## ANN for Classification Task from scratch¶

In [ ]:

# Dataset Loading

In [68]:

import pandas as pd

path="C:\\Users\\TANUJA HARISH\\Desktop\\ML and DL Summer

 ${\tt Internship \backslash diabetes.csv"}$ 

data=pd.read\_csv(path)

data.head(10)

Out[68]:

	Pregna ncies	Glucose	BloodPr essure	SkinThi ckness	Insulin	ВМІ	Diabete sPedigr eeFunct ion	Age	Outcom e
0	6	148	72	35	0	33.6	0.627	50	1
1	1	85	66	29	0	26.6	0.351	31	0
2	8	183	64	0	0	23.3	0.672	32	1
3	1	89	66	23	94	28.1	0.167	21	0

	Pregna ncies	Glucose	BloodPr essure	SkinThi ckness	Insulin	ВМІ	Diabete sPedigr eeFunct ion	Age	Outcom e
4	0	137	40	35	168	43.1	2.288	33	1
5	5	116	74	0	0	25.6	0.201	30	0
6	3	78	50	32	88	31.0	0.248	26	1
7	10	115	0	0	0	35.3	0.134	29	0
8	2	197	70	45	543	30.5	0.158	53	1
9	8	125	96	0	0	0.0	0.232	54	1

In [69]:

print(data.shape)

(768, 9)

In [70]:

data.describe()

Out[70]:

	Pregna ncies	Glucose	BloodPr essure	SkinThi ckness	Insulin	ВМІ	Diabete sPedigr eeFunct ion	Age	Outcom e
count	768.000	768.000	768.000	768.000	768.000	768.000	768.000	768.000	768.000
	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
mean	3.84505	120.894	69.1054	20.5364	79.7994	31.9925	0.47187	33.2408	0.34895
	2	531	69	58	79	78	6	85	8
std	3.36957	31.9726	19.3558	15.9522	115.244	7.88416	0.33132	11.7602	0.47695
	8	18	07	18	002	0	9	32	1
min	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.00000	0.07800	21.0000	0.00000
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	00	0
25%	1.00000	99.0000	62.0000	0.00000	0.00000	27.3000	0.24375	24.0000	0.00000
	0	00	00	0	0	00	0	00	0
50%	3.00000	117.000	72.0000	23.0000	30.5000	32.0000	0.37250	29.0000	0.00000
	0	000	00	00	00	00	0	00	0
75%	6.00000	140.250	80.0000	32.0000	127.250	36.6000	0.62625	41.0000	1.00000
	0	000	00	00	000	00	0	00	0
max	17.0000	199.000	122.000	99.0000	846.000	67.1000	2.42000	81.0000	1.00000
	00	000	000	00	000	00	0	00	0

In [71]:

print(data.dtypes)

Pregnancies	int64
Glucose	int64
BloodPressure	int64
SkinThickness	int64
Insulin	int64
BMI	float64
DiabetesPedigreeFunction	float64
Age	int64

dtype: object In [72]: data['Outcome'].value\_counts() Out[72]: 0 500 1 268 Name: Outcome, dtype: int64 In [73]: data["Outcome"].value\_counts().plot(kind="bar",color=["red","blue"]) Out[73]: <AxesSubplot:>

In [74]:

int64

Outcome

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
 df=data
 #scatter with positive example
 plt.scatter(df.Age[df.Outcome==1],df.Pregnancies[df.Outcome==1],color="red"
 #scatter with negative examples
 plt.scatter(df.Age[df.Outcome==0],df.Pregnancies[df.Outcome==0],color="blue
 ")
 plt.title("Diabetics in Pregnant women")
 plt.xlabel("Age")
 plt.ylabel("Pregnancies")
 plt.legend(["Diabetics", "No Diabetics"])
                                                                          Out[74]:
<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x151f9cc92b0>
Dataset Preparation¶
                                                                           In [75]:
 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
 x=data.drop("Outcome",axis=1)
 y=data[["Outcome"]]
 x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.30,random_st
 ate=7)
```

```
import numpy as np
x_train=np.array(x_train)
x_test=np.array(x_test)
y_train=np.array(y_train)
y_test=np.array(y_test)
print("x_train",x_train.shape)
print("x_test",x_test.shape)
print("y_train",y_train.shape)
print("y_test",y_test.shape)

x_train (537, 8)
x_test (231, 8)
y_train (537, 1)
y_test (231, 1)
```

In [77]:

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler=StandardScaler()
x_train=scaler.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test=scaler.transform(x_test)
print("x_train",x_train.shape)
print("x_test",x_test.shape)
print(x_train)
print(x_test)
```

```
x train (537, 8)
x_test (231, 8)
[[\ 2.21124332\ -0.25635346\ \ 0.80035334\ \dots\ \ 1.85869458\ \ 1.38157439
   1.06697501]
 [-0.53604176 \quad 0.05182162 \quad 0.0681732 \quad \dots \quad 0.87654509 \quad 1.26457779
  -0.84406847]
 [ 0.07446603 - 0.62616354 - 0.03642397 \dots 0.07296823 - 0.95835763 ]
   0.02458766]
 [-1.14654956 -1.92049886 -0.45481262 ... -1.34285767 0.81159095
   2.97801849]
 [-0.84129566 \ -0.4412585 \ -0.55940978 \ \dots \ -1.01122277 \ -0.83236129
  -1.01779969]
 [\ 1.29548163 \ \ 1.83923705 \ \ 0.17277036 \ \dots \ \ 0.06021304 \ \ 0.76359234
   0.2851845 ]]
[[-0.84129566 -0.90352111 -0.35021546 ... -0.64132231 0.34660446
  -0.75720285]
 [ \ 0.99022773 \ \ 1.90087206 \ \ 0.80035334 \ \dots \ \ 0.46837906 \ \ 0.36460393
   1.588168691
 [\ 2.82175112 \ 1.00716435 \ 1.11414484 \ \dots \ -0.69234307 \ 0.7995913
  0.89324379]
 [-1.14654956 1.31533942 0.38196469 ... 2.67502663 0.88358886
  -0.67033724]
 [-0.23078786 \ -1.11924366 \ -0.55940978 \ \dots \ 0.26429605 \ -0.38537428
  -0.67033724]
 [ 0.68497383 -0.07144841 \ 1.42793633 \dots -0.44999449 -0.92235868 ]
 -0.23600918]]
```

In [78]:

```
def sigmoid(x):
    return 1/(1+np.exp(-x))
```

```
In [79]:
```

```
def cost_compute(y,y_hat):
    cost=-np.mean(y*(np.log(y_hat))-(1-y)*np.log(1-y_hat))
    return cost
```

In [80]:

```
def stochastic(x,y):
    w=np.zeros(shape=(1,x.shape[1]))
    b=0
    learning_rate=0.01
    m=len(y)
    iterations=40
    cost list=[]
    for i in range(iterations):
        for j in range(m):
            #forward propagation
            prediction=sigmoid(np.dot(w,x[j]+b))
            #computing Loss value
            loss_value=cost_compute(y[j],prediction)
            #gradient Calculations
            w gradient=-x[j]*(y[j]-(prediction))
            b gradient=-(y[j]-prediction)
            #parameter Updation
            w=w-learning_rate*(w_gradient)
            b=b-learning rate*(b gradient)
            cost list.append(loss value)
    return w,b,cost list
```

```
y_pred=[]
     for i in range(len(x)):
          y=np.asscalar(np.dot(w,x[i]+b))
          if sigmoid(y) < 0.5:
              y_pred.append(0)
          else:
              y_pred.append(1)
     return np.array(y_pred)
                                                                                In [82]:
 w,b,cost_list=stochastic(x_train,y_train)
 print(w)
 print(b)
 print(len(cost_list))
 \hbox{\tt [[ 0.43003082 \ 1.06352446 \ -0.32176709 \ 0.07631241 \ -0.1297943 \ 0.71120916 ] } 
   0.4311711
                0.15901056]]
[-0.34842537]
21480
                                                                                In [83]:
```

def predict(x,w,b):

y\_pred=predict(x\_test,w,b)

```
print("Predicted Classes")
print(y pred)
print("original Classes")
print(y test.T)
Predicted Classes
1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0]
original Classes
[[0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1\ 0\ 0
0 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 0]]
C:\Users\TANUJA HARISH\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 11832\3211749504.py:4:
DeprecationWarning: np.asscalar(a) is deprecated since NumPy v1.16, use
a.item() instead
y=np.asscalar(np.dot(w,x[i]+b))
```

In [84]:

#Confusion Matrix

def cm(x,y):

```
tp=0
      tn=0
      fp=0
      fn=0
      for i in range(len(x)):
          if (x[i] ==1 \text{ and } y[i] ==1):
               tp=tp+1
          elif (x[i] == 1 \text{ and } y[i] == 0):
               fn=fn+1
          elif (x[i] == 0 \text{ and } y[i] == 0):
               tn=tn+1
          else:
               fp=fp+1
      return tp,tn,fp,fn
 print("confusion Matrix")
 print(cm(y_pred,y_test))
confusion Matrix
(52, 129, 32, 18)
```

In [85]:

```
def acc(x,y):
    tp,tn,fp,fn=cm(x,y)
    acc_score=((tp+tn)/(tp+fp+tn+fn))
    return acc_score
print("Average Accuracy")
print(acc(y_pred,y_test))
```

## Average Accuracy 0.78354978354

In [86]:

from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report
print(classification\_report(y\_pred,y\_test))

support	f1-score	recall	precision	
161	0.84	0.80	0.88	0
70	0.68	0.74	0.62	1
231	0.78			accuracy
231	0.76	0.77	0.75	macro avg
231	0.79	0.78	0.80	weighted avg

In [ ]: