a) Let A = I am Here

Let B = Sane has a cat Named Patty

Let C = John has a dog named Cariosity

Let D = Cariosity Killed the Cat

Given -AVB -BVC -CVD

A~(A-B)~(B-C)~(C-0)

A	B	\mathcal{C}		7 A V B	7 BV C	7 C V D	
T	T	T	T	一一	T	1	
T +	T	T	F	T	T	F	
十	T	F	T		F	T	
<u>+</u>	T	F	F		F	T	
	F	十	T	F	T	T	
T	F	丁	F	F	T	F	
T	F	F	T	F	T	T	
1	F	F	F	F	T	T	
F	T	T	T	\uparrow	T	7	
F	T	丁	F	T	T	F	
F	T	F	T	T	F	T	
F	T	F	F	T	F	1	
F	F	T	T	7	7	1	
F	F	T	F	T	T	F	
1-	F	F	T	T	T	T	
F	F	F	F	T	T	T	

$$\begin{array}{c}
(C) \\
(A \lor B) = A \rightarrow B \\
(B \lor C) = B \rightarrow C \\
(C \lor D) = C \rightarrow D
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
(C : -B) \\
(C : -C) \\
(C \lor D)
\end{array}$$

here.

jane_has_cat_named_patty :- here.
john_has_dog_named_curiosity :- jane_has_cat_named_patty.
curiosity_killed_the_cat :- john_has_dog_named_curiosity.



```
Assignment_1 > 🐪 q2.pl
       %Rules into predicate logic - A
          clear(Block A) is true if no block is placed on top of Block A
           on(Block_A, Block_B) is true if Block_A is placed on top of Block_B
           move Block_A from Block_B to Block_C
           clear(Block_A), clear(Block_C), Block_C \= table, on(Block_A, Block_B) -> on(Block_A, Block_C)
           move Block_A from Block_B to table
           clear(Block_A), on(Block_A, Block_B) -> on(Block_A, table)
       % on(A,C) :- clear(A), clear(C), C \= table, on(A, B)
           on(A,table) :- clear(A), on(A,B)
       % D
      % initial state
       on(a.b).
      on(b.table).
       clear(a).
       clear(c).
       % discovered format function at https://stackoverflow.com/questions/34635689/output-formatting-in-prolog
       % Block X is on Block Y provided that X is clear, Y is clear, Y is on some block Z, and Y is not the table
       on(X, Y) := clear(X), clear(Y), on(X, Z), neq_table(Y), format("move <math>\sim w from \sim w to \sim w \sim n", [X, Y, Z]).
 29
       \% Block C is clear provided that A is clear, A is on some block X, and C is not the table
       \verb|clear(C)| := clear(A), on(A, Z), neq_table(C), format("move <math>\sim w \text{ from } \sim w \text{ to the table } \sim n", [A, Z])|.
       \$ Block C is clear provided that A is clear, A is on some block X, and C is not the table
       on(A,table) :- clear(A), on(A, Z), neq_table(C), format("move ~w from ~w to the table ~n", [A, Z]) .
       neq_table(X) :- X \= table.
```

```
Welcome to SWI-Prolog (threaded, 64 bits, version 8.3.18)
SWI-Prolog comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY. This is free software.
Please run ?- license. for legal details.
For online help and background, visit https://www.swi-prolog.org
For built-in help, use ?- help(Topic). or ?- apropos(Word).
?-working_directory(_,"/Users/trevorkeegan/development/UWP-CS3030/Assignment_1").
 ?- consult("q2.pl").
                         Jsers/trevorkeegan/development/UWP-CS3030/A
Clauses of on/2 are not together in the source-fill
Earlier definition at /Users/trevorkeegan/develop
                         Current predicate: clear/1 Use :- discontiguous on/2.
    Jarnino
    Arming: /Users/trevorkeegan/development/UWP-CS3030/As-
/ Arming: Clauses of clear/1 are not together in the source-fil
/ Arming: Earlier definition at /Users/trevorkeegan/developmentaring:
     arnina:
                        Current predicate: on/2
    Aarming: Current precicate: oruz

Aarming: Use :- discontiguous clear/1. to suppress this me

/arming: /Users/trevorkeegan/development/UWP-CS3030/A

/arming: /Users/trevorkeegan/development/UWP-CS3030/A

/arming: /Users/trevorkeegan/development/UWP-CS3030/A

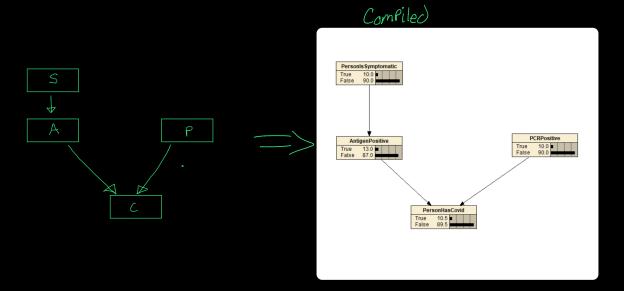
/arming: Clauses of on/2 are not together in the source-fine
                        Earlier definition at /Users/t
Current predicate: clear/1
Use :- discontiguous on/2.
                                                                                                                                                                 3030/Assignment_1/q2.pl:19
true.
?- on(c,b).
move a from b to the table
move c from b to table true.
```

Let S = Person is Symptomatic

Let A = Person Has Positive Antigen Test

Let P = Person Has Positive PCRTest

Let C = Person Glot Covid



Symptoms -> 11.7% chance of Having Covid

