

EE 332: Digital Communication Assignment-2

Prachi Bindal

220102071

IQ file :63

Methodology

1. Symbol Rate Estimation

- Let the received signal be: $r(t) = s(t - \tau) \cdot e^{j(2\pi\Delta f t + \theta)}$ with $s(t) = \sum a_n p(t - nT)$
- $r(t) \cdot r^*(t) = |s(t - \tau)|^2 = \sum_{n,m} a_n a_m^* p(t - nT) p(t - mT) \rightarrow |r(t)|^2 = \sum |a_n|^2 p^2(t - nT)$ On taking fourier transform $\mathcal{F}\{|r(t)|^2\} = \sum \frac{|a_n|^2}{T} G\left(f - \frac{n}{T}\right)$

Hence the Peak occurs at $1/T, -1/T, 0, \dots$ and so on and we can find the symbol rate

2. Samples Per Symbol: Samples per Symbol is directly sampling rate / Symbol rate

3. Frequency offset Estimation

- By raising the signal to appropriate power q , $r(t)^q = \left(\sum a_n p(t - nT)\right)^q \cdot e^{j(2\pi\Delta f t + \theta)q} \rightarrow r(t)^q = \sum a_n^q p^q(t - nT) \cdot e^{j(2\pi q \Delta f t + q\theta)} + \text{cross terms}$
the modulation effect is removed (assuming $|a_n|$ is going to be constant), and spectral peaks appear at $1/T + q\Delta f$

4. Modulation Type

To identify the modulation scheme, one sample was taken from every N symbol samples to minimize the impact of inter-symbol interference (ISI). and Costa's Loop is used to cancel frequency offset. The resulting points were then used to analyze the constellation diagram

Options

Title: Assignme... estimation

Output Language: Python

Generate Options: QT GUI

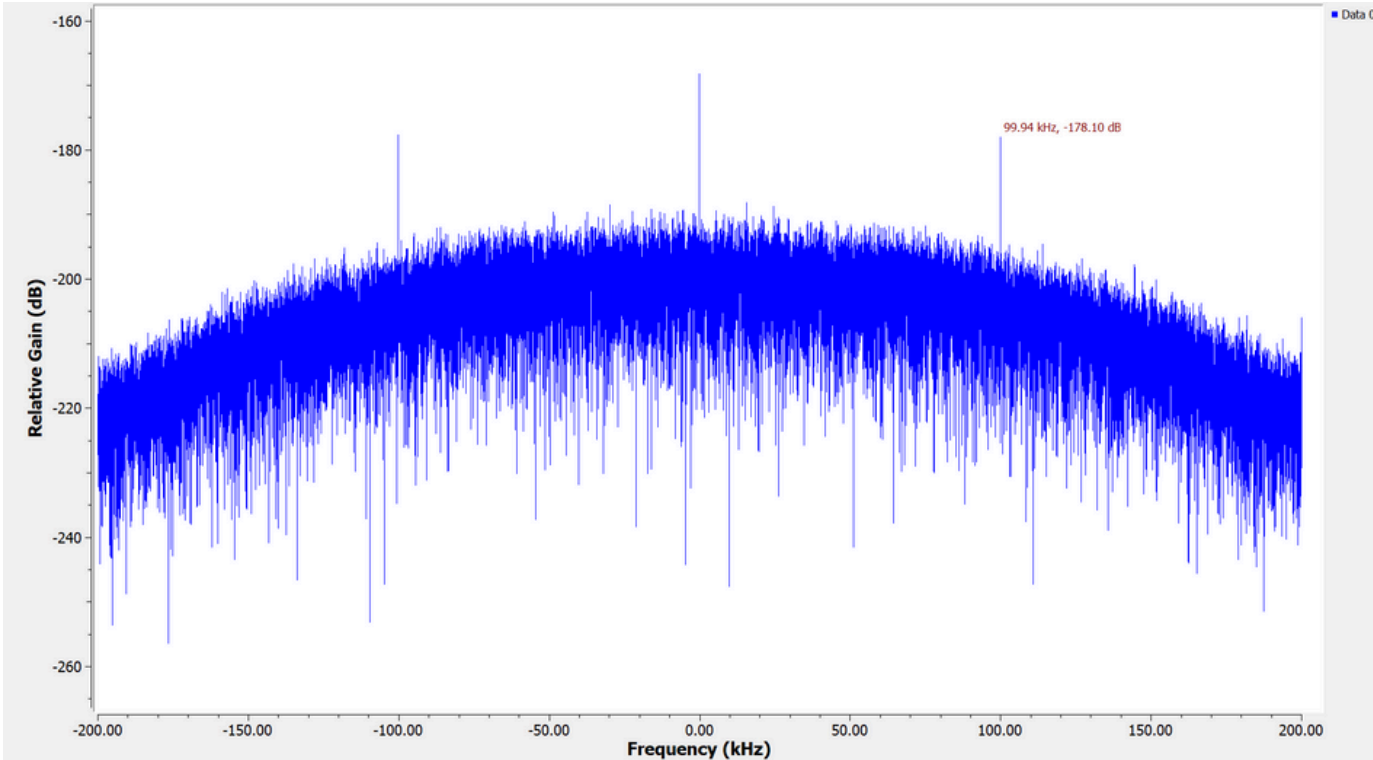
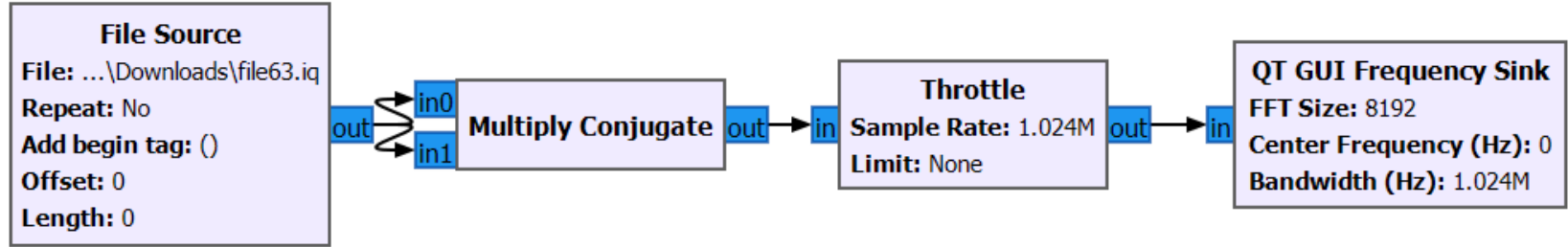
Variable

ID: samp_rate

Value: 1.024M

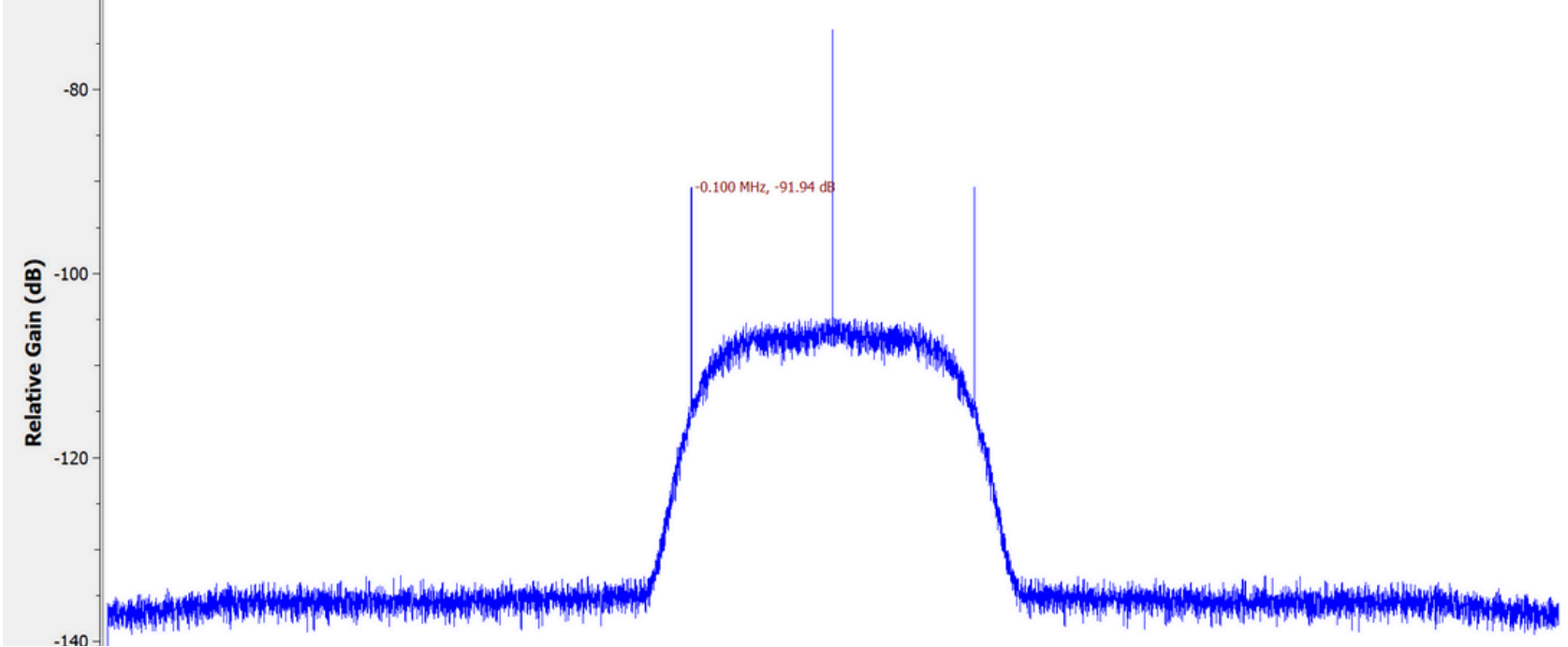
Import

Import: math



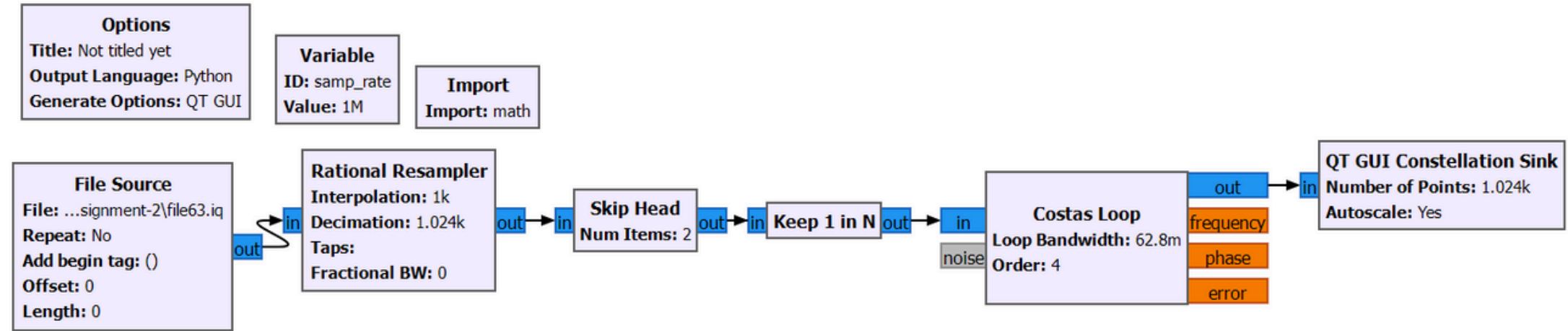
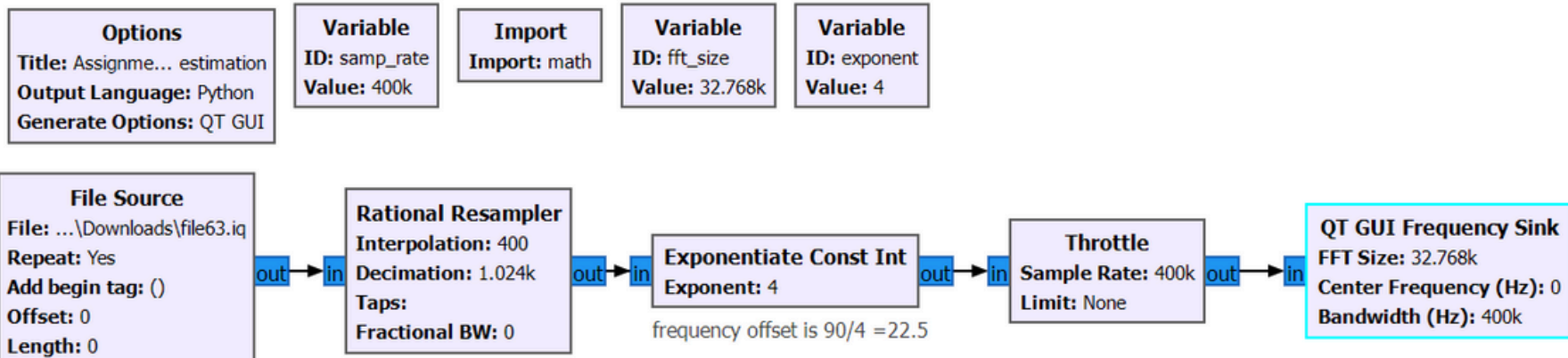
The spectral peak occurs at 0.1 MHz, implying a symbol rate of 0.1 MHz.

Given a sampling rate of 1.024 MHz, The Samples per Symbol (SPS) is: $1.024/0.1=10.24\approx 10$

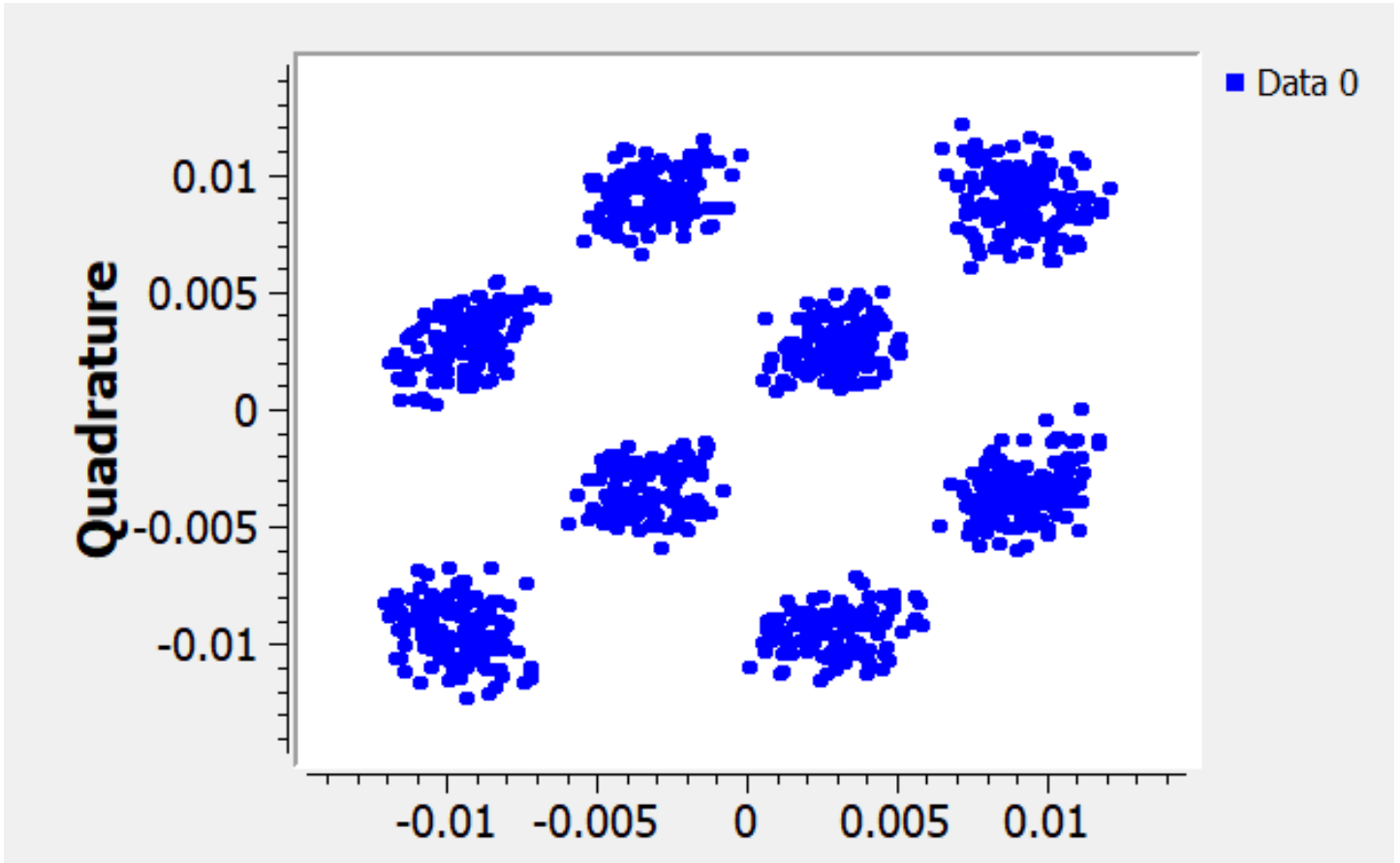


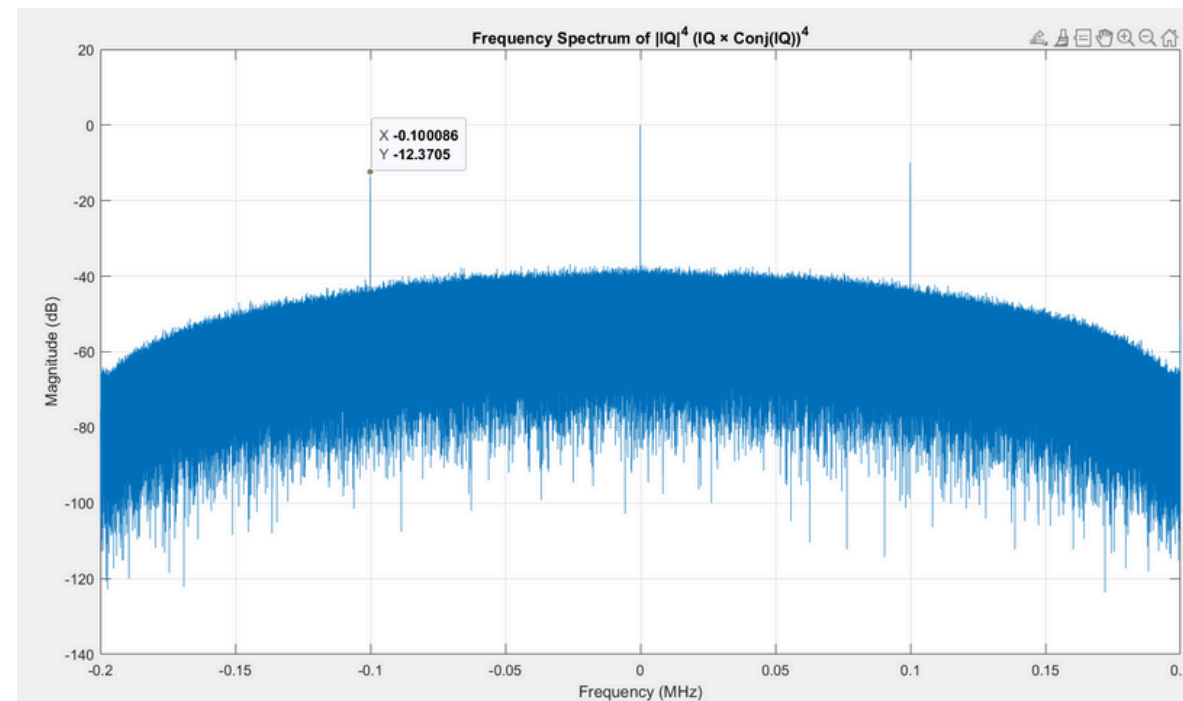
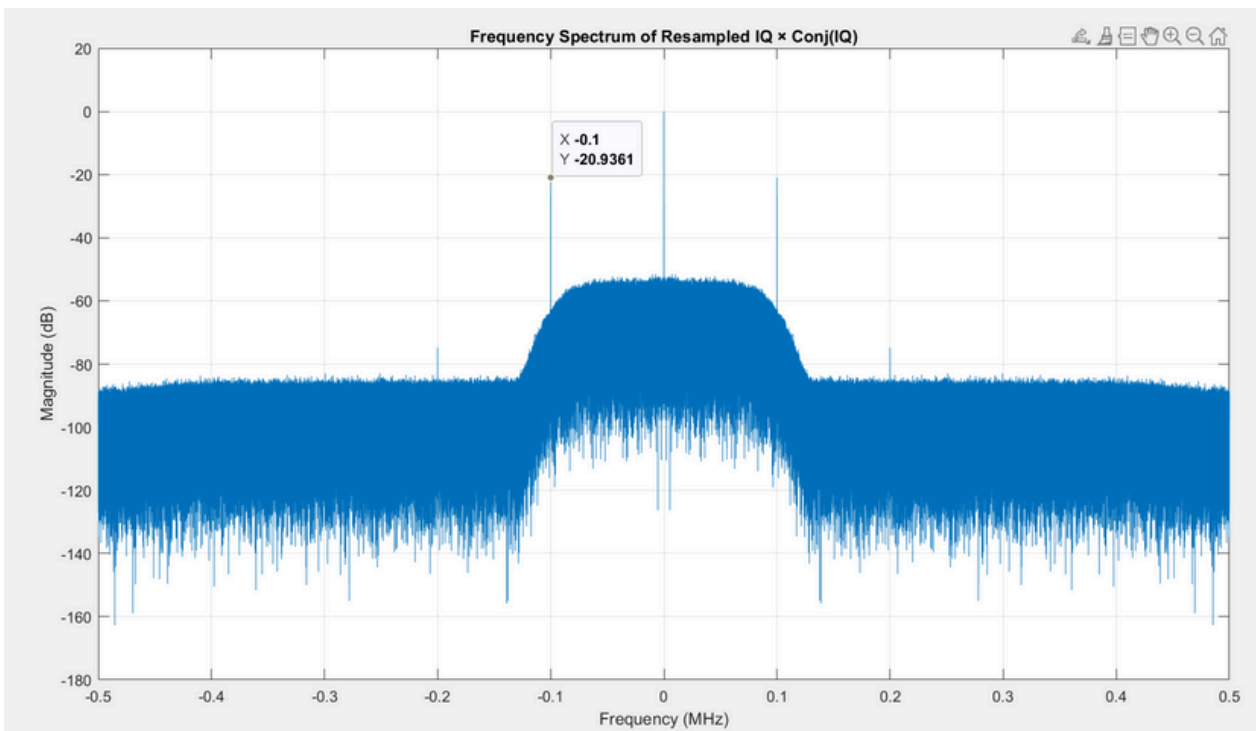
A spectral peak was observed at 100.09 kHz, slightly offset from the expected 100.00 kHz.

Thus, the frequency offset is: $\Delta f = (100.09 - 100)/4 = 90/4 = 22.5\text{hz}$



Based on the constellation diagram, the modulation scheme is identified as 8-QAM.





Based on the MATLAB analysis, the resulting frequency spectrum reveals a frequency offset of approximately 21.5 Hz, which closely aligns with the 22.5 Hz offset obtained from GNU Radio.

Results

- Symbol Rate: 0.1 MHz
- Samples per Symbol (SPS): $1.024/0.1=10.24 \approx 10$
- Frequency Offset (Δf): $(100.09-100)/4=90/4 \text{ Hz}=22.5 \text{ Hz}$
- Modulation Scheme: 8-QAM