A research team took a sample of 5 observations from the random variable Y, which had a normal distribution $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$. They observed $\bar{y}_5 = 56.2$, where \bar{y}_5 is the average of the five sampled observations and $s^2 = 53.6$ is the observed value of the unbiased estimate of σ^2 , based on the sample values.

- 1. Test the null hypothesis H_0 : E(Y) = 45 against H_1 : $E(Y) \neq 45$. Use levels of significance 0.10, 0.05, and 0.01.
- 2. Find the 99% confidence interval for E(Y).

O NOT KNOWN: USE S.

T= 75-MO IS T4 UNDER Ho.

REJECT HO IF

 $|T_{4}| > t_{1.645,4}$ FOR d=0.10 $|T_{4}| > t_{1.960,4}$ FOR d=0.05 $|T_{4}| > t_{2.576,4}$ FOR d=0.01.

TWO STORD TEST.

d Za ***

010 1.45 2.132

0.05 1.960 2.776

0.01 2.576 4.604.

Shaded area = α $t_{\alpha,\nu}$

TABLE 2Percentage points of Student's *t* distribution

Right-Tail Probability (α)									
df	.40	.25	.10	.05	.025	.01	.005	.001	.0005
1	.325	1.000	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	318.309	636.619
2	.289	.816	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	22.327	31.599
3	.277	.765	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	10.215	12.924
4	.271	.741	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	7.173	8.610
5	.267	.727	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	5.893	6.869
6	.265	.718	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	5.208	5.959
7	.263	.711	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	4.785	5.408
8	.262	.706	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	4.501	5.041
9	.261	.703	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	4.297	4.781
10	.260	.700	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	4.144	4.587
11	.260	.697	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	4.025	4.437
12	.259	.695	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.930	4.318
13	.259	.694	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.852	4.221
14	.258	.692	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.787	4.140
15	.258	.691	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.733	4.073
16	.258	.690	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.686	4.015
17	.257	.689	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.646	3.965
18	.257	.688	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.610	3.922
19	.257	.688	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.579	3.883
20	.257	.687	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.552	3.850
21	.257	.686	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.527	3.819
22	.256	.686	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.505	3.792
23	.256	.685	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.485	3.768
24	.256	.685	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.467	3.745
25	.256	.684	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.450	3.725
26	.256	.684	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.435	3.707
27	.256	.684	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.421	3.690
28	.256	.683	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.408	3.674
29	.256	.683	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.396	3.659
30	.256	.683	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.385	3.646
35	.255	.682	1.306	1.690	2.030	2.438	2.724	3.340	3.591
40	.255	.681	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	3.307	3.551
50	.255	.679	1.299	1.676	2.009	2.403	2.678	3.261	3.496
60	.254	.679	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	3.232	3.460
120	.254	.677	1.289	1.658	1.980	2.358	2.617	3.160	3.373
inf.	.253	.674	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	3.090	3.291

Source: Computed by M. Longnecker using the R function qt (1 – α , df).

For 2-tailed tests and C.I.s use value in column headed by $\alpha/2$.

CALCULAT IONS

$$t_4 = \frac{56.2 - 45}{\sqrt{53.6} / \sqrt{5}} = \frac{11.2}{7.321/2.236}$$

OF 35

DECTSTONS. Ho! E(Y)= 45 H; E(Y) 745

FOR E(4)

STANDARD ERROR

56.2 ± 4.604 (3.274)

TO TOP STRETCH DE 2576

56.2 ± 15.07

THE 99% CI FOR ELY) ES

41.13 TO 71.27