In [1]: import pandas as pd import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import numpy as np Task 1 Customer with a budget of 350,000 PLN and wants an EV with a minimum range of 400 km In [2]: # import the EVs data EVs = pd.read_excel('FEV-data-Excel.xlsx') EVs.head() Minimal Maximum Maximum mean - Energy Engine Permissable Maximum **Battery** Range Tire Maximum Boot Car full price Type of Drive load Number Number Acceleration DC Make Model power capacity (WLTP) gross weight consumption torque size speed capacity ... name (gross) brakes capacity of seats of doors 0-100 kph [s] charging [kWh/100 km] (VDA) [I] [KM] [Nm] [kWh] [km] [kg] [in] [kph] [PLN] power [kW] [kg] disc Audi e-tron e-tron 55 345700 (front + 4WD 438 ... 3130.0 640.0 660.0 150 Audi 360 664 95.0 5 5 19 200 5.7 24.45 55 quattro quattro rear) disc e-tron 50 Audi e-tron Audi 308400 313 540 (front + 4WD 71.0 340 ... 3040.0 670.0 5 5 19 190 660.0 6.8 150 23.80 50 quattro quattro rear) disc Audi e-tron e-tron S 95.0 364 ... 414900 503 4WD 3130.0 565.0 5 20 660.0 150 27.55 Audi 973 5 210 4.5 (front + S quattro quattro rear) e-tron Audi e-tron disc Sportback Sportback 319700 313 540 (front + 4WD 71.0 346 ... 3040.0 640.0 19 190 615.0 6.8 150 23.30 Audi 50 quattro 50 quattro rear) Audi e-tron disc e-tron Sportback 357000 360 (front + 4WD 95.0 447 ... 3130.0 670.0 5 19 200 615.0 5.7 150 23.85 Sportback Audi 55 quattro 55 quattro rear) 5 rows × 25 columns In [7]: EVs.info() <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 53 entries, 0 to 52 Data columns (total 25 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype Car full name 0 53 non-null object 1 Make 53 non-null object 2 53 non-null Model object 3 53 non-null Minimal price (gross) [PLN] int64 53 non-null Engine power [KM] int64 5 Maximum torque [Nm] 53 non-null int64 6 Type of brakes 52 non-null object Drive type 53 non-null object 8 Battery capacity [kWh] 53 non-null float64 9 Range (WLTP) [km] 53 non-null int64 10 Wheelbase [cm] 53 non-null float64 11 Length [cm] 53 non-null float64 12 Width [cm] 53 non-null float64 13 Height [cm] 53 non-null float64 14 Minimal empty weight [kg] 53 non-null int64 15 Permissable gross weight [kg] 45 non-null float64 Maximum load capacity [kg] 16 45 non-null float64 53 non-null 17 Number of seats int64 18 Number of doors 53 non-null int64 19 Tire size [in] 53 non-null int64 Maximum speed [kph] 53 non-null int64 21 Boot capacity (VDA) [1] 52 non-null float64 22 Acceleration 0-100 kph [s] 50 non-null float64 23 Maximum DC charging power [kW] 53 non-null int64 24 mean - Energy consumption [kWh/100 km] 44 non-null float64 dtypes: float64(10), int64(10), object(5) memory usage: 10.5+ KB In [3]: budget_range= EVs[(EVs['Minimal price (gross) [PLN]'] <= 350000) & (EVs['Range (WLTP) [km]'] >= 400)] budget_range Maximum Minimal Maximum mean -Number Tire Range Engine Permissable Maximum **Battery** Maximum **Boot** DC Type of Drive load Number Acceleration Car full price Energy Make Model power torque capacity (WLTP) gross weight of size speed capacity charging 0-100 kph [s] of seats consumption name (gross) brakes type capacity [kWh] [KM] [Nm] [km] doors [in] [kph] (VDA) [I] [kg] power [PLN] [kWh/100 km] [kg] [kW] disc Audi e-tron e-tron 55 Audi 345700 360 664 (front + 4WD 95.0 438 ... 3130.0 640.0 5 19 200 660.0 5.7 150 24.45 55 quattro quattro rear) disc 2WD 8 BMW iX3 **BMW** iX3 282900 286 400 80.0 460 ... 2725.0 540.0 5 5 19 180 510.0 6.8 150 18.80 (front + (rear) rear) Hyundai disc Kona electric 2WD **15** Kona electric Hyundai 178400 204 395 (front + 64.0 449 ... 2170.0 485.0 5 5 17 167 332.0 7.6 100 15.40 64kWh (front) 64kWh rear) disc 2WD Kia e-Niro e-Niro 167990 455 ... 100 18 Kia 204 395 2230.0 493.0 5 5 167 451.0 7.8 15.90 (front + 64.0 17 64kWh 64kWh (front) rear) disc Kia e-Soul e-Soul 2WD 20 Kia 160990 204 395 (front + 64.0 452 ... 1682.0 498.0 5 167 315.0 7.9 100 15.70 64kWh 64kWh (front) rear) disc Mercedes-Mercedes-5 408 500.0 22 334700 760 4WD 80.0 2940.0 445.0 5 180 110 21.85 EQC (front + 414 ... 19 5.1 Benz EQC Benz rear) Tesla Model Model 3 disc 2WD Tesla Standard 195490 285 450 54.0 430 ... NaN NaN 18 225 425.0 5.6 150 NaN 3 Standard (front + (rear) Range Plus Range Plus rear) Tesla Model disc Model 3 40 372 4WD 425.0 150 Tesla 235490 510 (front + 75.0 580 ... NaN NaN 5 5 18 233 4.4 NaN 3 Long Long Range Range rear) Tesla Model disc Model 3 41 260490 480 639 (front + 4WD 75.0 567 ... NaN NaN 5 5 20 261 425.0 3.3 150 NaN Performance Performance rear) disc Volkswagen ID.3 Pro 2WD (front) 47 ID.3 Pro Volkswagen 204 425 ... 2270.0 540.0 385.0 100 155890 310 58.0 5 5 18 160 7.3 15.40 Performance + drum (rear) Performance (rear) disc Volkswagen 2WD (front) 549 ... Volkswagen 204 2280.0 160 385.0 7.9 125 15.90 48 ID.3 Pro S 179990 310 77.0 412.0 5 5 19 ID.3 Pro S + drum (rear) (rear) disc Volkswagen (front) 2WD 49 Volkswagen ID.4 1st 202390 204 310 77.0 500 ... 2660.0 661.0 5 5 20 160 543.0 8.5 125 18.00 + drum ID.4 1st (rear) (rear) 12 rows × 25 columns grp=budget_range.groupby('Make')['Battery capacity [kWh]'].mean() In [14]: Make Out[14]: Audi 71.000000 BMW 42.200000 50.000000 Citroën DS 50.000000 Honda 35.500000 Hyundai 38.750000 39.200000 Kia Mazda 35.500000 90.000000 Mercedes-Benz 28.900000 47.333333 Nissan Opel 50.000000 50.000000 Peugeot 52.000000 Renault 36.800000 Skoda 17.600000 Smart 32.300000 Volkswagen Name: Battery capacity [kWh], dtype: float64 task2 In [15]: # 2: Identify outliers using the IQR method # Calculate Percentiles percentiles_energy_consumption = EVs["mean - Energy consumption [kWh/100 km]"].quantile([0.25,0.5,0.75]) percentiles_energy_consumption 0.25 15.60 0.50 17.05 0.75 23.50 Name: mean - Energy consumption [kWh/100 km], dtype: float64 In [26]: q3=23.50 q1=15.60iqr = q3 - q1 # Interquartile Range (IQR) lower_bound = q1 - 3 * iqr #formula for lower bound of outlier upper_bound = q3 + 3 * iqr #formula for upper bound of outlier print(f'lower bound is {lower_bound}, upper bound is {upper_bound}') extreme_outliers = EVs[(EVs['mean - Energy consumption [kWh/100 km]'] <= lower_bound) | (EVs['mean - Energy consumption [kWh/100 km]'] >= upper_bound)] extreme_outliers lower bound is -8.1000000000003, upper bound is 47.2Maximum Minimal Range Car Engine Battery Permissable Tire Maximum **Boot** Maximum mean - Energy Maximum Type of Drive load Number Number Acceleration price full Make Model capacity (WLTP) DC charging consumption power torque gross weight size speed capacity 0-100 kph [s] (gross) brakes capacity of seats of doors [kWh] [in] (VDA) [I] [KM] [Nm] [km] [kph] power [kW] [kWh/100 km] name [kg] [PLN] [kg] 0 rows × 25 columns Task 3 relationship between battery capacity and range correlation=EVs[['Battery capacity [kWh]', 'Range (WLTP) [km]']].corr() In [6]: correlation Out[6]: Battery capacity [kWh] Range (WLTP) [km] Battery capacity [kWh] 1.000000 0.810439 Range (WLTP) [km] 0.810439 1.000000 In [10]: sns.heatmap(correlation, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm') plt.title('Correlation matrix') plt.show <function matplotlib.pyplot.show(close=None, block=None)> Correlation matrix 1.000 Battery capacity [kWh] 0.975 0.81 0.950 - 0.925 - 0.900 Range (WLTP) [km] 0.875 0.81 0.850 0.825 Battery capacity [kWh] Range (WLTP) [km] In [7]: sns.lineplot(x='Battery capacity [kWh]',y='Range (WLTP) [km]',data=EVs) plt.show() 600 500 Range (WLTP) [km] 400 300 200 20 40 60 80 100 Battery capacity [kWh] '''there is a direct relationship between battery capacity and range.''' Task 4 EV recommendation class class recommendation_: def __init__(self,a,b,c): self.a=a #to store budget self.b=b #to store desired range self.c=c #to battery capacity if self.a==0: print("enter valid budget!!") elif self.b==0: print("enter valid range!!") elif self.c==0: print("enter valid battery capacity!!") else: print("TOP 3 EVs with these parameters are:") top_=EVs[(EVs['Minimal price (gross) [PLN]'] <= self.a) & (EVs['Range (WLTP) [km]'] >= self.b) & (EVs['Battery capacity [kWh]'] <= self.c)] top_affordable=top_.sort_values(by="Minimal price (gross) [PLN]") print(top_affordable.head(3)) x=int(input("enter your budget")) y=int(input("enter your desired range")) z=int(input("enter battery capacity")) r=recommendation_(x,y,z) enter your budget120000 enter your desired range50 enter battery capacity50 TOP 3 EVs with these parameters are: Car full name Model Minimal price (gross) [PLN] \ Make 36 Skoda Citigo-e iV Skoda Citigo-e iV 82050 96900 Smart fortwo EQ 37 fortwo EQ Smart 97990 46 Volkswagen e-up! Volkswagen e-up! Engine power [KM] Type of brakes \ Maximum torque [Nm] 36 83 212 disc (front) + drum (rear) 82 160 disc (front) + drum (rear) 37 46 83 210 disc (front) + drum (rear) Drive type Battery capacity [kWh] Range (WLTP) [km] \dots 36 2WD (front) 36.8 260 ... 154 ... 2WD (rear) 17.6 37 258 ... 46 2WD (front) 32.3 Permissable gross weight [kg] Maximum load capacity [kg] \ 36 1530.0 367.0 37 1310.0 290.0 46 1530.0 370.0 Number of seats Number of doors Tire size [in] Maximum speed [kph] \ 36 5 4 14 130 37 3 2 15 130 5 46 14 130 Boot capacity (VDA) [1] Acceleration 0-100 kph [s] \ 36 250.0 37 185.0 11.6 250.0 46 11.9 Maximum DC charging power [kW] mean - Energy consumption [kWh/100 km] 36 40 37 22 16.35 46 40 14.00 [3 rows x 25 columns] '''these three cars are within the required budget with required range and battery capacity ''' Task 5 Testing whether there is a significant difference in the average Engine power [KM] of vehicles manufactured by two leading manufacturers i.e. Tesla and Audi import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', category=DeprecationWarning) # to ignore Deprecation warnings In [58]: # HO: there is a significant difference in the average Engine power [KM] of vehicles # H1 : No difference from scipy.stats import* audi_eng=EVs[EVs['Make']=="Audi"] tes_eng=EVs[EVs['Make']=="Tesla"] #since sample size is small therefore T test can be applied for comparing means of two group stat,p=stats.ttest_ind(audi_eng['Engine power [KM]'],tes_eng['Engine power [KM]'],alternative='two-sided') print(f"stats={stat} and p value ={p}") alpha=0.05 if p<alpha:</pre> print ("we reject the null hypothesis. There NO significant difference in average engine power of vehicles manufactured by Audi and Tesla") print("There is a significant difference in average engine power of vehicles manufactured by Audi and Tesla") stats=-1.7024444538261416 and p value =0.11672692675082785 There is a significant difference in average engine power of vehicles manufactured by Audi and Tesla task6 https://drive.google.com/file/d/17kdhIYYqcU4gaVjr-ukoyH2nmOJqCZML/view?usp=drivesdk