

Assignment

GATE-EE-50

EE23BTECH11034 - Prabhat Kukunuri

I. QUESTION

The discrete-time Fourier transform of a signal $x[n]$ is $X(\Omega) = (1 + \cos \Omega) e^{-j\Omega}$. Consider that $x_p[n]$ is a periodic signal of period $N = 5$ such that

$$x_p[n] = x[n], \text{ for } n = 0, 1, 2 \quad (1)$$

$$= 0, \text{ for } n = 3, 4 \quad (2)$$

Note that $x_p[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k e^{j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$. The magnitude of the Fourier series coefficient a_3 is _____ (Round off to 3 decimal places).

Solution:

Using Euler's form of representation of complex numbers,

$$e^{j\Omega} = \cos \Omega + j \sin \Omega \quad (3)$$

$X(\Omega)$ can be expressed as,

$$X(\Omega) = \frac{1}{2} + e^{-j\Omega} + \frac{e^{-j2\Omega}}{2} \quad (4)$$

As sampling frequency is 1Hz ($\omega = \Omega$) from DTFT(discrete time fourier transform) we get,

$$X(\Omega) = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) e^{-j\Omega n}, \Omega \in (-\pi, \pi) \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) e^{-j\Omega n} = \frac{1}{2} + e^{-j\Omega} + \frac{e^{-j2\Omega}}{2} \quad (6)$$

Symbol	Value	Description
$X(\Omega)$	$(1 + \cos \Omega) e^{-j\Omega}$	Frequency function
Ω	ωF_s	angular frequency
ω	$\omega \in (-\pi, \pi)$	radian frequency
F_s	1Hz	Sampling frequency
$X(\omega)$	$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x(n) e^{-j\omega n}$	D.T.F.T
$x(n)$	$x(n)$	Signal
a_k	$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x(n) e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$	Fourier coefficient
N	5	Period of the signal

TABLE 0
VARIABLE DESCRIPTION

On comparing coefficients we get,

$$x(n) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} & \text{if } n=0 \\ 1 & \text{if } n=1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{if } n=2 \\ 0 & \text{if } n \neq \{0, 1, 2\} \end{cases} \quad (7)$$

$$x_p(n) = \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1, \frac{1}{2}, 0, 0 \right] \text{ with period, } N=5 \quad (8)$$

$$a_3 = \frac{1}{5} \sum_{n=0}^{4} x(n) e^{-j\frac{6\pi}{5}n} \quad (9)$$

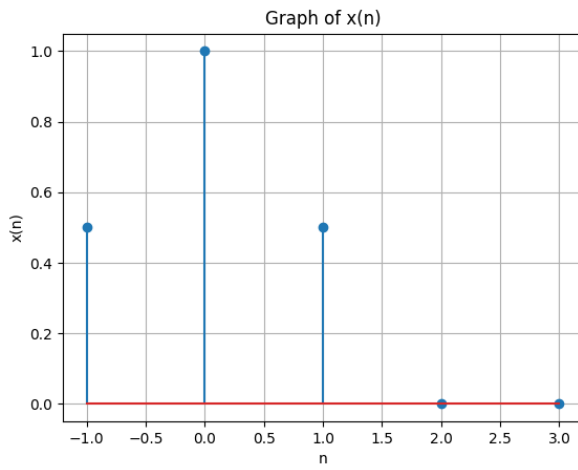


Fig. 0. Plot of $x(n)$ vs n

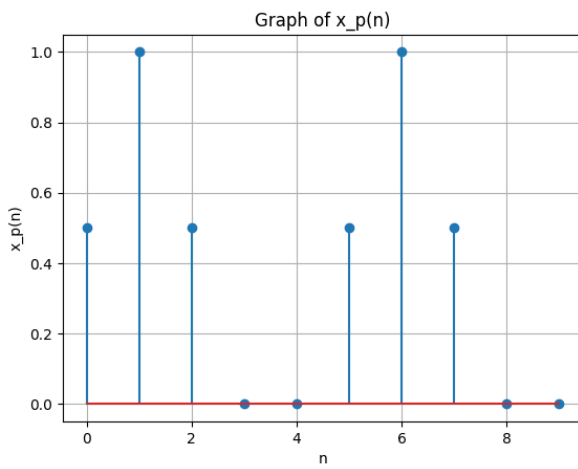


Fig. 0. Plot of $x_p(n)$ vs n

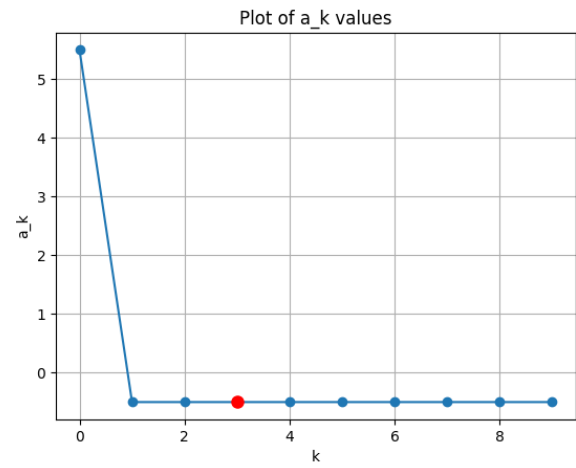


Fig. 0. Plot of $x_p(n)$ vs n