CS 3520 - Programming Language Structures

Program: 2 Points: 40

Due Date: October 18 11:59 pm

Write a Ruby program to create a generator for the language defined in the given Context Free Grammar (CFG) and generate all sentences that are less than or equal to a given length. The grammar and the length will be input. There will be a blank line between the rules of the CFG and the length. Each rule is on one line. There will be exactly one space separating all terminals, nonterminals and the arrow in a rule.

You must run your program on the sample input given as well as on several sets of your own input data. Your program should print out the number of nonterminals, the number of rules, echo the inputted rules, and follow this with a list of legal sentences that are less than or equal to the inputted length. See sample input and output below. You will have a main driver in prog2.rb. You will implement the generator in a class named CFGrammar. You must submit your two files, context_free_grammar.rb and prog2.rb to the Grader. When you submit to the Grader, your program must read from the standard input.

The CFGrammar class

```
#Document this file as described here and in the syllabus.
class CFGrammar
   def initialize
     @cfg rules = Array.new
     @count rules = 0
     @\max len = 0
     @hash words = Hash.new
     @nonterminals = Array.new
   end
   # read in rules and the last 2 lines
   # and chomp off the newline character. Check out method chomp
   def read rules
     while line = gets do
       # store chomped line into @cfg rules
   # put last value of @cfg rules into @max len and
   # remove last two elements of @cfg rules
   end # read rules
```

Program Requirements:

You must adhere to the following (loss of points for non-compliance):

1. You may assume that all nonterminals are not substrings of other nonterminals.

You may assume that all terminals are not substrings of nonterminals.

2. You may want to follow the algorithm hinted here:

Create an array of rules

Create a hash-table for each nonterminal (as key) and their right-hand sides (as value) (if more than one right-hand side, group them into an array)

Create an array of nonterminals

Get number of rules and print rules

Generate sentences

Push start symbol on stack

While stack is NOT empty

pop an element off stack

get length of words (number of words in the element just popped)

if length <= maxlen, handle/generate via derivation

loop to find the first (leftmost) nonterminal in what was popped off stack if found one nonterminal

loop to **replace** the found nonterminal with its right-hand sides on stack else

puts the sentence

- 3. You may assume that the first nonterminal encountered is the start symbol.
- 4. You must follow the format of the Sample Input and Sample Output given below.

Additional Notes:

- This is an individual assignment, and you must complete it by yourself. Moderate help from others is accepted, but you must make sure you understand the concepts.
- You must comment your code appropriately.
- You will lose points if your final submission is after the due time:
 - o -5 if your final submission is by 11:59 PM, October 18
 - o -10 if your final submission is by 11:59 PM, October 19
 - o -15 if your final submission is by 11:59 PM, October 20
 - o No credit after 11:59 PM, October 20
- For all programs in this class, you must turn in a running solution in order to pass the course. The solutions do not have to work correctly for all test cases but must solve a significant portion of the problem.
- Match the output exactly and follow the Ground Rules below.

Ground rules for this program:

- 1. Variable and method names must be in lowercase with underscores between words in a name
- 2. Use spaces between operators
- 3. Comment at the top of each file saying what the class does and your name as the Author
- 4. One- or two-line comment for each method
- 5. Methods must be less than 40 lines long
- 6. Indent **two** spaces in all the normal places (if, while, for, etc.)
- 7. Line length MUST be 78 characters or less

0.5 points off for each violation. Maximum 4 points off for formatting errors.

Sample Input:

```
program -> statements
statements -> singleStatement;
statements -> singleStatement; statements
singleStatement -> variable = expression
expression -> term
expression -> term + expression
expression -> term - expression
term -> factor
term -> factor
term -> factor / term
factor -> variable
factor -> const
variable -> a
```

Corresponding Sample Output:

```
There are 7 nonterminal symbols.

There are 13 rules in the CFG that follows.

program -> statements
statements -> singleStatement;
statements -> singleStatement; statements
singleStatement -> variable = expression
expression -> term
expression -> term + expression
expression -> term - expression
term -> factor
term -> factor * term
term -> factor / term
```

```
factor -> variable
factor -> const
variable -> a
Sentences of length 6 or less are:
a = const - const;
a = const - a;
a = a - const;
a = a - a ;
a = const + const;
a = const + a;
a = a + const;
a = a + a ;
a = const / const ;
a = const / a ;
a = a / const;
a = a / a ;
a = const * const ;
a = const * a ;
a = a * const;
a = a * a ;
a = const;
a = a;
```