# **Backend Development**

#### Class 1

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# **Backend Development**

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HTTP is a protocol for client and server communication.

- 4 Types of request in HTTP protocol
- -GET Data Retrieve/Fetch
- -PUT Data Update
- -POST New Data Create/Submit (insert)
- -DELETE Remove Data

What is Idempotent => What all requests are idempotent from above?

ANS - API requests that ensures repeating the operation multiple times produces the same result as executing it once

Idempotent == Uniqueness

# Creating New Server Using Express

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Express is framework which used to create a server side application

To RUN server

> node server.js (filename)

#### POST -

It is used to create a record

It is not Idempotent because we hit same request multiple times(with same data) then It will create different records for each request

This case is handled by developers in code so that new records should not get added for same entry

# **PUT**

It is used to update the record

It is Idempotent - Even If we hit a request multiple times, It will update the same record of that request and won't create new entries, uniqueness is there!

We are using Postman, to test the API

Postman is used for design, testing and documentation of API

We are getting error in API, because we are not able parse the data - SO we need to use bodyParser

const bodyParser = require("body-parser");

```
app.use(bodyParser.json());
```

We need body-parser to parse/fetch/retrieve data from request body

We are sending a post request through the postman to our server and the response sent from the server can be seen in the postman if the request is sent successfully.

# MongoDB

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No SQL Database

It is open source database

Data is stored in the form of documents, key-value pair, graphs, etc

No-SQL database is known for scalability and performance

Setup -> i)Install MongoDB ii)Mongo Shell - We can execute CRUD command on this

C - Create, R- Read, U- Update, D- Delete

# OR

We can directly use MongoDB Compass, It is GUI where we can perform all the CRUD operations

Download - MongoDB Community Server, MongoDB Compass Perform all the CRUD operations on MongoDB Compass

How to link Express Server to MongoDB?

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Optimize Way - Mongoose - MiddleLayer - Also known as ODM Library Node JS - Data is treated in object form MongoDB - Data is treated as Document form

Mongoose acts as ODM Library between Express and MongoDB Mongoose is a Object Data Modeling (ODM) library for MongoDB distributed as an npm package.

```
Setup
------
>npm i mongoose

const mongoose = require('mongoose');
mongoose.connect('mongodb://localhost:27017/myDatabase', {
   useNewUrlParser : true,
   useUnifiedTopology : true
})
.then(() => {console.log("Connection Successful!")})
```

```
.catch((err) => {console.log("Received an Error!")})
```

myDatabase - If we pass the database that is not created then It will create the database with that name

#### Class 2

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All logic is defined in server.js or index.js file

Folders

Routes - define routes of various get, put, post - In routes, We'll define To which controller the paths are mapped

Each route is mapped to Controller ie some business logic

Controller means a file in which business logic is defined

Models - Where we can define description or structure of the schema (The data that we want to store in db, we have created a structure of it)

If we want to create a schema related to database then we'll create that in modal

Schema - Description or Structure of your data

Cofig - folder contains a configuration file that we need in project

.env - We can define which port number and url which we are going to use

Controller - Logic Modal - Structure

#### NodeMon

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We need to restart the server manually every time we make any changes. so we can use Nodemon

It automatically restarts the server whenever there are any code changes

"scripts": {
 "start": "node index.js",
 "dev": "nodemon index.js"
},

To start the server using nodemon

npm run dev - nodemon start npm run start - normal start

Define URL and PORT in .env

How are we able to access environment variables anywhere in the project using process.env? We need to feed the env variables in process object

For that we need to use dotenv library > npm i dotenv

#require("dotenv").config() - By adding this line in the any file of project, we can use variable defined in .env

```
import dotenv from 'dotenv';
dotenv.config();
```

After writing above lines, whatever we have written in env file will load in process object and we will be able to access it in that file

# **Developing Todo Application**

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- > npm i -y
- > npm i express
- > npm i nodemon -> add scripts in package.json
- > npm i mongoose for establishing connection with db
- >npm i dotenv
  - 1. Create database.js in config folder, we need to write config to connect to database
  - 2. Create Todo.js in model to create structure of data

### Class 4

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Npm install express

# Step 2:

1. Install npi init -y

#### Class 5

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### What is **Middleware**?

- The request we get, we can parse it, log it, authenticate it, error handling
- To add the middleware in app, you can use app.use()
- app.use(express.jaon())

### What is **Mounting**?

- Appending a paths on some other path like /api/v1 and appending it to /getPosts

# **ODM - Object Data Modeling**

It is a library which is used for interacting with noSQL databases mainly. In node js or express application, the data is in the form of an object and in noSql database, the data is stored in the

form of documents. ODM library creates an abstraction layer to map the data in Object and Document form.

MVC - Model-View-Controller

Optimal folder structure
Schema in Class Form -> Model ->
When we create a object of model, it is called document
Multiple documents are called collections

### **Authentication and Authorization**

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Authentication - Identification or verification of registered user Authorization - Checking for Access rights or Permission

JWT Tokens and Cookies are used to achieve authentication and authorization

**JWT Tokens** 

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JSON Web Tokens

It consists of header, payload and signature. Client sends username and password to server, server creates JWT token and sends it to client. Clients can use the same token to further authentication.

### Cookie

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A small text file stored on a client computer which is sent by client. Cookies are used to store user preferences, shopping cart data, user authentication information.

# **Middlewares**

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Middlewares are used to create protected routes /student route will be access by user who has role student /admin route will be access by user who has admin access