-inch plastic pipe from the ditch. That building has been moved by

Drebaum and converted into a residence. A 1-inch pipe runs to this structure from the new 4-inch pipe recently installed by Drebaum. The Referee concludes that any water use for this domestic purpose is of relatively recent origin and should not have been initiated without compliance with RCW 90.03.250 (water right permit application) procedures.

The record is less than clear as to the nature of older domestic structures that may have been on the property and the periods during which water may have been used. The source of any water used is also at best speculatively identified. Certainly, there is no surface water source on or adjacent to the NW\(\frac{1}{4}\)NE\(\frac{1}{4}\) of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.; therefore, the Riparian Doctrine has no applicability to the property. While Mr. Drebaum and Mr. Goddard assert that the fruit trees required irrigation water to attain their size and rate of growth, no evidence of deliberate irrigation of those trees is in the record. In fact, testimony of Burchak and Bohannan is that no deliberate irrigation has occurred since 1946. Although Mr. Drebaum has augmented the record in support of Court Claim No. 02216, definitive historic use records have not been provided for use of water from Iron Mountain Creek.

The original Report of Referee discussed Surface Water Certificate (SWC) No. 11609, which includes the Drebaum property within the place of use. Mr. Drebaum emphatically stated that no water is or has been used on the NW4NE4 of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. from any source originating in Section 10, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. Therefore, SWC No. 11609 apparently has not been perfected by any beneficial use on the Drebaum property.

Finally, the contention that the Tillman and Lundberg Notice of Appropriation may be applicable to the Drebaum property cannot be substantiated from the

record. In particular, the Referee believes that the point of diversion description is far to vague to be of any practical value; i.e., " $\frac{1}{4}$ mile from the south line of the southwest quarter of Section 4." The stream upon which this notice was filed is said to run northerly through Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The Referee suspects that the stream discussed is Tillman Creek which flows through the W_2^1 of Section 4. There is no record regarding facilities to divert or convey water to any land including the $NW_4^1NE_4^1$ of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. In fact, Mr. Drebaum testified that the SW_4^1 of Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. is located downhill from his property which is located in the $NW_4^1NE_4^1$ of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

The Referee concludes that the original recommendation contained on Page 35 of the Report of Referee for Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) should be affirmed and the Drebaum exceptions denied. It is further concluded that the place of use for any right based upon SWC No. 11609 shall not include the $NW_4^1NE_4^1$ of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

COURT CLAIM NO. 00394 -- Sherry Bertino
(A)06098 Margaret V. Peckinino

Exceptions to the Report of Referee were filed in behalf of the claimants by their attorney, John P. Gilreath. The exceptions include priority date, acres irrigated, instantaneous quantities and annual quantities. Also of concern to the claimants is the Referee's apparent reliance on the face of the Ch. 90.14 RCW water right claims as limits for the recommended water rights. Finally, an assertion is made that one spring on the property is not subject to the current surface water adjudication proceedings. Each of those points will be evaluated in this supplemental report.

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In addition to the exceptions filed by claimants Bertino and Peckinino, Ecology requests that the Referee correct a typographical error on Page 155 of the report. The "range" number on Line 21 is hereby corrected from "16" to the proper "15," which is consistent with the property ownership.

The first matter for consideration will be the appropriate priority date. The Referee recommended April 21, 1899, and May 20, 1899, respectively, for the domestic spring and Rabbit Creek based upon All of the water sources claimed are on the claimants' property Appropriation. within the SE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 12, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.; therefore, the Riparian Doctrine is applicable. The John Groger "Location of Water" filed April 21, 1899, states that the ditch for the domestic spring diversion was under construction in Mav of 1888. The Referee concludes that the date of priority should be May 31, 1888, based upon the appropriative doctrine and applying the standard of using the last date of the month when the day is not specified. Clearly, by May 31, 1888, the land was settled and/or a homesite was being developed, which is one of the first steps to separating land from Federal ownership. It should be noted that the patent was issued on May 1, 1899. Relying on the Riparian Doctrine for irrigation results in a common priority date of May 31, 1888, for the domestic spring located 650 feet south and 775 feet west from the east quarter corner of Section 12 and for the Rabbit Creek diversion.

Claimants Bertino and Peckinino are asserting that a second spring exists in the SE_{δ}^{1} of Section 12, which is at a point about 660 feet north and 250 feet west of the southeast corner of said Section. John Bertino testified at the supplemental hearing that the spring had been developed by a contractor for Mr. Skougstad (Miss Peckinino's father) and a pipeline was run to the home about

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1500 feet north of the spring. That spring development was a continuing problem due to plugging of the intake and consequently has not been used for many years, The spring is described as arising on the although the pipeline still exists. property and not flowing off the property and is asserted to be a surface water source which is not public water of the state and is therefore not within the jurisdiction of the current general adjudication. The Court has ruled accordingly regarding a similar spring in its Opinion Re: Exception of Dwayne and Alvina Dormaier (Claim No. 4706 Re Subbasin No. 21 (Burbank Creek), since characterized as the Dormaier Decision. Claimants are not asserting a water right through the Court for this spring and insufficient evidence was presented regarding characteristics of the spring, historic use, to meet the evidentiary etc. guidelines set forth by the Court on Page 6 of Memorandum Opinion RE: Return Flow Exceptions of Harry Masterson and Mary Lou Masterson entered July 16, 1996, and Order entered the same day; therefore, the Referee will not make a recommendation regarding confirmation of a water right, nor will the Referee make recommendation regarding possible applicability of the Dormaier Decision.

The exceptions regarding the number of acres historically irrigated in the SE_{κ}^{1} of Section 12 and the appropriate instantaneous and annual quantities are highly interdependent and will be discussed collectively. The record contains many references to conjunctive use of water from Rabbit Creek, a pond and a well (or wells) via a 2-inch mainline system installed in 1980 (DE-33) Also described by John Bertino is a "portable container" which he sets in the creek at various locations. It is used in conjunction with a 1-inch plastic water line and sprinklers to serve the "top part or any other part of the property." Although no mention is made of a pump in the container, the Referee concludes one may be

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involved to attain pressure to run the sprinklers. In any case, the capacity of this diversion apparatus is not discussed in the record. The currently used well is said to be the latest in a series of wells dug near Rabbit Creek since before 1900. This well may be as much as 30 feet deep and is constructed of concrete tiles. The water withdrawn from the well is said to be Rabbit Creek water; however at 30 feet depth, ground water is certainly a portion of the water withdrawn.

John Bertino testified that he often draws the water level far below land surface, and during dry periods must stop using the well after seven or eight hours of use to allow the water level to recover to creek level. No pump is described in the system either on the well, the creek or the pond. In fact, the Richard Bain analysis (DE-182) describes a gravity flow condition through the Mr. Bain states that 125 pounds per square inch (psi) is 2-inch PVC mainline. equivalent to 288.7 feet of elevation change. That elevation change is shown to occur in a total distance of 300 feet from the diversion from Rabbit Creek to the irrigated field. Exhibit DE-33 is a sketch of the well dug in 1980 and the mainline and sprinkler system is used for 20 acres. Referring to the 1964 aerial photograph (DE-180), the diversion is in the southerly center of the area described as irrigated fields. Although the topography can't be determined from the existing exhibits, it seems impossible to have slopes in the fields of nearly one foot of fall per one foot horizontal. The Referee may be missing some facts in the record which would clarify the physical setting.

There is no record regarding the historic irrigation system; i.e., the gravity ditches. If the point of diversion has always been at the current location, much of the 38 acres of fields would appear to have been higher than the

point of diversion. In the period 1983 to 1984, the pond was constructed below the Rabbit Creek diversion to store water during low flow periods. The pond is described as on a hill so gravity flow can serve the lower field of 20 acres (same area served by the well).

John Bertino testified on April 30, 1991, that he alternates between the pond and well to irrigate the lower 20 acres due to the very limited water supply during low flow periods. There is no testimony that the pond water or creek water is commingled with well water in the 2-inch PVC mainline. That seems improbable since the well serves the domestic water to the house.

The higher fields (18 acres) are planted to alfalfa and the only source of water for the sprinkler irrigation is Rabbit Creek. John Bertino testified that they had also irrigated the fields west of Rabbit Creek in the 1970's. Exhibit DE-181 depicts use of the portable intake structure at a point on Rabbit Creek above the west field. The Referee can only conjecture as to the location of the historic point of diversion as the record speaks only to the current circumstances and even that record lacks sufficient detail regarding use of creek water.

The first decision to be made is the applicability of the current surface water adjudication to the well since ground water is not being addressed in this adjudication. Due to the apparent commingled surface and ground water intercepted by the well and lack of evidence to define the quantity of surface water, a water right for use of the well cannot be recommended.

The claimants assert that Ch. 90.14 RCW, Water Right Claim (WRC) No. 60970 filed in the name Edward J. Skougstad by Margaret V. Peckinino is not a limit to the right which can be recommended for approval on Rabbit Creek. The argument seems to be that Edward J. Skougstad was not competent to complete the claim due

to failing health and his advanced age of 86 years. The record establishes that the claims filed were not completed by Edward J. Skougstad. They are said to have been filled out at the Olympia office of the Department of Ecology by some unnamed person other than Mr. Skougstad or Margaret V. Peckinino, the signatory as designated representative.

Assuming that some employee of Ecology did put pen to paper to complete the water right claim, the only source of answers to the questions would have been Margaret V. Peckinino or Mr. or Mrs. Edward J. Skougstad who were apparently all present at Ecology's office. The Referee finds that three adults, all with personal knowledge of the property, should have had a fair and ample opportunity to complete and submit a reasonably accurate water right claim. Mr. Skougstad did not independently complete the form nor did he sign it. The claimants were advised by the Referee of the option of seeking an amendment of WRC No. 60970 via the procedures of RCW 90.14.065. According to transcript from the exception hearing held for Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) in October of 1997, they apparently have elected to use that process. In any case, a copy of the Ecology decision for the referenced amendment was not entered into the record.

The Referee has evaluated the entire record with the objective of determining to what extent WRC No. 60970 should or should not define the limits of any right to Rabbit Creek. It has been determined that the lack of a definitive factual record as to historic water use is the overriding problem. The record created at the supplemental hearing did not in many respects clarify the historic use issues previously identified. For instance, a new sprinkler system, mainline and well were installed in 1980, whereas the earliest use of Rabbit Creek must have been via open ditches. That change may or may not have been part of the

reason for the significant difference in irrigated acres. The record is not helpful.

As recently as March 12, 1991, both Margaret V. Peckinino and John Bertino signed an amended statement of claim which was recorded with the Clerk of the Court as Document No. 6098. That claim identifies only 7 acres and 0.18 cfs for irrigation from Rabbit Creek via a well. This information seems to be in conflict with the record from the supplemental hearing and no explanation of the differences was provided.

The Referee recommends approval of the amended priority date to reflect May 31, 1888, as previously discussed and denial of the remaining exceptions filed regarding Court Claim No. 00394. Thus, the Report of Referee should be affirmed for claimants Sherry Bertino and Margaret V. Peckinino with the change of priority date for the domestic spring and Rabbit Creek to May 31, 1888.

During review of the legal description of the place of use on Page 55 of the Report of Referee, an error was noted where the " $\underline{E_2^1NW_2^1SE_4^1}$ " is listed. The correct entry of " $\underline{E_2^1NW_4^1SE_4^1}$ " is used in this supplemental report.

COURT CLAIM NO. 05216 -- George Burchak & Diane Burchak

George and Diane Burchak, through their attorney John P. Gilreath, filed exceptions to the Referee's recommendations regarding Court Claim No. 05216. The Burchaks own approximately 160 acres in two parcels and claim water from an unnamed spring fed stream and Iron Mountain Creek. Their uses of water include irrigation, domestic supply, stock water and a mink farm.

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In addition to the exceptions filed by the Burchaks, Ecology identified a typographical error in the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights), which will be dealt with by changing the range on Page 142, Line 13 from 25 to 15.

The Referee recommended confirmation of a water right from an unnamed stream with a priority date of December 15, 1916, in the quantities of 0.02 cfs; 3 acre-feet per year for domestic supply and stock water. The Burchaks except to the priority date which they assert should be January 23, 1905. The Referee relied upon the date of an easement and water use agreement executed on December 15, 1916, between James A. Taylor and J. W. Whiteman to establish the recommended priority date. The Burchaks assert that Whiteman ownership of the land on which the spring water is used, the $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 4, began on January 23, 1905, and that is the date that should be used for the water right. While it is clear that water use began prior to the 1916 agreement with water originally conveyed through an open ditch, there is no evidence in the record of when that water use was initiated. The Whitemans did acquire the land in 1905; however, there are a lot of possible dates when water use could have been initiated before or after that purchase. The claimant has entered no evidence to show what that date was. December 15, 1916, is the only certain date in the record of water use therefore the Referee continues to recommend that the priority date be December 15, 1916.

The claimant's exception also seems to contest the quantity of water that was recommended, although it does not specifically state an exception. The claimants have stated a belief that they have a right to all of the spring water, except that used in the $SE^1_4SE^1_4$ of Section 4. The quantities of water recommended from the unnamed spring were primarily based upon the limits associated with filing of

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a short form water right claim, which is what was filed for use of the spring. There is no evidence in the record of the amount of water that has been beneficially used from the spring. Additionally, the Referee notes that the 1916 agreement includes very specific and restrictive language as to quantity and pipeline sizes, as well as release of the right to any quantities of water formerly used above the capacity of the agreed to $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch pipeline. The Referee believes that a $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch gravity pipeline over 1,100 feet in length will not convey more than the 0.02 cfs as recommended and there has been no evidence that more than that quantity has been put to beneficial use. The Report of Referee as it relates to the unnamed spring should be affirmed as written.

The exceptions filed by the Burchaks relative to Iron Mountain Creek include the instantaneous and annual quantities. Also involved is the question of whether WRC No. 068270 limits the quantity of water to which a right can be confirmed to 2.0 cfs.

The Referee acknowledges that the combined 6-inch pipeline and gravity ditch from the steel tank have the ability to jointly convey more than the 1.0 cfs recommended by the Referee. Testimony provided by George Burchak at the supplemental hearing was that up to 4.0 cfs can be delivered from Iron Mountain Creek to the Burchak property in the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ and the $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

In order to consider confirmation of a quantity of water above 2.0 cfs, the Referee must first determine whether there is foundation for a water right to more than 2 cfs (William Twomey Notice of Appropriation). The William Stevens Notice of Appropriation for use of Summit Creek is cited as additional foundation for the current use from Iron Mountain Creek. Burchak suggests that Iron Mountain Creek

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and Summit Creek are actually the same source; however, that assertion is made without any supporting documentation in the record. The William Stevens Notice of Appropriation states it was posted near the point of diversion in the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}$ of Section 16, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The creek referred to in this proceeding as Iron Mountain Creek does not extend into the No of Section 16. According to the testimony, the headwaters of Iron Mountain Creek is in a spring area in the NE $\frac{1}{6}$ of Section 9. Review of State's Exhibit SE-1 shows another creek beginning in the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}$ of Section 16 and flowing in a northwesterly direction. It is possible that a diversion from this separate creek could have resulted in water being carried either to Iron Mountain Creek or to the ditch that diverts from Iron Mountain Creek. The claimant has not provided any evidence that Summit Creek and Iron Mountain Creek are the same source of water or were used conjunctively. on the statement of claim filed with the Court, Iron Mountain Creek and Summit Creek are listed as two separate water sources. Additionally, other documents submitted by the claimant indicate that the other name for Iron Mountain Creek was "Nigger Baby Creek". Therefore, the Referee finds there is insufficient evidence to conclude that the Stevens Notice of Appropriation established a right to use Iron Mountain Creek.

There is nothing in the record to lead the Referee to conclude that a right exists in excess of the 2 cfs claimed in WRC No. 068270, therefore, the Referee will not address the substantial compliance arguments of the claimant.

The Referee agrees with Burchak that the historic use of water from Iron Mountain Creek has been higher than 1.0 cfs as recommended in the original Report of Referee. Clarification of the concurrent use of the 6-inch mainline and the original ditch during high flow periods does not include any data regarding

measured flow, rather, Burchak asserts that 4.0 cfs is conveyed through the ditch above the steel tank. In any case, the evidence has established that a right exists for use of 2 cfs. The Referee concludes based upon the record that the recommendation can be increased from 0.97 cfs for irrigation of 60 acres to 2.0 cfs and that 720 acre-feet per year or 12 acre-feet per acre is justified. It seems obvious that in many years the claimant will not be able to deliver the full 720 acre-feet to his property due to the seasonal fluctuations in Iron Mountain Creek; however in good water years, that quantity appears to be reasonably consistent with the historic beneficial use. The 2 cfs shall be divided amongst the uses being made of the water, i.e., 1.97 cfs for irrigation, 0.02 cfs for domestic supply and 0.01 cfs for stock water. Page 142, Line $7\frac{1}{2}$ of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) is hereby revised to read 1.97 cfs; 720 acre-feet per year for irrigation. There is no change to the domestic and stock water quantities.

During review of the Report of Referee, it was apparent that typographical errors were made in the priority date for the Iron Mountain Creek water right. The errors appear on Page 48, Line $12\frac{1}{2}$ and Page 142, Line $9\frac{1}{2}$. In both those instances, the date 1877 is entered, whereas the appropriate priority date is 1887 as reflected on Page 47, Lines $4\frac{1}{2}$ through $6\frac{1}{2}$. The basis for the Iron Mountain Creek water right is the Twomey Notice of Appropriation which is dated August 1, 1887. Due to the significance of the error, the Referee recommends that the priority dates referenced above be corrected to read 1887.

The Referee has concluded that an error was made by Ecology when describing the point of diversion from Iron Mountain Creek. On Page 46, Line $16\frac{1}{2}$ through Page 47, Line $1\frac{1}{2}$, it is clear that the point of diversion chosen by the Referee

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was based on the field investigation by Ecology. Evidence presented during the supplemental hearing establishes that the true diversion is actually located in the SW¹/₄NE¹/₄ of Section 9 in a spring area 325 feet north and 450 feet east of the center of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The Burchak video tape (DE-179) showing the long ditch leading from the spring around the side hill clearly establishes that the point of diversion is at least one quarter mile via the ditch contour south of the Drebaum property. Exhibit SE-69 is very misleading since it shows the Burchak diversion system as beginning at the 300-gallon steel tank installed on the ditch as it crosses the Drebaum property.

Exhibit DE-159 is a copy of the Ch. 90.14 RCW claim filed by the Conservative Baptist Association containing a description of the point of diversion from "numerous springs and stream" which the Referee believes fairly represents the point where the Burchak ditch diversion from Iron Mountain Creek is located. That point is described as being 325 feet north and 450 feet east of the center of Section 9, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

All the exceptions filed by George and Diane Burchak, Court Claim No. 05216, should be denied except as discussed above.

COURT CLAIM NO. 02224 -- Gary J. Fudacz & Joanne Fudacz

On April 22, 1998, during the supplemental hearing, Gary Fudacz made an appearance before the Referee seeking an opportunity to augment the record regarding Court Claim No. 02224. Gary and Joanne Fudacz did not file an exception with the Court with regard to the Report of Referee for Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights); however, Ecology's exception regarding the appropriate point of diversion for the easterly Younger Ditch water users references Court Claim

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February 12, 1998, the Court did remand to the Referee all of the Younger Ditch claimants including Gary and Joanne Fudacz, but only to the extent necessary to resolve the conveyance water provision (see Pages 7 and 8 of this report for a discussion of the Younger Ditch conveyance loss provision). Mr. Fudacz testified in support of the provision.

The Referee explained to Mr. Fudacz that his request amounted to a late

No. 02224. The Court denied that portion of Ecology's exceptions.

The Referee explained to Mr. Fudacz that his request amounted to a late exception which could only be allowed by the Court. The express understanding was that the augmented record would only be relied upon if the Court approved a prospective late exception and remanded Court Claim No. 02224 to the Referee. There is no indication in the record that Gary and Joanne Fudacz filed a late exception with the Court or that Court Claim No. 02224 was remanded to the Referee for any purpose other than conveyance water. Lacking authorization to evaluate the supplemental record created in support of Court Claim No. 02224 on April 22, 1998, the Referee will not consider that record.

The Referee has included in the Gary J. and Joanne Fudacz Court Claim No. 02224 water right the "Limitation of Use" provision referenced above. The only other change which has been made to the right recommended on Page 149 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) is correction of a typographical error which appears on Page 149, Line $15\frac{1}{2}$ where " $\frac{W_2^1NE_4^1}{4}$ " is the correct legal subdivision. This error was identified during review of the Report of Referee.

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1 2 3 4	COURT CLAIM NO. 01279 GRM Ranch Loyd Garrett & Shirley Garrett Richard Haas & Jean Haas Dennis L. Hankins & Kathy P. Hankins Pat Merritt		
5 6	& Carolyn Merritt Sharon Winslow Fred S. Talerico		
7	Court Claim No. 01279 was filed by GRM Ranch in 1981; subsequently, numerous		
8	parcels of land have been sold off from the GRM Ranch properties. After filing		
9	motions with the Court, the following property owners have been joined to Court		
10	Claim No. 01279:		
11	Betty R. Danubio		
12	Loyd and Shirley Garrett Walter H. and Dixie M. Goenner		
13	Richard and Jean Haas Dennis L. and Kathy P. Hankins Pat and Carolyn Merritt		
14	Fred S. Talerico Sharon Winslow		
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16	Each of the additional parties listed above (except Walter H. and Dixie M		
17	Goenner) has presented evidence in support of their proportionate interest in GRM		
18	Ranch's Younger Ditch water rights. Analysis of those records is contained either		
19	in the original Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) or in this		
20	supplemental report.		
21	Richard T. Cole, attorney for GRM Ranch, filed exceptions with the Court in		
22	response to the Report of Referee, seeking an opportunity to augment the record		
23	for water rights to Younger Ditch associated with portions of the GRM Ranch		
24	properties not encompassed by any of the ownerships referenced above. The Cour		
25	remanded Court Claim No. 01279 to the Referee for inclusion in the supplementa		
26	hearing schedule.		

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0n April 22, 1998, Richard T. Cole represented property owners John Basterrechea and Susan Storey; Myron and Betty Olson and John and Marilyn Uribe who purchased, respectively, Lots 2 and 3, Lot 1 and Lot 4 of a short plat developed by GRM Ranch (Properties). None of these owners have petitioned the Court seeking to be joined to Court Claim No. 01279, although Mr. Cole stated during the supplemental hearing that each would seek to be joined. Exhibit No. DI-228 was reserved during the hearing for production of a copy of the plat map for the 4-lot short plat and legal descriptions of each of the lots. of documents was not delivered to the Referee's Office or the Clerk's Office; therefore, Exhibit DI-228 does not exist. Richard T. Cole represented only the owners of the lots discussed above at the supplemental hearing, not GRM Ranch Since the Olsons, Uribes and John Basterrechea and Susan Storey are not parties to the adjudication, the Referee will review the testimony and prepare the analysis for claimant GRM Ranch.

WRC No. 33846 filed by GRM Ranch in 1974 includes within the place of use the $W_2^1 N E_4^1$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. The short plat within which Uribe, Olson, Basterrechea and Storey own lots is located within the $W_2^1 N E_4^1$ of Section 31. The four lots appear to encompass approximately 20 acres being 5 to 6 acres each as testified to by Susan Storey and Marilyn Uribe. Also providing testimony regarding the history of this immediate area was Gary Fudacz, owner of the land adjacent and to the north.

Mr. Fudacz bought his 10 acres from GRM Ranch in 1976 and has personal knowledge of the remnant pipes and ditches on his property as well as an abandoned pump which he removed some years ago. Mr. Fudacz surmised that the pump may have been part of an old system employed by GRM Ranch to irrigate land south of his

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property. He has lived in the Cle Elum area his entire life and was high school age in the early 1960s. He recalls his friends helping harvest hay raised by GRM on portions of their ranch. Details regarding specific fields and use of irrigation water from Younger Ditch or any other source was not provided. He did have an opinion that most of the land in the area would require irrigation to produce a hay crop, although some dry land hay could be produced on the better soil and/or low areas. Mr. Fudacz could not testify that any of the short plat area discussed above had been irrigated since 1967.

The course of the south branch of Younger Ditch lies one-quarter mile or more north and west of the the northwest corner of the short plat. A head ditch leading from Younger Ditch to the short plat area was not identified by any witness or exhibit, although Mr. Fudacz and Bernard Henshaw testified that the most likely source of water would have been Younger Ditch via a head ditch beginning somewhere west of the north south center line of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. Gary Fudacz, Bernard Henshaw and Susan Storey testified that crops were grown by GRM Ranch and that some irrigation water was used; however, no facts were presented of a specific nature. Mr. Henshaw pointedly stated that he has had personal involvement with the operation of Younger Ditch since 1964 and that no water had been delivered to any of the short plat area during that time. confirm that in years prior to 1964 much more land had been irrigated from the south branch of Younger Ditch. The Fudacz and Storey testimony was very general about irrigation, but does suggest some use within the original GRM Ranch properties during the mid 1960s.

Currently, there is no use of Younger Ditch on Lots 1 through 4 of the short plat and there is no definable plan to initiate such use by the owners. They do

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profess an interest in retaining the right to begin using Yakima River water at some future date.

The Referee is faced with a total lack of evidence of irrigation use since the mid 1960's and only inferences of use earlier. The claimants contend that their parcels are irrigable and that the Referee should recommend confirmation of water rights in quantities consistent with other rights recommended on Younger The Referee finds that course of action problematic. First, the record has not been created which proves a quantifiable historic use of irrigation water on the short plat described previously. RCW 90.14.160 provides that effective on July 1, 1967, any person who fails to use water for a period of five successive years without sufficient cause shall relinquish such right or portion thereof. The apparent nonuse since the mid-1960s and application of RCW 90.14.160 leads the Referee to conclude that any water rights associated with the former GRM Ranch land discussed herein have relinquished. The evidence does not indicate any use of water on this land since the mid 1960s and there has been no sufficient cause shown to prevent relinquishment, if in fact a water right was ever perfected. The record would indicate that recent nonuse has been voluntary.

Given the deficiencies described above, the probable relinquishment and the Referee's analysis regarding GRM Ranch in the original report (Page 84, Line $18\frac{1}{2}$) through Page 85, Line $14\frac{1}{2}$), the Referee finds there is insufficient evidence upon which to recommend a water right for any of the current GRM Ranch property or for Lots 1 through 4 of the short plat lying within the $W_2^1 N E_4^1$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.

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Loyd Garrett & Shirley Garrett

Ecology requested clarification of a typographical error in the schedule of rights on Page 150 at Line 7 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). The instantaneous quantity of 0.16 cfs is corrected to 0.15 cfs as described on Page 83, Line 6. Loyd and Shirley Garrett did not make an appearance at the supplemental hearing although they were notified by Ecology. The Garrett property is served by Younger Ditch and is subject to the conveyance loss provision discussed on Pages 7 and 8 of this report. The provision has been added to the previously recommended water right for Court Claim No. 01279, Loyd and Shirley Garrett.

Richard Haas & Jean Haas/Sharon Winslow

Claimants Richard and Jean Haas and Sharon Winslow independently own parcels of land formerly owned by GRM Ranch. Their properties lie within the place of use of Yakima River water claimed by GRM via Court Claim No. 01279.

GRM Ranch filed Court Claim No. 01279 and Betty R. Danubio was joined to the claim for Tract 3 of Airport Road tracts consisting of 5.02 acres lying within the $E_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ and the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. Danubio short platted Tract 3 of the Airport Road Tracts into Lots 3A, 3B and 3C and sold 3A and 3B to Sharon Winslow and Lot 3C to Richard and Jean Haas. Winslow and Haas were substituted for Danubio prior to completion of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights), Volume 38. The Referee recommended confirmation of 4 acres of irrigation and stock water jointly to Winslow and Haas.

Although neither Winslow or Haas filed exceptions to the Report of Referee, on January 10, 1998, Richard and Jean Haas advised Ecology and the Attorney General's Office that the 4 acres of irrigation recommended should be

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proportionately divided to reflect the separate ownerships. No other exception was noted in the Haas letter except to note a typographical error in spelling their name.

Ecology had requested clarification of the instantaneous quantity recommended believing there was a discrepancy between the quantity on Page 81 and that on Page 150; however, the Referee's review revealed there was no discrepancy. Haas and Winslow's interest in Court Claim No. 01279 was remanded to the Referee along with all of the other claimants who receive their Yakima River water through Younger Ditch to consider the conveyance water issue, as discussed on Pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Richard Haas and Sharon Winslow attended the supplemental hearing for Subbasin No. 5 on April 22, 1998, and testified in support of their respective interests in Court Claim No. 01279. Winslow owns Lots 3A and 3B of Danubio Short Plat of Airport Road Tracts Kittitas County Short Plat SP-91-02. These lots are 1.0 acre each and Younger Ditch flows west to east across 3A. The 2 acres have historically been irrigated from Younger Ditch although they are not now being irrigated. The property has no buildings, but an access road to the Haas property runs down the west margin of both lots. Winslow plans to develop either homes or duplexes on the lots and to irrigate the property as needed from Younger Ditch. Sharon Winslow testified that she needed no more of the recommended 4 acres than the 2 acres historically irrigated.

Richard Haas urged a 60% to 40% split of the 4 acres of irrigation based on lot sizes, but ultimately agreed 2 acres of irrigation was more likely consistent with the irrigable area within his parcel. About 1 acre of the 3-acre lot is a man made lake or is used for a home and other improvements.

Based upon the facts presented and what the Referee understands to be agreement between the claimants, separate recommendations will be made of 2 acres each and the stock water will also be split evenly.

Richard and Jean Haas requested that their names be removed and Atlantic Construction Engineers, Inc. Profit Sharing Plan and Trust be substituted. Mr. Haas was advised that substitutions could only be accomplished through a motion filed with the Court. Having seen no substitution paperwork, there will be no name change and Richard and Jean Haas will remain as the claimants for Lot 3C.

The Haas and Winslow water rights as recommended will contain the "Limitation of Use" provision as discussed on Pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Dennis L. Hankins & Kathy P. Hankins

On May 12, 1998, Dennis L. and Kathy P. Hankins filed with the Court a motion seeking to be joined as parties to GRM Ranch, Court Claim No. 01279, which the Court approved the same day. The supplemental hearing had been conducted by the Referee on April 21 and April 22, 1998; therefore, the Hankins filed a motion with the Court on May 20, 1998, seeking a hearing date to present the original evidence for their portion of the GRM Ranch. The Court approved that motion remanding the Hankins' claim to the Referee for a hearing on July 9, 1998. Dennis Hankins represented himself at that hearing and provided testimony regarding use of irrigation and stock water on their 3.73 acre property since they purchased it in 1990.

The source of water is the Yakima River delivered via the south branch of the Younger Ditch. A pump is installed on Younger Ditch on the Hankins property and delivers up to 70 gallons per minute (gpm) to a sprinkler system for irrigation of pasture. Between eight and fifteen sprinklers are utilized depending upon the

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portion of the 3.5 acre pasture being irrigated. Cattle are grazed on the property and have access to the channel of Younger Ditch for water during the irrigation season. The pump is installed 50 feet south and 50 feet east of the northwest corner of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. being within Government Lot 1 of said section. The place of use is Parcel A of that certain Short Plat recorded in Volume 16 on Page 131 of the Records of Kittitas County being a 3.73 acre portion of Government Lot 1, Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. lying south of the Cle Elum Airport Road and north of Highway 97.

Mr. Hankins did not testify as to the annual quantity of water required for his pasture irrigation therefore the Referee will rely on testimony provided by Richard Bain, consulting engineer for claimant Bernard I. Henshaw, a neighboring water user, for the analysis of the annual water duty.

The Henshaw property is located northerly of the Hankins parcel on the north branch of Younger Ditch. The soils are very similar and both properties are irrigated via sprinkler systems; therefore, the water duty of 6 acre-feet per acre recommended for the Henshaw property is appropriate or a total of 21 acre-feet per year for the 3.5 acres irrigated. The record presented by the various claimants who receive Yakima River water via Younger Ditch establishes historic irrigation of portions of the GRM Ranch land including the portion now owned by the Hankins. Mr. Hankins also testified that they have irrigated constantly since 1990 or 1991 and have had livestock on the property.

The priority date for Younger Ditch is June 5, 1886 (see Pages 7 through 10 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) for the history of Younger Ditch development).

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The ditch loss in Younger Ditch is 20% of the flow from the point of diversion from the river to the split where the south branch of Younger Ditch The ditch losses in the begins (about 1500 feet west of the Hankins property). south branch are 25% per 1000 lineal feet of ditch or $37\frac{1}{2}$ % for the 1500 feet to the Hankins property or 0.10 cfs for the combined loss from the river to the Hankins pump. The pump capacity is 0.156 cfs.

The several cattle which use water from Younger Ditch drink a minimal quantity of water therefore an instantaneous quantity of 0.01 cfs and an annual quantity of 0.5 acre-feet is recommended for that purpose. The Referee recommends confirmation of a water right for irrigation of 3.5 acres and stock water from April 20 through September 30 with an instantaneous quantity of 0.156 cfs and an annual quantity of 21 acre-feet for irrigation; 0.01 cfs, 0.5 acre-feet per year for stock water and 0.10 cfs to satisfy the ditch loss in Younger Ditch. to ensure adequate flow in Younger Ditch to satisfy the ditch losses a special provision will be added to this recommended water right (see Pages 7 and 8 of this report).

Pat & Carolyn Merritt

Pat and Carolyn Merritt did not file an exception to the Referee's recommendation for their water right delivered via Younger Ditch and did not make an appearance at the supplemental hearing. They had been advised that Ecology would be pursuing inclusion of a water conveyance provision on each claimant's recommended right under the Younger Ditch priority date of June 5, 1886. Merritt property does enjoy a proportionate share of the Younger Ditch water right; therefore, the provision as discussed on Pages 7 and 8 of this report has been added to the recommended water right.

Fred Talerico

Fred Talerico was joined as an additional party to Court Claim No. 01279, GRM Ranch (GRM), on May 26, 1998. The Court approved reopening the record regarding Court Claim No. 01279 to allow additional testimony and exhibits. Mr. Talerico was scheduled to present his evidence to the Referee on July 9, 1998. He appeared at the appointed time, represented himself, testified and offered one exhibit into the record (DE-234, a plat map).

Historic water use on the portion of the GRM property which Mr. Talerico owns was not specifically established at the original evidentiary hearing.

In 1974 WRC No. 003845 was filed with Ecology by John Mus representing GRM Ranch. That claim asserts a right to 3.0 cfs of Yakima River water diverted through Younger Ditch. Mr. Talerico's property is within the place of use described on WRC No. 003845 and is served via Younger Ditch.

Fred Talerico purchased Tract A from GRM in 1973 and then the adjoining Tract B in 1976. These parcels lie within the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ and/or the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. Tract A was subsequently sold to Mr. Talerico's parents, Frank and Doris Talerico, in 1980. Fred Talerico is asserting a right to irrigate $3\frac{1}{2}$ acres of Tract B which is about 5 acres in size.

The crops vary from pasture to hay from year to year and a sprinkler system is used to deliver 50 gpm from Younger Ditch via a 1 horsepower (hp) pump. Fred Talerico did not testify about the annual quantity of water he uses; therefore, the Referee will rely on the evidence presented by Richard Bain, a consultant hired by other Younger Ditch users. Portions of GRM Ranch have been irrigated for production of forage crops since before 1900 and includes part of the land served at the time the Younger Ditch was constructed. Tract B has more or less been

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actively farmed and irrigated since the first delivery of water through Younger Ditch. Mr. Talerico has irrigated $3\frac{1}{2}$ acres since 1976. Stock grazing on the property drink from an excavated pond or a small stream which enters the property from the west; therefore, the non-diversionary stock water stipulation described on Page 5 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) is applicable to Fred Talerico's property and his name shall be added to the list of claimants on Page 139.

The priority date for water rights for the Younger Ditch to the Fred Talerico property is June 5, 1886, and the period of use is April 20 through September 30. The annual water duty is 6.0 acre-feet per acre as established through testimony of Richard Bain in behalf of Bernard Henshaw. Thus, the 3½ acres irrigated on the Fred Talerico parcel would require 21 acre-feet per year. The instantaneous quantity recommended is 0.11 cfs which generally equates to the capacity of the 1 hp pump used to deliver water from Younger Ditch to the current sprinkler system. The ditch loss component for this property would be essentially the same as the 0.125 cfs recommended for Court Claim No. 05671, Frank and Doris Talerico. Their property lies immediately adjacent to Fred Talerico's property to the north.

The Fred Talerico place of use is described as follows:

north the quarter corner of Section 31, R. 16 E.W.M.; thence east along the north line section Section 31 305 feet; thence S 0°32'39" W 487.70 feet to the true point beginning: thence continuing S 0°32'39" W 218.36 feet: thence S 89°47'15" W 787.79 feet; thence N 0°32'19" E 334.32 feet: thence S 81°48'57" E 794.88 feet to the point of beginning.

As discussed in the "Special Issue" section on Pages 7 and 8 of this report, the individual ditch losses will be totaled and a limitation of use provision will be added to each recommended water right under the Younger Ditch.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

COURT CLAIM NO. 01137 -- Harold B. Iverson & Joann Iverson

Harold B. and Joann Iverson filed exceptions regarding the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) seeking an opportunity to augment the record as to historic irrigation practices and to provide the chain of title for their land. Richard T. Cole, attorney, represented the Iversons at the supplemental hearing on April 21, 1998. Harold B. and Joann Iverson represented themselves at the original hearing on April 30, 1991, providing testimony and introducing exhibits. The Iversons and Joseph Ozbolt testified in support of Court Claim No. 01137 at the supplemental hearing on April 21, 1998.

The claimants established that all of their land in Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. was formerly owned by the State of Washington, being part of the trust lands for schools. They contend that the land passed by multiple deeds into private ownership prior to 1917 and before the end of 1932 all of their land was being irrigated and water used for stock and other farm uses. It appears that the current Iverson ownership in the S½ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. derives from portions of at least three separate chains of title. The NE¼SW¼, SW½NE¼ and N½SE¼ of Section 36 was sold by the State to H. R. Weatherall on November 2, 1900 (Exhibit DE-218), and the S½SW¼ of the section was sold by the State to S. T. Packwood on June 6, 1902. The balance of the Iverson property lies within the SW¼SE¼ of Section 36. Evidence was not produced as to when and to whom the State transferred the SW½SE¼ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The only deed included in the record for that portion of the Iverson property is dated April 3, 1943, when the Iverson family acquired the land from Teofil Malawy.

The $NE_4^1SW_4^1$ and $N_2^1SE_4^1$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. are riparian to the Yakima River and the unnamed stream. Therefore, the priority date for that

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

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land would be based upon the earliest date in the record leading to separation of the land from the public domain. That date is February 22, 1889, when the Washington State Enabling Act was signed into law. That act was the inception of school trust lands for the future State of Washington.

Ιt agreed during presentation of the Iverson testimony the was supplemental hearing that Exhibit DE-218 would be reserved for claimants to produce a chain of title and copies of selected deeds. The post hearing briefing schedule provided for submission of reserved exhibits. Mr. Cole filed with the Court on June 29, 1998. documents (assigned number 13205) including transmittal letter, a partial title sheet and a copy of a November 2, 1900, deed from the State of Washington to W. R. Weatherall for 160 acres. These documents have been marked Exhibit DE-218. There are two significant attributes to the documents which need to be considered. First: DE-218 seems to contradict a deed contained in DE-217. Both deeds are dated the same and describe a land sale by the State to H. R. Weatherall for a portion of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. Exhibit DE-218 is handwritten and DE-217 is typed. DE-217 describes an 80-acre tract of land, the $NE_{4}^{L}SW_{4}^{L}$ and the $SW_{4}^{L}NE_{4}^{L}$ of Section 36, whereas DE-218 describes that 80 acres plus the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 36 for a total of 160 acres. to the Referee that DE-217 is a typed copy of DE-218, and the typed version contains a typographical omission of the N_2 SE $_4$ of Section 36. With that conclusion drawn, the Referee will rely upon the deed contained in DE-218. Second: The chain of title sheet is not complete. It contains no identification as to the section, township and range and the heading appears to have been altered during copying. The Referee believes that the chain of title sheet does relate to

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Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.; but cannot rely on it due to these deficiencies.

The tract of land without adequate chain of title documents is the $SW_4^1SE_4^1$ of Section 36. Since this 40 acres was not riparian to the unnamed stream, evidence of historic water use prior to June 6, 1917, is needed to prove the existence of a water right. Additionally, the only early ownership information in the record for the $N_2^1SE_4^1$ of Section 36 is the deed from the State to Weatherall in 1900.

The Iversons contend that the deed for the sale of the $NE^{\frac{1}{6}}SW^{\frac{1}{6}}$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. from Annie and Joseph Gongo to Teofil Malawy proves that all the Iverson property has early water rights. That June 16, 1921, deed (see "Included herewith is all DE-218) has a provision which states the following: water and water rights belonging or appurtenant to said lands." Taking that statement at face value and looking at the area of the NE4SW4 of Section 36 currently irrigated by Iverson with creek water (see DE-34 and DE-216 maps), 17 acres appear to be down gradient from the ditches. The two $\frac{1}{2}$ hp pumps used by the Iversons for their lawns and gardens appear to be for areas immediately adjacent to the creek in the $NE_{4}^{1}SW_{4}^{1}$ of Section 36. Testimony indicates this area is where the Teofil Malawy home and gardens were located in the 1920s. The estimated 17 irrigated acres mentioned above in the NE4SW4 includes the current domestic irrigation uses.

Because of the gaps in the chain of title for the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ and the $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M., the evidence of historic use in 1921 by Teofil Malawy is not helpful. Malawy does not appear in the chain of title for the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 36, 9.354 acres of which Iverson bought from Charles Landes on March 30, 1951. The January 10, 1912, chain of lien filed by Baker-Taylor Lumber

Company against Teofil Malawy does not warrant any particular weight because the land involved was in the $SE_4^1SE_4^1$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M., outside the Iverson ownership. Teofil Malawy's ownership of the $S_2^1SW_4^1$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. in 1910 is also of no significance because Iverson does not irrigate any land in the $S_2^1SW_4^1$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. with water diverted from the unnamed stream.

Iversons' map (DE-34) shows about 11 acres irrigated in the $NW_4^1SE_4^1$ of Section 36 and 17 acres in the $SW_4^1SE_4^1$ of Section 36. The Iversons contend that Malawy was irrigating all of this land at least by the 1920s; however, they have provided no evidence that he ever owned this land.

The Bain report (DE-216) establishes that prior to the Kittitas Reclamation District (KRD) Canal turn on date in April, there is 3.2 cfs available in the unnamed stream from natural flow sources. Although Mr. Bain did not provide flow measurements at the Iverson property for any date except April 17, 1998, his report for the Rothlisberger property (DE-188) does contain measurements on a very similar stream at a location $\frac{3}{4}$ mile south-southwest from the Iverson measurement point (Diversion No. 2). The Referee refers to that exhibit because it shows that mid-April flows are likely to be the highest natural flow of most years. Mr. Bain estimated over the irrigation season a reasonable expectation would be that the natural flow would decline resulting in an average flow for the irrigation season of 70% of the measured April flow. In the case of Iversons' unnamed stream source, that would calculate to be 2.24 cfs. Mr. Bain suggests that these small lowland streams should be expected to decline during the late summer and early fall to half the normal spring flows. The significance of this discussion is that the typical summer diversion of 5.0 cfs on the Iverson property would be more than

half return flow from KRD water. A maximum of 3.2 cfs of natural flow has been established by Richard Bain early in the irrigation season with as much as 50% reduction during summer and fall.

The annual crop demand estimated by Mr. Bain of 11.6 and 13.3 acre-feet per acre, respectively, for Field 1 and Fields 3, 4 and 5 are reasonable for the crops, soils and geographic area when rill irrigation is used. Therefore, the Referee has employed those quantities to calculate the annual water duty for Field 1 (comprised of 6 acres) and the 11 acres of Fields 3 and 4 located within the NE¼SW¼ of Section 36. Field 1 requires 69.6 acre-feet and a diversion of 1.0 cfs. The point of diversion is located 500 feet south and 500 feet west of the center of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M., being located in the NE¼NE¼SW¼ of said Section 36. The place of use is described as that portion of the N½NE¼SW¼ lying northerly of the former C.M. ST. P. and P. Railroad right of way (now John Wayne Trail). The priority date is February 22, 1889.

Fields 3 and 4 receive water diverted from the unnamed stream at a point 1175 feet north and 900 feet west of the south quarter corner of Section 36 via a gravity flow ditch. The natural flow available from this point during the early irrigation season has been established by Richard Bain to be 3.2 cfs. The Bain report does not establish the instantaneous flow required for each field. It is necessary to break down the 5.0 cfs typically diverted into the ditch serving Fields 3, 4 and 5 to reflect that portion delivered to the 11 acres lying within the $NE_4^4SW_4^4$ of Section 36. Lacking testimony or documents directly relating to the per acre flow rate, the Referee has elected to use the same flow recommended for Field 1 or 1.0 cfs for 6 acres of irrigation (0.167 cfs per acre). With that instantaneous demand, 11 acres would require 1.84 cfs. The annual crop demand is

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146.3 acre-feet for the 11 acres served by this ditch and the two $\frac{1}{2}$ hp pumps used for the two Iverson homesites with the total diversion not to exceed 1.84 cfs. Those pumps are located 1275 feet north and 750 feet west of the south quarter corner of Section 36, in the $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ and 1300 feet south and 775 feet west from the center of Section 36, in the $S_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$, all in T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The place of use is in that portion of the $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ of Section 36 lying southerly of the John Wayne Trail.

Stock water use is incidental to delivery of irrigation water through fields where stock are grazing; therefore, no separate instantaneous or annual quantity of water is recommended for diversionary stock water use.

The Referee cannot recommend confirmation for any diversionary water use on land lying within the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}^1SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^2$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. due to lack of early chain of title documentation and evidence of historical beneficial use on this portion of the Iverson property. Although the Iversons assert that Malawy owned the entire ranch from before 1917, the evidence does not exist to support that assertion. Of particular importance to further water right determinations is the chain of title information for the $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^1SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^1$ and the $SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^1SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^1$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. Possibly, a small corner of Field 5 lies within the $S_{\frac{1}{2}}^1SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^1$ of Section 36 (see DE-216 and DE-34).

COURT CLAIM NO. 01678 -- Jerry N. McLane & Marclyn A. McLane

On June 23, 1998, the Court approved joining the McLanes as additional parties to Court Claim No. 01678 and on July 9, 1998, granted their motion to reopen the record for the supplemental hearing for Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). The McLanes were represented by their attorney, Jeff Slothower, at the

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

evidentiary hearing conducted by the Referee on July 9, 1998.

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The McLanes purchased 15 acres from Frank James and Nancy M. Maglietti in 1983 and an additional 10 acres in 1985. They were not joined to the Maglietti Court Claim No. 01678 nor were they aware of the Yakima River Adjudication. Cecil F. and Joanne B. Carveth also acquired 10 acres of the Maglietti property in 1985 and were joined to Court Claim No. 01678 in 1991. The Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) at Pages 54 through 56 and Page 148 describes the analysis of the Carveth claim to a portion of the Younger Ditch water right and recommends confirmation of 10 acres of irrigation and stock water from the Yakima River. That analysis, along with the evidence upon which the Younger Ditch right to Yakima River water was based, is relied upon by the Referee in consideration of the McLane claim due to the common property origin and historic water use. history of the development of the Younger Ditch is discussed in detail on Page 7 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). As was the situation in the Carveth analysis, the testimony of Richard Bain, Page 86 of the Report of Referee, provides pertinent water duty and ditch loss information.

Jerry N. McLane testified at the July 9, 1998, hearing and five exhibits were admitted into the record. Mr. McLane testified as follows when his attorney inquired about aerial photo DE-157 and prior irrigation of their land: "I understand it was at one time." McLane asserts that the Magliettis replanted 15 acres that lie within the $SW_4^1NE_4^1NE_4^1$ and the W2/3 of the north 15 acres of the $SE_4^1NE_4^1$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. in 1981 or 1982 and that no remnant ditches were evident when the McLanes bought. The McLanes have not irrigated the property since they acquired the 15 acres in 1983 and 10 additional acres in 1985; however, they plan to use a 5 hp electric pump and a sprinkler system which they

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purchased in 1998. The Referee utilized Exhibits DE-236, DE-237 and SE-2 to define the place of use described herein.

The Referee has consistently held that initiation of this adjudication in October of 1977 stopped the clock on potential relinquishment of unused water rights pursuant to RCW 90.14.160-.180. The basis for this position was RCW 90.14.140(1)(d), which states that a sufficient cause for nonuse of water is Since the Referee has considered this the operation of legal proceedings. adjudication to be a "legal proceeding," relinquishment was not an issue if a right was not exercised only during the time since the adjudication was initiated. However, a recent Washington State Supreme Court decision brings that practice into question. In the case of R. D. Merrill v. State, Pollution Control Hearings Board, (Merrill), 137 Wn.2d, 118, (1999) the Court held that the legal proceeding had to prevent the use of water in order for there to not be a relinquishment. Since the McLanes did not know that the Yakima River Adjudication was happening until 1998 and were absentee owners until 1996, it is apparent that the nonuse was voluntary and did not result from the operation of the adjudication proceeding. In any case, a general adjudication may introduce uncertainty as to the validity and extent of the claimants' water rights but does not prevent use of Therefore, the Referee must find that the right has been relinquished. The Referee finds this conclusion to be particularly troubling since the Carveth portion of the former Maglietti property has been recommended for approval of a 10-acre irrigation right. The facts in each are nearly identical with only the Merrill case distinguishing. The Referee has followed the case law leaving any equity ruling regarding application of Merrill, supra to the Court.

COURT CLAIM NO. 01290 -- Stanley E. Moore

Claimants Stanley and Hazel Moore filed exceptions with the Court regarding the Referee's failure to recommend an irrigation water right under Court Claim No. 01290. The Moores sought an opportunity to augment the record which the Court granted.

Stanley Moore testified on April 22, 1998, at the supplemental hearing conducted by the Referee. Exhibits DE-147 (claimant summary for the Moores) and DE-148 (chain of title summary sheet and associated document copies) were admitted into the record. Richard T. Cole, attorney, represented the Moores at the hearing.

The claimants' exception characterizes the Referee's recommendation to not confirm a water right to be based on the content of the August 16, 1913, United States Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) Limiting Agreement for Younger Ditch. The Referee did point out areas of the agreement which raise questions as to the perfection of a Yakima River water right via Younger Ditch for the Moore (formerly Haas/Mayta) property. However, the lack of a recommended water right was due to insufficient evidence to show that a water right was legally established for the land (see Page 103, Lines $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$).

The supplemental evidence produced by Moore unfortunately raised more questions than it provided answers. Exhibit DE-230 (photo set) was put in the record to establish that old irrigation pipes and ditches exist in the pasture area of about 4 acres. Testimony by Stanley Moore clearly described the direction of water flow would have been from south of the railroad and highway northerly, in a pipe, into the south edge of the Moore property. The former source of water for this system was not identified and, according to testimony of Mr. Moore, the distribution system is not now operable nor has it been used since at least 1974

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when Mr. Mayta died. The Referee noted on Exhibit SE-I that the Yakima River flows through the northwest quarter of Section 4. T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M. not far southwest from the pipe and ditch system described above. approximately five miles downstream from the point of diversion for Younger Ditch. The Moores are asserting a right to the Yakima River via Younger Ditch; however, Younger Ditch ends several hundred feet northwest of the Moore property and could not physically contribute to water flowing as described by Mr. Moore. not established the relationship between what appears to be a water source from the south of the property and a creek which enters the northwest corner of the property and is identified as carrying return flow from the end of Younger Ditch or return flow from fields served by Younger Ditch. Stanley Moore testified at the supplemental hearing that no water is used for irrigation from the creek or ditch/flume system now. Hazel Moore testified at the original evidentiary hearing to use of lawn and garden water from the creek and in 1991 the Ecology field inspector observed a $1\frac{1}{2}$ hp pump on the creek at a point 250 feet south and 950 feet west from the north quarter corner of Section 4, T. 19 N., T. 16 E.W.M. The Moores do not intend to use any irrigation water from the ditch/flume system in the future, but do plan to pump from the creek at some unspecified future date.

WRC No. 130081, filed by Jean Mayta, is the only water right claim filed for the Yakima River in the vicinity and which includes within the described place of use the Moore property. It describes a point of diversion within Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M. for the irrigation of 110 acres. The point of diversion for Younger Ditch is within the NW\(\frac{1}{4}\)NE\(\frac{1}{4}\) of Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. about 4 to 5 miles upstream.

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There continues to be no evidence of historical water use on the Moore property via Younger Ditch deliveries. Additionally, there has been no evidence of water use on the property, except possible lawn and garden irrigation and stock The statement of Jean B. Mayta on WRC No. 130081 water, since prior to 1974. indicates there was no use of Yakima River water in June of 1974. Court Claim No. 01290 filed by Stanley E. Moore states the following: "Water was originally used for irrigation purposes on the land above described, however, that use has terminated and the water has, for many years, been used solely for stock water." record of actual use from the creek before 1917, or for that matter December 31, 1932, has been created. Although Hasse and Mayta owned the S½NW4 and Government Lot 3 of Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M. during the period from 1898 through 1977, the only linkage to Younger Ditch is the original agreement to form a partnership ditch to which Hasse was a signatory in 1904. There is no evidence that the ditch ever served what is now the Moore property, nor is there definitive evidence about any water use. The ditch system described by Moore and depicted in Exhibit DE-230 appears to have been used by Mayta on the Moore property, but the water source is unknown as is the date of first use and the last date water was used. There also is no Ch. 90.14 RCW water right claim that describes the Younger Ditch diversion for the Moore property.

Based upon the current record, it appears that even if evidence could be produced to support the perfection of a water right and that WRC No. 130081 is applicable, any such right has been relinquished due to RCW 90.14.160-180 and nonuse.

The Referee cannot recommend confirmation of an irrigation right from the Yakima River under Court Claim No. 01290, Stanley and Hazel Moore.

During review of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) regarding Court Claim No. 01290, it was discovered that the Moores were not included in the list of riparian non-diversionary stock water rights on Page 139, although the narrative discussion describes the historic use of the property for grazing and animal access to the stream for water. Therefore, the list on Page 139 is hereby revised to include Stanley and Hazel Moore as having non-diversionary stock water and wildlife rights.

COURT CLAIM NO. 01280 -- Robert R. Roseburg & Enid Roseburg

Robert and Enid Roseburg's attorney, Richard T. Cole, filed an exception to the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). Roseburg seeks revision of the Report of Referee to reflect a second point of diversion from the same spring fed stream. No other change in the water right recommended by the Referee is requested.

Upon review of the transcript and exhibits from the original evidentiary hearing, the Referee acknowledges that two points of diversion were described as historically used for irrigation.

The stream flow in excess of the quantity diverted at Point of Diversion No. 1 flows north along the west line of Section 2 parallel to the 10-inch gated irrigation pipe. At a point 400 feet south of the northwest corner of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M., a concrete structure diverts water into a $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch pipe which runs due east to the farmstead and a 2-acre field east of the farmstead. A booster pump supplies sprinkler pressure for irrigation of this field. The 2-acre oat field described in the place of use on Page 143 of the Report of Referee is the subject field. The second point of diversion as described above is added to

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the recommended water right on Page 143 of the Report of Referee and is reflected on Page 67 of this Supplemental Report of Referee.

COURT CLAIM NO. 01296 -- The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger
Pete White
& Christa White
Lonny White
Michael White

COURT CLAIM NO. 01297 -- The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger
01298 Richard White
Jeanne Purple

The above claimants, through their attorney Richard T. Cole, filed exceptions to the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). The claimants are heirs of the John E. Rothlisberger Estate. At the time each claimant was added to Court Claim Nos. 01296, 01297 and 01298, they provided legal descriptions of their respective ownership interests in the estate. The Referee recommended confirmation of three water rights in the original Elk Heights report, all with the Estate of John E. Rothlisberger as the principle claimant. An attempt was also made to recognize the ownership interests as between the heirs. designation was not excepted to by the claimants; therefore, the Referee will use the same approach in this supplemental report.

The individual parcels as described at the time the additional claimants were added are as follows:

<u>Jean Maria Purple</u>: $E_{\frac{1}{2}}E_{\frac{1}{2}}E_{\frac{1}{2}}W_{\frac{1}{2}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 3 and $W_{\frac{1}{2}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 10, all in T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. <u>Richard White</u>: $E_{\frac{1}{2}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 10 and that portion of the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}E_{\frac{1}{2}}W_{\frac{1}{2}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 3 lying southerly of the Kittitas Reclamation District Canal, all in T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

Michael White: Government Lot 2 of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

Lonny White: The west 30 acres of Government Lot 4 of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

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Christa White and Peter A. White: 42.15 acres lying within Government Lot 3 and the east quarter of Government Lot 4 in Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

The first exception of the claimants relates to the spring fed stream, which runs northerly through the $W_{2}^{1}W_{2}^{1}NW_{4}^{1}$ of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. (see Page 117 of the Report of Referee, Lines 1 through $13\frac{1}{2}$). The Referee lacked evidence regarding the natural flow in the stream versus Kittitas Reclamation District (KRD) return flow; therefore, a water right was not recommended for confirmation. The Court has consistently held that rights cannot be awarded for use of return flow generated by project or imported water. The claimants took exception with the lack of confirmation and sought an opportunity to clarify the record.

Peter White testified at the supplemental hearing on April 21, 1998, and a report prepared by consulting engineer, Richard C. Bain, Jr. was admitted into evidence as Exhibit DE-188.

The Bain letter/report contains stream flow measurements on an unnamed spring fed creek and a discussion of the fields served with water diverted from the creek. A description of the measurement location was included; i.e., "at a concrete diversion structure south of Dozier Road." Testimony by Peter White established that point as being 750 feet north and 500 feet east of the west quarter corner of Section 1. Flows measured during the nonirrigation season in late 1997 and early 1998 ranged from a low of 0.36 cfs in early February to 0.71 cfs on April 10, 1998, before the KRD Canal was operating. There was a 60% decline measured from September 12, 1997, to November 2, 1997, reflecting the canal shut down effect on stream flow.

The claimant asserts that the natural flow quantity should be acknowledged as being as much as 0.70 cfs during the early irrigation season. The Referee agrees that based on the Bain report during portions of most years 0.70 cfs is a reasonable instantaneous quantity.

The Bain report specifically identifies only $5\frac{1}{2}$ acres irrigated from this stream with $\frac{1}{2}$ acre solely from the creek and 5 acres supplemented via KRD deliveries. In contrast, Peter White testified that water from this stream can be delivered to a total area of $55\frac{1}{2}$ acres via two earthen ditches served by the diversion located 750 feet north and 500 feet east from the west quarter corner of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. Ecology's field inspectors reported 63 acres of irrigation based on a May 25, 1990, inspection.

The claimants argue that the Elliason Notice of Appropriation dated June 10, 1886, establishes the appropriate priority date for this diversion. Although Elliason asserted control of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. in 1886, that section was owned by the Northern Pacific Railroad, being one of the sections granted to the railroad by the United States via a patent dated January 16, 1896. The map of definite location for the Kittitas Valley railroad sections is dated May 24, 1884. That date has been used by the Referee as the priority date for any water right developed under the Riparian Doctrine on former railroad land. It seems clear in this instance that irrigation development had occurred in Government Lots 2, 3 and 4 of Section 1 before December 31, 1932. Therefore, the Riparian Doctrine applies and the appropriate priority date is May 24, 1884, for the irrigation in Government Lots 2, 3 and 4 in Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

The extent of the irrigation within Government Lots 3 and 4 of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. in 1932 is asserted to be essentially as it exists today.

Both John E. Rothlisberger and Peter White testified regarding the history of irrigation in the area. A deed which transferred Government Lots 3 and 4 from John Pays to A. J. Carrico dated December 18, 1939, specifically describes a small irrigation ditch which served 5 acres along the west edge of the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}W_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. and conveyed all ditches and water rights. The Referee is convinced that the unnamed stream was used to irrigate substantial portions of Government Lots 3 and 4 of Section 1 before the end of 1932 to the extent water was available.

A water right is recommended from an unnamed spring fed stream with a priority date of May 24, 1884, in the quantity of 0.70 cfs for irrigation of 55.5 acres and stock water from April 1 through October 31. Based on the Bain analysis, the average natural flow availability over the irrigation season could be expected to be about 1 acre-foot per day (0.50 cfs average flow). Calculating by using a 214-day irrigation season and 1 acre-foot per day, 212 acre-feet for irrigation and 2 acre-feet for stock water can be utilized.

The point of diversion is 750 feet north and 500 feet east from the west quarter corner of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. being within the $NW_4^1SW_4^1NW_4^1$ of said Section 1. The place of use is Government Lots 3 and 4 of Section 1.

Peter White testified that Rabbit Creek is a separate water course and is not the appropriate name for the unnamed stream running north through the $W_2^{\dagger}E_2^{\dagger}$ of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. for which a water right was awarded. Therefore, Line $17\frac{1}{2}$ on Page 152 of the Report of Referee is changed to read "Unnamed stream." The references to Rabbit Creek on Page 115, Line $4\frac{1}{2}$ and Page 116, Line $5\frac{1}{2}$ are also inappropriate and are hereby stricken. An exception was not filed regarding the priority date for this recommended water right; however, since

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the Riparian Doctrine is the basis for the right, the Referee recommends that the priority date on Page 152, Line 22 be revised to reflect May 24, 1884, based on the map of definite location for the railroad lands. The Referee also noted during review of the recommended water right on Page 152 that the limitations of use regarding availability of KRD water was inadvertently omitted. To be consistent, the KRD advisory provision is being added.

Claimants Jean Purple and Richard White took exception to the Report of Referee due to a right not being recommended for domestic use from the spring located in the $E_{\frac{1}{2}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 10, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. SWC No. 11655 authorized use for both single domestic and stock water. John E. Rothlisberger testified that no domestic use was being made of the spring water and none was planned; therefore, the Referee recommended that a right only for stock water be confirmed. Peter White testified at the supplemental hearing that a private use agreement between John E. Rothlisberger and an adjoining property owner allowed use of the spring overflow for a domestic supply. The certificate authorizes use of water within a specific area and there is no evidence that the procedures of RCW 90.03.250 or RCW 90.03.380 were followed to gain authorization from Ecology to obtain a permit for a new water right or change the place of use for the domestic Mr. White did not testify that domestic use is or has been occurring within the place of use authorized by SWC No. 11655; therefore, the Referee cannot recommend that a right be confirmed for domestic supply.

It was established that stock have direct access to the springs and streams on the claimants' property; therefore, their names will be added to the list on Page 139 for non-diversionary stock water and wildlife rights.

Upon issuance of the decree for the Yakima River Adjudication, the Director of Ecology is directed to rescind or otherwise make null and void SWC No. 11655.

COURT CLAIM NO. 05636 -- Sky Meadows Ranch Country Club

Ecology filed with the Court an exception to the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) regarding Court Claim No. 05636. Ecology's assertion is that lacking proof of beneficial use for the full 213 services, the Referee should have restricted his recommendation to the 163 domestic supplies developed. Ecology took no exception to any other component of the Referee's recommendation for Court Claim No. 05636. The claim was remanded to the Referee to consider Ecology's arguments and take additional evidence and testimony as necessary. Although Sky Meadows was served a copy of Ecology's exception and the Referee's scheduling order, there was no appearance at the supplemental hearing to respond to Ecology's exception.

At the supplemental hearing, the Referee's attention was directed to a case pending before the Washington State Supreme Court that would potentially provide guidance in determining the extent of the right that should be awarded to Sky Meadows. After the supplemental hearing was completed, a ruling in Department of Ecology v. George Theodoratus, 135 Wn.2d 582 (1998), was filed by the Supreme Court. The issue in Theodoratus was whether Ecology could provision a water right permit such that the final certificate would issue only for the quantity of water actually used and the number of homes constructed. The Court held that water right certificates could be quantified only on the basis of the amount of water actually put to beneficial use, not the capacity of the water delivery system. Sky Meadows Ranch Country Club has served no more than 163 homes of the

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

213 authorized for development by the permit that preceded Certificate No. S3-22411C.

There was no response to Ecology's argument that beneficial use is the limit of community domestic water rights. The Referee will rely on <u>Theodoratus</u>, supra as the controlling authority. Therefore, the limit of the right that can be confirmed is for service to the 163 units developed and currently being served. The annual quantity of 13 acre-feet shall remain unchanged since it was calculated using the 0.018 cfs continuously throughout the year.

It is recommended that the water right for Sky Meadows shall be modified on Page 164, Line 15 to read: Community domestic supply for 163 units.

The Referee also noted when reviewing this claim that there was a typographical error in the point of diversion described on Page 164, Line 19 of the Report of Referee. The correct location of the diversion is 1000 feet north and 1150 feet <u>east</u> of the west quarter corner. That error will be corrected.

Upon issuance of the decree for the Yakima River Adjudication, the director of Ecology is directed to rescind or otherwise make null and void SWC No. S3-22411C.

COURT CLAIM NO. 05671 -- Doris Marie Talerico

Ecology requested clarification of the legal description recommended on Page 152, Lines 12 through 12½ of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). Doris Talerico testified at the supplemental hearing and offered Exhibits DE-231 and DE-232 into the record. Those documents are, respectively, a legal description and plat map of the Talerico property. Ecology agreed that use of the legal description on DE-231 will resolve the problem with the legal

description on Page 152, Lines 12 and $12\frac{1}{2}$. The following legal shall replace the legal referenced above:

That portion of the $NW_4^1NE_4^1$ and the $NE_4^1NW_4^1$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M., Kittitas County, Washington which is bounded by a line described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of said NE $\frac{1}{4}$, thence S 0°32'39" W, 30 feet to the true point of beginning; thence S 0°32'39" W, along the east boundary of said NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, 200 feet; thence S 89°47'15" E, 305 feet; thence S 0°32'39" W, 287.70 feet; thence N 81°48'57" W, 794.77 feet; thence N 0°32'19" E, 376.63 feet; thence S 89°37'15" E, 482.80 feet to the true point of beginning.

As discussed on Pages 7 and 8 of this report, a "Limitation of Use" provision regarding conveyance loss is being added to the right confirmed to Younger Ditch water users including this water right.

COURT CLAIM NO. 11351 -- Scott DeWolf Wilson 11352 Jeanne Laurel O'Breen

Claimants Scott DeWolf Wilson and Jeanne Laurel O'Breen filed with the Court exceptions regarding the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). Exception was taken to the Referee's inclusion of their names in the list of claimants whose claims to water rights were denied.

Scott Wilson and Jeanne O'Breen filed their statements of claim, Court Claim Nos. 11351 and 11352, with the Court on February 20, 1996, after the evidentiary hearing for Subbasin No. 5, but before the Report of Referee issued. The Court directed the Referee to accept the original evidence and testimony for Court Claim Nos. 11351 and 11352 at the supplemental hearing. Scott Wilson and Jeanne O'Breen were represented at the supplemental hearing by their attorney, Jeff Slothower. Scott Wilson testified at the hearing on April 22, 1998, in support of Court Claim Nos. 11351 and 11352.

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Claimants also made reference to Court Claim No. 00281, Theodore Ryan, et al. The statements regarding the Ryan property were read by the Referee to address common early ownership (i.e., W. F. Lewis) and history of water development, not necessarily as an exception to the Theodore Ryan, et al. recommendation. There is no evidence in the record that claimants Theodore Ryan, et al. were served a copy of the Wilson/O'Breen exception (Court Document No. 12,595). Claimants Ryan, et al. did not file an exception to the Report of Referee and were not scheduled for an appearance at the supplemental hearing for Subbasin No. 5.

During presentation of the evidence in support of the Wilson/O'Breen claim at the supplemental hearing, it became obvious the Referee that evidence to supporting the exceptions was also being used to challenge facts presented by Ryan, et al. in support of Court Claim No. 00281. Therefore, it is imperative to consider the lack of notice to Theodore Ryan, et al. as discussed above. Referee concludes that Wilson/O'Breen were obliged to provide to Ryan (and each of the other parties joined to Court Claim No. 00281) a copy of their exception (see the Court's Notice of Setting Time for Hearing Exceptions to the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights), Page 2, Lines 11 through 16). comply with that requirement deprived Ryan, et al. of a fair opportunity to defend their claim and to cross examine witnesses appearing in support of Court Claim Nos. 11351 and 11352. As a consequence of the failure to notify Ryan, et al., the Referee has determined that all testimony and facts which are directed to the foundation for Court Claim No. 00281 will not be considered. The Ryan, et al. water right recommended by the Referee on Page 145 of the report should be

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affirmed by the Court. The Referee will evaluate only the facts and testimony that do not challenge Ryan, et al.'s water right, Court Claim No. 00281.

Wilson/O'Breen took exception to the inclusion of their name on the list of denied claims. They correctly remind the Referee that the Court allowed them to present their case in support of Court Claim Nos. 11351 and 11352 at the supplemental hearing; therefore, the Referee had no basis to deny their claims. In fact, the narrative discussion of Court Claim Nos. 11351 and 11352 on Page 134 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights) properly dealt with the facts. The inclusion of Scott Wilson and Laurel O'Breen in the denied claims list on Page 141 is due to an error. Their names are therefore stricken from the list.

Wilson/O'Breen assert rights to irrigation and stock water from Preston Creek and from an unnamed stream. The two streams join near the northeasterly corner of the Wilson/O'Breen property. The two points of diversion identified by claimants are approximately $\frac{1}{2}$ mile upstream on the respective streams from their confluence.

Notices of Appropriation were filed on both streams by F. W. Lewis in 1886. Lewis homesteaded the NE¹/₄ of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. and constructed a ditch to divert water from the unnamed stream running through the SW¹/₄NE¹/₄ of Section 2. Lewis claimed 100 miner's inches from this stream. The "water right" was signed May 11, 1886, and filed with the Kittitas County Auditor on May 14, 1886.

Lewis also filed a "Notice of Water Right" on Preston Creek claiming a right to 50 miner's inches via a ditch emanating in the $SE_{4}^{1}NW_{4}^{1}$ of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The notice was signed and filed on May 4, 1886. Lewis states in this notice that he had filed a homestead application on the NE_{4}^{1} of Section 2,

T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The Lewis homestead was riparian to both Preston Creek and the unnamed stream.

The source of water claimed in Court Claim No. 11352 is Preston Creek from a point of diversion described as 2550 feet south and 1700 feet east from the northwest corner of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. This diversion also serves as the point of delivery for KRD water for some of the Wilson/O'Breen fields. A total of 49 acres are claimed to be irrigated with water diverted from Preston Creek. Twenty-nine of those 49 acres are described as lying in the $E^1_2NW^1_4$ of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. and 20 acres lie in the $W^1_2NE^1_4$ of said section. It is important to note here that F. W. Lewis did not homestead the NW^1_4 of Section 2 nor did he claim a water right for that portion of Section 2.

Court Claim No. 11351 asserts a right to water from an unnamed stream. The basis for this claim is the "Notice of Appropriation" filed on this stream by F. W. Lewis. The point of diversion described is a dam located 2600 feet south and 2000 feet west from the northeast corner of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. A total of 24 acres of irrigation is asserted with the place of use lying in the $W_2^1NE_4^1$ of said Section 2.

The claimants acknowledge that Ch. 90.14 RCW water right claims are a major consideration as the Referee evaluates the record. That being the case, it seems appropriate to deal with the various claims, or lack thereof, before delving into the chain of title and historic use evidence.

S & W Properties (the prior owners of the Wilson/O'Breen property) filed WRC No. 081437 on a ground water source asserting a right for domestic supply, lawn and garden irrigation and stock water. Scott Wilson testified that his father was a partner in S & W Properties and that the source described was the domestic well

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at the farmstead lying in the $N\frac{1}{2}NE\frac{1}{4}NW\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. This claim was filed on a short form which RCW 90.14.051 restricts to use for purposes equivalent to the ground water permit exemption in RCW 90.44.050. The claimants suggest that WRC No. 081437 must have been intended to include a water source other than the well because the use "Irrigation" was marked on the form. Apparently, they did not read the form where the "Irrigation" option is qualified seems to warrant no further WRC No. 081437 with "(lawn and garden)." consideration since ground water is not being addressed through the "surface water only" Yakima River Basin Adjudication, and there is a ground water source on the Additionally, Scott Wilson testified that the farmstead where the well property. is located and several acres of surrounding land had been sold several years ago.

Stanley D. Wilson filed WRC No. 042328 also on a short form indicating the use was exclusively for a domestic supply. Scott Wilson testified that this source is the domestic well for a cabin on the ranch where his father formerly lived.

Recognizing the need to overcome the lack of Ch. 90.14 RCW claims to protect the two irrigation rights from relinquishment, Wilson/O'Breen filed water right claims with Ecology during the spring of 1998 pursuant to RCW 90.14.068. Mr. Wilson testified that Ecology did not register the two claims submitted because RCW 90.14.068(5) prohibits filing of surface water claims during the pendency of active general adjudications. Exhibit DE-227 consists of copies of the claims which Wilson/O'Breen sent to Ecology. Counsel for claimants advised the Referee that Wilson/O'Breen were appealing Ecology's rejection of their two claims to the Washington State Pollution Control Hearing Board and subsequently through the Courts. The constitutionality of RCW 90.14.068(s) is also being

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challenged by these claimants. The Court's ruling on that challenge will determine whether the rejected claims may ultimately be used to protect any water right that may exist.

The final argument offered by the claimants regarding compliance with Ch. 90.14 RCW for their surface water irrigation sources relates WRC Theodore V. Ryan filed WRC No. 161894 in June of 1974 asserting a No. 161894. right to an unnamed creek for irrigation of 60 acres. An instantaneous quantity of 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from a point of diversion located in the center of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from the next of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from the next of the NE 12.0 cfs is claimed from the next of the next o of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. The place of use description entered by Ryan on the Ch. 90.14 RCW claim is not in a typical legal description format; however, the Referee believes it purports to describe Tax Lots 13 and 14 within the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Wilson/O'Breen assert that WRC No. 161894 Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. describes all of the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 2 thereby including the 20.8 acres irrigated from the unnamed stream by Wilson/O'Breen. They further assert that the 60 acres described as irrigated by Ryan could not be explained unless the Wilson/O'Breen irrigated acres are included. Ryan was recommended for confirmation of a right for 31 acres of irrigation within Government Lot 1, the east 300 feet of the south 650 feet of Government Lot 2, the north 300 feet of the east 450 feet of the $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{6}}NE_{\frac{1}{6}}$ and the north 300 feet of the $SE_{\frac{1}{6}}NE_{\frac{1}{6}}$, all in Section 2, T. 19 N., Scott Wilson testified that only 20.8 acres are irrigated by Ryan via gravity ditch from the unnamed stream described in WRC No. 161894.

Recognizing the less than perfect description provided by Ryan, the Referee referred to the transcript from the original evidentiary hearing where Ryan explained the 60 acres claimed. He testified that the 60 acres was inclusive of all his irrigated land whether served by the creek, KRD or both. He described in

map of the ditches and corrugations. The ultimate answer as to Mr. Ryan's intent when he filed WRC No. 161894 rests with Ryan. There is no evidence that Ryan intended to include the Wilson/O'Breen property. Wilson/O'Breen did not seek to have Ryan testify, nor in fact did they advise Ryan that an exception had been taken to the recommended confirmation of 31 acres under Court Claim No. 00281. The Referee concludes that WRC No. 161894 does not constitute substantial compliance under Ch. 90.14 RCW for irrigation practices on the Wilson/O'Breen property. If in fact the Court were to rule for substantial compliance, the limit of that compliance would only extend to lands irrigated from the unnamed stream which are located in the SW\(\frac{1}{4}\)No. 8 Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.

Use of water for irrigation by Wilson/O'Breen from the unnamed stream in the $SW_4^1 NE_4^1$ of Section 2 is reported to be on a 17.9 acre field (shown on aerial photo DE-219 outlined in green). Included in the green outline at the southeast corner is a 2.9 acre hay field also irrigated from the unnamed creek. The 20.8 acres are irrigated with only creek water. The practice is to employ two 12-hour sets to cover the entire 17.9-acre field and to repeat that application 10 to 14 times annually. Water is released from an on-channel reservoir at an unspecified instantaneous rate. Testimony was provided that the stream flows year around but no estimates or measurements were provided. Scott Wilson testified that the standard water duty of 0.03 cfs per acre adopted by the Referee for Subbasin No. 5 and 6 acre-feet per acre would closely correlate to the quantities used.

In 1988 Scott Wilson and Jeanne O'Breen purchased a tract of land consisting of 50.149 acres described as follows:

That portion of the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$, and a portion of the $NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. as described as follows:

Commencing at the northwest corner of the $NE\frac{1}{4}$ of said section said point bears N 88°33'14" W on the northerly boundary line of the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of said section a distance of 2649.11 feet from a found 2-inch steel pipe monument marking the northeast corner of the NE to of said quarter of said section; thence S 0°59'27" W on the westerly boundary line of the NE% of said section a distance of 1855.76 feet to the northeasterly corner of the parcel described under the Auditor's File No. 479761, as found in Volume 205 of Deeds, Pages 472 and 473, records of the Kittitas County Said point being the intersection point of a thread Auditor's Office. of an existing stream and the westerly boundary line of the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of said also being the point of beginning; said point N 0°59'27" E on the westerly boundary line of the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ of said section a distance of 23.41 feet; thence N 42°05'08" E a distance of 1494.68 feet; thence N 70°52'14" E a distance of 359.53 feet to the easterly boundary line of the Government Lot 2 of said section, said point being an angle point on the northwesterly boundary line of the parcel described under the Auditor's File No. 482201, as found in Volume 211 of Page 450, records of the Kittitas County Auditor's Office; S 31°07'16" W on the northwesterly boundary line of said parcel a distance of 1208.60 feet to the westerly most corner of said parcel; thence S 88°33'44" E on the southerly boundary line of said parcel a distance of 598.50 feet to the southeast corner of said parcel and to the easterly boundary line of the $SW_{k}^{\dagger}NE_{k}^{\dagger}$ of said section; thence S $1^{\circ}26'16"$ W on the easterly boundary line of the $SW_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}$ of said section; a distance of 988.56 feet to the southeast corner of the SW4NE4 of said section; thence S 0°26'02" W on the easterly boundary line $NW_{4}^{1}SE_{4}^{1}$ of said section a distance of 396.00 feet; thence N 89°10'41" W a distance of 1308.00 feet to the westerly boundary line of the $NW_{\overline{a}} SE_{\overline{a}}$ of said section; thence N 0°59'27" E on the westerly boundary line of the $NW_{4}^{1}SE_{4}^{1}$ of said section a distance of 396.00 feet to the southwest corner of the NE4 of said section; thence N 0°59'27" E on the westerly boundary line of the $SW_{\frac{1}{6}}NE_{\frac{1}{6}}$ of said section a distance of 768.82 feet to the thread of an existing stream and to the point of beginning.

In 1994 Scott Wilson bought the following parcel of land:

Those portions of Government Lots 3 and 4 and that portion of the $S\frac{1}{2}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M., which lie east of the east boundary line of the right of way for the county road;

Being that part of said Tract A more particularly described as:

Beginning at the northeast corner of said Government Lot 3, thence running west along the north boundary line of said section, 22.12 chains; thence S 46°45' E for 8.75 chains; thence S 35°00' W 20 chains; thence S 16°00'W 5 chains; thence S 45°00' W 0.69 chains; thence S 52°57' E 19.25 chains, more or less, to a point on the south

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boundary line of the $S_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 2, which is the true point of beginning: thence N 52°57' W 1 chain, more or less, to a point on a line parallel to the south boundary of the $S\frac{1}{2}NW^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of said Section 2 and 40 feet north thereof when measured on a line perpendicular to said south boundary; thence easterly on said parallel line 140 feet, more or less, to the thread of a stream running approximately N 47°20' E; thence continuing northeasterly along the thread of the stream to the point of intersection between the thread of the stream and the centerline of said Section 2; thence south along the center line of said Section 2 a distance of 794 feet, more or less, to the south boundary line of the $S_{\frac{1}{2}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of said Section 2; thence west along the south boundary line of the $S_{\frac{1}{2}}NW_{\frac{1}{6}}$ of said Section 2, a distance of 13.72 chains more or less to a point of beginning; EXCEPT COUNTY ROADS.

Since 1994 Scott Wilson has been farming the combined parcels of land described above.

Mr. Wilson's father, as a partner in S & W Properties, Inc., bought 175 acres including the land described above. Other than the family connection, Scott Wilson did not describe the extent or timing of his personal knowledge of the farming and irrigation operations. He did explain that his father is deceased and Mr. Shanno, his partner, is 85 years old and remembers little about the irrigation practices or history of water use. Scott Wilson testified that he believed irrigation had been ongoing since the late 1800s and, in that same statement, he identified the Lewis "Notices of Appropriation" as the foundation for that use of water. Lewis did not homestead the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 2 where much of the irrigation from Preston Creek takes place and no explanation was offered as to the apparent contradiction.

Preston Creek is riparian to the place of use described in Court Claim No. 11352. Nathan W. Preston received a homestead patent for the NW_4^1 of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. on June 5, 1884. W. F. Lewis homesteaded the NE_4^1 of Section 2. The Wilson property lies partially in each of those homesteads.

It appears that by 1935 Lee B. and Alice Pays owned or controlled 255 acres in Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. including the tracts currently owned by Wilson/O'Breen and Ryan, et al. The land was administered by a trustee during settlement of the Estate of Samuel Albert Lewis until April 26, 1945, when Roy Thomas bought the entire 255 acres.

The record indicates that irrigation rights on both Preston Creek and an unnamed stream were perfected by beneficial use. The priority date for those two rights has been argued to be May 4, 1886, when W. F. Lewis filed two separate "Notices of Appropriation." Alternatively, the riparian doctrine has been suggested and first use of water does seem to predate December 31, 1932. The Referee has elected to not resolve the priority date question or to attempt to quantify a water right from either source. Due to the lack of water right claims registered pursuant to Ch. 90.14 RCW as previously discussed, the Referee concludes that any rights which had been perfected were waived and relinquished due to failure to comply with the provisions of Ch. 90.14 RCW.

Nos. 11351 or 11352. The record reflects that stock have consistently been grazed on the property and have had access to the streams and ponds on the ranch for water. No water is diverted to satisfy stock water. Therefore, Scott DeWolf Wilson and Jeanne Laurel O'Breen will be added to the list Claimants With Recommended Non-diversionary Stock Water and Wildlife Rights (Page 139 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights).

FINDINGS OF FACT

	Ι,	DOUGL	AS	CLAUSING,	as	Refere	e i	n t	his	proc	ceeding,	having	care	efully	examined
the	test	timony	an	nd evidence	ı, c	io hereb	у п	nake	e th	e fo	11owing	Finding	s of	Fact	pursuant
to t	he (Order	on	Exceptions	er	ntered b	oy 1	this	s Co	urt	on Febr	uary 12,	1998	8:	

Based upon the additional testimony and evidence obtained at either the exception hearing or the supplemental hearings, the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights), dated July 7, 1997, should be modified as follows:

Scott DeWolf Wilson, Jeanne Laurel O'Breen; The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger, Peter White and Christa White, Lonny White, Michael White, Richard White, Jeanne Purple; Stanley E. Moore; Fred S. Talerico are added to the list of claimants with non-diversionary stock water rights appearing on Page 139 of the Report of Referee, Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights). Pages 142 through 164 are replaced with the following:

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Robert R. Roseburg & Enid Roseburg	COURT CLAIM NO. 01280		
3	Source:	An unnamed stream			
4	Use:	Irrigation of 42 acres and stock wa	iter		
5	Period of Use:	April 1 through October 31 for irri continuously for stock water	gation and		
6 7	Quantity:	1.00 cfs, 370 acre-feet per year for 0.02 cfs, 2 acre-feet per year for	or irrigation; stock watering		
8	Priority Date:	December 21, 1882			
9	Point of Diversion:	1300 feet south and 5 feet east of of Section 2, being within Government Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	ent Lot 4 of		
10		400 feet south of the northwest co			
11		T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M., being with: Government Lot 4 of Section 2, T.	in the W½ of		
12					
13	Place of Use:	The 40 acre hay field: Those portions of Government Lots 3 and 4 lying west of Upper Peoh Point Road, and that portion of the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ lying north of an unnamed			
14 15		stream and west of Upper Peoh Poin easterly 400 feet thereof, ALL in	t Road, less the		
16		R. 15 E.W.M.	- 100 fact of the		
17		The 2 acre oat field: The easter1 following described land: Those p Lots 3 and 4 lying west of Upper P	ortions of Government		
18		that portion of the N½SW¼NW¼ lying stream and west of Upper Peoh Poin	north of an unnamed		
19		T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.			
20	Limitations of Use:	This land also receives water from Reclamation District. A maximum o	the Kittitas f 370 acre-feet per		
21		year can be used from all sources for irrigati	for irrigation of 42		
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger COURT CLAIM NO. 01296
2		Pete White & Christa White
3		Lonny White Michael White
4	Source:	Unnamed creek
5	Use:	Irrigation of 36 acres and stock watering
6	Period of Use:	April 1 through October 31
7	Quantity:	0.80 cfs; 160 acre-feet per year for irrigation and 2 acre-feet per year for stock watering
9	Priority Date:	May 24, 1884
10	Point of Diversion:	50 feet north and 400 feet east from the center of Section 1, being within the $SW_4^1SW_4^1NE_4^1$ of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
11	Di con est Hann	Government Lot 2 of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
12	Place of Use:	This property receives delivery of water provided by
13	Limitations of Use:	the Kittitas Reclamation District in addition to the
14		water available from the creek
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SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

1	CLAIMANT NAME:	The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger COURT CLAIM NO. 01296
2		Pete White & Christa White
3		Lonny White Michael White
4	Source:	Unnamed stream
5	Use:	Irrigation of 55.5 acres and stock water
6	Period of Use:	April 1 through October 31
7 8	Quantity:	0.70 cfs; 212 acre-feet per year for irrigation and 2 acre-feet per year for stock water
9	Priority Date:	May 24, 1884
10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet north and 500 feet east of the west quarter corner of Section 1, being within the NW4SW4NW4 of
11		Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
12	Place of Use:	Government Lots 3 and 4 of Section 1, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
13	Limitations of Use:	This property receives delivery of water provided by the Kittitas Reclamation District in addition to the
14		water available from the creek
15		
16 17	CLAIMANT NAME:	Harry James Masterson COURT CLAIM NO. 01467 & Mary Lou Masterson (A)03296
18	Source:	An unnamed spring
19	Use:	Stock water
20	Period of Use:	April 1 through October 31
21	Quantity:	0.005 cfs; 2 acre-feet per year
22	Priority Date:	June 30, 1884
23	Point of Diversion:	800 feet north and 750 feet east of the center of Section 20, being within the $NE_{4}^{1}SW_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}$ of Section 20, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.
25	Place of Use:	SW4NE4SW4NE4 of Section 20, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.
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- '	SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF	REFEREE Referee's Office

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Theodore V. Ryan COURT CLAIM NO. 00281 & Mildred E. Ryan
2		Richard J. Willoughby Dana R. Dinius
3		& Paula D. Dinius
4		Kenneth B. Kerchner & Heather D. Kerchner
5		Donald L. Torgett & Marie E. Torgett
6		Shelley G. Muth & Joan M. Muth
7		Gary F. Williams & Diane M. Williams
8	Source:	An unnamed stream
9	Use:	Irrigation of 31 acres and stock water
10	Period of Use:	April 1 through October 31 for irrigation and
11		continuously for stock water
12	Quantity:	<pre>0.93 cfs, 186 acre-feet per year for irrigation; 0.02 cfs, 2 acre-feet per year for stock water</pre>
13	Priority Date:	May 4, 1886
14 15	Point of Diversion:	600 feet east from the center of Section 2, being within the $N_{2}^{1}NW_{4}^{1}SE_{4}^{1}$ or $S_{2}^{1}SW_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}$ of Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
16	Place of Use:	Government Lot 1, the east 300 feet of the south
17	Trace of osc.	650 feet of Government Lot 2, the north 300 feet of the east 450 feet of the $NE_{4}^{1}SW_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}$, AND the north 300 feet
18		of the $SE_4^1NE_4^1$, ALL in Section 2, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
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SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (E1k Heights)

1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Jacqueline Baker Bonita P. Morgan	COURT CLAIM NO. 01688			
3	Source:	Yakima River				
4	Use:	Irrigation of 7.5 acres and stock	water			
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for water	irrigation and stock			
6 7	Quantity:	0.75 cfs, 49.0 acre-feet per year 0.01 cfs, 1 acre-foot per year for 0.15 cfs for conveyance loss	for irrigation; r stock water;			
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886				
9 10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east quarter corner of Section 35, being of Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.V.	ng within the SE ¹ 4NW ¹ 4NE ¹ 4			
11	Place of Use:	The $SE_{4}^{1}SE_{4}^{1}SW_{4}^{1}$ of Section 30, T. 20	0 N., R. 16 E.W.M.			
12	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is	relinquished, or			
13		otherwise not used, the proportionate share of conveyance loss associated with this right shall revo to the remaining Younger Ditch water right holders wh				
14		certificates include a discreet que the purpose of conveyance. The re-	uantity of water for			
15		quantity of water shall be to the deliver the authorized quantity o	extent necessary to f water to the			
16 17		remaining authorized places of us quantity of water affirmed for th	e. The maximum e entire length of the			
18		ditch for the purpose of conveyan	ce is 2.895 cfs			
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SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REFEREE Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Steven C. Bator, Sr. & Elsie Bator	COURT CLAIM NO. 02230
3	Source:	Yakima River	
4	Use:	Irrigation of 9.5 acres and stock	water
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for water	irrigation and stock
6 7	Quantity:	0.95 cfs, 116 acre-feet per year to 0.01 cfs, 0.5 acre-foot per year to 0.95 cfs for conveyance loss	
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35, being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	n the SE¼NW¼NE¼ of
11	Place of Use:	That portion of the $NW_4^1NE_4^1$ of Sect R. 16 E.W.M. which is described as land bounded by a line beginning a	s follows: A tract of
13		the south boundary line of the Couboundary line of said quarter of	unty Road with the east quarter section and
14		running thence S 0°43' E along sat 1193.4 feet; thence west 365 feet; 1193.4 feet to a point on the sout	; thence N 0°43' W,
15 16		County Road; thence east along said County Road, 365 feet to the	id boundary line of
17	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is a otherwise not used, the proportion	
18		conveyance loss associated with the to the remaining Younger Ditch was	his right shall revert
19		certificates include a discreet que the purpose of conveyance. The re	uantity of water for
20		quantity of water shall be to the deliver the authorized quantity of	
21		remaining authorized places of use quantity of water affirmed for the	e entire length of the
22		ditch for the purpose of conveyand	ce is 2.895 cfs
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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Theodore Bronkema & Marion Bronkema	COURT CLAIM NO. 01268 COURT CLAIM NO. 02225	
3	Source:	Yakima River		
4	Use:	Irrigation of 6 acres		
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for	irrigation	
6 7	Quantity:	0.12 cfs, 36 acre-feet per year; (conveyance loss	.18 cfs for	
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886		
9	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35, being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	n the SE¼NW¼NE¼ of	
10	Place of Use:	$E_{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}E_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 31, T. 20 N.,		
11	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is		
12	Limitations of ose:	otherwise not used, the proportion conveyance loss associated with the	nate share of	
13		to the remaining Younger Ditch water right holders whose certificates include a discreet quantity of water for		
14		the purpose of conveyance. The requantity of water shall be to the	eversion of this	
15		deliver the authorized quantity or remaining authorized places of us	f water to the	
16		quantity of water affirmed for the ditch for the purpose of conveyan	e entire length of the	
17		ditten for the purpose of conveyan		
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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Cecil Frank Carveth & Jo Ann Beverly Carveth	COURT CLAIM NO. 01678
3	Source:	Yakima River	
4	Use:	Irrigation of 10 acres and stock w	ater
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for water	irrigation and stock
6 7	Quantity:	0.20 cfs, 60 acre-feet per year fo 0.01 cfs, 0.50 acre-foot per year 0.285 cfs for conveyance loss	or irrigation; for stock water;
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
9 10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35 being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	the SE¼NW¼NE¼ of
11	Place of Use:	The northerly 656.21 feet of the Viscotion 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.	√½NE¼NE¼ of
13	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is otherwise not used, the proportion conveyance loss associated with the	nate share of
14 15		to the remaining Younger Ditch was certificates include a discreet que the purpose of conveyance. The re-	ter right holders whose uantity of water for
16		quantity of water shall be to the deliver the authorized quantity o	extent necessary to f water to the
17		remaining authorized places of us quantity of water affirmed for the	e entire length of the
18		ditch for the purpose of conveyan	ce 1s 2.895 cis
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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Gary J. Fudacz & Joanne Fudacz	COURT CLAIM NO. 02224
3	Source	Yakima River	
4	Use:	Irrigation of 11 acres and stock w	vater
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for water	irrigation and stock
6 7	Quantity:	0.33 cfs, 66 acre-feet per year for 0.01 cfs, 1 acre-foot per year for 0.33 cfs for conveyance loss	
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
9 10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east quarter corner of Section 35, bein of Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W	g within the SE ¹ 4NW ¹ 4NE ¹ 4
11	Place of Use:	Gary J. and Jo Anne Fudacz	
12		That portion of the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Secti R. 16 E.W.M., which is bounded by	a line described as
13		follows: Beginning at the interse boundary line of the County Road w	ith the east boundary
14		line of said $W_{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}$ and running the the east boundary of said $W_{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}$, 1 west, 365 feet; thence N 0°43' W,	193.4 feet; thence
15 16		point of beginning; thence N 0°43' south right-of-way boundary of the	W, 814.00 feet to the
17		west along said south right-of-way 567.23 feet; thence S 0°43' E, 814 east, 567.23 feet to the true poin	boundary, .00 feet; thence
18		Fudacz Brothers	or posiming.
19		Parcel "A" of that certain survey February 27, 1990, in Book 16 of S	
20		and 114 under Auditor's File No. 5 Kittitas County, State of Washingt	27378, records of
21		the $NE\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R	
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1 2	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is relinquished, or otherwise not used, the proportionate share of conveyance loss associated with this right shall revert
		to the remaining Younger Ditch water right holders whose
3		certificates include a discreet quantity of water for the purpose of conveyance. The reversion of this
4		quantity of water shall be to the extent necessary to deliver the authorized quantity of water to the
5		remaining authorized places of use. The maximum quantity of water affirmed for the entire length of the
6		ditch for the purpose of conveyance is 2.895s
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8	CLAIMANT NAME:	Loyd Garrett COURT CLAIM NO. 01279 & Shirley Garrett
9		
10	Source:	Yakima River
11	Use:	Irrigation of 7.5 acres and stock water
12	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for irrigation and stock water
13	Quantity:	0.15 cfs, 45 acre-feet per year for irrigation;
14	(0.01 cfs, 0.5 acre-foot per year for stock water; 0.16 cfs for conveyance loss
15	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886
16	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east from the north
17		quarter corner of Section 35, being within the $SE_4^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_4^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_4^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
18	Place of Use:	Tracts 2 and 4 of Airport Road Tracts, located within
19		Government Lot 1 and the $N\frac{1}{2}NE\frac{1}{4}NW\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.
20	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is relinquished, or
21		otherwise not used, the proportionate share of conveyance loss associated with this right shall revert
22		to the remaining Younger Ditch water right holders whose certificates include a discreet quantity of water for
23	, in the second	the purpose of conveyance. The reversion of this quantity of water shall be to the extent necessary to
24		deliver the authorized quantity of water to the remaining authorized places of use. The maximum
25		quantity of water affirmed for the entire length of the ditch for the purpose of conveyance is 2.895 cfs
26		attention purpose to territy and a

1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Richard Haas & Jean Haas	COURT CLAIM NO. 01279
3	Source:	Yakima River	
4	Use:	Irrigation of 2 acres and stock wa	ter
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for water	irrigation and stock
6 7	Quantity:	0.04 cfs, 12 acre-feet per year fo 0.005 cfs, 0.25 acre-foot per year 0.045 cfs for conveyance loss	or irrigation; for stock water and
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
9 10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35, being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	n the SE4NW4NE4 of
11 12 13	Place of Use:	Lot 3C of Danubio Short Plat of After Tracts, Kittitas County Short Plat portion of the $E_{\frac{1}{2}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ and the W. T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.	t No. SP-91-02, being a
14 15 16	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is otherwise not used, the proportion conveyance loss associated with the tothe remaining Younger Ditch was certificates include a discreet of the purpose of conveyance. The requantity of water shall be to the	nate share of his right shall revert ter right holders whose uantity of water for eversion of this
17		deliver the authorized quantity o remaining authorized places of us quantity of water affirmed for th	f water to the e. The maximum e entire length of the
19		ditch for the purpose of conveyan	ce is 2.895 cis
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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Dennis L. Hankins & Kathy P. Hankins	COURT CLAIM NO. 01279
3	Source:	Yakima River	
4	Use:	Irrigation of $3\frac{1}{2}$ acres and stock w	ater
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30	•
6 7	Quantity:	0.156; 21 acre-feet per year for i 0.5 acre-foot per year for stock w conveyance loss	
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
9 10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35, being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	the SE¼NW¼NE¼ of
11	Place of Use:	Parcel A of that certain Short Pla	it recorded in
12		Volume 16 on Page 131 of the Recorbeing a 3.73 acre portion of Gover	nment Lot 1 of
13		Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. Elum Airport Road and north of Hig	
14	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is rotherwise not used, the proportion	
15		conveyance loss associated with the to the remaining Younger Ditch wat	is right shall revert
16		certificates include a discreet que the purpose of conveyance. The re	uantity of water for eversion of this
17		quantity of water shall be to the deliver the authorized quantity of	water to the
18		remaining authorized places of use quantity of water affirmed for the ditch for the purpose of conveyance	e entire length of the
19 20		urten for the purpose of conveyance	20 210 210
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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	The Estate of Hazel Henshaw COURT CLAIM NO. 00365 Bernard I. Henshaw
3	Source:	Yakima River
4	Use:	Irrigation of 75 acres and stock water
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for irrigation and stock water
6 7	Quantity:	<pre>1.5 cfs, 450 acre-feet per year for irrigation; 0.02 cfs, 3 acre-feet acre-feet per year for stock water; 0.30 cfs for conveyance loss</pre>
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886
9	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east of the north quarter
10		corner of Section 35, being within the SE ¹ / ₄ NW ¹ / ₄ NE ¹ / ₄ of Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
11	Place of Use:	$S_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}S_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}$ of Government Lot 4 and the
12		$SE_{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ EXCEPT the $SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$, ALL in Section 30, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.
13	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is relinquished, or
14		otherwise not used, the proportionate share of conveyance loss associated with this right shall revert to the remaining Younger Ditch water right holders whose
15		certificates include a discreet quantity of water for the purpose of conveyance. The reversion of this
16		quantity of water shall be to the extent necessary to deliver the authorized quantity of water to the
17		remaining authorized places of use. The maximum quantity of water affirmed for the entire length of the
18		ditch for the purpose of conveyance is 2.895 cfs
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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Pat Merritt & Carolyn Merritt	COURT CLAIM NO. 01279
3	Source:	Yakima River	
4	Use:	Irrigation of 4 acres and stock wa	ter
5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for water	irrigation and stock
6 7	Quantity:	0.08 cfs, 24 acre-feet per year fo 0.01 cfs, 0.5 acre foot per year f 0.10 cfs for conveyance loss	
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
9	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east quarter corner of Section 35, bein	
10		of Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W	
11	Place of Use:	Tract 1 of Airport Road Tracts, 10 $N_{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 31, T. 20 N.,	
12		Nanethwa of Section 31, 1. 20 M.,	R. 10 D.W.II.
13	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is r otherwise not used, the proportion conveyance loss associated with th	ate share of
14		to the remaining Younger Ditch wat certificates include a discreet qu	er right holders whose
15 16		the purpose of conveyance. The requantity of water shall be to the	eversion of this
17		deliver the authorized quantity of remaining authorized places of use	water to the The maximum
18		quantity of water affirmed for the ditch for the purpose of conveyance	e entire length of the
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Doris Marie Talerico	COURT CLAIM NO. 05671
2	Source:	Yakima River	
3	Use:	Irrigation of 4 acres and stock wa	ter
4 5	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30 for water	irrigation and stock
6 7	Quantity:	0.105 cfs, 22.5 acre-feet per year 0.01 cfs, 0.5 acre-feet per year f 0.125 cfs for conveyance loss	for irrigation; or stock water;
8	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
9 10	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35, being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	the SE¼NW¼NE¼ of
11 12	Place of Use:	That portion of the $NW_4^1NE_4^1$ and the Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M. Washington which is bounded by a 1 follows:	, Kittitas County,
1314151617		Beginning at the northwest corner S 0°32'39" W, 30 feet to the true thence S 0°32'39" W, along the eas $NE_4^1NW_4^1$, 200 feet; thence S 89°47'1 S 0°32'39" W, 287.70 feet; thence 794.77 feet; thence N 0°32'19" E, S 89°37'15" E, 482.80 feet to the beginning.	point of beginning; t boundary of said .5" E, 305 feet; thence N 81°48'57" W, 376.63 feet; thence
18 19 20 21 22 23	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is reotherwise not used, the proportion conveyance loss associated with the to the remaining Younger Ditch water certificates include a discreet que the purpose of conveyance. The requantity of water shall be to the deliver the authorized quantity of remaining authorized places of use quantity of water affirmed for the ditch for the purpose of conveyance.	nate share of his right shall revert her right holders whose hantity of water for eversion of this extent necessary to f water to the he. The maximum he entire length of the
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Fred S. Talerico	COURT CLAIM NO. 01279
2	Source:	Yakima River	
3	Use:	Irrigation of 3½ acres	
4	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30	
5 6	Quantity:	0.11 cfs; 21 acre-feet per year fo 0.125 cfs for conveyance loss	or irrigation and
7	Priority Date:	June 5, 1886	
8	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35, being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	n the SE¼NW¼NE¼ of
10	Place of Use:	Beginning at the north quarter con T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.; thence eas	st along the north
11		section line of said Section 31 30 S 0°32'39" W 487.70 feet to the transfer thence continuing S 0°32'39" W 218	rue point of beginning;
12 13		S 89°47'15" W 787.79 feet; thence 334.32 feet; thence S 81°48'57" E point of beginning.	N 0°32'19" E
14	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is	relinguished or
15	Limitations of ose.	otherwise not used, the proportion conveyance loss associated with the	nate share of
16		to the remaining Younger Ditch was certificates include a discreet qu	ter right holders whose
17		the purpose of conveyance. The requantity of water shall be to the	eversion of this
18		deliver the authorized quantity o remaining authorized places of us	f water to the e. The maximum
19		quantity of water affirmed for the ditch for the purpose of conveyan	e entire length of the
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Sharon Winslow	COURT CLAIM NO. 01279
2	Source:	Yakima River	
3	Use:	Irrigation of 2 acres and stock wa	iter
4	Period of Use:	April 20 through September 30	
5 6	Quantity:	0.04 cfs, 12 acre-feet per year fo 0.005 cfs, 0.25 acre-feet per year 0.045 cfs for conveyance loss	or irrigation; for stock water and
7	Deiomity Doto.	June 5, 1886	
8	Priority Date:		6 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
9	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east corner of Section 35, being within Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	n the SE¼NW¼NE¼ of
10	Place of Use:	Lots 3A and 3B of Danubio Short Pl	lat of Airport
11		Road Tracts, Kittitas County Short being a portion of the $E_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ and $E_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$	nd the W½NE¼NW¼ of
12		Section 31, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M.	
13	Limitations of Use:	In the event this water right is a otherwise not used, the proportion	nate share of
14		conveyance loss associated with the to the remaining Younger Ditch was certificates include a discreet question.	ter right holders whose
15		the purpose of conveyance. The requantity of water shall be to the	eversion of this
16 17		deliver the authorized quantity of remaining authorized places of use	f water to the e. The maximum
18		quantity of water affirmed for the ditch for the purpose of conveyand	e entire length of the
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	George Burchak & Diane Burchak	COURT CLAIM NO. 05216
2	Source:	Iron Mountain Creek	
3 4	Use:	Irrigation of 60 acres, stock wate for two residences	r and domestic supply
5 6	Period of Use:	April 1 through October 31 for irr continuously for domestic supply a	
7	Quantity:	1.97 cfs, 720 acre-feet per year f 0.02 cfs, 2 acre-feet per year for 0.01 cfs, 2 acre-feet per year for	domestic supply;
9	Priority Date:	August 1, 1887	
10	Point of Diversion:	325 feet north and 450 feet east o Section 9, being within the SW4SW4T. 19 N, R. 15 E.W.M.	
11	Place of Use:	$W_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ and $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ of Section 4, T.	19 N., R. 25 E.W.M.
13 14	CLAIMANT NAME:	Sherry Bertino Margaret V. Peckinino	COURT CLAIM NO. 00394 (A)06098
31			(A)00098
15	Source:	An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek)	(A)00096
15 16	Source: Use:		(A)00098
		An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek)	(A)00098
16	Use:	An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek) Irrigation of 9 acres	(A)00098
16 17 18 19	Use: Period of Use:	An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek) Irrigation of 9 acres April 1 through October 31	(A)00098
16 17 18	Use: Period of Use: Quantity:	An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek) Irrigation of 9 acres April 1 through October 31 0.18 cfs; 45 acre-feet per year May 31, 1888 950 feet south and 775 feet west former of Section 12, being within	rom the east quarter
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Use: Period of Use: Quantity: Priority Date:	An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek) Irrigation of 9 acres April 1 through October 31 0.18 cfs; 45 acre-feet per year May 31, 1888 950 feet south and 775 feet west f	rom the east quarter the SW4NE4SE4 of
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Use: Period of Use: Quantity: Priority Date: Point of Diversion:	An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek) Irrigation of 9 acres April 1 through October 31 0.18 cfs; 45 acre-feet per year May 31, 1888 950 feet south and 775 feet west from 12, being within Section 12, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. NE ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ and E ¹ / ₂ NW ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ of Section 12,	rom the east quarter the SW4NE4SE4 of
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Use: Period of Use: Quantity: Priority Date: Point of Diversion:	An unnamed stream (Rabbit Creek) Irrigation of 9 acres April 1 through October 31 0.18 cfs; 45 acre-feet per year May 31, 1888 950 feet south and 775 feet west from 12, being within Section 12, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M. NE ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ and E ¹ / ₂ NW ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ of Section 12,	rom the east quarter the SW4NE4SE4 of

1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Sherry Bertino Margaret V. Peckinino	COURT CLAIM NO. 00394 (A)06098
3	Source:	An unnamed spring	
4	Use:	Domestic supply	
5	Period of Use:	Continuously	
6	Quantity:	0.01 cfs; 1.0 acre-foot per year	
7	Priority Date:	May 31, 1888	
8	Point of Diversion:	650 feet south and 775 feet west corner of Section 12, being with Section 12, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.	in the WanEasEa of
9 10	Place of Use:	$E_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 12, T. 19	
11			
12	CLAIMANT NAME:	Harold B. Iverson & Joann Iverson	COURT CLAIM NO. 01137
13	Source:	An unnamed stream	
14	Use:	Irrigation of 6 acres and stock	water
15	Period of Use:	May 1 through September 30	
16	Quantity:	1.0 cfs; 69.6 acre-feet per year	
17	Priority Date:	February 22, 1889	
18 19	Point of Diversion:	500 feet south and 500 feet west Section 36, being within the NE $\frac{1}{4}$ T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	from the center of $NE_{4}^{1}SW_{4}^{1}$ of Section 36,
20	Place of Use:	That portion of the N⅓NE⅓SW⅓ of	Section 36, T. 20 N.,
21	11400 01 000	R. 15 E.W.M. lying northerly of P. Railroad right-of-way (John W	the former C.M. St. P. and
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Harold B. Iverson COURT CLAIM NO. 01137 & Joann Iverson
3	Source:	Unnamed stream
4	Use:	Irrigation of 11 acres and stock water
5	Period of Use:	May 1 through September 30
6	Quantity:	1.83 cfs; 146.3 acre-feet per year
7	Priority Date:	February 22, 1889
8	Point of Diversion:	(1) 1175 feet north and 900 feet west of the south quarter corner of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M., being within the $N_{\frac{1}{2}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 36, T. 20, R. 15 E.W.M.
10 11		(2) 1275 feet north and 750 feet west of the south quarter corner of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M., being within the NE ¹ / ₄ SE ¹ / ₄ SW ¹ / ₄ of Section 36, T. 20,
12 13 14		R. 15 E.W.M. (3) 1300 feet south and 775 feet west of the center of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M., being within the $S_{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
15 16	Place of Use:	That portion of the NE¼SW¼ of Section 36, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. lying southerly of the former C.M. ST. P. and P. Railroad right of way (John Wayne Trail)
17 18	Limitations of Use:	The total diversion from the two pumps and the gravity ditch shall not exceed 1.83 cfs of natural flow water
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1 2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Nellie G. Curry Douglas D. Curry & Lois A. Curry	COURT CLAIM NO. 01679
3	Source:	An unnamed stream	
4	Use:	Domestic supply	
5	Period of Use:	Continuously	
6	Quantity:	0.01 cfs; 1 acre-foot per year	•
7	Priority Date:	November 4, 1895	
9	Point of Diversion:	375 feet north and 1200 feet east Section 11, being within the SE ¹ / ₄ SW T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	
10	Place of Use:	The $N\frac{1}{2}NE\frac{1}{4}NW\frac{1}{4}NE\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 11, T.	19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
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12	CLAIMANT NAME:	Nellie G. Curry	COURT CLAIM NO. 01679
13		Douglas D. Curry & Lois A. Curry	
14	Source:	Pressy Creek	
15	Use:	Stock water and lawn and garden in	rigation for ½ acre
16 17	Period of Use:	Continuously for stock water; Apri October 31 for irrigation	.1 1 through
18	Quantity:	0.02 cfs; 4 acre-feet per year	
19	Priority Date:	November 4, 1895	
20	Point of Diversion:	875 feet north and 700 feet east of Section 11, being within the $NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW$	
21		T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	, and a section iii,
22	Place of Use:	The $N_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{2}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 11, T.	19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
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27	SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF REF		Referee's Office 15 W. Yakima Ave Ste. 200

Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights)

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15 W. Yakima Ave Ste. 200 Yakima, WA 98902-3401

CLAIMANT NAME:	The Estate of John E. Rothlisberger COURT CLAIM NO. 01297 Richard White
	Jeanne Purple
Source:	An unnamed spring
Use:	Stock water
Period of Use:	Continuously
Quantity:	0.01 cfs; 2 acre-feet per year
Priority Date:	November 4, 1895
Point of Diversion:	150 feet north and 900 feet east from the south quarter corner of Section 3, being within the $SE_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{4}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 3, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
Place of Use:	The $SE_4^1SW_4^1SE_4^1$ of Section 3, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
7.1333	
CLAIMANT NAME:	Springwood Ranch Corporation COURT CLAIM NO. 02152
Source:	An unnamed spring
Use:	Domestic supply and stock water
Period of Use:	Continuous1y
Quantity:	<pre>0.01 cfs, 1 acre-feet per year for domestic; 4 acre-feet per year for stock water</pre>
Priority Date:	December 26, 1896
Point of Diversion:	1275 feet north and 300 feet west of the east quarter corner of Section 29, being within the $NE_4^{1}SE_4^{1}NE_4^{1}$ of
	Section 29, T. 19 N., R. 17 E.W.M.
Place of Use:	$S_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}S_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ of Section 21 lying west of the Yakima River and the $W_{\frac{1}{2}}^{1}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{1}$ of Section 28, lying west of the Yakima
	River, ALL in T. 19 N., R. 17 E.W.M.
CUIDDI EMENTAL DEDODT OF DE	Referee's Office
	Source: Use: Period of Use: Quantity: Priority Date: Point of Diversion: Place of Use: CLAIMANT NAME: Source: Use: Period of Use: Quantity: Priority Date: Point of Diversion:

1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Brian Frederick COURT CLAIM NO. 02222 & Elizabeth Frederick
2	CLAIMANT NAME:	Mack D. Richey COURT CLAIM NO. 01676
3		& Susan R. Richey Brian Frederick
4		& Elizabeth Frederick Real Estate Investment Group
5		Jon L. Newton & Cindy L. Newton
6		Sandra Fredericksen
7	Source:	Yakima River
8	Use:	Irrigation of 270 acres and stock water
9	Period of Use:	May 1 through September 15
10	Quantity:	<pre>5.8 cfs, 1585 acre-feet per year for irrigation; 4 acre-feet per year for stock water</pre>
11	Priority Date:	June 30, 1900
12 13	Point of Diversion:	750 feet south and 1150 feet east of the north quarter corner of Section 35, being within the $SE_{4}^{1}NW_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}$ of Section 35, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
14	Place of Use:	Brian and Elizabeth Frederick
15		A rectangular area commencing at the southwest corner of Section 29, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M., thence north along
16		the west boundary of said Section, 1210.00 feet; thence east perpendicularly along the south edge of an existing
17		irrigation and drainage ditch, 1440.00 feet; thence south perpendicularly to the south boundary of said
18		Section, 1210.00 feet; thence west along the south boundary of said Section, 1440.00 feet to the said
19		southwest corner, the point of beginning
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27	SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF RE	FFDFF Referee's Office

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Real Estate Investment Group

The west 1470.00 feet of the SW of Section 29, T. 20 N. R. 16 E.W.M., EXCEPT that portion thereof bounded by a line described as follows: Beginning at the southwest corner of said Section 29, the true point of beginning; thence N 1°03'17" E, 1222.00 feet along the west line of said Section; thence S 88°56'47" E, 1440.00 feet; thence S 1°03'17" W, 1212.00 feet to the south line of said Section; thence N 89°20'39" W. 1440.04 feet along said south line to the true point of beginning. Also, EXCEPT the following described tract: That portion of the west 1470.00 feet of the SW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 29, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M., lying northerly of an existing ditch bounded by a line described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of said southwest quarter, the true point of beginning; thence S 1°03'17" W, 481.94 feet along the west line thereof to the centerline of said ditch; thence S 87°39'20" E, 96.00 feet along said ditch centerline; thence S 76°49'30" E, 329.00 feet along said ditch centerline; thence N 77°51'30" E. 378.00 feet along said ditch centerline; thence N 77°09'00" E, 705.00 feet along said ditch centerline to the east line of said west 1470.00 feet of the southwest quarter: thence N 1°03'17" E, 303.69 feet along said line to the north line of said southwest quarter; thence N 89°11'17" W, 1470.01 feet along said north line to the true point of beginning.

Jon L. and Cindy L. Newton

That portion of the west 1,470.00 feet of the SW_{h}^{1} of Section 29, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M., lying northerly of an existing ditch bounded by a line described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of said southwest quarter, the true point of beginning; thence S 1°03'17" W, 481.94 feet along the west line thereof to the centerline of said ditch; thence S 87°39'20" E, 96.00 feet along said ditch centerline; thence S 76°49'30" E, 329.00 feet along said ditch centerline; thence N 77°51'30" E, 378.00 feet along said ditch centerline; thence N 77°09'00" E, 705.00 feet long said ditch centerline to the east line of said west 1,470.00 feet of the southwest quarter; thence N 1°03'17" E, 303.69 feet along said line to the north line of said southwest quarter; thence N 89°11'17" W, 1,460.01 feet along said north line to the true point of beginning.

Sandra L. Fredericksen

That portion of the SE_4^1 of Section 29, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M., which is bounded by a line described as follows: Beginning at the southeast corner of the SE_4^1 of said Section which is the true point of beginning; thence N 89°20'30" W, 1753.13 feet; thence N 0°46'28" E, 1422.66 feet; thence S 89°11'17" E, 1744.50 feet; thence S 0°25'33" W, 1417.98 feet, more or less to the true point of beginning, EXCEPT right of way for Airport County Road along the south boundary thereof.

That portion of the SE¼ of Section 29, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M., bounded by a line described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of said SE¼, the true point of beginning; thence S 0°25'33" W, 1261.12 feet along the east line of said southeast quarter; thence N 89°11'17" W, 1744.50 feet to Point A; thence N 0°46'28" E, 273.44 feet; thence N 4°12'52" E, 381.54 feet; thence N 0°25'33" E, 606.79 feet to the north line of said southeast quarter; thence S 89°11'17" E, 1717.63 feet along said north line to the true point of beginning, containing 50 acres, more or less, and including the range, refrigerator, dishwasher, washer, dryer, wood stove and all lighting fixtures presently located on the premises.

Brian and Elizabeth Frederick, Jon L. and Cindy L. Newton and Sandra Fredericksen

The $S_{\frac{1}{2}}$ of Section 29, T. 20 N., R. 16 E.W.M., EXCEPT: The west 1470.00 feet thereof; and that portion of the SE $_{\frac{1}{4}}$ of said Section 29, which is described as follows: Beginning at the northeast corner of said SE $_{\frac{1}{4}}$; the true point of beginning; thence S 0°25'33" W, along the east line of said SE $_{\frac{1}{4}}$ to the southeast corner of the SE $_{\frac{1}{4}}$; thence N 89°20'30" W, 1753.13 feet; thence N 0°46'23" E, 1422.66 feet to Point A; thence N 0°46'28" E, 273.44 feet; thence N 4°12'52" E, 381.54 feet; thence N 0°25'33" E, 606.79 feet to the north line of said SE $_{\frac{1}{4}}$; thence S 89°11'17" E, 1717.63 feet along said north line to the true point of beginning

1	CLAIMANT NAME:	John M. Butkovich COURT CLAIM NO. 01422 & Jean M. Butkovich
3	Source:	(1) An unnamed stream;(2) Roslyn Creek
4	Use:	Irrigation of 26 acres:
5		(1) Unnamed stream: 2.5 acres; (2) Roslyn Creek: 23.5 acres
7	Period of Use:	April 1 through October 31
8	Quantity:	(1) <u>Unnamed stream</u> : 0.075 cfs, 15.0 acre-feet per year;
9		(2) Roslyn Creek: 0.67 cfs; 117.5 acre-feet per year
10	Priority Date:	June 30, 1904
11	Point of Diversion:	(1) Unnamed stream: 600 feet south and 350 feet west from the northeast corner of Section 20, being within
12		the $NE_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}$ of Section 20, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
13 14		(2) Roslyn Creek: 1200 feet south and 300 feet east from the northwest corner of Section 21, being within the SW4NW4NW4 of Section 21, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M.
15 16	Place of Use:	Those portions of the NW_4^1 of Section 21, T. 20 N., R. 15 E.W.M. described as follows:
17		(1) All of Block 16 of the SOUTH ADDITION TO ROSLYN.
18		(2) Lots 13 to 24, inclusive, and vacated "B" Street of Block 17 of the SOUTH ADDITION TO ROSLYN, and that
19		portion of the SW\(\frac{1}{4}\)NW\(\frac{1}{4}\) of said section described as follows: Beginning at the point of intersection of the
20		south line of South Avenue with the southerly production of the east line of South "B" Street, as shown on the
21	,	plat of Northwestern Improvement Company's South Addition to the City of Roslyn; thence S 22°30' E,
22		297.56 feet; thence S 26°39' E, 924.75 feet; thence N 63°20' E, 542.97 feet; thence northwesterly
23		1259.15 feet, more or less, along the Burlington Northern Railroad right-of-way; thence S 64°57' W,
24		310.34 feet to the point of beginning, and that portion of said SWANWA described as follows: Commencing at the
25		west quarter corner of said section, thence east 390 feet, more or less, to the point of beginning;
26		thence N 26°39' W, 490 feet, more or less; thence
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1 2		N 63°21' E, 45 feet, more or less,; 345 feet, more or less; thence N 63 more or less; thence southeasterly southwesterly right of way of Shaft	96 feet, along the
3		a account 930 feet more or less:	thence 5 03 21 w,
4		460 feet, more or less; thence N 20 more or less; to the point of begin	nning
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6 7	CLAIMANT NAME:	George Burchak & Diane Burchak	COURT CLAIM NO. 05216
8	Source:	An unnamed stream	
9	Use:	Domestic supply and stock water	
10	Period of Use:	Continuously	
11	Quantity:	0.02 cfs; 3 acre-feet per year	
12	Priority Date:	December 15, 1916	
13 14	Point of Diversion:	500 feet north and 700 feet west corner of Section 4, being within Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	of the southeast the SE¼SE¼ of
15	Place of Use:	$E_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 4, T. 19 N., F	R. 15 E.W.M.
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	South Cle Elum; Town of	COURT CLAIM NO. 01294 (A)05347
2	Source	An unnamed spring	
3	Source:	Municipal supply	
4	Use:		
5	Period of Use:	Continuously	
6	Quantity:	1.0 cfs; 168 acre-feet per year	
7	Priority Date:	June 12, 1957	
8	Point of Diversion:	200 feet north and 650 feet west corner of Section 5, being within Section 5, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	the SEESEENEE OI
10	Place of Use:	The service area of the Town of S	South Cle Elum
11			01000 01000
12	CLAIMANT NAME:	The Estate of John E. Rothlisberg Richard White	ger COURT CLAIM NO. 01298
13		Jeanne Purple	
14	Source:	An unnamed spring	
15	Use:	Stock water	
16	Period of Use:	Continuously	
17	Quantity:	0.01 cfs; 1 acre-foot per year	
18	Priority Date:	May 12, 1965	
19	Point of Diversion:	950 feet north and 1200 feet eas corner of Section 10, being with Section 10, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.	in the NE&SW&NW& Of
20		NE4SW4NW4 of Section 10, and the	
21	Place of Use:	Wasel of Section 3, lying south	of the Kittitas
22		Reclamation District Canal, ALL R. 15 E.W.M.	111 1. 17 1.,
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27	SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF RI	FERER	Referee's Office
28	Re: Subbasin No. 5 (Elk		15 W. Yakima Ave Ste. 200 Yakima, WA 98902-3401

1	CLAIMANT NAME:	James E. Murphy	COURT CLAIM NO. 02189
2	Source:	Unnamed spring and stream	
3	Use:	Domestic supply and stock water	
4	Period of Use:	Continuously	
5	Quantity:	0.02 cfs; 2 acre-feet per year	
6	Priority Date:	May 24, 1965	
7 8	Point of Diversion:	1000 feet north and 1000 feet east corner of Section 10, being within Section 10, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M.	the E½SW¼NW‡ of
9	Place of Use:	$NE_{4}^{1}NE_{4}^{1}$ of Section 9, T. 19 N., R.	15 E.W.M.
10			
11	CLAIMANT NAME:	John Forenpohar	COURT CLAIM NO. 00689
12		& Margaret E. Forenpohar	
13	Source:	Two unnamed springs	
14	Use:	Domestic supply, stock water and i	nink propagation
15	Period of Use:	Continuously	
16	Quantity:	0.02 cfs; 4 acre-feet per year	
17	Priority Date:	July 1, 1965	
18	Point of Diversion:	1250 feet north and 1095 feet eas corner of Section 10, being withi Section 10, T. 19 N., R. 15 E.W.M	n the NE¼SW¼NW¼ of
19 20	Place of Use:	$NE_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}NW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}SW_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{4}}$ of Section 3, T. 19 N.,	
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	E. L. Kilddsoll, 01.	COURT CLAIM NO. 00284 (A)04191
2		& Necia Knudson Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation	(,
3	Source:	An unnamed stream	
4 5	Use:	Storage for continuous stock water, and recreation	, fish propagation
6	Period of Use:	Continuously	
7	Quantity:	7.0 acre-feet per year	
8	Priority Date:	January 13, 1966	
9	Point of Diversion:	800 feet north and 950 feet east f corner of Section 31, being within Section 31, T. 19 N., R. 17 E.W.M.	Government Lot 2 of
10 11	Place of Use:	Government Lot 2 of Section 31, T.	
12			
13	CLAIMANT NAME:	Walter W. Eyer & Valorie G. Eyer	COURT CLAIM NO. 01184
14	Source:	An unnamed stream	
15	Use:	Domestic supply	
16	Period of Use:	Continuously	
17	Quantity:	0.01 cfs; 2 acre-feet per year	
18	Priority Date:	August 15, 1966	
19	Point of Diversion:	1300 feet south and 700 feet east corner of Section 7, being within	from the west quarter Government Lot 3 of
20		Section 7, T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M.	
21	Place of Use:	The west 308.26 feet of the north Government Lot 3 of Section 7, T.	330 feet of 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M.
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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Robert C. Clark, Jr. & Shirley M. Clark	COURT CLAIM NO. 00985
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3	Source:	An unnamed stream	
4	Use:	Single domestic supply and irrigati	on of 2 acres
5	Period of Use:	(1) Continuously for domestic suppl through October 1 for irrigation	y and (2) April 1
6 7	Quantity:	0.01 cfs, 2.0 acre-feet per year fo 0.01 cfs, 2.0 acre-feet per year fo	or domestic use; or irrigation
8	Priority Date:	February 29, 1968	
9	Point of Diversion:	1300 feet south and 700 feet east corner of Section 7, being within 6 Section 7, T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M.	from the west quarter Government Lot 3 of
10		The east 305 feet of the west 640.	26 feet of the north
11	Place of Use:	660 feet of Government Lot 3 of Ser. 16 E.W.M.	ction 7, T. 19 N.,
12		R. 10 D.Will	
13			
14	CLAIMANT NAME:	Frederick E. Krueger & Linda R. Krueger	COURT CLAIM NO. 00463
15	Source:	Indian John Spring	
16	Use:	Domestic supply and stock water	
17	Period of Use: ·	Continuous1y	
18	Quantity:	0.01 cfs; 2 acre-feet per year	
19	Priority Date:	May 4, 1973	
20	Point of Diversion:	1300 feet north and 500 feet east	of the southwest
21		corner of Section 4, being within Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M.	the W½SW¼SW¾ OI
22	Place of Use:	The west 104 feet of the south 208	B feet of the NW4SW4
23		of Section 4, T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.	· [1 ·
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27	CUIDDI EMENTAL REPORT OF RE	THEREE	Referee's Office

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1	CLAIMANT NAME:	Sky Meadows Ranch Country Club COURT CLAIM NO. 05636
2	Source:	An unnamed spring
3	Use:	Community domestic supply for 163 units
4	Period of Use:	Continuously
5	Quantity:	0.018 cfs; 13.0 acre-feet per year
6	Priority Date:	January 22, 1974
7 8	Point of Diversion:	1000 feet north and 1150 feet east of the west quarter corner of Section 17, being within the NE ¹ / ₄ SW ¹ / ₄ NW ¹ / ₄ of Section 17, T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M
9 10	Place of Use:	The $SE_{4}^{1}SE_{4}^{1}$ of Section 8, the N_{2}^{1} of Section 17, EXCEPT the $NE_{4}^{1}NW_{4}^{1}$ thereof; and the NE_{4}^{1} of Section 18, ALL in T. 19 N., R. 16 E.W.M
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1	The aforementioned changes shall be incorporated into the Report of
2	Referee for Subbasin No. 5 (Elk Heights), dated July 7, 1997.
3	
4	SIGNED and DATED at Yakima, Washington this 10th day of May, 1999.
5	
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7	Douglas Clausing, Referee
8	DOUGLAS CLAUSING, Referee
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