

EE-101: Basic Electronics, Quiz-2

Set Code: EE-101/2019/Q2-PRS

Max. Time: 45 min

Max. Marks: 10

Tutorial Group: T-

Roll no.:

Name:

Invigilator's Signature:

Instructions

- Write answers neatly with **appropriate SI units** in the spaces provided
- All answers should be rounded up to the **third decimal point**.
- **Exchange** of Calculators or any other material is not allowed.
- **Mobile phones** are not allowed inside the examination hall.

1. In the balanced three-phase system of Fig. 1, the load impedance $Z_P = 8 + j5 \Omega$. Assume positive (+) phase sequence and $W_1 > W_2$. If the source is operating with a power factor of **0.98** and $W_1 = 15 \text{ kW}$, find the values of (a) R_w , (b) W_2 , (c) total real power absorbed by the load and (d) the reactive power supplied to the load. [2+1+1+1]

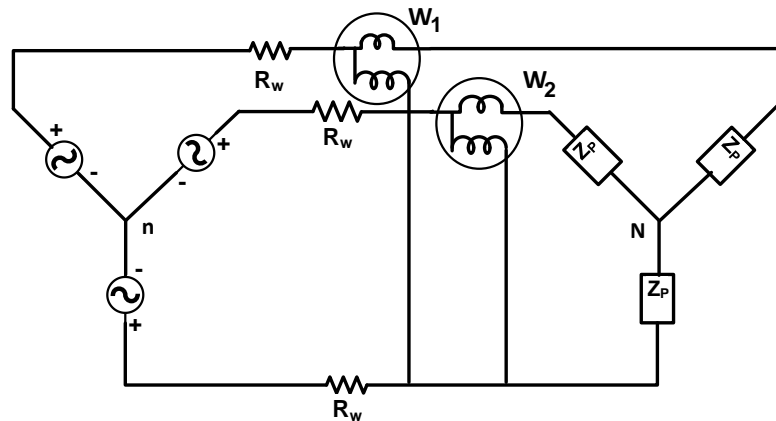


Fig. 1

Solution: (a) $R_w = 16.631 \Omega$ (b) $W_2 = 7.044 \text{ kW}$ (c) Total real power = 22.044 kW

(d) Total reactive power = 13.780 kVAR

2. Let $f_1(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13)$, $f_2(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 3, 5, 8, 9, 11, 13, 15)$. $f(A, B, C, D)$ is obtained by performing logical AND operation between $f_1(A, B, C, D)$ and $f_2(A, B, C, D)$ as $f(A, B, C, D) = f_1(A, B, C, D) f_2(A, B, C, D)$. (a) Express $f(A, B, C, D)$ as sum of minterms. (b) Given $g(A, B, C, D) = f(A, B, C, D) + \sum d(7, 10, 15)$. Where d represents don't-care conditions. Find a minimal sum-of-products expression. [2+3]

Solution: (a) $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(3, 5, 8, 11, 13)$

(b) $g(A, B, C, D) = CD + BD + \overline{A}\overline{B}\overline{D}$

EE-101: Basic Electronics, Quiz-2

Set Code: EE-101/2019/Q2-RIC

Max. Time: 45 min

Max. Marks: 10

Tutorial Group: T-

Roll no.:

Name:

Invigilator's Signature:

Instructions

- Write answers neatly with **appropriate SI units** in the spaces provided
- All answers should be rounded up to the **third decimal point**.
- **Exchange** of Calculators or any other material is not allowed.
- **Mobile phones** are not allowed inside the examination hall.

1. In the balanced three-phase system of Fig. 1, the load impedance $Z_P = 8 + j5 \Omega$. Assume positive (+) phase sequence and $W_2 > W_1$. If the source is operating with a power factor of **0.95** and $W_1 = 15 \text{ kW}$, find the values of (a) R_w , (b) W_2 , (c) total real power absorbed by the load and (d) the reactive power supplied to the load. **[2+1+1+1]**

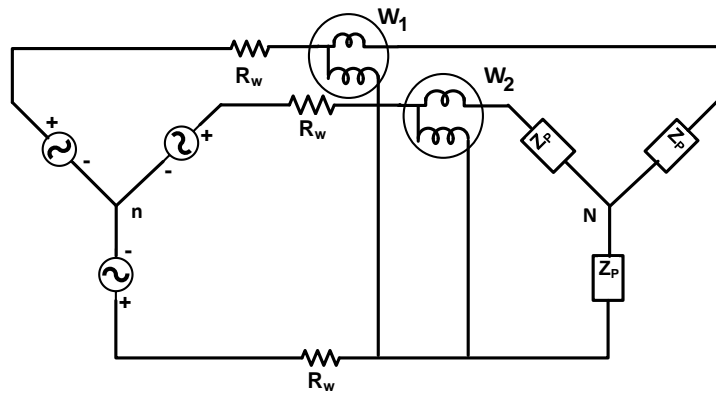


Fig. 1

Solution: (a) $R_w = 7.205 \Omega$ (b) $W_2 = 31.945 \text{ kW}$ (c) Total real power = 46.945 kW

(d) Total reactive power = 29.350 kVAR

2. Let $f_1(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 13, 14, 15)$, $f_2(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 13, 15)$. $f(A, B, C, D)$ is obtained by performing logical AND operation between $f_1(A, B, C, D)$ and $f_2(A, B, C, D)$ as $f(A, B, C, D) = f_1(A, B, C, D)f_2(A, B, C, D)$. (a) Express $f(A, B, C, D)$ as sum of minterms. (b) Given $g(A, B, C, D) = f(A, B, C, D) + \sum d(0, 5, 12)$. Where d represents don't-care conditions. Find a minimal sum-of-products expression. **[2+3]**

Solution: (a) $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(3, 7, 9, 13, 15)$

(b) $g(A, B, C, D) = \bar{A}CD + A\bar{C}D + BD$

EE-101: Basic Electronics, Quiz-2

Set Code: EE-101/2019/Q2-KBD

Max. Time: 45 min

Max. Marks: 10

Tutorial Group: T-

Roll no.:

Name:

Invigilator's Signature:

Instructions

- Write answers neatly with **appropriate SI units** in the spaces provided
- All answers should be rounded up to the **third decimal point**.
- **Exchange** of Calculators or any other material is not allowed.
- **Mobile phones** are not allowed inside the examination hall.

1. In the balanced three-phase system of Fig. 1, the load impedance $Z_P = 10 + j8 \Omega$. Assume positive (+) phase sequence and $W_1 > W_2$. If the source is operating with a power factor of 0.98 and $W_1 = 15 \text{ kW}$, find the values of (a) R_w , (b) W_2 , (c) total real power absorbed by the load and (d) the reactive power supplied to the load. [2+1+1+1]

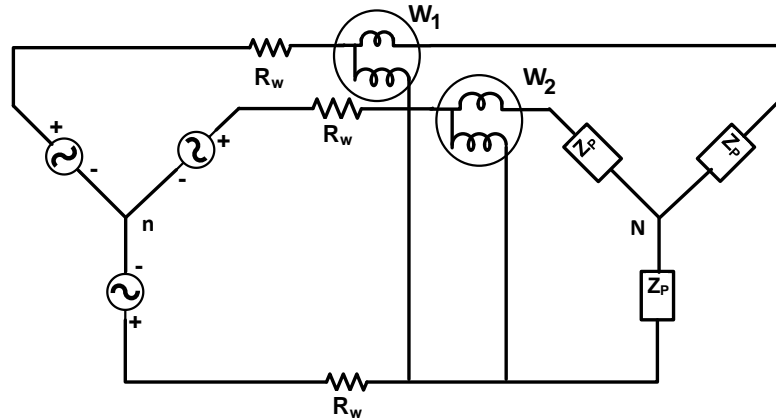


Fig. 1

Solution: (a) $R_w = 29.409 \Omega$ (b) $W_2 = 5.521 \text{ kW}$ (c) Total real power = 20.521 kW

(d) Total reactive power = 16.418 kVAR

2. Let $f_1(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 4, 8, 10, 11, 12, 14)$, $f_2(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 2, 4, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15)$. $f(A, B, C, D)$ is obtained by performing logical AND operation between $f_1(A, B, C, D)$ and $f_2(A, B, C, D)$ as $f(A, B, C, D) = f_1(A, B, C, D) f_2(A, B, C, D)$. (a) Express $f(A, B, C, D)$ as sum of minterms. (b) Given $g(A, B, C, D) = f(A, B, C, D) + \sum d(5, 8, 11)$. Where d represents don't-care conditions. Find a minimal sum-of-products expression. [2+3]

Solution: (a) $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 1, 4, 10, 12, 14)$

(b) $g(A, B, C, D) = \overline{A}\overline{C} + A\overline{D}$

EE-101: Basic Electronics, Quiz-2

Set Code: EE-101/2019/Q2-ROH

Max. Time: 45 min

Max. Marks: 10

Tutorial Group: T-

Roll no.:

Name:

Invigilator's Signature:

Instructions

- Write answers neatly with **appropriate SI units** in the spaces provided
- All answers should be rounded up to the **third decimal point**.
- **Exchange** of Calculators or any other material is not allowed.
- **Mobile phones** are not allowed inside the examination hall.

1. In the balanced three-phase system of Fig. 1, the load impedance $Z_P = 10 + j8 \Omega$. Assume positive (+) phase sequence and $W_2 > W_1$. If the source is operating with a power factor of 0.95 and $W_1 = 15 \text{ kW}$, find the values of (a) R_w , (b) W_2 , (c) total real power absorbed by the load and (d) the reactive power supplied to the load. [2+1+1+1]

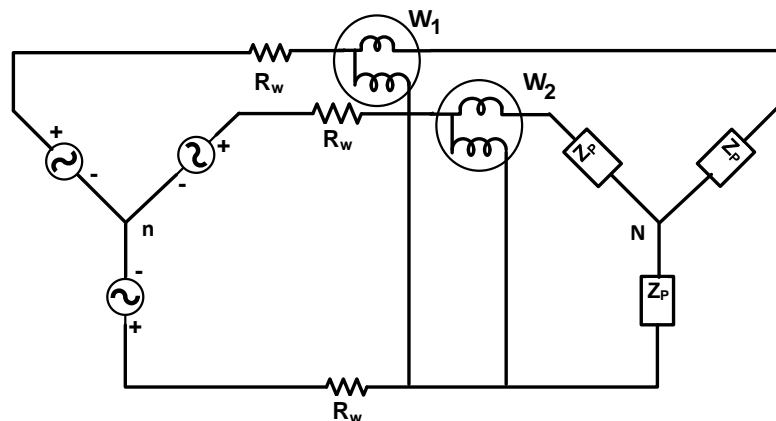


Fig. 1

Solution: (a) $R_w = 14.316 \Omega$ (b) $W_2 = 40.759 \text{ kW}$ (c) Total real power = 55.759 kW

(d) Total reactive power = 44.616 kVAR

2. Let $f_1(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(0, 2, 4, 5, 7, 11, 12, 13)$, $f_2(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(1, 5, 6, 8, 11, 12, 13, 15)$. $f(A, B, C, D)$ is obtained by performing logical AND operation between $f_1(A, B, C, D)$ and $f_2(A, B, C, D)$ as $f(A, B, C, D) = f_1(A, B, C, D) f_2(A, B, C, D)$. (a) Express $f(A, B, C, D)$ as sum of minterms. (b) Given $g(A, B, C, D) = f(A, B, C, D) + \sum d(0, 10)$. Where d represents don't-care conditions. Find a minimal sum-of-products expression. [2+3]

Solution: (a) $f(A, B, C, D) = \sum m(5, 11, 12, 13)$

(b) $g(A, B, C, D) = A\bar{B}\bar{C} + \bar{A}\bar{B}C + B\bar{C}D$