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In [12]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

##Load the dataset:
df = pd.read_excel(r"C:\Users\prachi athalye\Desktop\Titanic.xlsx")
##Explore the dataset:
# Display the first few rows of the dataset
print(df.head())
# Check the shape of the dataset
print(df.shape)
# Check the data types of each column
print(df.dtypes)
# Check for missing values
print(df.isnull().sum())
# Check basic statistics of numerical columns
print(df.describe())
```

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	\
0	892	0	3	
1	893	1	3	
2	894	0	2	
3	895	0	3	
4	896	1	3	

		Name	Sex	Age	SibSp	Par
ch	\					
0		Kelly, Mr. James	male	34.5	0	
0						
1		Wilkes, Mrs. James (Ellen Needs)	female	47.0	1	
0						
2		Myles, Mr. Thomas Francis	male	62.0	0	
0						
3		Wirz, Mr. Albert	male	27.0	0	
0						
4		Hirvonen, Mrs. Alexander (Helga E Lindqvist)	female	22.0	1	
1						

	Ticket	Fare	Cabin	Embarked
0	330911	7.8292	NaN	Q
1	363272	7.0000	NaN	S
2	240276	9.6875	NaN	Q
3	315154	8.6625	NaN	S
4	3101298	12.2875	NaN	S

(418, 12)

PassengerId	int64
Survived	int64
Pclass	int64
Name	object
Sex	object
Age	float64
SibSp	int64
Parch	int64
Ticket	object
Fare	float64
Cabin	object
Embarked	object

dtype: object

PassengerId	0
Survived	0
Pclass	0
Name	0
Sex	0
Age	86
SibSp	0
Parch	0
Ticket	0
Fare	1
Cabin	327
Embarked	0

dtype: int64

	PassengerId	Survived	Pclass	Age	SibSp	\
count	418.000000	418.000000	418.000000	332.000000	418.000000	
mean	1100.500000	0.363636	2.265550	30.272590	0.447368	
std	120.810458	0.481622	0.841838	14.181209	0.896760	
min	892.000000	0.000000	1.000000	0.170000	0.000000	
25%	996.250000	0.000000	1.000000	21.000000	0.000000	
50%	1100.500000	0.000000	3.000000	27.000000	0.000000	
75%	1204.750000	1.000000	3.000000	39.000000	1.000000	

max	1309.000000	1.000000	3.000000	76.000000	8.000000
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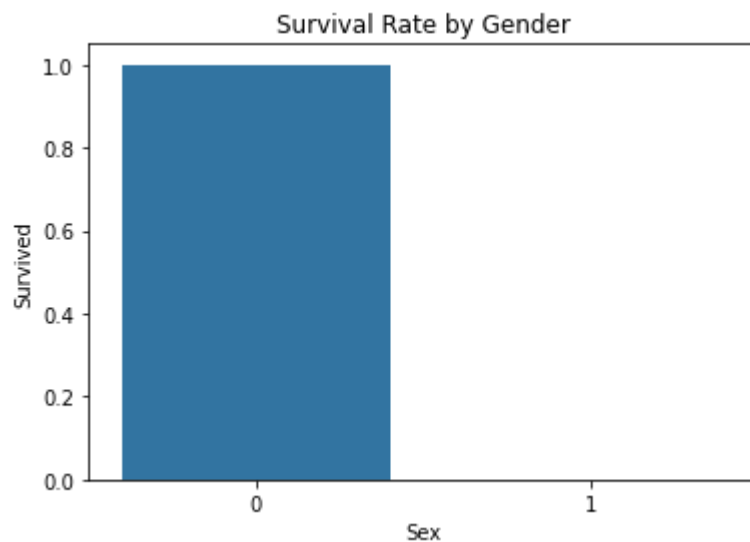
	Parch	Fare
count	418.000000	417.000000
mean	0.392344	35.627188
std	0.981429	55.907576
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	7.895800
50%	0.000000	14.454200
75%	0.000000	31.500000
max	9.000000	512.329200

```
In [10]: ##Data Cleaning:
# Drop unnecessary columns
df = df.drop(['PassengerId', 'Name', 'Ticket', 'Cabin'], axis=1)
# Fill missing values
df['Age'] = df['Age'].fillna(df['Age'].median())
df['Embarked'] = df['Embarked'].fillna(df['Embarked'].mode()[0])
# Convert categorical variables to numeric
df['Sex'] = df['Sex'].map({'female': 0, 'male': 1})
df['Embarked'] = df['Embarked'].map({'S': 0, 'C': 1, 'Q': 2})
# Check if missing values have been filled
print(df.isnull().sum())
```

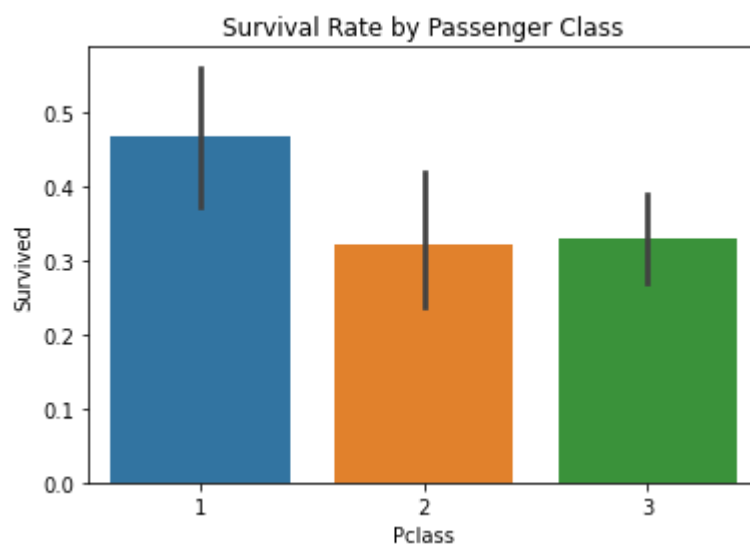
```
Survived    0
Pclass      0
Sex         0
Age         0
SibSp       0
Parch       0
Fare        1
Embarked    0
dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: ##Exploratory Data Analysis:
# Calculate the survival rate
survival_rate = df['Survived'].mean()
print("Survival Rate:", survival_rate)
# Visualize the survival rate by gender
sns.barplot(x='Sex', y='Survived', data=df)
plt.title("Survival Rate by Gender")
plt.show()
```

Survival Rate: 0.36363636363636365



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In [6]: # Visualize the survival rate by passenger class
sns.barplot(x='Pclass', y='Survived', data=df)
plt.title("Survival Rate by Passenger Class")
plt.show()
```



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In [7]: # Visualize the survival rate by age group
df['AgeGroup'] = pd.cut(df['Age'], bins=[0, 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70, 80])
sns.barplot(x='AgeGroup', y='Survived', data=df)
plt.title("Survival Rate by Age Group")
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

