```
Assignment 1
Set a
1) Write a java program to accept names of "n" cities, insert same into arraylist
collection and display the contents of same arraylist, also remove all these elements.
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
public class ArrayListDemo
{
public static void main(String args[])throws Exception
{
BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
ArrayList al=new ArrayList();
System.out.println("\nHow many City?");
Int n =Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
System.out.println("\n Enter City names:");
for(int i=;i<=n;i++)
{
al.add(br.readLine());
}
System.out.println("Entered cities are:"+al);
al.removeAll(al);
System.out.println("All cities are removed from the ArrayList:"+a);
```

```
2)Write a java program to read 'n' names of your friends , store it into linked list , also display contents of the same.
```

import java.util.\*;

}

}

```
import java.io.*;
public class LinkedListDemo
Public static void main(String args[])throws Exception
{
int n;
BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
LinkedList li=new LinkedList();
System.out.println("\Enter number of your friends:");
n=Interger.parseInt(br.readLine()));
System.out.println("\Enter your friends names:");
for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
li.add(br.readLine());
System.out.println("\Linked List content is:");
}
}
3) Write a program to create a new tree set, add some colors(String) and print out the
tree set.
import java.util.*;
class TreeSetDemo
{
Public static void main(String args[])
{
TreeSet ts=new TreeSet();
ts.add("Red");
ts.add("Yellow");
```

```
ts.add("Blue");
ts.add("Black");
ts.add("Orange");
ts.add("Green");
System.out.println("TreeSet is:"+ts);
}
}
4) Create the hastable that will maintain the mobile number and student name. Display
the contact list.
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
class HashTableDemo
Public static void main(String args[])
Hashtable ht= new Hashtable();
Enumeration names;
String str;
ht.put("Amar",new Long(222222222L));
ht.put("Anil",new Long(3333333333L));
ht.put("Soham",new Long(888888888L));
ht.put("Kiran",new Long(999999999L));
ht.put("Williams",new Long(444444444L));
names=ht.keys();
while(names.hasMoreElements());
{
str= (String) names.nextElement();
System.out.println(str+":"+ht.get(str));
```

```
}}}
Set b
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
class SETB1
{
     public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
     {
           int no, element, i;
                 BufferedReader br=new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(System.in));
                 TreeSet ts=new TreeSet();
                 System.out.println("Enter the of elements:");
                 no=Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
                 for(i=0;i<no;i++)
                 {
                       System.out.println("Enter the element:");
                            element=Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
                            ts.add(element);
                 }
                 System.out.println("The elements in sorted order:"+ts);
           System.out.println("Enter element to be serach: ");
           element = Integer.parseInt(br.readLine());
           if(ts.contains(element))
                 System.out.println("Element is found");
           else
                 System.out.println("Element is NOT found");
     }
```

```
}
2) Write a program to sort HashMap by keys and display the details before sorting
and after sorting.
import java.util.*;
class HashMapDemo
{
Public static void main(String args[])
{
HashMap <Interger,String> ha=new HashMap <Interger,String>();
ha.put(10,"Java");
ha.put(20,"Operating System");
ha.put(30,"SoftwareTesting Tools");
ha.put(40,"Complier Constructor");
ha.put(50,"Web Technologies");
System.out.println("Before Sorting:");
Set set=ha.entrySet();
Iterator it=set.iterator();
While(it.hasNext())
{
Map.Entry me=(Map.Entry)it.next();
System.out.print(me.getKeys()+":");
System.out.println(me.getValues());
}
Map<Integer,String> map=new HashMap<Integer,String>(hm);
System.out.println("After Sorting:");
Set set1=map.entrySet();
lterator it2=set2.it();
While(it2.hasNext())
```

```
{
Map.Entry me2=(Map.Entry)it2.next();
System.out.print(me2.getKeys()+":");
System.out.prinln(me2.getValues());
}
}
Set-B-3)
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
public class Phonebook
Public static void main(String args[])
Try
FileInputStream fis=new FileInputStream ("home/desktop/myfile.txt");
Scanner(fis).useDelimiter("\t");
Hashtable<String,String> ht=new Hashtable<String,String>();
String [] strarray;
String a,str;
While(sc.hasNext())
{
a=sc.nextLine();
strarray=a.split(\t");
ht.put(strarray[0],strarray[1]);
System.out.println("Hashtable values are:"+strarray[0]+":"+strarray[1]);
```

```
Scanner s=new Scanner(System.in);
System.out.println("Enter the name as given in the phone book");
Str=s.next();
If(ht.containsKey(str))
System.out.println("Phone no is:"+ht,get(str));
}
else
System.out.println("Name is not Matching with the phone book");
}
}
Catch(Exception e)
System.out.println(e);
}
}
}
Assignment 2
1)
Class TestPrint extends Thread
{
String msg="";
int n;
TestPrint(String msg,int n)
this.msg=msg;
this.n=n;
```

```
}
Public void run()
{
Try
For(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
System.out.println(msg+""+i+"times");
}
System.out.println("\n");
}
Catch(Exception e)
{
}}}
Class DemoMythread
Public static void main(String args[]);
{
Int n = Integer.parseInt(args[0])
TestPrint t1=new TestPrint("COVID",n);
T1.start();
TestPrint t2=new TestPrint("LOCKDOWN2020",n+10);
T2.start();
TestPrint t3=new TestPrint("Vaccinated2021",n+20);
T3.start();
}
}
```

```
2)
class MythreadDemo
public static void main(String args[])
Thread t=Thread.currentThread();
System.out.prinltn("Current Thread is:"+t);
try
for(int n=100;n>0;n--)
{
System.out.println(n);
Thread.sleep(6000);
}
t.setName("Demo Thread");
System.out.prinltn("After changing the name thread is:"+t);
}
catch(InterruptedException e)
{
System.out.println("Thread interrupted");
}
}}
3)
public class Communication
{
```

```
public static void main(String args[])
{
       Producer p=new Producer();
       Consumer c=new Consumer(p);
       Thread t1=new Thread(p);
       Thread t2=new Thread(c);
       t1.start();
       t2.start();
}
}
class Producer extends Thread
{
       StringBuffer sb;
       boolean dataprodover=false;
       Producer()
       {
               sb=new StringBuffer();
       }
       public void run()
       {synchronized(sb)
               for(int i=1;i<=10;i++)
               {
                      try
                      {
                              sb.append(i+":");
                              Thread.sleep(100);
                              System.out.println("appending");
```

```
}
                      catch(InterruptedException ae)
                      {
                              System.out.println(ae);
                      }
              }sb.notify();//dataprodover=true;
       }
}
class Consumer extends Thread
{
       Producer prod;
       Consumer(Producer prod)
       {
               this.prod=prod;
       }
       public void run()
       {synchronized(prod.sb)
               try
               {prod.sb.wait();
                      //while(!prod.dataprodover)
                              //Thread.sleep(100);
               }
               catch(InterruptedException ae)
               {
                      System.out.println(ae);
               }
               System.out.println(prod.sb);
       }
```

```
}
```

## SET-B

 Write a program to calculate the sum and average of an array of 1000 integers (genearated randomly) using 10 threads. Each thread calculates the sum of 100 integers.
 Use these values to calculate average(Use join method).

```
import java.util.*;
class thread implements Runnable
{
Thread t;
int i,no,sum;
int a[]=new int[1000];
thread(String s,int n)
Random rs = new Random();
t=new Thread(this,s);
no=n;
int j=0;
for(i=1;i<=1000;i++)
{
a[j]=rs.nextInt()%100;;
j++;
}
t.start();
public void run() {
```

```
for(i=0;i<100;i++)
sum=sum+a[no];
no++;
System.out.println("Sum = "+sum);
System.out.println("Avg ="+sum/100);
}
}
public class threaddemo
public static void main(String[] arg) throws InterruptedException
thread t1=new thread("g",1);
t1.t.join();
thread t2=new thread("r",100);
t2.t.join();
thread t3=new thread("s",200);
t3.t.join();
thread t4=new thread("t",300);
t4.t.join();
thread t5=new thread("p",400);
t5.t.join();
thread t6=new thread("p",500);
t5.t.join();
thread t7=new thread("p",600);
t5.t.join();
thread t8=new thread("p",700);
```

```
t5.t.join();
thread t9=new thread("p",800);
t5.t.join();
thread t10=new thread("p",900);
t5.t.join();
}
}
3) Write a java program that implements a multithread application that has three threads. First
thread generates random integer every 1 second and if the value is even, second thread computes
the square of the number and prints. If the value is odd, the third thread will print the value of
cube of the number.
import java.util.Random;
class RandomNumberThread extends Thread
public void run()
Random random = new Random();
for (int i = 0; i \& lt; 10; i++) {
int randomInteger = random.nextInt(100);
System.out.println("Random Integer generated: " + randomInteger);
if((randomInteger%2) == 0) {
SquareThread sThread = new
SquareThread(randomInteger);
sThread.start();
```

```
}
else {
CubeThread cThread = new CubeThread(randomInteger);
cThread.start();
}
try {
Thread.sleep(1000);
}
catch (InterruptedException ex) {
System.out.println(ex);
}
}
}
```