## **Topic Outline: Evidence for Evolution (Term 3 weeks 1-5)**

\*Pre-reading: Prior to the beginning of this topic, students should read *Human Perspectives* Chapter 10 and 11

Week	Lesson	Syllabus Links	Lesson Content / Assessments	Study/Homework
2	Α	Science Inquiry Skills	No School Today	You should spend a minimum of 30 min per
	В	Conduct investigations, including the use of virtual or real biotechnological	Test from Prior Topic	day, 5 days a week on your Human Biology
	В	techniques of polymerase chain reaction (PCR), gel electrophoresis for	Test from Front Topic	study. Aim to:
	С	deoxyribonucleic acid (DNA) sequencing, and techniques for absolute and relative dating, safely, competently and methodically for valid and reliable	The human genome	Read through the textbook
		collection of data	Biotech and DNA	chapter(s) before starting the topic.
	_	Represent data in useful and meaningful ways; organise and analyse data to	PCR	Read through your notes each day.
	D	identify trends, patterns and relationships; discuss ways in which measurement error, instrument accuracy, the nature of procedure and	DNA Sequencing Protein Electrophoresis	Complete, mark and correct the
		sample size may influence uncertainty and limitations in data; and select,	Protein Electrophoresis	review worksheets given in class
	Α	synthesise and use evidence to make and justify conclusions	Go through test from prior topic	Practice writing out processes and
		Interpret a range of scientific and media texts, and evaluate models,	DNA Sequencing cont	drawing flow diagrams.
	В	processes, claims and conclusions by considering the quality of available evidence; and use reasoning to construct scientific arguments	Recombinant DNA technology and examples of use	Do the Review and Apply your
		Select, use and/or construct appropriate representations, including		Knowledge questions from the
	C	phylogenetic trees, to communicate conceptual understanding, solve	Identification of hereditary diseases	textbook as you go
		problems and make predictions. Science as a Human Endeavour	Gene therapy	
	n	Developments in Biotechnology have increased access to genetic	Cell replacement therapy and genetic engineering.  DNA evidence – ERVs, mt DNA	Do the Past exam questions given.
	D	information of species, populations and individuals, existing now or in the	DIVA evidence – ERVS, IIII DIVA	Do any revision given or suggested by your
3	Α	past, the interpretation and use of which may be open to ethical	DNA evidence – protein sequencing	teacher before tasks.
	В	considerations  Developments in the fields of comparative genomics, comparative	Fossil evidence –	
		biochemistry and bioinformatics have enabled identification of further	Fossilisation	
		evidence for evolutionary relationships, which help refine existing models and	Absolute Dating: radiocarbon, potassium/argon	
		theories Science Understanding: Evidence for Evolution		
	С	Biotechnological techniques provide evidence for evolution by using PCR,	Consolidation of radiocarbon dating and potassium argon dating	
	D	bacterial enzymes and gel electrophoresis to facilitate DNA sequencing of	Fossil Evidence -	
		genomes	Absolute Dating: Dendrochronology	
		Comparative studies of DNA (genomic and mitochondrial), proteins and anatomy, provide additional evidence for evolution; genomic information	Relative Dating: Stratigraphy	
4	Α	enables the construction of phylogenetic trees showing evolutionary	Fossil Evidence - Relative dating: Fluorine dating	
		relationships between groups	Phylogenetic Trees	
		The fossils record is incomplete and cannot represent the entire biodiversity	Limitations of the fossil record	
	В	of a time or a location due to many factors that affect fossil formation, persistence of fossils and accessibility to fossilised remains	Comparative anatomy – embryology	
		Sequencing a fossil record requires a combination of relative and absolute	Comparative anatomy – homologous structures	
		dating techniques to locate fossils onto a geological time line	Comparative anatomy – vestigial structures	
		Both relative and absolute dating techniques, including stratigraphy and	Geographical Evidence	
	С	index fossils, and absolute dating techniques, including radiocarbon dating and potassium-argon dating, have limitations of application	Science Inquiry Simulation: Amino Acid Sequencing	
		Science Understanding	Solones inquity chindration. Attinio Acid Sequenting	
	D	Hominid evolutionary trends Humans as primates are classified in the same taxonomic family as the great	Task 7: Science Inquiry – Biotechnological Techniques	
5	Α	apes. The species within the family are differentiated by DNA nucleotide	Primate Evolutionary Trends:	
	' '	sequences, which brings about differences in:	Digits	
		Relative size of cerebral cortex	Dentition	
		Mobility of digits Locomotion – adaptations to bipedalism and quadrupedalism	Cerebral Cortex Size	
		Prognathism and Dentition	Gestation and Parental Care	

Assessments:

Wednesday 17th August (week 5) Task 7: Science Inquiry - Biotechnological Techniques (includes some content on Evidence for Evolution) \*Note: Evidence for Evolution Content will also be assessed in Task 8 and Task 9 along with Hominid Evolutionary Trends