Assignment

GATE-EE-50

EE23BTECH11034 - Prabhat Kukunuri

QUESTION

The discrete-time Fourier transform of a signal x [n] is $X(\Omega) = (1 + \cos\Omega) e^{-j\Omega}$. Consider that $x_p[n]$ is a periodic signal of period $N = 5$ such that

$$x_p[n] = x[n], \text{ for n= 0, 1, 2} \tag{1}$$
$$= 0, \text{ for n= 3, 4} \tag{2}$$

Note that $x_p[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$. The magnitude of the Fourier series coefficient a_3 is _____ (Round off to 3 decimal places).

Solution:

$$X(\Omega) = (1 + \cos\Omega) e^{-j\Omega} \tag{3}$$

Using Euler's form of representation of complex numbers,

$$e^{j\Omega} = \cos\Omega + j\sin\Omega \tag{4}$$
$$\cos\Omega = \frac{e^{j\Omega}}{2} + \frac{e^{-j\Omega}}{2} \tag{5}$$

$X(\Omega)$ can be expressed as,

$$X(\Omega) = \left(1 + \frac{e^{j\Omega}}{2} + \frac{e^{-j\Omega}}{2}\right) e^{-j\Omega} \tag{6}$$
$$X(\Omega) = \frac{1}{2} + e^{-j\Omega} + \frac{e^{-j2\Omega}}{2} \tag{7}$$

From DTFT(discrete time fourier transform) we get,

$$X(\Omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n) e^{-j\omega n}, \omega \in (-\pi, \pi) \tag{8}$$

On comparing coefficients we get,

$$x(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & \text{if n=0} \\ 1 & \text{if n=1} \\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{if n=2} \\ 0 & \text{if n} \neq \{0, 1, 2\} \end{cases} \tag{9}$$

$$x_p(n) = \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0\right] \text{ with period, N=5} \tag{10}$$

$$a_k = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) e^{-\frac{j2\pi}{N}kn} \tag{11}$$

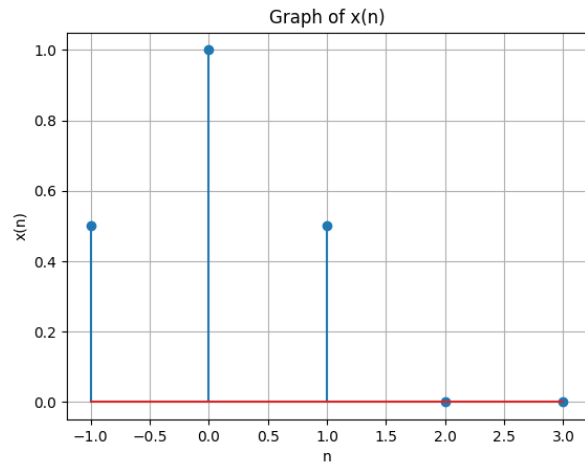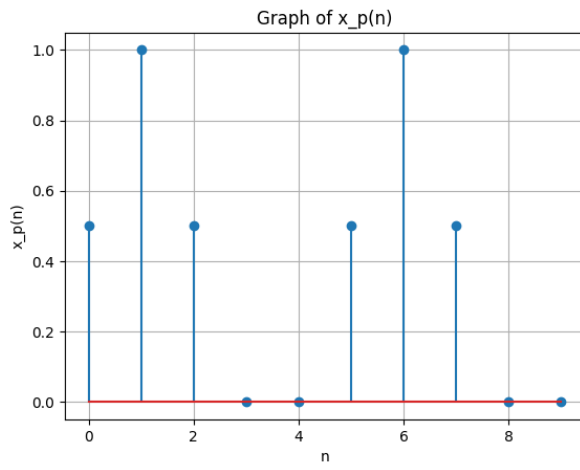$$a_3 = \frac{1}{5} \sum_{n=0}^{4} x(n) e^{-\frac{j6\pi}{5}n} \tag{12}$$

$$|a_3| = 0.038 \tag{13}$$

Fig. 0. Plot of x(n) *vs* n

Fig. 0.   Plot of $x_p(n)$ vs n