(1) mell)

$$\begin{cases} 1, -\pi / t < 0 \\ 0, 0 < \pi / \tau \end{cases}, T = 2\pi \quad \omega_0 \le \frac{2\pi}{T} = 1$$
 (7

$$a_{k} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{T}^{a_{(t)}} \frac{-j\omega_{0}kt}{d\epsilon} d\epsilon = \frac{1}{T} \int_{e}^{e} \frac{-j\omega_{0}kt}{d\epsilon} d\epsilon = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{e}^{e} \frac{-jkt}{d\epsilon} d\epsilon$$

$$Q_{k} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-R}^{0} e^{-jkt} dt = \frac{1}{2\pi} \times \frac{1}{jk} \left(e^{-jkR} - 1 \right) dt = \frac{1}{2\pi jk} \left(\frac{Cos(kR) - j)in(kR) - 1}{2\pi jk} \right) dt$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi j k_{A}} \left(t e^{-jk_{A}t} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -e^{-jk_{A}t} dt \right).$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi j k_{A}} \left(\pi e^{-jk_{A}t} + \frac{1}{jk_{A}} e^{-jk_{A}t} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -e^{-jk_{A}t} dt \right).$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi j k_{A}} \left(\pi e^{-jk_{A}t} + \frac{1}{jk_{A}} e^{-jk_{A}t} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} -e^{-jk_{A}t} dt \right).$$

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$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi j k_{A}} \left(\pi e^{-jk_{A}t} + \frac{1}{jk_{A}} e^{-jk_{A}t} + \frac{1}{jk_{A}} e^{-jk_{A}t} \right).$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2\pi j k_{A}} \left(\pi e^{-jk_{A}t} + \frac{1}{jk_{A}} e^{-jk_{A}t} + \frac{1}{jk_{A}} e^{$$

$$= \frac{1}{7} \times \frac{1}{jkw} \left\{ 2j \sin \left(\frac{2kw}{3} \right) - 2j \sin \left(\frac{kw}{3} \right) \right\} =$$

$$\left| Q_{k} = \frac{1}{\pi k} \left\{ \sin \left(\frac{2k\pi}{3} \right) - \sin \left(\frac{k\pi}{3} \right) \right\} , a_{o} = 0 \right|$$

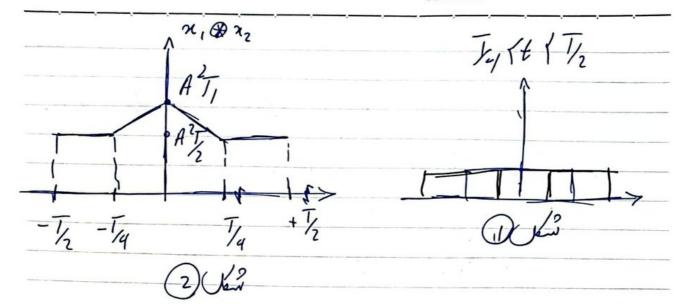
$$\chi_{(t)} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} \left\{ 8(t-kT) - 28(t-1-kT) \right\} = 7 + 2 \text{ for } \omega = TC$$

$$Q_{k} = \frac{1}{T} \left\{ x_{(t)}e^{-jk\omega_{t}} d_{t} + \frac{1}{T} \right\} \left\{ 8(t) - \frac{28(t-1)}{5}e^{-jk\omega_{t}} d_{t} \right\} = \frac{1}{T} \left\{ \left\{ \frac{1}{T} \left\{ x_{(t)}e^{-jk\omega_{t}} d_{t} + \frac{1}{T} \left\{ \frac{3}{2} 8(t-1)e^{-jk\omega_{t}} d_{t} \right\} \right\} \right\} = \frac{1}{T} \left\{ \frac{1}{T} \left\{ \frac{1}{T} - 2e^{-jk\omega_{t}} \right\} \right\} = \frac{1}{T} \left\{ \frac{1}{T} - 2e^{-jk\omega_{t}} \right\} = \frac{1}{T} \left\{ \frac{1}{T} - 2e^{-j\omega_{t}} \right\} = \frac{1}{T} \left\{ \frac{1}{T} - 2e^{-j$$

999999

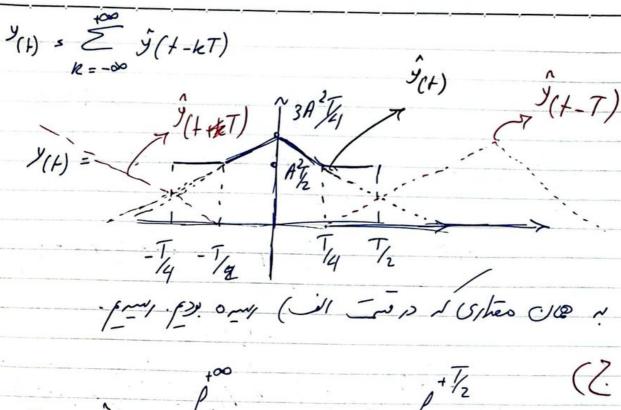
nitz) x2(+-z)dz = | ni(z) x2(+-z)dz (n1(z)n2(+-z)dz = A

ا توجه به اینکه 67 t= - T/4 مى شود و / ₁ / - سر -127, t1-2T, ojh s ic. 21, = 31 ر این سؤال 2T- و آلام و بره مور برسی بهای بول -1 2T, > T/2 /2 مرازای هیه عما نزرنز انوصرات 1 tem while 175 who 1 1/8 1-1 doll a ce [74, 72] 6,6 p p mi p =1 1/4 1 pl n2(6-0)! /2.(2) n2(t-t)dz -10 0/00 /100 CA [-T49+ 1/4] ";6 10 , -1 A /2 6 MM. m, 3 A 2 Th 10, 12 1 2A 2T,



ii.
$$\begin{cases} A T_2 & -T_2 \ + \sqrt{-T_4} & -\sqrt{-1} & -\sqrt{-1} \\ A^2T + A^2T & -\sqrt{-1} & +\sqrt{-T_4} \\ A^2T_2 & T_4 & +\sqrt{-1} & -\sqrt{-1} \\ A^2T_2 & T_4 & +\sqrt{-T_4} \end{cases}$$

$$\hat{J}(t) = \hat{n}_{1}(t) * \hat{n}_{2}(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{n}_{1}(t) \hat{n}_{2}(t-t) dt = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{n}_{2}(t-t) dt = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{n}_{2}(t-t) dt = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{n}_{2}(t) \hat{n}$$



$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{$$

man

سۆال3)

$$M(t) = 1 - |t| \qquad 9 - 2 \{t \leq 2 \qquad m_7 T_a = 4 m_7 \omega_a = \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{cases} a_{(t)} dt = \frac{1}{4} \begin{cases} (1+t) dt + (1-t) d_4 \end{cases} \\ -2 \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \begin{cases} (t + \frac{t^2}{2})^2 + (t - \frac{t^2}{2})^2 \end{cases} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{cases} -12 - \frac{4}{2} + 2 - \frac{4}{2} \end{cases} \Rightarrow$$

= - jkwo Ste-jkwot by 1 e-jkwot }; $= \frac{fe^{-jk\omega_0 f}}{jk\omega_0} \left(\frac{b}{k^2\omega^2} e^{-jk\omega_0 f} \right) = \frac{1}{k^2\omega^2}$ 9k = 15 - 1/e - 2jkw. - e 2jkw.) + - 2jkw. 2e 2jkw. (1-e-2jkw.) 2e (1-e+2jkw.) 2 jkw. 2e 2jkw. (1-e-2jkw.) 2e (1-e+2jkw.) 2 => ak = 1 \\ \frac{1}{ikw}\left(e^{-jk\pi}\left(e^{jk\pi}\left) + \frac{1}{u^2w^2}\left(2-e^{-3k\pi}\left(e^{-jk\pi}\left)\right) => 9k = 1/2 x (2-2Cos(kr)) = 2/2 (1-(-1)k) $\Rightarrow a_s \circ 0 = q \circ q_k$ $\begin{cases} \frac{4}{k^2 n^2} & k \text{ even } odd \\ 0 & k \text{ and even} \end{cases}$ $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{n^2} = \frac{1}{n$ => \(\frac{1}{4} \) \(\frac{ $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\pi^2}{n^2} = \frac{\pi^2}{8}, \frac{1}{2} = \frac{\pi^2}{14}$

DATE / /

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(j^{2n+1} - \binom{2n+1}{n} \alpha_{2n+1} \right) = \sum$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^{k} a_{k} \int_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} (-1)^{2n+1} a_{n} = -\sum_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_{2n+1} \int_{n=-\infty}^{+\infty} a_{$$

$$= -2x = 9 = -2x = 9 = -2x =$$

$$= \frac{8}{460} = \frac{8}{\pi^2} \frac{5}{160} \frac{1}{12} = \frac{8}{\pi^2} \times \frac{\pi^2}{8} = -1$$

$$\frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}{100} = \frac{1}$$

سؤال كم)

$$\chi_{(+)} = C_{(+)} + j d_{(+)} \Rightarrow \chi_{(+)}^* = C_{(+)} - j d_{(+)}$$

$$2 Im \{ a_k \} = \frac{a_k - a_k}{i}$$

مرص ولام این مع ا Fido (F.S. d = 2T, 2 => 2, (++1) = 1x = x Sinc (2k) => $= \frac{2}{5} \sin(\frac{2k}{5}) \times e^{-jkx} \frac{2}{5}$ $= \frac{2}{5} \sin(\frac{2k}{5}) \times e^{-jkx} \frac{2e}{5}$

مال میکمال 2 را همود بررسی قرار می دهم:

است طون واسل کرون تا مع به تامع زیر می رسم:

$$\sqrt{1-x_{2}(t-1)}$$
 $\sqrt{1-x_{3}(t-1)}$ $\sqrt{1-x_{3}($

$$-\frac{\pi^{2}_{2}(t-1)}{5} \xrightarrow{F_{0}S_{0}} \frac{2}{5} \times \operatorname{Sinc}\left(\frac{2k}{5}\right) \Longrightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\pi^{2}_{2}(t)}{5} \xrightarrow{F_{0}S_{0}} -\frac{2}{5} \operatorname{Sinc}\left(\frac{2k}{5}\right) e^{jkw_{0}}$$

$$= -\frac{2}{5} \operatorname{Sinc}\left(\frac{2k}{5}\right) e^{jx} \xrightarrow{5}$$

$$= \frac{2}{5} \operatorname{Sinc}\left(\frac{2k}{5}\right) \times \left(-2 \operatorname{Cos}\left(\frac{2k_{15}}{5}\right)\right)$$

$$= -\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4k\pi}{5}\right)}{\frac{2k\pi}{5}} = -\frac{\sin\left(\frac{4k\pi}{5}\right)}{k\pi}$$

$$= -\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4k\pi}{5}\right)}{\frac{2k\pi}{5}}$$

$$= -\frac{2}{5} \times \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4k\pi}{5}\right)}{\frac{2k\pi}{5$$

 $\Rightarrow a_s = \frac{4}{5}$ $q_k = \frac{5j}{2} \times \frac{\sin\left(\frac{4k\pi}{5}\right)}{k^2\pi^2}$