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Ciencia y Analítica de Datos

Avance del curso Data Analysis with Python - 25 de octubre de 2022



| Question 1 | | |
|--|------|-------------|
| 1/1 point (graded) | | |
| Consider the dataframe "df". What method provides the summary statistics? | | |
| df.describe() | | |
| O df.head() | | |
| O df.tail() | | |
| • | Save | Show answer |
| Submit You have used 1 of 2 attempts | | |
| Question 2 | | |
| 1/1 point (graded) | | |
| Consider the following dataframe: | | |
| <pre>df_test = df['body-style', 'price']</pre> | | |
| The following operation is applied: | | |
| <pre>df_grp = df_test.groupby(['body-style'], as_index=False).mean()</pre> | | |
| What are resulting values of df_grp['price'] ? | | |
| The average price for each body style. | | |
| ○ The average price. | | |
| The average body style. | | |
| • | Save | Show answer |
| Submit You have used 1 of 2 attempts | | |
| | | |

Question 3 1/1 point (graded) Correlation implies causation: False ○ True Save Show answer You have used 1 of 2 attempts Question 4 1/1 point (graded) What is the minimum possible value of Pearson's Correlation? 0 1 -100 -1 Save Show answer Submit You have used 1 of 2 attempts Question 5 1/1 point (graded) What is the Pearson correlation between variables X and Y if X=Y: O -1 1 0

You have used 1 of 2 attempts

Save Show answer