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C Language: Predict the output - 1

Note:

- 1. The platform considered is 32 bit.
- 2. All the programs are compiled on Visual Studio 2012 and 64 bit ubuntu.
- 3. If there is an error then mention the reason of error.

Predict the output of following programs:

```
1.
void main()
 goto demo;
 int i = 10;
test:
 printf("H");
 printf("H");
 printf("H");
 demo:
 printf("Hello");
 printf("Hello");
 printf("Hello");
 printf("Hello");
 i--;
 if(i>0)
 goto test;
2.
int main()
printf("%d\n",-1>>3);
printf("%x\n",-1>>3);
printf("%d\n",-1<<3);
printf("%x\n",-1<<3);
return 0;
}
3.
void fun(int x)
while(x)
if(x&(NULL+1))
printf("%d\n",x);
--x;
}
int main()
{
```

```
fun(25);
return 0;}
3.
void fun(int x)
int no = 0x1;
int cnt = 32;
while(cnt)
if((x \& no) == 0)
printf("0");
else
printf("1");
no<<=1;
cnt--;
}
}
int main()
fun('a');
return 0;
}
4.
int fun(int x, int y)
return (x\&\sim y|0x10);
int main()
printf("%d\n",fun(10,20));
return 0;
}
5.
int gun(int x, int y)
return x+y;
int fun(int x, int y)
return gun(x&\sim y|0x10,++x&++y);
int main()
printf("%d\n",fun(10,20));
return 0;
```

```
}
6.
int main()
int no1 = 11, no2 = 21, a, b, c;
a = no1 \& no2;
b = no1 | no2;
c = no1 \land no2;
printf("%d %d %d \n",a,b,c);
return 0;
}
7.
int main()
unsigned int no1 = 11;
int no2;
no2 = \sim no1 + 1;
no1 = \sim no1 + 1;
printf("%d %d\n",no1,no2);
return 0;
}
10.
int main()
int no1 = 10;
int no2 = 60;
no1<<3;
no2>>3;
printf("%d %d\n",no1,no2);
return 0;
}
11.
int main()
int no1 = 10;
int no2 = 60;
no2=no1<<=printf("Bits");</pre>
printf("%d %d\n",no1,no2);
return 0;
}
12.
int main()
```

```
C Language
{
int no1 = 10;
int no2 = 60;
no2=no1<<=printf(2+"Bits"+2-1);
printf("%d %d\n",no1,no2);
return 0;
}
13.
int fun(int x)
{
int cnt = 0;
for(;x;x>>=1)
if(x&1)cnt++;
return cnt;
}
14.
int main()
int no1 = 51;
printf("%d",fun(no1));
return 0;
}
15.
int fun(int x)
```

```
15.
int fun(int x)
{
  int cnt = 0;
  for(;x;x>>=1)
  {
  if(!(x&1))cnt++;
  }
  return cnt;
  }
  int main()
  {
  int no1 = 128;
  printf("%d",fun(no1));
  return 0;
  }
}
```

technOrbit Infosystems

16.

int fun(int x)

return x<<2;

Basic problems on predict the output

```
}
int main()
int no1 = 128;
int no2 = -5;
printf("%d \n",fun(no1));
printf("%d \n",fun(no2));
return 0;
}
17.
int main()
int no1 = 15;
printf("%d\n",no1<<2<<2);
printf("%d\n",no1<<(2<<2));
return 0;
}
18.
int main()
int no1 = 115, no2 = 112, ans;
if(printf("\%d\n",no1\&no2||no1\&\&no2|no1))\\
printf("technOrbit\n");
printf("Infosystems\n");
return 0;
}
19.
int main()
{
int no1 = 0, no2 = 0;
no1<<2||++no1==0||++no2==1;
printf("%d %d\n",no1,no2);
return 0;
}
20.
int main()
int no1 = 0x10, no2 = 010, no3 = 10,a = 2;
printf("%d %d %d\n",no1<<a,no2<<a,no3<<a);
a = 0x2;
printf("%d %d %d\n",no1<<a,no2<<a,no3<<a);</pre>
return 0;
}
```

```
21.
int main()
{
int no1 = 15, no2 = 01;
printf("%d\n",(no1<<no2&no2<<14)?1:0);
printf("%d\n",(no1<<no2&&no2<<14)?1:0);
return 0;
}
```