# Scripts and Modules

## Exercises

### Week 5

Prior to attempting these exercises ensure you have read the lecture notes and/or viewed the video, and followed the practical. You may wish to use the Python interpreter in interactive mode to help work out the solutions to some of the questions.

Download and store this document within your own filespace, so the contents can be edited. You will be able to refer to it during the test in Week 6.

Enter your answers directly into the highlighted boxes.

For more information about the module delivery, assessment and feedback please refer to the module within the MyBeckett portal.

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When a Python program is stored within a text file (i.e. a *script*), what suffix should be used for the filename?

*Answer:*

.py

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Is it necessary to use a special Integrated Development Environment (IDE) to write Python code in text files?

*Answer:*

No, its not necessary to use a special Integrated Development Environment (IDE) to write Python code in text files.

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When a *script* is executed from a file, are the results of evaluating expressions automatically displayed on the screen without the need of a print() function call?

*Answer:*

No, the results of evaluating expressions aren’t automatically displayed on the screen without print().

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What command would need to be typed in an operating system terminal window in order to execute a Python script called PrintNames.py?

*Answer:*

To execute a python script called PrintNames.py we use the command “python”

What command would need to be typed in a terminal in order to pass the values "John", "Eric", "Graham" as *command line arguments* to the PrintNames.py script?

*Answer:*

python PrintNames.py John Eric Graham

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When a Python script wishes to access *command line arguments*, what **module** needs to be imported?

*Answer:*

To access command line arguments in a Python script, you need to import the sys module

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What is the data-type of the sys.argv variable?

*Answer:*

The type is list but the elements in it is string

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What is stored within the first element of the sys.argv variable?

*Answer:*

It contains the name of the python script being executed

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Use a text editor to write the *script* called PrintNames.py. This should display any *command line arguments* that were passed during execution.

Once complete, place your solution in the answer box below.

*Answer:*

import sys

for arg in sys.argv[1:]:

print(arg)

Improve the solution so it uses an if statement to check that at least one name was passed, or otherwise print a message saying “no names provided”. Place your improved solution in the answer box below.

*Answer:*

import sys

if len(sys.argv) > 1:

print("Command line arguments (names):")

for arg in sys.argv[1:]:

print(arg)

else:

print("No names provided.")

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When using an import statement it is possible to provide an *alias* that can be used as an alternative name to access module content.

Write an **import** statement that imports the whole of the sys module, and renames it to my\_system.

*Answer:*

import sys as my\_system

Write a **from..import** statement that imports only the math.floor function, and renames it to lower

*Answer:*

from math import floor as lower

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What is stored in a *symbol-table*?

*Answer:*

variable names, function names, objects, classes, interfaces, etc.

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Why is the following type of import statement generally not recommended?

from math import \*

*Answer:*

Using import \* goes against this principle as it implicitly brings in all names, making it less clear which names are in use.

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When working in *interactive-mode* what convenient function can be used to list all names defined within a module?

*Answer:*

dir()

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What is the value stored within the sys.path variable used for?

*Answer:*

It contains a list of directories that the interpreter will search in for the required module.

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When a program is being executed as a *script* what value is assigned to the special variable \_\_name\_\_?

*Answer:*

\_\_name\_\_ is set to the name of the script/module.

What value is assigned to the \_\_name\_\_ variable when a program has been imported as a *module*?

*Answer:*

When a program is imported as a module, the \_\_name\_\_ variable is assigned the name of the module, not "main".

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Why is it useful for a program to be able to detect whether it is running as a *script*, or whether it has been imported as a *module*?

*Answer:*

It allows the program to distinguish between being run as a standalone script and being imported as a module.

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## **Exercises are complete**

Save this logbook with your answers. Then ask your tutor to check your responses to each question.