

Thread-local Variables Exercises

Thread-local Variables

- Convert the following code to a program which starts two threads to execute func()

```
thread_local mt19937 mt;
```

```
void func() {  
    uniform_real_distribution<double> dist(0, 1);  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; ++i )  
        cout << dist(mt) << ", ";  
}
```

Thread-local Variables

- Test your program
- What happens if the declaration of `mt` is moved into `func`?
- What happens if `mt` is declared as `static` instead of `thread_local`?
- What happens if `mt` is declared as a normal local variable in `func`?
- Do these different declarations have any performance implications?
(NB creating an engine instance is expensive)