#### 1

# Assignment-3

# EE:1205 Signals and systems Indian Institute of Technology, Hyderabad

## Sai Preetam Umesh Sasankota EE23BTECH11221

#### I. Question 11.9.4.2

$$1 \times 2 \times 3 + 2 \times 3 \times 4 + 3 \times 4 \times 5 + \dots$$

### II. SOLUTION

Parameter	Description	Value
n	Integer	2, -1, 0, 1, 2
x(n)	General term of sequence	$\left(n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n\right).u(n)$
y (n)	Sum of the terms	?
U(z)	z-transform of $u(n)$	$\frac{1}{1-z^{-1}},  z  > 1$

TABLE 0 VALUES

$$X(z) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n) z^{-n}$$
 (1)

$$= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} (n^3 + 3n^2 + 2n) u(n) z^{-n}$$
 (2)

 $= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} n^3 u(n) z^{-n} + 3 \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} n^2 u(n) z^{-n} + 2 \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} n u(n) z^{-n}$ 

Using known results of z-transform:

$$nu(n) \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{z^{-1}}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)^2}, \quad |z| > |1| \tag{4}$$

$$n^2 u(n) \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{z^{-1} \left(z^{-1} + 1\right)}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)^3}, \quad |z| > |1|$$
 (5)

$$n^3 u(n) \stackrel{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{z^{-1} \left(1 + 4z^{-1} + z^{-2}\right)}{\left(1 - z^{-1}\right)^2}, \quad |z| > |1|$$
 (6)

Hence:

$$X(z) = \frac{6z^{-1}}{(1 - z^{-1})^4}, \quad |z| > |1| \tag{7}$$

We know:

$$y(n) = x(n) * u(n)$$
(8)

$$Y(z) = X(z) * U(z)$$
(9)

$$=\frac{6z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})^5}, |z| > |1| \tag{10}$$

Using partial fractions to form z-transform pairs:

$$Y(z) = \frac{6z^{-1}}{(1-z^{-1})} + \frac{24z^{-2}}{(1-z^{-1})^2} + \frac{36z^{-3}}{(1-z^{-3})^3}, \quad (11)$$

$$+\frac{24z^{-4}}{(1-z^{-1})^4} + \frac{6z^{-5}}{(1-z^{-1})^5}, |z| > |1|$$
 (12)

Substituting results of inverse z-transform:

$$y(n) = \frac{n^4 + 6n^3 + 11n^2 + 6n}{4}u(n)$$
 (13)

$$= \frac{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}{4}u(n)$$
 (14)

Hence the sum of n terms of the above series is

$$y(n) = \frac{n(n+1)(n+2)(n+3)}{4}$$
 (15)

