

git-resources

Git resources

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web resources

tutorial

- a good french tutorial: <http://www.siteduzero.com/informatique/tutoriels/gerez-vos-codes-source-avec-git>
- git from bottom up (very good for a global vision): <http://ftp.newartisans.com/pub/git.from.bottom.up.pdf>

references

- pro-git book: <http://git-scm.com/book>
- a git reference that points to git man pages and pro git book chapters: <http://gitref.org/>
- visual git reference: <http://marklodato.github.com/visual-git-guide/index-en.html>
- a reference on workflow and branching model: <http://nvie.com/posts/a-successful-git-branching-model/>

presentation

Git introduction for north developers: [git presentation ppt](#)

Tips and tricks for git

Common errors

After a git command implying a connection to a remote repository (like git fetch), you have an error saying something like "Hung up unexpectedly", if so check that :

- the remote repo is available (is git daemon launched on the remote machine ?)
- you have launched your PAgent with your key, needed to be authenticated on the remote machine.

Setup your environment

Refresh automatically eclipse .project and .classpath after a branch change (checkout)

Git has a way to fire off custom scripts when certain important actions occur, here we are interested in post-checkout event.

Just put this [post-checkout](#) script in your <my git repo>\.git\hooks\ directory.

Activate git auto-completion of commands, branches, repos

- Copy (or use in place) this file to your home and check that it is executable

```
cp -p /usr/share/doc/git-1.7.4.1/contrib/completion/git-completion.bash
~/bin/git-completion.sh
```

- Source it in your .bash_rc or .bash_login

.bash_rc

```
# git
source ~/bin/git-completion.sh
```

- Source your .bash_rc

```
source .bash_rc
```

- Result

```
[d_bmurat@slqeqa204 ../DEV/Sonic/git/src (master)]> git log --
--abbrev=                --date=                --full-diff
--abbrev                 --date-order         --full-history
--abbrev-commit          --decorate=          --full-index
--after=                --decorate           --graph
--all                   --dense              --grep=
--all-match             --diff-filter=       --ignore-all-space
--author=               --dirstat=           --ignore-space-at-eol
--before=               --dirstat            --ignore-space-change
--binary                --dirstat-by-file=   --inter-hunk-context=
--branches              --dirstat-by-file    --left-right
--check                 --dst-prefix=        --max-age=
--cherry-pick            --exit-code           --max-count=
--children              --ext-diff            --merges
--color                 --find-copies-harder --min-age=
--color-words           --first-parent        --name-only
--committer=            --follow              --name-status
--cumulative            --format=             --no-color
[d_bmurat@slqeqa204 ../DEV/Sonic/git/src (master)]> git branch
0.1.0      0.3.0      FETCH_HEAD  master      origin/HEAD
0.2.0      0.4.0      HEAD        ORIG_HEAD   origin/master
```

Add current branch info in linux prompt (needs git completion)

- Add the __git_ps1 variable to your usual PS1 variable

```
PS1="...$(__git_ps1)..."
```

- Result

```
[d_bmurat@slqeqa204~/DEV/Sonic]> cd git/src  
[d_bmurat@slqeqa204 (master) ../Sonic/git/src]>
```

Activate colors in git output messages on linux

```
git config --global color.ui true
```

Pretty format the output of git log command

Add the global setting to always log with the pretty format:

```
git config --global format.pretty '%Cred%h%Creset -%C(yellow)%d%Creset %s  
%Cgreen(%cr) %C(bold blue)<%an>%Creset'
```

Create an alias `lg` with useful parameters:

```
git config --global alias.lg "log --graph --abbrev-commit --date=relative"
```

to use:

```
git lg
```

Add aliases

Find your git global settings: `.gitconfig`:

- use tortoise git -> settings
- select Git in left menu and click on "Edit global .gitconfig"

and add the following aliases:

```
[alias]
  st = status -s
  ci = commit
  cia = commit --amend
  co = checkout
  br = branch
  sb = show-branch
  cp = cherry-pick
  staged = diff --cached
  rb = rebase
  rbc = rebase --continue
  rbs = rebase --skip
  rl = reflog
  rs = remote show
  rt = remote
  ru = remote update
  rp = remote prune
  sm = submodule
```

Useful commands

- show information about remote repo (url, tracked branches)

```
git remote show origin
```

- Create remote branch

```
# create local branch
git checkout -b <branch_name>

# create remote branch that will be tracked by local branch
git push -u origin <branch_name>

# check that everything is ok
git branch -avv
```

- Remove remote branch

```
# you need to be on another branch than the branch you want to remove
# remove remote branch (ok, it's weird but you push nothing - the nothing
before ':' - to remote on ref <branch name>)
# git push [remotename] [localbranch]:[remotebranch]
git push origin :<branch name>

# or simpler
git push origin --delete <branch name>

# now you have to delete your local branch
git branch -d <branch name>

# check that everything is ok
git branch -avv
```

- Show locally modified files:

```
# modified files but not added in index
git diff --stat

# modified files but added in index (diff with last commit)
git diff HEAD --stat

# show modifications on a specific file
git diff <path/file>
or
git diff HEAD <path/file>
```

- Add files to git index (to prepare a commit)

```
# add specific files
git add <file1> <file2> <...> <fileN>

# add all modified and new files to index
git add .
```

- Show all files added to index (files that will be committed)

```
git diff --stat --cached
```

- Commit files that have been added to index

```
git commit -m "<commit message>"

# sample:
git ci -m "fixes NMAIAMAPI-709: Refactor process that forces the segnum (due
to change in qfj-1.5.3)"
```

- Rollback last commit

```
git reset --soft HEAD~1
```

- Fetch remote commit (it is better to use fetch/rebase than pull)

```
git fetch
```

- Move local commit after last commit retrieved from remote repo

```
git rebase
```

- Modify local commits history before pushing to remote repo (merge, remove commit, change commits order)

```
git rebase -i origin/master
```

- Resolve merge conflict status after resolution

```
git add <mon fichier résolu> <mon 2e fichier résolu>
```

resume the rebase

```
git rebase --continue
```

stop rebase and come back to state before rebasing

```
git rebase --abort
```

- Push local commits to remote repo (don't modify history after push)

```
git push
```

- record the current state of the working directory and the index and go back to a clean working directory to work on another issue

```
# anonymous stash (not recommended)
git stash

# named stash
git stash save "<save state name>"
```

- List all stashes

```
git stash list
```

- Apply last stash on local directory (fifo order) and remove it from the list

```
git stash pop
```

- Apply a specific stash

```
git stash apply <index from stash list>

# remove applied stash
git stash drop <index de la stash list>
```

- Remove a tag

```
# remove local tag
git tag -d <TAGID>
# push removed tag on remote repo
git push origin :refs/tags/<TAGID> (or much clearer : git push --delete origin
<TAGID>)
```

- Rename a tag

```
git tag <NOUVEAU-TAG> <ANCIEN-TAG>
git tag -d <ANCIEN-TAG>
git push --tags
git push origin :refs/tags/<ANCIEN-TAG>
```

- Cherry-picking n-1 commit of a specific branch without auto commit

```
git cherry-pick --edit --no-commit -x 1.2.x~1
```

- Restore a file removed in a commit (there are other ways to do that)

```
# retrieve the commit where the file have been removed
# (in fact the last commit where the path object have been modified)
git rev-list -n 1 HEAD -- <filepath>

# display commit details
git show <commit sha1>

# checkout file version of preceding commit (before deleted)
git checkout <commit sha1>^ -- <filepath>
```