

26th of October 2018

Cover Letter

Test event generation for a fall-detection IoT system

Lorena Gutiérrez-Madroñal, Luigi La Blunda, Matthias F. Wagner, Inmaculada Medina Bulo

Dear Editor,

all authors have checked this manuscript and have agreed to submit it to Internet of Things Journal, to be considered for publication. This manuscript is the authors' original work and has not been published, nor has been submitted simultaneously elsewhere.

The main contributions of this paper are: the presentation of a new functionality of the tool IoT-EG (*Internet of Things - Event Generator*). IoT-TEG automatically generates a wide variety of events for the testing phases of any event-processing program. We have checked that the majority of Internet of Things (IoT) critical situations that want to be detected follow a specific pattern. The new functionality of IoT-TEG allows to simulate the behaviour of different event attributes in order to generate test events following a specific pattern. One of that IoT critical situations to detect are the falls. We introduce an analysis of the major parameter involved in a fall, the acceleration. The acceleration can measure the movement of the body, so its behaviour is analysed in two types of falls. The used IoT prototype which detects the falls has been improved, its hardware evolution as well as the obtained data is described and analysed. Finally, in order to detect the studied falls, event patterns of both fall types are defined.

We are convinced that the presented results are important contributions for researchers and practitioners. IoT gained more and more attention recently, so the IoT systems have to handle a huge amount of information which arrives as events. These events need to be processed in real time to make correct decisions. We find strongly necessary to test the IoT systems which will process that information. To test IoT systems, and their functionalities, it is necessary to use events with specific structures and values. Indeed, the majority of the involved values in a critical situation follow a specific behaviour. The new functionality of IoT-TEG will help to simulate the behaviour of

those critical situations to test the IoT systems in order to determine if they are ready to be connected to the network. The analysis of real data is essential for the development of the introduced functionality. So, the analysis of the data from a real IoT fall detection system has been crucial to define the behaviour of the involved events as well as to develop the new functionality of IoT-TEG.

Thank you so much for receiving our manuscript and considering it for review. We highly appreciate your time and look forward to your response.

Kind regards,

Lorena, Luigi, Matthias, and Inmaculada.