

* TC Analysis of if & while

$a = 1;$

iterations
 a

① while($a < b$)

{

Statement;

$a = a * 2;$

}

1

$1 \times 2 = 2$

$1 \times 2 \times 2 = 4$

1×2^k

loop
When ~~condition~~ will break?

→ ~~case~~ $a \geq b$ will hit.

We are finding here how many times the while loop will run and it ~~k~~ times

$$2^k \geq b$$

Taking log on both side

$$\log 2^k \geq \log b$$

$$k \log_2 2 = \log b$$

$$\boxed{k = \log b}$$

$\log b$ times loop will execute

For for loop it will

For($i = 1; i < n; i = i * 2$) {

Statements;

}

$O(\log n)$

(2) $i = n;$
 $\text{while } (i > 1) \{$
 statement;
 $i = i/2;$
 $\}$

loop breaking condition
 $i \leq 1$
 iterations
 $i = n$
 $\frac{n}{2} \quad \frac{n}{2^k} \leq 1$
 $\frac{n}{2 \times 2} \quad n \leq 2^k$
 $\frac{n}{2^k}$
 Taking log on both side
 for finding the value of k
 because loop is running k times
 $\log n = k \log 2 \quad \log 2 = 1$
 $k = \log n$
 $\rightarrow TC O(\log_2 n)$

(3) $i = 1; k = 1;$
 $\text{while } (k < n)$
 $\{$
 $k = k + i;$
 $i++;$
 $\}$

loop breaking condition
 $k > n$
 iterations

i	k	(k=1 given)
1	k+1	
2	k+2	
3	k+2+3	
⋮	k+2+3+4+...+m	
M	1+M	$\frac{m(m+1)}{2}$

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} > n$$

$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2} = n$$

$$m^2 = n$$

(4) $\text{while } (m \neq n) \{$
 $\text{if } (m > n)$
 $m = m - n;$
 else
 $n = n - m;$
 $\}$

$$m = \sqrt{n} \quad O(\sqrt{n})$$

Iterations

let's take

Iterations $M = 18$

$n = 2$

$16 = 18 - 2$

2

14

2

12

2

→ iterations = 9

10

2

that means

8

2

→ Time complexity is $\frac{n}{2}$

6

2

→ after solving

4

2

further it will $O(n)$

2

2

1

TC Analysis of For loops.

① For($i=1; i \leq n; i=i*2$) {
statements;
}

loop breaking condition

iterations $i > n$

1

1

1×2

$1 \times 2 \times 2$

$1 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$

$1 \times 2 \dots 2^k$ till run

$2^k \geq n$

Taking log on both side
for finding the value of k

$\log_2 2^k \geq \log_2 n$

$k \log_2 2 \geq \log_2 n$

where $\log_2 2 = 1$

$k = \log_2 n$

$TC = O(\log n)$

② - for(int i = n; i >= 1; i = i/2)

{

Statements;

}

loop breaking condition

$i < 1$

$\frac{n}{2^k} < 1$

$n < 2^k$

loop iterations

$\frac{n}{2}$ — 1st iteration

$\frac{n}{2}$

$\frac{n}{2 \times 2}$

$\frac{n}{2 \times 2 \times 2}$

\vdots

$\frac{n}{2^k}$

We have to find the value of k for finding determining the overall loop iterations.

$n < 2^k$

Taking log on both sides

$\log n < k \log 2$

$k = \log n$

$\log 2 = 1$

$T.C = O(\log n)$

③ for(int i = 0; i < n; i++)

{

Statements;

}

loop breaking condition

$i \geq n$

loop iterations

i = 0	0 x 0
1	1 x 1
2	2 x 2
\vdots	\vdots
k	k^2

$$k^2 \geq n$$

$$k = \sqrt{n}$$

$$T_c = O(\sqrt{n})$$

④	for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)	Iterations
	{	i = 0
	statements;	1
	}	2
	loop breaking condition	3
	i > n	4
	k > n	1
		⋮
	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">k = n</div>	k

$$T_c = ~~k~~ O(n)$$

⑤

```

P = 0
for (int i = 1; i < n; i = i * 2)
{
    P++;
}

for (j = 1; j < P; j = j * 2)
{
    statements;
}

```

For first loop

iterations

$$i = 1 \quad 2$$

$$2 \quad 2 \times 2$$

$$3 \quad 2 \times 2 \times 2$$

$$4 \quad \vdots$$

$$5 \quad \vdots$$

$$k \quad 2^k$$

breaking condition for 1st loop

$$P \geq n$$

$$2^k \geq n$$

Taking log on both sides

$$k \log 2 \geq \log n$$

$$\boxed{k = \log n}$$

Tc of first loop is $\log n$
 $\therefore P = \log n$

for 2nd loop
 loop breaking condition
 $j > p$

$j = 1$	$j = j * 2 \quad 1 \times 2$
2	2×2
3	$2 \times 2 \times 2$
4	$2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$
'	'
k	2^k

$$2^k \geq p$$

Taking log on both side

$$\log 2^k \geq \log p$$

$$k \log 2 \geq \log p$$

$$\boxed{k \geq \log p}$$

$$TC = O(\log p)$$

Evaluate both loop

$$p = \log n$$

$$\log p$$

$$\boxed{TC = O(\log(\log n))}$$